THE
REVISED STATUTES
OF CANADA
1952

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VOLUME V
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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
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# REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

**VOLUMES I-IV:** Chapters 1 to 301, consolidated to 1951.

**VOLUME V:** Chapters 302 to 340, amendments and additions to 1952.

**VOLUME VI:** Appendices and Index.

## VOLUME I

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Short Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>ADMIRALTY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>AERONAUTICS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>AGRICULTURAL PRICES SUPPORT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS BOARD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS CO-OPERATIVE MARKETING</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS MARKETING</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>ALIEN LABOUR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>ALLIED VETERANS BENEFITS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>ANIMAL CONTAGIOUS DISEASES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>ARMY BENEFICENT FUND</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>ATOMIC ENERGY CONTROL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>BANK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>BANK OF CANADA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>BANKRUPTCY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>BILLS OF EXCHANGE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>BILLS OF LADING</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>BLIND PERSONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>BOARDS OF TRADE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>BRETON WOODS AGREEMENTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>BRIDGES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>BRITISH COLUMBIA DIVORCE APPEALS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>CANADA DAIRY PRODUCTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>CANADA ELECTIONS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>CANADA FORESTRY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>CANADA GRAIN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>CANADA LANDS SURVEYS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>CANADA MEDICAL</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>CANADA PRIZE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>CANADA SHIPPING</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## VOLUME II

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Short Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>CANADA TEMPERANCE</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>CANADIAN AND BRITISH INSURANCE COMPANIES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>CANADIAN BROADCASTING</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>CANADIAN CITIZENSHIP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>CANADIAN COAL EQUALITY</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>CANADIAN COMMERCIAL CORPORATION</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
### Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Short Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td><strong>Canadian Farm Loan</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td><strong>Canadian Fisherman's Loan</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td><strong>Canadian Maritime Commission</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td><strong>Canadian National-Canadian Pacific</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td><strong>Canadian National Railways</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td><strong>Canadian National Railways Capital Revision</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td><strong>Canadian Overseas Telecommunication Corporation</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td><strong>Canadian Vessel Construction Assistance</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td><strong>Canadian Wheat Board</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td><strong>Carriage by Air</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td><strong>Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td><strong>Cheese and Cheese Factory Improvement</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td><strong>Civil Service</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td><strong>Civil Service Insurance</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td><strong>Civil Service Superannuation</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td><strong>Civilian War Pensions and Allowances</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td><strong>Cold Storage</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53</td>
<td><strong>Companies</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td><strong>Companies' Creditors Arrangement</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td><strong>Copyright</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td><strong>Corrupt Practices Inquiries</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57</td>
<td><strong>Currency</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58</td>
<td><strong>Customs</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>59</td>
<td><strong>Customs and Fisheries Protection</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60</td>
<td><strong>Customs Tariff</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td><strong>Deep Sea Fisheries</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td><strong>Defence Production</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63</td>
<td><strong>Defence Services Pension</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64</td>
<td><strong>Defence Supplies</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td><strong>Demise of the Crown</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td><strong>Department of Agriculture</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>67</td>
<td><strong>Department of Citizenship and Immigration</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td><strong>Department of External Affairs</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>69</td>
<td><strong>Department of Fisheries</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td><strong>Department of Insurance</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>71</td>
<td><strong>Department of Justice</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td><strong>Department of Labour</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td><strong>Department of Mines and Technical Surveys</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>74</td>
<td><strong>Department of National Health and Welfare</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td><strong>Department of National Revenue</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td><strong>Department of Resources and Development</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td><strong>Department of State</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>78</td>
<td><strong>Department of Trade and Commerce</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>79</td>
<td><strong>Department of Transport</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>80</td>
<td><strong>Department of Veterans Affairs</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81</td>
<td><strong>Destructive Insect and Pest</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td><strong>Diplomatic Service (Special) Superannuation</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>83</td>
<td><strong>Disfranchising</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>84</td>
<td><strong>Divorce Jurisdiction</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85</td>
<td><strong>Divorce (Ontario)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>86</td>
<td><strong>Dominion Coal Board</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>87</td>
<td><strong>Dominion Controverted Elections</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>88</td>
<td><strong>Dominion Day</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Short Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>89</td>
<td>Dominion Succession Duty</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90</td>
<td>Dominion Water Power</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91</td>
<td>Dry Docks Subsidies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>92</td>
<td>Electrical and Photometric Units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>93</td>
<td>Electricity and Fluid Exportation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>94</td>
<td>Electricity Inspection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>95</td>
<td>Emergency Gold Mining Assistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>96</td>
<td>Emergency Powers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>97</td>
<td>Escheats</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98</td>
<td>Exchequer Court</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99</td>
<td>Excise</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>Excise Tax</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101</td>
<td>Experimental Farm Stations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>102</td>
<td>Explosives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>103</td>
<td>Export</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>104</td>
<td>Export and Import Permits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>105</td>
<td>Export Credits Insurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>106</td>
<td>Expropriation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>107</td>
<td>Extra-Territorial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>108</td>
<td>Fair Wages and Hours of Labour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>109</td>
<td>Family Allowances</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>110</td>
<td>Farm Improvement Loans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>111</td>
<td>Farmers' Creditors Arrangement</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

VOLUME III

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Short Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>112</td>
<td>Federal District Commission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>113</td>
<td>Feeding Stuffs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>114</td>
<td>Ferries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115</td>
<td>Fertilizers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>116</td>
<td>Financial Administration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>117</td>
<td>Firefighters War Service Benefits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>118</td>
<td>Fish Inspection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>119</td>
<td>Fisheries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>120</td>
<td>Fisheries Prices Support</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>121</td>
<td>Fisheries Research Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>122</td>
<td>Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>123</td>
<td>Food and Drugs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>124</td>
<td>Foreign Enlistment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>125</td>
<td>Foreign Insurance Companies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>126</td>
<td>Fruit, Vegetables and Honey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>127</td>
<td>Fugitive Offenders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>128</td>
<td>Game Export</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>129</td>
<td>Gas Inspection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>130</td>
<td>Gold Clauses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>131</td>
<td>Gold Export</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>132</td>
<td>Government Annuities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>133</td>
<td>Government Companies Operation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>134</td>
<td>Government Employees Compensation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>135</td>
<td>Government Harbours and Piers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>136</td>
<td>Government Railways</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>137</td>
<td>Government Vessels Discipline</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>138</td>
<td>Government Works Tolls</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
# Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Short Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>139</td>
<td>Governor General's</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>140</td>
<td>Grain Futures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>141</td>
<td>Hay and Straw Inspection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>142</td>
<td>High Commissioner in the United Kingdom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>143</td>
<td>House of Commons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>144</td>
<td>Identification of Criminals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>145</td>
<td>Immigration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>146</td>
<td>Immigration Aid Societies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>147</td>
<td>Importation of Intoxicating Liquors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>148</td>
<td>Income Tax</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>149</td>
<td>Indian</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>150</td>
<td>Industrial Design and Union Label</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>151</td>
<td>Industrial Development Bank</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>152</td>
<td>Industrial Relations and Disputes Investigation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>153</td>
<td>Inland Water Freight Rates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>154</td>
<td>Inquiries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>155</td>
<td>Inspection and Sale</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>156</td>
<td>Interest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>157</td>
<td>International Rapids Power Development</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>158</td>
<td>Interpretation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>159</td>
<td>Judges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>160</td>
<td>Juvenile Delinquents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>161</td>
<td>Kingsmere Park</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>162</td>
<td>Land Titles</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>163</td>
<td>Laurier House</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>164</td>
<td>Length and Mass Units</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>165</td>
<td>Leprosy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>166</td>
<td>Library of Parliament</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>167</td>
<td>Live Stock and Live Stock Products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>168</td>
<td>Live Stock Pedigree</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>169</td>
<td>Live Stock Shipping</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>170</td>
<td>Loan Companies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>171</td>
<td>Lord's Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>172</td>
<td>Maple Products Industry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>173</td>
<td>Maritime Coal Production Assistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>174</td>
<td>Maritime Freight Rates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>175</td>
<td>Maritime Marshland Rehabilitation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>176</td>
<td>Marriage and Divorce</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>177</td>
<td>Meat and Canned Foods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>178</td>
<td>Merchant Seamen Compensation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>179</td>
<td>Migratory Birds Convention</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180</td>
<td>Milk Test</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>181</td>
<td>Money-Lenders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>182</td>
<td>Municipal Grants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>183</td>
<td>Municipal Improvements Assistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>184</td>
<td>National Defence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>185</td>
<td>National Film</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>186</td>
<td>National Gallery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>187</td>
<td>National Harbours Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>188</td>
<td>National Housing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>189</td>
<td>National Parks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>190</td>
<td>National Physical Fitness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>191</td>
<td>National Trade Mark and True Labelling</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
# Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Short Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>192</td>
<td>National Wild Life Week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>193</td>
<td>Navigable Waters Protection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>194</td>
<td>Northern Pacific Halibut Fishery (Convention)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>195</td>
<td>Northwest Territories</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>196</td>
<td>Northwest Territories Power Commission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>197</td>
<td>Oaths of Allegiance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>198</td>
<td>Official Secrets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>199</td>
<td>Old Age Assistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200</td>
<td>Old Age Security</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>201</td>
<td>Opium and Narcotic Drug</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>202</td>
<td>Passenger Tickets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>203</td>
<td>Patent</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>204</td>
<td>Pawnbrokers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>205</td>
<td>Pelagic Sealing (Provisional Agreement)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>206</td>
<td>Penitentiary</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**VOLUME IV**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>207</td>
<td>Pension</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>208</td>
<td>Pension Fund Societies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>209</td>
<td>Pest Control Products</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>210</td>
<td>Petition of Right</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>211</td>
<td>Pipe Lines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>212</td>
<td>Post Office</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>213</td>
<td>Prairie Farm Assistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>214</td>
<td>Prairie Farm Rehabilitation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>215</td>
<td>Precious Metals Marking</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>216</td>
<td>Prime Minister's Residence</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>217</td>
<td>Prisons and Reformatories</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>218</td>
<td>Privileges and Immunities (North Atlantic Treaty Organisation)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>219</td>
<td>Privileges and Immunities (United Nations)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>220</td>
<td>Proprietary or Patent Medicine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>221</td>
<td>Provincial Subsidies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>222</td>
<td>Public Archives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>223</td>
<td>Public Documents</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>224</td>
<td>Public Lands Grants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>225</td>
<td>Public Officers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>226</td>
<td>Public Printing and Stationery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>227</td>
<td>Public Service Rearrangement and Transfer of Duties</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>228</td>
<td>Public Works</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>229</td>
<td>Public Works Health</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230</td>
<td>Publication of Statutes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>231</td>
<td>Quarantine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>232</td>
<td>Quebec Savings Banks</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>233</td>
<td>Radio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>234</td>
<td>Railway</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>235</td>
<td>Regulations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>236</td>
<td>Reinstatement in Civil Employment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>237</td>
<td>Remembrance Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>238</td>
<td>Representation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>239</td>
<td>Research Council</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>240</td>
<td>Royal Canadian Mint</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>241</td>
<td>Royal Canadian Mounted Police</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
# Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Short Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>242</td>
<td>St. Lawrence Seaway Authority</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>243</td>
<td>Salaries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>244</td>
<td>Salt Fish Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>245</td>
<td>Satisfied Securities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>246</td>
<td>Savings Deposits Returns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>247</td>
<td>Seals</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>248</td>
<td>Seeds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>249</td>
<td>Senate and House of Commons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250</td>
<td>Shop Cards Registration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>251</td>
<td>Small Loans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>252</td>
<td>Sockeye Salmon Fisheries Convention</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>253</td>
<td>Solicitor General</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>254</td>
<td>Speaker of the House of Commons</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>255</td>
<td>Speaker of the Senate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>256</td>
<td>Special Operators War Service Benefits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>257</td>
<td>Statistics</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>258</td>
<td>Supervisors War Service Benefits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>259</td>
<td>Supreme Court</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>260</td>
<td>Surplus Crown Assets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>261</td>
<td>Tariff Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>262</td>
<td>Telegraphs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>263</td>
<td>Territorial Lands</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>264</td>
<td>Ticket of Leave</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>265</td>
<td>Timber Marking</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>266</td>
<td>Tobacco Restraint</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>267</td>
<td>Trade Unions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>268</td>
<td>Trans-Canada Air Lines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>269</td>
<td>Trans-Canada Highway</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>270</td>
<td>Translation Bureau</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>271</td>
<td>Transport</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>272</td>
<td>Trust Companies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>273</td>
<td>Unemployment Insurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>274</td>
<td>Unfair Competition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>275</td>
<td>United Nations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>276</td>
<td>United States Wreckers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>277</td>
<td>Vehicular Traffic on Dominion Property</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>278</td>
<td>Veterans' Business and Professional Loans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>279</td>
<td>Veterans Insurance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>280</td>
<td>Veterans' Land</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>281</td>
<td>Veterans Rehabilitation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>282</td>
<td>Victoria Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>283</td>
<td>Visiting Forces (British Commonwealth)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>284</td>
<td>Visiting Forces (North Atlantic Treaty)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>285</td>
<td>Visiting Forces (United States of America)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>286</td>
<td>Vocational Training Co-ordination</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>287</td>
<td>Wages Liability</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>288</td>
<td>War Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>289</td>
<td>War Service Grants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>290</td>
<td>War Veterans' Allowance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>291</td>
<td>Water Carriage of Goods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>292</td>
<td>Weights and Measures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>293</td>
<td>Whaling Convention</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>294</td>
<td>Wheat Co-operative Marketing</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
Table of Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Short Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>VOLUME V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(Supplement)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Amendments and Additions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>302</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE AERONAUTICS ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>303</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE ARMY BENEFICIAL FUND ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>304</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE BRITISH NORTH AMERICA ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>305</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE CANADA DAIRY PRODUCTS ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>306</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE CANADA ELECTIONS ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>307</td>
<td>CANADA EVIDENCE ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>308</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE CANADA GRAIN ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>309</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE CANADIAN FARM LOAN ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>310</td>
<td>CANADIAN FORCES ACT, 1952</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>311</td>
<td>C.N.R. CAPITAL REVISION ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>312</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE CIVILIAN WAR PENSIIONS AND ALLOWANCES ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>313</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE COLD STORAGE ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>314</td>
<td>COMBINES INVESTIGATION ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>315</td>
<td>CURRENCY, MINT AND EXCHANGE FUND ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>316</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE CUSTOMS TARIFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>317</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE DOMINION SUCCESSION DUTY ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>318</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE EMERGENCY GOLD MINING ASSISTANCE ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>319</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE EXCISE ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>320</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE EXCISE TAX ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>321</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE EXPORT AND IMPORT PERMITS ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>322</td>
<td>EXTRADITION ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>323</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES COMPENSATION ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>324</td>
<td>GOVERNMENT PROPERTY TRAFFIC ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>325</td>
<td>IMMIGRATION ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>326</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>327</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE INTERPRETATION ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>328</td>
<td>MARINE AND AVIATION WAR RISKS ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>329</td>
<td>MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT RETIRING ALLOWANCES ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>330</td>
<td>NATIONAL LIBRARY ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>331</td>
<td>NORTHWEST TERRITORIES ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>332</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE PENSION ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE PRISONS AND REFORMATORIES ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>334</td>
<td>REPRESENTATION ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE SUPREME COURT ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>336</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE TARIFF BOARD ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>337</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>338</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE VETERANS INSURANCE ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>339</td>
<td>AN ACT TO AMEND THE VICTORIA DAY ACT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>340</td>
<td>WAR VETERANS ALLOWANCE ACT, 1952</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
Table of Contents

VOLUME VI
Appendices and Index

R.S., 1952.
## REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA
### VOLUME V
#### (Supplement)

### AMENDMENTS AND ADDITIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>302</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Aeronautics Act</td>
<td>5617</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>303</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Army Benevolent Fund Act</td>
<td>5619</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>304</td>
<td>An Act to amend the British North America Act</td>
<td>5621</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>305</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Dairy Products Act</td>
<td>5623</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>306</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Elections Act</td>
<td>5625</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>307</td>
<td>Canada Evidence Act</td>
<td>5627</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>308</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act</td>
<td>5645</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>309</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian Farm Loan Act</td>
<td>5647</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>310</td>
<td>Canadian Forces Act, 1952</td>
<td>5651</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>311</td>
<td>C.N.R. Capital Revision Act</td>
<td>5657</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>312</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Civilian War Pensions and Allowances Act</td>
<td>5673</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>313</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Cold Storage Act</td>
<td>5675</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>314</td>
<td>Combines Investigation Act</td>
<td>5677</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>315</td>
<td>Currency, Mint and Exchange Fund Act</td>
<td>5699</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>316</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>5711</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>317</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Dominion Succession Duty Act</td>
<td>5735</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>318</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act</td>
<td>5739</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>319</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Act</td>
<td>5741</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>320</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Tax Act</td>
<td>5747</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>321</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Export and Import Permits Act</td>
<td>5757</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>322</td>
<td>Extradition Act</td>
<td>5759</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>323</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Government Employees Compensation Act</td>
<td>5773</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>324</td>
<td>Government Property Traffic Act</td>
<td>5775</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>325</td>
<td>Immigration Act</td>
<td>5777</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>326</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Industrial Development Bank Act</td>
<td>5811</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>327</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Interpretation Act</td>
<td>5813</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>328</td>
<td>Marine and Aviation War Risks Act</td>
<td>5815</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>329</td>
<td>Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Act</td>
<td>5819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>330</td>
<td>National Library Act</td>
<td>5827</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>331</td>
<td>Northwest Territories Act</td>
<td>5831</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>332</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Pension Act</td>
<td>5851</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>333</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act</td>
<td>5853</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>334</td>
<td>Representation Act</td>
<td>5855</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>335</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Supreme Court Act</td>
<td>5933</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>336</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Tariff Board Act</td>
<td>5935</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>337</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act</td>
<td>5937</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>338</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Veterans Insurance Act</td>
<td>5947</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>339</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Victoria Day Act</td>
<td>5949</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>340</td>
<td>War Veterans Allowance Act, 1952</td>
<td>5961</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Schedule

#### A Acts and Parts of Acts Repealed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5967</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 302.

An Act to amend the Aeronautics Act.

1. (1) Subsection (1) of section 4 of the Aeronautics Act, chapter 2 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is amended by adding thereto the following paragraph:

"(j) the height, use and location of buildings, structures and objects, including objects of natural growth, situated on lands adjacent to or in the vicinity of airports, for purposes relating to navigation of aircraft and use and operation of airports, and including, for such purposes, regulations restricting, regulating or prohibiting the doing of anything or the suffering of anything to be done on any such lands, or the construction or use of any such building, structure or object."

(2) Section 4 of the said Act is further amended by adding thereto the following subsections:

"(5) In addition to any other mode of publication prescribed by law, a copy of every regulation made under the authority of paragraph (j) of subsection (1), (in this section called a "zoning regulation"), shall be published in two successive issues of at least two newspapers serving the area wherein the airport in relation to which the regulation was made is situated.

(6) A plan and description of the lands affected by a zoning regulation shall be signed and deposited in the same manner as a plan and description is by subsection (1) of section 9 of the Expropriation Act required to be signed and deposited, and a copy of the regulation shall be deposited with the plan and description.

(7) Where a regulation deposited as required by subsection (6) is amended, a copy of the amendment shall be deposited in the same office where the regulation amended thereby was deposited, but a further plan and description need not be deposited unless additional lands are affected by the amendment.

354 5617 (8) R.S., 1952
(8) Every person whose property is injuriously affected by the operation of a zoning regulation is entitled to recover from Her Majesty, as compensation, the amount, if any, by which the property was decreased in value by the enactment of the regulation, minus an amount equal to any increase in the value of the property that occurred after the claimant became the owner thereof and is attributable to the airport.

(9) No proceedings to recover any compensation to which a person may be entitled under subsection (8) by reason of the operation of a zoning regulation shall be brought except within two years after a copy of the regulation was deposited pursuant to subsection (6) or (7)."

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 303.

An Act to amend the Army Benevolent Fund Act.

1. (1) Subsection (7) of section 3 of the Army Benevolent Fund Act, chapter 10 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(7) The Receiver General shall credit to the Fund semi-annually interest on the minimum balance to the credit of the Fund in each month, at the following rates:

(a) three and one-half per cent per annum, to the extent that the minimum balance does not exceed five million dollars, and

(b) two and one-half per cent per annum, to the extent that the minimum balance exceeds five million dollars."

(2) The said section 3 is further amended by adding thereto the following subsection:

"(9) Any money or securities received for the purposes of the Fund by way of gift, bequest, voluntary repayment of grant or otherwise, and any money recovered by virtue of paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 9, shall be paid or transferred to the Receiver General of Canada and credited to the Fund."

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 304.

An Act to amend the British North America Acts, 1867 to 1951, with respect to the Readjustment of Representation in the House of Commons.

1. Section 51 of the *British North America Act, 1867*, as enacted by the *British North America Act, 1946*, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"51. (1) Subject as hereinafter provided, the number of members of the House of Commons shall be two hundred and sixty-three and the representation of the provinces therein shall forthwith upon the coming into force of this section and thereafter on the completion of each decennial census be readjusted by such authority, in such manner, and from such time as the Parliament of Canada from time to time provides, subject and according to the following rules:

1. There shall be assigned to each of the provinces a number of members computed by dividing the total population of the provinces by two hundred and sixty-one and by dividing the population of each province by the quotient so obtained, disregarding, except as hereinafter in this section provided, the remainder, if any, after the said process of division.

2. If the total number of members assigned to all the provinces pursuant to rule 1 is less than two hundred and sixty-one, additional members shall be assigned to the provinces (one to a province) having remainders in the computation under rule 1 commencing with the province having the largest remainder and continuing with the other provinces in the order of the magnitude of their respective remainders until the total number of members assigned is two hundred and sixty-one.

3. Notwithstanding anything in this section, if upon completion of a computation under rules 1 and 2, the number of members to be assigned to a province is less than the number of senators representing the said province, rules 1 and 2 shall cease to apply in respect of the province.
of the said province, and there shall be assigned to the said province a number of members equal to the said number of senators.

4. In the event that rules 1 and 2 cease to apply in respect of a province then, for the purpose of computing the number of members to be assigned to the provinces in respect of which rules 1 and 2 continue to apply, the total population of the provinces shall be reduced by the number of the population of the province in respect of which rules 1 and 2 have ceased to apply and the number two hundred and sixty-one shall be reduced by the number of members assigned to such province pursuant to rule 3.

5. On any such readjustment the number of members for any province shall not be reduced by more than fifteen per cent below the representation to which such province was entitled under rules 1 to 4 of this subsection at the last preceding readjustment of the representation of that province, and there shall be no reduction in the representation of any province as a result of which that province would have a smaller number of members than any other province that according to the results of the then last decennial census did not have a larger population; but for the purposes of any subsequent readjustment of representation under this section any increase in the number of members of the House of Commons resulting from the application of this rule shall not be included in the divisor mentioned in rules 1 to 4 of this subsection.

6. Such readjustment shall not take effect until the termination of the then existing Parliament.

(2) The Yukon Territory as constituted by chapter 41 of the statutes of Canada, 1901, shall be entitled to one member, and such other part of Canada not comprised within a province.

2. This Act may be cited as the British North America Act, 1962, and the British North America Acts, 1867 to 1951, and this Act may be cited together as the British North America Acts, 1867 to 1952.
CHAPTER 305.

An Act to amend the Canada Dairy Products Act.

1. Section 6 of the Canada Dairy Products Act, chapter 22 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

5623

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 306.

An Act to amend the Canada Elections Act.

1. Subsection (1) of section 4 of the Canada Elections Act, chapter 23 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"4. (1) The Chief Electoral Officer shall rank as and have all the powers of a deputy head of a department, communicate with the Governor in Council through the tenure of the Secretary of State of Canada, devote himself exclusively to the performance of the duties of his office and be paid a salary of twelve thousand dollars per annum; he is eligible as a contributor under and entitled to all the benefits of the Civil Service Superannuation Act but, until he has attained the age of sixty-five years when he shall be compulsorily retired, he shall be removable only for cause in the same manner as a Judge of the Supreme Court of Canada."

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 307.
An Act respecting Witnesses and Evidence.

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the *Canada Evidence Act*. Short title. R.S., c. 59, s. 1.

PART I.
APPLICATION.

2. This Part applies to all criminal proceedings, and to all civil proceedings and other matters whatsoever respecting which the Parliament of Canada has jurisdiction in this behalf. R.S., c. 59, s. 2.

WITNESSES.

3. A person is not incompetent to give evidence by reason of interest or crime. R.S., c. 59, s. 3.

4. (1) Every person charged with an offence, and, except as in this section otherwise provided, the wife or husband, as the case may be, of the person so charged, is a competent witness for the defence, whether the person so charged is charged solely or jointly with any other person.

(2) The wife or husband of a person charged with an offence against section 33 or section 34 of the *Juvenile Delinquents Act* or with an offence against any of the sections 202 to 206, inclusive, 211 to 219, inclusive, 238, 239, subsection (3) of section 242, 244, 245, 298 to 302, inclusive, 308 to 311, inclusive, 313 to 316, inclusive, and 354 of the *Criminal Code*, Chapter 36 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, is a competent and compellable witness for the prosecution without the consent of the person charged.

(3) No husband is compellable to disclose any communication made to him by his wife during their marriage, and no wife is compellable to disclose any communication made to her by her husband during their marriage.

(4) R.S., 1952.
(4) Nothing in this section affects a case where the wife or husband of a person charged with an offence may at common law be called as a witness without the consent of that person.

(5) The failure of the person charged, or of the wife or husband of such person, to testify, shall not be made the subject of comment by the judge, or by counsel for the prosecution. R.S., c. 59, s. 4; 1948, c. 33, s. 1.

5. (1) No witness shall be excused from answering any question upon the ground that the answer to such question may tend to criminate him, or may tend to establish his liability to a civil proceeding at the instance of the Crown or of any person.

(2) Where with respect to any question a witness objects to answer upon the ground that his answer may tend to criminate him, or may tend to establish his liability to a civil proceeding at the instance of the Crown or of any person, and if but for this Act, or the Act of any provincial legislature, the witness would therefore have been excused from answering such question, then although the witness is by reason of this Act, or by reason of such provincial Act, compelled to answer, the answer so given shall not be used or receivable in evidence against him in any criminal trial, or other criminal proceeding against him thereafter taking place, other than a prosecution for perjury in the giving of such evidence. R.S., c. 59, s. 5.

6. A witness who is unable to speak may give his evidence in any other manner in which he can make it intelligible. R.S., c. 59, s. 6.

7. (1) Where, in any trial or other proceeding, criminal or civil, it is intended by the prosecution or the defence, or by any party, to examine as witnesses professional or other experts entitled according to the law or practice to give opinion evidence, not more than five of such witnesses may be called upon either side without the leave of the court or judge or person presiding.

(2) Such leave shall be applied for before the examination of any of the experts who may be examined without such leave. R.S., c. 59, s. 7.

8. Comparison of a disputed writing with any writing proved to the satisfaction of the court to be genuine shall be permitted to be made by witnesses; and such writings, and
and the evidence of witnesses respecting the same, may be submitted to the court and jury as evidence of the genuineness or otherwise of the writing in dispute. R.S., c. 59, s. 8.

9. A party producing a witness shall not be allowed to impeach his credit by general evidence of bad character, but if the witness, in the opinion of the court, proves adverse, such party may contradict him by other evidence, or, by leave of the court, may prove that the witness made at other times a statement inconsistent with his present testimony; but before such last mentioned proof can be given the circumstances of the supposed statement, sufficient to designate the particular occasion, shall be mentioned to the witness, and he shall be asked whether or not he did make such statement. R.S., c. 59, s. 9.

10. (1) Upon any trial a witness may be cross-examined as to previous statements made by him in writing, or reduced to writing, relative to the subject-matter of the case, without such writing being shown to him; but, if it is intended to contradict the witness by the writing, his attention must, before such contradictory proof can be given, be called to those parts of the writing that are to be used for the purpose of so contradicting him; the judge, at any time during the trial, may require the production of the writing for his inspection, and thereupon make such use of it for the purposes of the trial as he thinks fit.

(2) A deposition of the witness, purporting to have been taken before a justice on the investigation of a criminal charge and to be signed by the witness and the justice, returned to and produced from the custody of the proper officer, shall be presumed prima facie to have been signed by the witness. R.S., c. 59, s. 10.

11. Where a witness upon cross-examination as to a former statement made by him relative to the subject-matter of the case and inconsistent with his present testimony, does not distinctly admit that he did make such statement, proof may be given that he did in fact make it; but before such proof can be given the circumstances of the supposed statement, sufficient to designate the particular occasion, shall be mentioned to the witness, and he shall be asked whether or not he did make such statement. R.S., c. 59, s. 11.
12. (1) A witness may be questioned as to whether he has been convicted of any offence, and upon being so questioned, if he either denies the fact or refuses to answer, the opposite party may prove such conviction.

(2) The conviction may be proved by producing

(a) a certificate containing the substance and effect only, omitting the formal part, of the indictment and conviction, if it is for an indictable offence, or a copy of the summary conviction, if for an offence punishable upon summary conviction, purporting to be signed by the clerk of the court or other officer having the custody of the records of the court in which the conviction, if upon indictment, was had, or to which the conviction, if summary, was returned; and

(b) proof of identity. R.S., c. 59, s. 12.

13. Every court and judge, and every person having, by law or consent of parties, authority to hear and receive evidence, has power to administer an oath to every witness who is legally called to give evidence before that court, judge or person. R.S., c. 59, s. 13.

14. (1) Where a person called or desiring to give evidence objects, on grounds of conscientious scruples, to take an oath, or is objected to as incompetent to take an oath, such person may make the following affirmation:

I solemnly affirm that the evidence to be given by me shall be the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.

(2) Upon the person making such solemn affirmation, his evidence shall be taken and have the same effect as if taken under oath. R.S., c. 59, s. 14.

15. (1) Where a person required or desiring to make an affidavit or deposition in a proceeding or on an occasion whereon or touching a matter respecting which an oath is required or is lawful, whether on the taking of office or otherwise, refuses or is unwilling to be sworn, on grounds of conscientious scruples, the court or judge, or other officer or person qualified to take affidavits or depositions, shall permit such person, instead of being sworn, to make his solemn affirmation in the words following, namely: “I, A.B., do solemnly affirm, etc.”; which solemn affirmation shall be of the same force and effect as if such person had taken an oath in the usual form.

R.S., 1952.
(2) Any witness whose evidence is admitted or who makes an affirmation under this section or section 14 is liable to indictment and punishment for perjury in all respects as if he had been sworn. R.S., c. 59, s. 15.

16. (1) In any legal proceeding where a child of tender years is offered as a witness, and such child does not, in the opinion of the judge, justice or other presiding officer, understand the nature of an oath, the evidence of such child may be received, though not given upon oath, if, in the opinion of the judge, justice or other presiding officer, as the case may be, the child is possessed of sufficient intelligence to justify the reception of the evidence, and understands the duty of speaking the truth.

(2) No case shall be decided upon such evidence alone, and it must be corroborated by some other material evidence. R.S., c. 59, s. 16.

JUDICIAL NOTICE.

17. Judicial notice shall be taken of all Acts of the Imperial Parliament, of all ordinances made by the Governor in Council, or the Lieutenant Governor in Council of any province or colony which, or some portion of which, now forms or hereafter may form part of Canada, and of all the Acts of the legislature of any such province or colony, whether enacted before or after the passing of the British North America Act, 1867. R.S., c. 59, s. 17.


DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE.

19. Every copy of any Act of the Parliament of Canada, public or private, printed by the Queen’s Printer, is evidence of such Act and of its contents; and every copy purporting to be printed by the Queen’s Printer shall be deemed to be so printed, unless the contrary is shown. R.S., c. 59, s. 19.

20. Imperial proclamations, orders in council, treaties, orders, warrants, licences, certificates, rules, regulations, or other Imperial official records, Acts or documents may be proved

(a) in the same manner as they may from time to time be provable in any court in England;

(b) R.S., 1952.
(b) by the production of a copy of the Canada Gazette, or a volume of the Acts of the Parliament of Canada purporting to contain a copy of the same or a notice thereof; or

(c) by the production of a copy thereof purporting to be printed by the Queen's Printer for Canada. R.S., c. 59, s. 20.

21. Evidence of any proclamation, order, regulation or appointment, made or issued by the Governor General or by the Governor in Council, or by or under the authority of any minister or head of any department of the Government of Canada and evidence of a treaty to which Canada is a party, may be given in all or any of the modes following, that is to say:

(a) by the production of a copy of the Canada Gazette, or a volume of the Acts of the Parliament of Canada purporting to contain a copy of such treaty, proclamation, order, regulation, or appointment or a notice thereof;

(b) by the production of a copy of such treaty, proclamation, order, regulation or appointment, purporting to be printed by the Queen's Printer for Canada; and

(c) by the production, in the case of any proclamation, order, regulation or appointment made or issued by the Governor General or by the Governor in Council, of a copy or extract purporting to be certified to be true by the clerk, or assistant or acting clerk of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada; and in the case of any order, regulation or appointment made or issued by or under the authority of any such minister or head of a department, by the production of a copy or extract purporting to be certified to be true by the minister, or by his deputy or acting deputy, or by the secretary or acting secretary of the department over which he presides. 1947, c. 13, s. 1.

22. (1) Evidence of any proclamation, order, regulation, or appointment made or issued by a Lieutenant Governor or Lieutenant Governor in Council of any province, or by or under the authority of any member of the executive council, being the head of any department of the government of the province, may be given in all or any of the modes following, that is to say:

(a) by the production of a copy of the official gazette for the province, purporting to contain a copy of such proclamation, order, regulation or appointment, or a notice thereof;
(b) by the production of a copy of such proclamation, order, regulation or appointment, purporting to be printed by the government or Queen's Printer for the province; and

(c) by the production of a copy or extract of such proclamation, order, regulation or appointment, purporting to be certified to be true by the clerk or assistant or acting clerk of the executive council, or by the head of any department of the government of a province, or by his deputy or acting deputy as the case may be.

(2) Prima facie evidence of any proclamation, order, regulation or appointment made by the Lieutenant Governor in Council of the Northwest Territories, as constituted previously to the 1st day of September, 1905, or of the Commissioner in Council of the Northwest Territories or of the Commissioner in Council of the Yukon Territory, may also be given by the production of a copy of the Canada Gazette purporting to contain a copy of such proclamation, order, regulation or appointment, or a notice thereof. R.S., c. 59, s. 22.

23. (1) Evidence of any proceeding or record whatsoever of, in, or before any court in Great Britain or the Supreme or Exchequer Courts of Canada, or any court in any province of Canada, or any court in any British colony or possession, or any court of record of the United States of America, or of any state of the United States of America, or of any other foreign country, or before any justice of the peace or coroner in any province of Canada, may be made in any action or proceeding by an exemplification or certified copy thereof, purporting to be under the seal of such court, or under the hand or seal of such justice or coroner, as the case may be, without any proof of the authenticity of such seal or of the signature of such justice or coroner, or other proof whatever.

(2) Where any such court, justice or coroner, has no seal, or so certifies, such evidence may be made by a copy purporting to be certified under the signature of a judge or presiding magistrate of such court or of such justice or coroner, without any proof of the authenticity of the signature, or other proof whatsoever. R.S., c. 59, s. 23.

24. In every case in which the original record could be received in evidence,

(a) a copy of any official or public document of Canada or of any province, purporting to be certified under the hand of the proper officer or person in whose custody such official or public document is placed, or

(b) a copy of any official or public document of Canada or of any province, purporting to be certified under the hand of the proper officer or person in whose custody such official or public document is placed, or

R.S., 1952.
Part I.

Chap. 307.

Canada Evidence.

8

(b) a copy of a document, by-law, rule, regulation or proceeding, or a copy of any entry in any register or other book of any municipal or other corporation, created by charter or Act of Canada or of any province, purporting to be certified under the seal of the corporation, and the hand of the presiding officer, clerk or secretary thereof,

is receivable in evidence without proof of the seal of the corporation, or of the signature or of the official character of the person or persons appearing to have signed the same, and without further proof thereof. R.S., c. 59, s. 24.

25. Where a book or other document is of so public a nature as to be admissible in evidence on its mere production from the proper custody, and no other Act exists that renders its contents provable by means of a copy, a copy thereof or extract therefrom is admissible in evidence in any court of justice, or before a person having, by law or by consent of parties, authority to hear, receive and examine evidence, if it is proved that it is a copy or extract purporting to be certified to be true by the officer to whose custody the original has been entrusted. R.S., c. 59, s. 25.

26. (1) A copy of any entry in any book kept in any office or department of the Government of Canada, or in any commission, board or other branch of the public service of Canada, shall be received as evidence of such entry, and of the matters, transactions and accounts therein recorded, if it is proved by the oath or affidavit of an officer of such department, commission, board or other branch of the said public service, that the book was, at the time of the making of the entry, one of the ordinary books kept in such office, department, commission, board or other branch of the said public service, that the entry was made in the usual and ordinary course of business of such office, department, commission, board or other branch of the said public service, and that such copy is a true copy thereof.

(2) Where by any Act of Canada or regulation thereunder provision is made for the issue by a department, commission, board or other branch of the public service, of a licence requisite to the doing or having of any act or thing or for the issue of any other document, an affidavit of an officer of the department, commission, board or other branch of the public service, sworn before any commissioner or other person authorized to take affidavits, that he has charge of the appropriate records and that after careful examination and search of such records he has been unable to find in any

R.S., 1952.
any given case that any such licence or other document has been issued, shall be received as prima facie evidence that in such case no licence or other document has been issued.

(3) Where by any Act of Canada or regulation thereunder provision is made for sending by mail any request for information, notice or demand by a department or other branch of the public service, an affidavit of an officer of the department or other branch of the public service sworn before any commissioner or other person authorized to take affidavits setting out that he has charge of the appropriate records, that he has a knowledge of the facts in the particular case, that such a request, notice or demand was sent by registered letter on a named date to the person or firm to whom it was addressed (indicating such address) and that he identifies as exhibits attached to such affidavit the Post Office certificate of registration of such letter and a true copy of such request, notice or demand, shall, upon production and proof of the Post Office receipt for the delivery of such registered letter to the addressee, be received as prima facie evidence of such sending and of such request, notice or demand.

(4) Where proof is offered by affidavit pursuant to this section it is not necessary to prove the official character of the person making the affidavit if that information is set out in the body of the affidavit. R.S., c. 59, s. 26; 1931, c. 5, s. 1; 1938, c. 4, s. 2; 1940, c. 5, s. 1.

27. Any document purporting to be a copy of a notarial act or instrument made, filed or enregistered in the Province of Quebec, and to be certified by a notary or prothonotary to be a true copy of the original in his possession as such notary or prothonotary, shall be received in evidence in the place and stead of the original, and shall have the same force and effect as the original would have if produced and proved; but it may be proved in rebuttal that there is no such original, or that the copy is not a true copy of the original in some material particular, or that the original is not an instrument of such nature as may, by the law of the Province of Quebec, be taken before a notary or be filed, enrolled or enregistered by a notary in the said Province. R.S., c. 59, s. 27.

28. (1) No copy of any book or other document shall be received in evidence, under the authority of section 23, 24, 25, 26 or 27, upon any trial, unless the party intending to produce the same has before the trial given to the party against whom it is intended to be produced reasonable notice of such intention.

R.S., 1952.
(2) The reasonableness of the notice shall be determined by the court, judge or other person presiding, but the notice shall not in any case be less than seven days. R.S., c. 59, s. 28.

29. (1) Subject to this section a copy of any entry in any book or record kept in any bank shall in all legal proceedings be received as prima facie evidence of such entry and of the matters, transactions and accounts therein recorded.

(2) A copy of an entry in such book or record shall not be received in evidence under this section unless it be first proved that the book or record was, at the time of the making of the entry, one of the ordinary books or records of the bank and that the entry was made in the usual and ordinary course of business, and that the book or record is in the custody or control of the bank and that such copy is a true copy thereof; and such proof may be given by the manager or accountant of the bank and may be given orally or by affidavit sworn before any commissioner or other person authorized to take affidavits.

(3) Where a cheque has been drawn on any bank or branch thereof by any person, an affidavit of the manager or accountant of the bank or branch, sworn before any commissioner or other person authorized to take affidavits, setting out that he is the manager or accountant, that he has made a careful examination and search of the books and records for the purpose of ascertaining whether or not such person has an account with the bank or branch, and that he has been unable to find such an account, shall be received as prima facie evidence that such person has no account in the bank or branch.

(4) Where proof is offered by affidavit pursuant to this section it is not necessary to prove the official character of the person making the affidavit if that information is set out in the body of the affidavit.

(5) A bank or officer of a bank is not in any legal proceeding to which the bank is not a party compellable to produce any book or record, the contents of which can be proved under this section, or to appear as a witness to prove the matters, transactions and accounts therein recorded unless by order of the court made for special cause.

R.S., 1952.
(6) On the application of any party to a legal proceeding, the court may order that such party be at liberty to inspect and take copies of any entries in the books or records of a bank for the purposes of the legal proceeding; and the person whose account is to be inspected shall be notified of the application at least two clear days before the hearing thereof, and if it is shown to the satisfaction of the court that he cannot be notified personally, the notice may be given by addressing it to the bank.

(7) In this section,
(a) “bank” means the Bank of Canada, the Industrial Development Bank and any bank to which the Bank Act applies, or to which the Quebec Savings Banks Act applies, and includes a branch, agency or office of any such bank;
(b) “court” means the court, judge, arbitrator or person, before whom a legal proceeding is held or taken; and
(c) “legal proceeding” means any civil or criminal proceeding or inquiry in which evidence is or may be given, and includes an arbitration.

(8) Holidays shall be excluded from the computation of time under this section. R.S., c. 59, s. 29; 1938, c. 4, s. 3; 1940, c. 5, s. 2; 1947, c. 14, s. 1.

30. (1) In this section,
(a) “corporation” means the Bank of Canada, the Industrial Development Bank and any bank to which the Bank Act applies, or to which the Quebec Savings Banks Act applies, and each and every of the following carrying on business in Canada, namely, every railway, express, telegraph and telephone company (except a street railway and tramway company), insurance company or society, trust company and loan company (except a company subject to Part II of the Small Loans Act);
(b) “government” means the government of Canada or of any province of Canada and includes any department, commission, board or branch of any such government; and
(c) “photographic film” includes any photographic plate, microphotographic film and photostatic negative.

(2) A print, whether enlarged or not, from any photographic film of,
(a) an entry in any book or record kept by any government or corporation and destroyed, lost, or delivered to a customer after such film was taken,
(b) any bill of exchange, promissory note, cheque, receipt, instrument or document held by any government or corporation and destroyed, lost, or delivered to a customer after such film was taken, or

(c) any record, document, plan, book or paper belonging to or deposited with any government or corporation; is admissible in evidence in all cases in which and for all purposes for which the object photographed would have been received upon proof that

(i) while such book, record, bill of exchange, promissory note, cheque, receipt, instrument or document, plan, book or paper was in the custody or control of the government or corporation, the photographic film was taken thereof in order to keep a permanent record thereof; and

(ii) the object photographed was subsequently destroyed by or in the presence of one or more of the employees of the government or corporation, or was lost or was delivered to a customer.

(3) Proof of compliance with the conditions prescribed by this section may be given by any one or more of the employees of the government or corporation, having knowledge of the taking of the photographic film, of such destruction, loss, or delivery to a customer, or of the making of the print, as the case may be, either orally or by affidavit sworn in any part of Canada before any notary public.

(4) Unless the court otherwise orders, a notarial copy of an affidavit under subsection (3) is admissible in evidence in lieu of the original affidavit. 1942-43, c. 19, s. 1; 1947, c. 14, s. 2.

31. (1) An order in writing, signed by the Secretary of State of Canada, and purporting to be written by command of the Governor General, shall be received in evidence as the order of the Governor General.

(2) All copies of official and other notices, advertisements and documents printed in the Canada Gazette are prima facie evidence of the originals, and of the contents thereof. R.S., c. 59, s. 30.

32. (1) No proof shall be required of the handwriting or official position of any person certifying, in pursuance of this Act, to the truth of any copy of or extract from any proclamation, order, regulation, appointment, book or other document. R.S., 1952.
Part I.  

Canada Evidence.  

Chap. 307.  

(2) Any such copy or extract may be in print or in writing, or partly in print and partly in writing. R.S., c. 59, s. 31.

33. (1) It is not necessary to prove by the attesting witness any instrument to the validity of which attestation is not requisite.

(2) Such instrument may be proved by admission or otherwise as if there had been no attesting witness thereto. R.S., c. 59, s. 32.

34. Where any instrument that has been forged or fraudulently altered is admitted in evidence the court or the judge or person who admits the instrument may, at the request of any person against whom it is admitted in evidence, direct that the instrument shall be impounded and be kept in the custody of some officer of the court or other proper person for such period and subject to such conditions, as to the court, judge or person admitting the instrument seems meet. R.S., c. 59, s. 33.

35. This Part shall be deemed to be in addition to and not in derogation of any powers of proving documents given by any existing Act, or existing at law. R.S., c. 59, s. 34.

PROVINCIAL LAWS OF EVIDENCE.

36. In all proceedings over which the Parliament of Canada has legislative authority, the laws of evidence in force in the province in which such proceedings are taken, including the laws of proof of service of any warrant, summons, subpoena or other document, subject to this and other Acts of the Parliament of Canada, apply to such proceedings. R.S., c. 59, s. 35.

STATUTORY DECLARATIONS.

37. Any judge, notary public, justice of the peace, police or stipendiary magistrate, recorder, mayor or commissioner authorized to take affidavits to be used either in the provincial or Dominion courts, or any other functionary authorized by law to administer an oath in any matter, may receive the solemn declaration of any person voluntarily making the same before him, in the form following, in attestation of the execution of any writing, deed or instrument, or of the truth of any fact, or of any account rendered in writing:

5639

I,

R.S., 1952.
I, A.B., do solemnly declare that (state the fact or facts declared to), and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing it to be true, and knowing that it is of the same force and effect as if made under oath, and by virtue of the Canada Evidence Act.

Declared before me at this day of A.D. 19.

R.S., c. 59, s. 36.

INSURANCE PROOFS.

38. Any affidavit, affirmation or declaration required by any insurance company authorized by law to do business in Canada, in regard to any loss of, or injury to person, property or life insured or assured therein, may be taken before any commissioner or other person authorized to take affidavits, or before any justice of the peace, or before any notary public for any province of Canada; and such officer is hereby required to take such affidavit, affirmation or declaration. R.S., c. 59, s. 37.

PART II.

APPLICATION.

39. This Part applies to the taking of evidence relating to proceedings in courts out of Canada. R.S., c. 59, s. 38.

INTERPRETATION.

40. In this Part,

(a) "cause" includes a proceeding against a criminal;
(b) "court" means the Supreme Court of Canada, and any superior court in any province of Canada;
(c) "judge" means any judge of the Supreme Court of Canada and any judge of any superior court in any province of Canada; and
(d) "oath" includes affirmation in cases in which by the law of Canada, or of the province, as the case may be, an affirmation is allowed instead of an oath. R.S., c. 59, s. 39.

Construction. 41. This Part shall not be so construed as to interfere with the right of legislation of the legislature of any province requisite or desirable for the carrying out of the objects hereof. R.S., c. 59, s. 40.

R.S., 1952.
42. Where, upon an application for that purpose, it is made to appear to any court or judge, that any court or tribunal of competent jurisdiction, in any other of Her Majesty's dominions, or in any foreign country, before which any civil, commercial or criminal matter is pending, is desirous of obtaining the testimony in relation to such matter, of a party or witness within the jurisdiction of such first mentioned court, or of the court to which such judge belongs, or of such judge, the court or judge may, in its or his discretion, order the examination upon oath upon interrogatories, or otherwise, before any person or persons named in the order, of such party or witness accordingly, and by the same or any subsequent order may command the attendance of such party or witness for the purpose of being examined, and for the production of any writings or other documents mentioned in the order, and of any other writings or documents relating to the matter in question that are in the possession or power of such party or witness. R.S., c. 59, s. 41.

43. Upon the service upon the party or witness of an order referred to in section 42, and of an appointment of a time and place for the examination of such party or witness signed by the person named in the order for taking the examination, or, if more than one person is named, then by one of the persons named, and upon payment or tender of the like conduct money as is properly payable upon attendance at a trial, the order may be enforced in like manner as an order made by the court or judge in a cause depending in such court or before such judge. R.S., c. 59, s. 42.

44. Every person whose attendance is required in manner aforesaid is entitled to the like conduct money and payment for expenses and loss of time as upon attendance at a trial. R.S., c. 59, s. 43.

45. Upon any examination of parties or witnesses, under the authority of any order made in pursuance of this Part, the oath shall be administered by the person authorized to take the examination, or, if more than one, then by one of such persons. R.S., c. 59, s. 44.

46. (1) Any person examined under any order made under this Part has the like right to refuse to answer questions tending to criminate himself, or other questions, as a party or witness, as the case may be, would have in any cause pending in the court by which, or by a judge whereof, the order is made.

(2) R.S., 1952.
Part III. 

(2) No person shall be compelled to produce, under any such order, any writing or other document that he could not be compelled to produce at a trial of such a cause. R.S., c. 59, s. 45.

47. (1) The court may frame rules and orders in relation to procedure, to the evidence to be produced in support of the application for an order for examination of parties and witnesses under this Part, and generally for carrying this Part into effect.

(2) In the absence of any order in relation to such evidence, letters rogatory from any court of justice in any other of the dominions of Her Majesty, or from any foreign tribunal, in which such civil, commercial or criminal matter is pending, shall be deemed and taken to be sufficient evidence in support of such application. R.S., c. 59, s. 46.

PART III.

THE TAKING OF AFFIDAVITS ABROAD.

48. This Part extends to the following classes of persons:

(a) officers of any of Her Majesty's diplomatic or consular services while exercising their functions in any foreign country, including ambassadors, envoys, ministers, charges d'Affaires, counsellors, secretaries, attaches, consuls general, consuls, vice-consuls, pro-consuls, consular agents, acting consuls general, acting consuls, acting vice-consuls and acting consular agents;

(b) officers of the Canadian diplomatic, consular and representative services while exercising their functions in any foreign country, or in any part of Her Majesty's dominions outside of Canada, including, in addition to the diplomatic and consular officers mentioned in paragraph (a), high commissioners, permanent delegates, acting high commissioners, acting permanent delegates, counsellors and secretaries; and

(c) Canadian Government Trade Commissioners and Assistant Canadian Government Trade Commissioners while exercising their functions in any foreign country or in any part of Her Majesty's dominions outside of Canada. 1943-44, c. 20, s. 1.

49. Oaths, affidavits, affirmations or declarations administered, taken or received outside of Canada by any person.

R.S., 1952.
person mentioned in section 48, are as valid and effectual and are of the like force and effect to all intents and purposes as if they had been administered, taken or received in Canada by a person authorized to administer, take or receive oaths, affidavits, affirmations or declarations therein that are valid and effectual under this Act. 1943-44, c. 20, s. 1.

50. Any document that purports to have affixed, impressed, or subscribed thereon or thereto, the signature of any person authorized by this Part to administer, take or receive oaths, affidavits, affirmations or declarations, together with his seal or with the seal or stamp of his office, or the office to which he is attached, in testimony of any oath, affidavit, affirmation or declaration being administered, taken or received by him, shall be admitted in evidence, without proof of the seal or stamp or of his signature or of his official character. 1943-44, c. 20, s. 1.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

5643
CHAPTER 308.

An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act.

1. (1) Section 3 of the Canada Grain Act, chapter 25 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is amended by adding thereto, immediately after subsection (1) thereof, the following subsection:

"(1a) A commissioner on the expiration of his first or subsequent term of office is, if not disqualified by age, eligible for reappointment for a period not exceeding ten years."

(2) Subsection (2) of section 3 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(2) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (1a), no commissioner shall continue in office after he has attained the age of seventy years, unless it is declared by the Governor in Council, either before or within one month after the termination of such commissioner's tenure of office, that it is in the public interest that such commissioner shall remain in office for an additional period of twelve months, but no such declaration shall authorize the continuance in office of any commissioner after he has reached the age of seventy-five years."

2. Sections 4 and 5 of the said Act are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"4. The chief commissioner shall be paid an annual salary of fourteen thousand dollars and each of the commissioners an annual salary of twelve thousand dollars.

5. (1) The Governor in Council may appoint three assistant grain commissioners to hold office during pleasure, each of whom shall be paid such salary as may be fixed by the Governor in Council.

(2) One of the assistant grain commissioners shall have his headquarters and office in the Province of Alberta, one in the Province of Saskatchewan and one in the Province of Manitoba."
Subject to Board.

3. Section 15 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto, immediately after paragraph (15) thereof, the following paragraph:

"(15a) authorizing the use of any system of keeping and issuing tickets, receipts or notes in lieu of the books required by section 85, if the Board is satisfied that by the use of such system at least one of each pair or set of tickets, receipts or notes will be retained as adequately and securely as if bound in a book, and modifying or adapting the provisions of section 85 accordingly;"

System of issuing tickets, etc.

4. The statutory grades of Western Grain set out in Schedule One to the said Act are amended as follows:

(a) in the table for Amber Durum Wheat the figure "51" is inserted under the heading "Minimum weight per measured bushel in pounds" for No. 6 Canada Western Amber Durum;

(b) in the table for Mixed Wheat the figure "51" is inserted under the heading "Minimum weight per measured bushel in pounds" for each of the grades No. 2 Canada Western Mixed Wheat, No. 4 Canada Western Mixed Wheat and No. 6 Canada Western Mixed Wheat; and

(c) in the table for Flax Seed the figure "44" is inserted under the heading "Minimum weight per measured bushel in pounds" for the grade No. 4 Canada Western.

Schedules amended.

5. Schedule Two to the said Act is amended by inserting in the table for Flax Seed the figure "44" under the heading "Minimum weight per measured bushel in pounds" for No. 4 Canada Eastern.

Queens Printer and Controller of Stationery

OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 309.

An Act to amend the Canadian Farm Loan Act.

1. (1) Subsection (1) of section 3 of the Canadian Farm Loan Act, chapter 36 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is amended by striking out the words therein following the word “prescribe”.

(2) Section 3 of the said Act is further amended by adding thereto, immediately after subsection (1) thereof, the following subsection:

“(1a) One of the members appointed in accordance with subsection (1) shall be the Deputy Minister of Finance or such other officer of the Department of Finance as the Governor in Council designates, and the Minister may designate another officer of the Department of Finance as the alternate of that member and the alternate shall, during the absence or incapacity of that member, be deemed to be a member of the Board.”

2. Section 4 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto, immediately after paragraph (a) thereof, the following paragraph:

“(aa) borrow money from the Minister for the purposes of the Board;”

3. Section 5 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“5. (1) The Board shall pay interest to the Minister, at such rate and on such other terms as the Governor inCouncil from time to time determines, on the balance outstanding from time to time of the initial capital advanced to the Board by the Government of Canada, and the amount outstanding of the initial capital so advanced shall be repaid to the Minister, at such times as the Governor in Council directs, out of earnings of the Board, but no such repayment shall be made by the Board under this subsection R.S., 1952.

5647 subsection
subsection unless, at the time the repayment is to be made, the amount in the reserve fund established under section 9 is not less than the aggregate of the amount to be repaid and the amount of all repayments previously made.

(2) The Board shall from time to time
(a) issue capital stock consisting of shares having a par value of one dollar each, and
(b) retire capital stock so issued,
in such amounts as are necessary to ensure that the par value of the stock outstanding at any time approximates five per cent of the principal amount of the loans outstanding at that time.

(3) The Minister shall subscribe to and pay for the capital stock issued pursuant to subsection (2), and when stock is retired pursuant to subsection (2) the Board shall pay to the Minister an amount equal to the par value of the stock so retired.

(4) Subsections (2) and (3) shall come into force upon a day to be fixed by proclamation of the Governor in Council, after the principal amount of loans outstanding reaches twenty times the par value of the capital stock outstanding on the 31st day of March, 1952.”

4. (1) Subsection (1) of section 6 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“6. (1) The total principal amount outstanding of Farm Loan bonds and of loans made by the Minister pursuant to section 6A shall not at any time exceed twenty times the par value of the outstanding capital stock of the Board.”

(2) Subsection (5) of section 6 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(5) Each Farm Loan bond shall be signed by the Commissioner or a member of the Board designated by the Board and by the secretary or treasurer of the Board and shall have printed thereon a certificate signed by the Commissioner or a member of the Board designated by the Board to the effect that the bond is issued under the authority of this Act and that at the time of issue the Board holds mortgages or charges on farm lands and personalty the principal amount of which then outstanding is not less than the total principal amount then outstanding of Farm Loan bonds and of loans made by the Minister pursuant to section 6A.”

R.S., 1952.
5. The said Act is further amended by adding thereto, immediately after section 6 thereof, the following section:

"6A. Subject to section 6, the Minister may from time to time out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund lend money to the Board on such terms and conditions as the Governor in Council approves."

6. (1) Paragraph (a) of section 7 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(a) loans shall be made
(i) on the security of first mortgages on farm lands, the principal amount of which shall not exceed sixty per cent of the actual value of such lands and the buildings thereon as appraised by the Board, but in making its appraisal the Board shall consider the value of the buildings only to the extent to which they add to the value of the land as farm land, and
(ii) if, in the opinion of the Board, additional and collateral security is required, on such additional and collateral security as the Board considers proper, but the total amount outstanding of loans made under this Part to any one person, alone or jointly with others, shall not at any time exceed ten thousand dollars;"

(2) Paragraph (e) of the said section 7 is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(e) the interest rate on loans shall be a rate that, in the opinion of the Board, is sufficient to provide for the interest payable by the Board to the Minister and the expenses of the Board, including reasonable provision for reserves against losses;"

7. Section 11 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"11. (1) There shall be a board to be known as the Canadian Farm Loan Advisory Board (herein referred to as the Advisory Board), consisting of not less than five and not more than ten members to be appointed by the Governor in Council.

(2) The Governor in Council may designate one of the members of the Advisory Board to be the Chairman and another of the members to be the Vice-Chairman.

(3) The members of the Advisory Board shall be paid out of the revenues of the Board such remuneration as the Governor in Council determines.

(4) The Advisory Board shall from time to time consider, discuss with the Board and make recommendations to the Board concerning the lending policies of the Board, the principles

R.S., 1952.
Canadian Farm Loan Act.

Meetings

principles underlying the valuation of farm property and the conditions affecting or that may affect lending policy or outstanding or future loans.

(5) The Board shall determine the times and places at which the Advisory Board shall meet and the mode of calling meetings.”

8. Section 13 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“13. The accounts and financial transactions of the Board shall be audited by the Auditor General.”

9. (1) Paragraph (d) of section 17 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(d) the form of applications for loans, Farm Loan bonds and mortgages;”

(2) Paragraphs (f) and (j) of the said section 17 are repealed.

10. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 19 of the said Act are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(2) The amount advanced to a person pursuant to this section shall not exceed one-third of the amount that was advanced by the Board on the security of the first mortgage.

(3) The proceeds of a loan made under this Part shall not be used for any purpose other than a purpose set forth in paragraph (b) of section 7.”

11. Section 20 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“20. The aggregate of loans outstanding made under Parts I and II to any one person, alone or jointly with others, shall not exceed

(a) where chattel security is taken, seventy per cent of the value as appraised by the Board, of the lands and buildings in respect of which security is taken, and

(b) where chattel security is not taken, sixty-five per cent of the value as appraised by the Board, of the land and buildings in respect of which security is taken, but shall not in any case exceed twelve thousand dollars.”
CHAPTER 310.
An Act respecting the Canadian Forces.

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the Canadian Forces Act, Short title. 1952.

NATIONAL DEFENCE ACT.

2. (1) The portion of subsection (2) of section 40 of the National Defence Act, chapter 184 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, that precedes paragraph (a) thereof is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(2) For the purposes of this section, but subject to any Definition exceptions prescribed in regulations made by the Governor of service estate," service estate means the following parts of the estate of a deceased officer or man mentioned in sub-section (1),"

(2) Subsection (1) of section 108 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"108. (1) For the purposes of this section, "service tribunal," in addition to the tribunals mentioned in para- graph (36) of section 2, includes a board of inquiry and a commissioner taking evidence under this Act."

(3) Paragraphs (j) to (n) of subsection (1) of section 121 are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(j) severe reprimand;
(k) reprimand;
(l) fine; and
(m) minor punishments,"

(4) Paragraphs (d) to (h) of subsection (2) of section 136 are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(d) severe reprimand;
(e) reprimand;
(f) a fine not exceeding basic pay for one month; and
(g) minor punishments,"

3562 5651 (5) R.S., 1952.
Canadian Forces.

(5) Subparagraphs (i) and (ii) of paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 136 are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(i) a punishment of detention imposed by a commanding officer upon a chief petty officer, petty officer, non-commissioned officer or leading rating shall not be carried into effect until approved by an approving authority and only to the extent so approved; and

(ii) where a commanding officer imposes more than thirty days detention, the portion in excess of thirty days shall be effective only if approved by, and to the extent approved by, an approving authority;”

(6) Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 136 is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(b) reduction in rank, but a punishment of reduction in rank imposed by a commanding officer shall be effective only if approved by, and to the extent approved by, an approving authority;”

(7) Section 136 of the said Act is further amended by adding thereto, immediately after subsection (2) thereof, the following subsection:

“(2a) In subsection (2) “approving authority” means

(a) any officer not below the rank of commodore, brigadier or air commodore; or

(b) an officer not below the naval rank of captain or below the rank of colonel or group captain designated by the Minister as an approving authority for the purposes of this section.”

(8) Paragraphs (a) to (c) of subsection (3) of section 136 are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(a) detention not exceeding fourteen days;

(b) severe reprimand;

(c) reprimand;

(d) a fine not exceeding basic pay for fifteen days; and

(e) minor punishments.”

(9) Paragraphs (a) to (e) of subsection (3) of section 137 are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(a) forfeiture of seniority;

(b) severe reprimand;

(c) reprimand; and

(d) fine.”

R.S., 1952.
(10) Subsection (4) of section 155 of the said Act is repealed and subsections (5) and (6) of the said section are respectively re-numbered (4) and (5).

(11) Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 158 is repealed and paragraphs (d), (e) and (f) of the said subsection are respectively relettered as paragraphs (c), (d) and (e).

(12) Subsection (1) of section 200 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"200. (1) For the purposes of this section, "court martial," in addition to the tribunals mentioned in paragraph (7) of section 2, includes a commissioner taking evidence under this Act; and references in this section to the president or members of a court martial shall be deemed to include references to any such commissioner."

(13) Subsection (2) of section 200 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(2) Every person required to give evidence before a court martial may be summoned under the hand of the authority by whom the court martial was convened, established or appointed, or the Judge Advocate General, or under the hand of the president, judge advocate or commissioner taking evidence under this Act."

(14) Subsection (6) of section 200 is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(6) A court martial, by order under the hand of the president or a commissioner taking evidence under this Act, may cause counsel to be removed from the court martial for contempt."

(15) Subsection (6) of section 177 of the French version of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(6) Lorsqu'une peine a été suspendue, elle peut, en tout temps, et elle doit, à des intervalles d'au plus trois mois, faire l'objet d'un nouvel examen de la part d'une autorité établie en matière de sursis. S'il apparaît à cette dernière, lors du nouvel examen, que la conduite du délinquant, depuis la suspension de la peine, est de nature à justifier une remise de cette peine, ladite autorité y procède."

CIVIL SERVICE SUPERANNUATION ACT.

3. Section 5 of the Civil Service Superannuation Act, chapter 50 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is amended by adding thereto the following subsection:

"(8) R.S., 1952."
Election to contribute in respect of naval service.

"(8) A person who served on active service in the naval forces as described in clause (A) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (j) of subsection (1) of section 2, and became a contributor before the 29th day of May, 1952, may, within one year after the 29th day of May, 1952, elect to contribute under this Act in respect of the whole or any part of such service in the naval forces in respect of which he is entitled to contribute by reason of subsection (2) of section 2 or subsection (1) of section 6."

THE DEFENCE SERVICES PENSION ACT.

4. (1) Subsection (11) of section 3 of the Defence Services Pension Act, chapter 63 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(11) A retired officer who has been granted a pension under this Part and is employed in the public service of Canada or appointed to, enlisted in or transferred to the naval, army or air forces of Canada is entitled to receive that part of his pension which, when added to his salary or pay and allowances, as the case may be, will not at any time exceed the greater of

(a) the pay and allowances of which he was in receipt at the date of his retirement from the force, or

(b) the current pay and allowances in effect for an officer holding the same rank and under the same circumstances as the pensioner at the date of his retirement.

(11a) Subsection (11) does not apply in respect of service in the reserve forces unless the service is for a full-time continuous period in excess of six months during which period the pensioner received the pay of his rank as though he were in the force."

(2) The said Act is further amended by adding thereto, immediately after section 44 thereof, the following section:

"44a. For the purpose of computing a pension under any of Parts I to III with respect to an officer, "service" in any such Part, in addition to any periods specified in Parts I to III, includes any continuous period of full-time service of six months or more in the naval, army or air forces of His Majesty raised in Canada other than the forces as defined in such Part, if

(a) during such period he received the pay of his rank as though he were in the forces as defined in such Part, and

(b) he is otherwise eligible for a pension under such Part, but such service may not be counted as service under any other provision of any such Parts, except to the extent prescribed."
prescribed by paragraph (e) of section 7, subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (e) of section 36 or subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (d) of section 40, for the purpose of determining eligibility for pension."

(3) Paragraph (i) of subsection (1) of section 45 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto the following subparagraph:

"(vi) any continuous period of full-time service of six months or more in the naval, army or air forces of His Majesty raised in Canada other than the forces, if

(A) the contributor during such period received the pay of his rank as though he were a member of the forces, and

(B) the contributor is otherwise eligible for pension under this Part,

but such service may not be counted as service under any other subparagraph of this paragraph."

(4) Section 60 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"60. (1) A contributor who has been retired as an officer or warrant officer and has been granted a pension under this Part and is employed in the public service of Canada or appointed to, enlisted in or transferred to the naval, army or air forces of Canada is entitled to receive that part of his pension which, when added to his salary or pay and allowances, as the case may be, will not at any time exceed the greater of

(a) the pay and allowances of which he was in receipt at the date of his retirement from the force, or

(b) the current pay and allowances in effect for an officer or warrant officer holding the same rank and under the same circumstances as the pensioner at the date of his retirement.

(2) Subsection (1) does not apply in respect of service in the reserve forces unless the service is for a full-time continuous period in excess of six months during which period the pensioner received the pay of his rank as though he were in the forces."

SENATE AND HOUSE OF COMMONS ACT.

5. (1) Section 12 of the Senate and House of Commons Act, chapter 249 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"12.

R.S., 1952."
12. Nothing in this Act renders ineligible or disqualifies any person as a member of the House of Commons or to sit or vote therein, by reason of his being

(a) a member of Her Majesty's forces while he is on active service as a consequence of war, or

(b) a member of the reserve forces of the Canadian Forces who is not on full-time service other than active service as a consequence of war."

(2) Paragraphs (d) and (e) of section 20 of the said Act are repealed.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.

5656
CHAPTER 311.

An Act to revise the capital structure of the Canadian National Railway Company and to provide for certain other financial matters.

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the Canadian National Railways Capital Revision Act.

INTERPRETATION.

2. In this Act (Definitions.

(a) "Canadian Government Railways" means all such railways or parts thereof, and all such properties, works, powers, rights and privileges or interests or any of them as may be designated whether generally or in detail in any order of the Governor in Council from time to time subsisting, entrusting the management and operation thereof to the Canadian National Railway Company under the provisions of section 18 of the Canadian National Railways Act, and includes, unless expressly excepted, all properties, works, powers, rights and privileges incidental to those designated and commonly used, operated and enjoyed in connection therewith;

(b) "four per cent preferred stock" means shares of capital stock specified in section 7;

(c) "Minister" means the Minister of Finance;

(d) "National Company" means the Canadian National Railway Company;

(e) "National Railways" means the Canadian National Railway Company, as owner, operator, manager and otherwise, and its transportation, communication and hotel system, which system shall be deemed to comprise all companies that are elements of the Canadian National Railways as defined in the Canadian National Railways Act, the respective undertakings of such companies, the Canadian National Railway Company in R.S., 1952.

357 5657
in its capacity as owner, manager or operator, in whole or in part, of any railways, except Canadian Government Railways, or of any land, water or air transportation or communication services or hotel services, and the said railways and services, their works and property, and all such works and property as are ancillary;

(f) "National System" means the Canadian National Railway Company as owner, operator, manager and otherwise, and its transportation, communication and hotel system, which system shall be deemed to comprise all companies that are elements of the Canadian National Railways as defined in the Canadian National Railways Act, the respective undertakings of such companies, the Canadian National Railway Company in its capacity as owner, manager or operator in whole or in part of any railways, including Canadian Government Railways, or of any land, water or air transportation or communication services or hotel services and the said railways, services, their works and property, and all such works and property as are ancillary; and

(g) "Securities Trust" means The Canadian National Railways Securities Trust mentioned in section 11.

3. (1) The Minister shall, by instrument in writing, release the National Company from all claims by Her Majesty to payments falling due after the 31st day of December, 1951, on account of principal and interest, in respect of each of the loans specified in the first column of Schedule A to the extent specified in the second column of the said Schedule, the total principal amount so released to be $736,385,405, being fifty per cent of the total indebtedness of the National Company to Her Majesty and the public as of the 31st day of December, 1951, on account of borrowed capital.

(2) In consideration of the release by the Minister of the claims specified in subsection (1), the National Company shall issue and deliver to the Minister 736,385,405 shares of four per cent preferred stock of the National Company.

4. In order to relieve the National Company for a period of ten years from its obligation to pay interest on a portion of its indebtedness to Her Majesty,

(a) the Minister shall, by instrument in writing, release the National Company from all claims by Her Majesty to payments falling due after the 31st day of December, 1951, on account of principal and interest, in respect of each of the loans specified in the first column of Schedule
Schedule B, to the extent specified in the second column of the said Schedule, the total principal amount so released to be one hundred million dollars, and

(b) in consideration thereof, the National Company shall deliver to the Minister an instrument in writing evidencing an obligation of the National Company to pay to Her Majesty the sum of one hundred million dollars on the 1st day of January, 1972, with interest thereon at such rate and upon such other terms as the Governor in Council prescribes, except that interest shall not be payable by the National Company on the said sum in respect of the period of ten years commencing on the 1st day of January, 1952.

5. (1) The Minister shall, upon releasing the National Company in accordance with sections 3 and 4, surrender to the National Company for cancellation the instruments specified in the third column of Schedule A and the instruments specified in the third column of Schedule B evidencing the indebtedness of the National Company to Her Majesty in respect of the loans specified in Schedules A and B and shall also surrender to the National Company the collateral securities specified in the fourth column of Schedule A; and where it is indicated in the third column of Schedule B that part only of the principal amount of an instrument is to be surrendered, the Minister may surrender the instrument in exchange for an obligation of the National Company issued under subsection (3) of section 7 to pay to Her Majesty an amount equal to that part of the principal amount of the instrument that is not to be surrendered.

(2) The securities specified in the fourth column of Schedule A shall, upon being surrendered by the Minister, be transferred to the Securities Trust.

(3) The Minister shall out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund repay to the National Company

(a) the amount of any payment that has been made by it to Her Majesty after the 31st day of December, 1951, on account of the principal amount of a loan specified in Schedule A, and

(b) where a payment has been made by it to Her Majesty on account of interest on a loan specified in Schedule A in respect of a period part of which is before and part of which is after the commencement of 1952, an amount equal to that proportion of the interest so paid that the number of days in that part of the said period that is after the commencement of 1952 is of the number of days in the whole of the said period.

6. (1) The Minister shall, in respect of each fiscal year of the National Company commencing in the years 1952 to 1960 inclusive, purchase at par from the National Company shares of four per cent preferred stock of the National Company having a total par value when added to the par value of shares of such stock purchased under subsection (2) equal to three per cent of the gross revenues of the National System in the fiscal year calculated to the nearest dollar as certified by the auditors of the National System.

(2) The Minister may, from time to time during a fiscal year of the National Company to which subsection (1) applies, at the request of the National Company, purchase at par shares of four per cent preferred stock of the National Company having a total par value not exceeding three per cent of the gross revenues of the National System calculated to the nearest dollar in that part of the fiscal year that precedes the date of purchase, less the number of shares previously purchased in the fiscal year under this subsection.

(3) The amounts received by the National Company from the purchase of four per cent preferred stock by the Minister pursuant to this section shall be credited to a special account in the books of the Company and shall be used to meet expenditures of the National System for additions and betterments that have been included in estimates of capital expenditures in an annual budget of the National System.

7. (1) The National Company is hereby authorized to issue such shares of four per cent preferred stock as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act.

(2) The four per cent preferred stock shall be in shares of the par value of one dollar each in respect of which non-cumulative dividends shall, from time to time, be paid to the extent that earnings are available for distribution in a fiscal year of the National Company after payment of

(a) interest on securities held by the public,

(b) interest on the indebtedness of the National Company to Her Majesty, and

(c) taxes payable under the Income Tax Act,

but a dividend shall not exceed four per cent of the par value of the shares outstanding when the dividend is paid and the shares shall be redeemable at any time at par with the consent of the Governor in Council.

(3) The National Company may, for the purposes of section 5, upon being tendered a security by the Minister, issue and deliver to the Minister in exchange therefor an obligation.

R.S., 1952.
obligation of the National Company in a smaller amount but otherwise subject to the same terms and conditions as the security tendered by the Minister.

8. (1) Notwithstanding section 14 of the *Canadian National Railways Act*, the surplus or deficit of the Canadian Government Railways shall be included in, and deemed to be part of, the surplus or deficit, as the case may be, of the National Railways.

(2) This section does not apply to such Canadian Government Railways as are designated by the Governor in Council.

9. (1) Whenever the accounts of the National System for a fiscal year, as certified by the auditors thereof appointed by Parliament, show earnings remaining after payment, in the following order of priority, of

(a) interest on securities held by the public,
(b) interest on the indebtedness of the National Company to Her Majesty,
(c) taxes payable under the *Income Tax Act*, and
(d) dividends on the four per cent preferred stock of the National Company,

the earnings remaining shall be paid to the Receiver General of Canada.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the Governor in Council may direct that the whole or any part of the earnings remaining shall be applied in discharge of such obligations of the National System as he prescribes.

10. (1) The accounts of the National System for the 1952 and subsequent fiscal years shall be stated in such a manner as to show

(a) the value of the no par value capital stock outstanding of the National Company,
(b) the par value of the four per cent preferred stock outstanding of the National Company, and
(c) the capital investment of Her Majesty in the Canadian Government Railways as shown in the accounts of Canada.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1), the no par value capital stock shall be shown on the books of the National Company, as at the 1st day of January, 1952, as having an initial stated value of $396,518,135.02 and thereafter its value is

5661

(a)

R.S., 1952.
(a) the aggregate of
(i) the initial stated value as at the 1st day of January, 1952,
(ii) the amounts of all capital gains of the National System for the 1952 and subsequent fiscal years retained by the National Company, and
(iii) the amounts of all earnings of the 1952 and subsequent fiscal years paid in discharge of obligations pursuant to subsection (2) of section 9,
minus
(b) the aggregate of the amounts of all capital losses of the National System for the 1952 and subsequent fiscal years in respect of which Her Majesty has not made any contribution.

A footnote shall appear in the accounts of the National System stating that the capital stock of the National Company, (other than the four per cent preferred stock) and the capital investment of Her Majesty in the Canadian Government Railways are included in the net debt of Canada and disclosed in the historical record of government assistance to railways as shown in the Public Accounts of Canada.

11. (1) The corporation known as The Canadian National Railways Securities Trust, established by chapter 41 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, shall continue and shall consist of the persons who, from time to time, are the members of the Board of Directors of the National Company, (hereinafter referred to as the Trustees) who shall serve without remuneration.

(2) The head office of the corporation shall be at Montreal.

12. The object of the Securities Trust is to hold the obligations, claims and collateral securities that are in its custody on the 4th day of July, 1952, and the securities required by this Act to be delivered to it.

13. (1) The capital stock of the Securities Trust shall consist of five million shares of no par value.

(2) The Minister shall, with the approval of the Governor in Council, transfer to the National Company the shares of capital stock of the Securities Trust held by him on the 4th day of July, 1952, and in consideration thereof the National Company shall issue and deliver to the Minister an equal number of shares of no par value of the capital stock of the National Company which shall be shown in the R.S., 1952.
the accounts of Canada and the books of the National Company as having an initial stated value of $378,518.135.02.

(3) The capital stock of the Securities Trust shall be shown on the books of the Securities Trust as having a stated value of $378,518,135.02 as at the 1st day of January, 1952.

14. (1) The Trustees shall be charged with the management of the Securities Trust and, with the approval of the Governor in Council, may make all necessary by-laws for carrying out the object of the Securities Trust.

(2) The by-laws shall provide for

(a) the custody of the corporate seal of the Securities Trust;

(b) the execution of instruments by two or more Trustees; and

(c) meetings of the Trustees, to be held at least once in every year, the giving of notices of meetings, the appointment of a chairman and the number of Trustees necessary to constitute a quorum at meetings.

15. The Trustees shall appoint a person to be secretary of the Securities Trust who shall perform without remuneration such duties as are assigned to him by the Trustees.

16. (1) Every company included in the National Railways is obligated to the Securities Trust in respect of all claims, obligations and collateral securities held by the Securities Trust in the same way and to the same extent as it was obligated to Her Majesty immediately prior to the transfer of the claims, obligations and securities to the Securities Trust.

(2) The Securities Trust shall not sell, release, destroy or otherwise dispose of claims, obligations and securities held by it except with the approval of the Governor in Council.

17. The Trustees shall present to Parliament annually, concurrently with the annual report of the National Company, through the Minister of Transport, a balance sheet together with a report setting forth in a summary manner the transactions of the Securities Trust during the preceding calendar year.

18. The National Company shall not, without the approval of Parliament, sell, pledge, release or otherwise dispose of any of the capital stock of the Canadian Northern Railway Company that is held by it.

19. National Company

R.S., 1952.
19. The Minister shall include annually in the Public Accounts a summary statement of all assistance, including land grants, guarantees and capital subsidies but not including grants made pursuant to statutes for the relief of unemployment, that has at any time been given by the Government of Canada to each of

(a) the National System, including its predecessor companies,

(b) the Pacific Railways as defined in the Canadian National-Canadian Pacific Act, including its predecessor companies, and

(c) any other railway,

in such a manner as to show the property granted, the amounts granted, paid or guaranteed, the amounts repaid, the amounts written off and the amounts outstanding.

20. The Canadian National Railways Capital Revision Act, chapter 41 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed.
**SCHEDULE A.**

**LOANS TO BE RELEASED IN EXCHANGE FOR PREFERRED STOCK**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Authority for Loan</th>
<th>Amount of Loan to be released</th>
<th>Demand Notes and Other Instruments to be Surrendered</th>
<th>Collateral Securities to be Surrendered</th>
<th>Int. Rate</th>
<th>Amount of Loan to be released</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>C.N.R. Refunding Act, 1938</td>
<td>$76,890,629</td>
<td>45 Jan. 20, 1939</td>
<td>3% C.N.R. Consolidated Debenture Stock</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>$7,501,174.52</td>
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<tr>
<td>C.N.R. Refunding Act, 1938</td>
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<td>7,800,470.29</td>
<td>4% Grand Trunk Railway 4% Perpetual Consolidated Debenture Stock</td>
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<td>$530,174.52</td>
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<td>C.N.R. Refunding Act, 1938</td>
<td>$9,301,644.79</td>
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<td>5% Grand Trunk Railway 4% Perpetual Consolidated Debenture Stock</td>
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<td>$2,430,000.00</td>
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<td>C.N.R. Refunding Act, 1938</td>
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<td>2 May 30, 1939</td>
<td>6% Grand Trunk Railway 4% Perpetual Consolidated Debenture Stock</td>
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<td>$4,166,856.45</td>
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<td>29 Jun. 29, 1944</td>
<td>4% Grand Trunk Railway 4% Perpetual Consolidated Debenture Stock</td>
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<td>$7,000,902.98</td>
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<tr>
<td>C.N.R. Refunding Act, 1938</td>
<td>$108,158,072</td>
<td>2 Mar. 1, 1945</td>
<td>4% Grand Trunk Railway 4% Perpetual Consolidated Debenture Stock</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>$7,000,902.98</td>
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<tr>
<td>C.N.R. Refunding Act, 1938</td>
<td>$8,585,465.49</td>
<td>10 Oct. 29, 1942</td>
<td>4% Grand Trunk Railway 4% Perpetual Consolidated Debenture Stock</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>$3,905,465.49</td>
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<tr>
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<td>$7,000,902.98</td>
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</table>
### SCHEDULE A—Continued.

**LOANS TO BE RELEASED IN EXCHANGE FOR PREFERRED STOCK**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>First Column</th>
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<td><strong>Authority for Loan</strong></td>
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<td><strong>Demand Notes and Other Instruments to be Surrendered</strong></td>
<td><strong>Collateral Securities to be Surrendered</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Dated</strong></td>
<td><strong>Amount</strong></td>
</tr>
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<td>$</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

#### R.S., 1952.

---

**C.N.R. Financing and Guarantee Act, 1942—Purchase of Securities**

- Canadian National Railways 4% Bonds due Sept. 1, 1951: £1,978,000
- Canadian National Railways 4% Bonds due Feb. 1, 1956: £2,332,000
- Canadian National Railways 4% Bonds due July 1, 1957: £364,000
- Canadian Northern Pacific Railways 4% Stock due April 2, 1950: £474,924
- Canadian Northern Railways 3½% Stock due July 20, 1958 "NS": £14,532
- Canadian Northern Railways 3½% Stock due July 20, 1958 "NC": £116,268
- Grand Trunk Railway 5% Perp. Borrowed Capital Debenture Stock: £10,316
## SCHEDULE A—Continued.

### LOANS TO BE RELEASED IN EXCHANGE FOR PREFERRED STOCK

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Authority for Loan</th>
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<th>Demand Notes and Other Instruments to be Surrendered</th>
<th>Interest Rate %</th>
<th>Collateral Securities to be Surrendered</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>War Appropriation (United Kingdom Financing) Act, 1942—Purchase of Securities</td>
<td>$256,432,469 60</td>
<td>Jan. 1, 1947</td>
<td>$256,371,135 05</td>
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<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>War Appropriation (United Kingdom Financing) Act, 1942—Purchase of Securities</td>
<td>$1,504,000</td>
<td>Mar. 20, 1947</td>
<td>$16,749 01</td>
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<th>Demand Notes and Other Instruments to be Surrendered</th>
<th>Interest Rate %</th>
<th>Collateral Securities to be Surrendered</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>War Appropriation (United Kingdom Financing) Act, 1942—Purchase of Securities</td>
<td>$1,754,500</td>
<td>Nov. 30, 1947</td>
<td>$5,412 42</td>
<td>£1,504,000</td>
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<table>
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<tr>
<th>Authority for Loan</th>
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<th>Collateral Securities to be Surrendered</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
<td>War Appropriation (United Kingdom Financing) Act, 1942—Purchase of Securities</td>
<td>$1,458,000</td>
<td>Dec. 24, 1947</td>
<td>$268 62</td>
<td>£1,754,500</td>
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<table>
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<tr>
<th>Authority for Loan</th>
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<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>War Appropriation (United Kingdom Financing) Act, 1942—Purchase of Securities</td>
<td>$6,265 10</td>
<td>Dec. 24, 1947</td>
<td>$1,000 00</td>
<td>£1,458,000</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Authority for Loan</th>
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<th>Amount</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>War Appropriation (United Kingdom Financing) Act, 1942—Purchase of Securities</td>
<td>$3,625 85</td>
<td>Dec. 29, 1950</td>
<td>$769 52</td>
<td>£6,265 10</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Authority for Loan</th>
<th>Amount of Loan to be released</th>
<th>Demand Notes and Other Instruments to be Surrendered</th>
<th>Interest Rate %</th>
<th>Collateral Securities to be Surrendered</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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<tr>
<td>War Appropriation (United Kingdom Financing) Act, 1942—Purchase of Securities</td>
<td>$3,625 85</td>
<td>Dec. 31, 1951</td>
<td>$769 52</td>
<td>£3,625 85</td>
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## SCHEDULE A—Continued.

**Loan to be Released in Exchange for Preferred Stock**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Issue</th>
<th>Collateral Securities to be Surrendered</th>
<th>Third Column</th>
<th>Fourth Column</th>
<th>Amount</th>
<th>Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Canadian Northern Railway 31% Bonds due July 20, 1958</td>
<td>Dated $322,398</td>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>$322,398</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>&quot;N.C.&quot;</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Canadian Northern Railway 31% Bonds due July 10, 1953</td>
<td>Dated £45,300</td>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>£45,300</td>
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<tr>
<td>Canadian Northern Railway 31% Bonds due July 10, 1958</td>
<td>Dated $1,084,604</td>
<td>Amount</td>
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<tr>
<td>&quot;N.S.&quot;</td>
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<td>Canadian Northern Railway 31% Bonds due July 10, 1958</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grand Trunk Pacific Railway 4% Perpetual Guaranteed Stock, (Prairie Section) due April 1, 1955</td>
<td>Dated $1,364,100</td>
<td>Amount</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grand Trunk Pacific Railway 4% Perpetual Guaranteed Stock, (Mountain Section) due April 1, 1955</td>
<td>Dated $1,402,800</td>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>$1,402,800</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grand Trunk Western Railway 4% Perpetual Guaranteed Stock, (Superior) due April 1, 1955</td>
<td>Dated $11,697,292</td>
<td>Amount</td>
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<tr>
<td>Grand Trunk Western Railway 4% Perpetual Guaranteed Stock, (Currency) Bonds</td>
<td>Dated $1,097,230</td>
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<td>Grand Trunk Western Railway 4% Perpetual Guaranteed Stock, (Sterling) Bonds due July 1, 1950</td>
<td>Dated £643,400</td>
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<td>Great Western Railway 5% Perpetual Borrowed Cap. Deb. Stock and Bonds</td>
<td>Dated $2,548,789</td>
<td>Amount</td>
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<tr>
<td>Northern Railway of Canada 4% Third Preference Stock and Bonds</td>
<td>Dated $1,292,000</td>
<td>Amount</td>
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<tr>
<td>Quebec &amp; &amp; Lake St. John Railway 4% Perpetual Bond Stock</td>
<td>Dated $1,000</td>
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<td>Wellington, Grey &amp; Bruce Railway 7% Bonds</td>
<td>Dated $6,100</td>
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### SCHEDULE A—Continued.

**LOANS TO BE RELEASED IN EXCHANGE FOR PREFERRED STOCK**

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<thead>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Dated</strong></td>
<td><strong>Amount</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>War Appropriation Acts—Hire-Purchase Agreement re-purchase of Equipment</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12,493,333</td>
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<td>161,935,308</td>
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<td>C.N.R. Refunding Act, 1947</td>
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<td>Feb. 20, 1948</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trans-Canada Air Lines Act</td>
<td>19,043,022</td>
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<td>Apr. 1, 1948</td>
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SCHEDULE A—Concluded.

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<tr>
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<td>Dated</td>
<td>Amount</td>
<td>Int. Rate</td>
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<tr>
<td>5670</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>$</td>
<td>%</td>
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<td>C.N.R. Financing and Guarantee Act, 1949</td>
<td>1,656,463 45</td>
<td>Mar. 28, 1951</td>
<td>1,656,463 45</td>
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<tr>
<td>C.N.R. Financing and Guarantee Act, 1951</td>
<td>8,042,667 10</td>
<td>July 6, 1951</td>
<td>5,000,000 00</td>
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<tr>
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<td>July 27, 1951</td>
<td>3,042,667 10</td>
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### SCHEDULE B.

**LOANS TO BE RELEASED IN EXCHANGE FOR LONG-TERM SECURITY**

*(INTEREST-FREE FOR 10 YEARS)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Authority for Loan</th>
<th>Amount of Loan to be released</th>
<th>Demand Notes to be Surrendered</th>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Date</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Aug. 14, 1951</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Aug. 28, 1951</td>
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<td>13,022,000 00 (U.S.)</td>
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**EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.**

**QUEEN’S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY**

**OTTAWA, 1952**

---

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 312.

An Act to amend the Civilian War Pensions and Allowances Act.

1. Schedules I and II to the Civilian War Pensions and Allowances Act, chapter 51 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, are repealed and Schedules I and II to this Act are respectively substituted therefor.
### Schedule I

**Scale of Pensions for Disabilities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status of Person</th>
<th>Class 1 100%</th>
<th>Class 2 90%-95%</th>
<th>Class 3 94%-90%</th>
<th>Class 4 89%-85%</th>
<th>Class 5 84%-80%</th>
<th>Class 6 79%-75%</th>
<th>Class 7 74%-70%</th>
<th>Class 8 69%-65%</th>
<th>Class 9 64%-60%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Man or woman</td>
<td>$900</td>
<td>$855</td>
<td>$810</td>
<td>$765</td>
<td>$720</td>
<td>$675</td>
<td>$630</td>
<td>$585</td>
<td>$540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional pension for wife</td>
<td>$300</td>
<td>$285</td>
<td>$270</td>
<td>$255</td>
<td>$240</td>
<td>$225</td>
<td>$210</td>
<td>$195</td>
<td>$180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional pension for first and each subsequent dependent child</td>
<td>$180</td>
<td>$171</td>
<td>$162</td>
<td>$153</td>
<td>$144</td>
<td>$135</td>
<td>$126</td>
<td>$117</td>
<td>$108</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional pension for dependent parents</td>
<td>$180</td>
<td>$171</td>
<td>$162</td>
<td>$153</td>
<td>$144</td>
<td>$135</td>
<td>$126</td>
<td>$117</td>
<td>$108</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Schedule II

**Scale of Pensions for Deaths**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>Annual Rate of Pension</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Widow</td>
<td>$720</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional pension for first and each subsequent dependent child</td>
<td>$180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orphan Child</td>
<td>$360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Each subsequent orphan child, an additional</td>
<td>$270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dependent parents, if no widow or dependent children</td>
<td>Such an amount not exceeding a widow’s pension as is deemed adequate by the Commission.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1952  
5674  
R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 313.

An Act to amend the Cold Storage Act.

1. Section 5 of the Cold Storage Act, chapter 52 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"5. The Governor in Council may, out of any money appropriated by Parliament for the purpose, grant towards the construction and equipment of a warehouse in respect of which a contract has been entered into pursuant to section 3 a subsidy not exceeding thirty-three and one-third per cent of the amount expended or approved of in such construction and equipment, payable upon the completion of the warehouse to the satisfaction of the Minister and the provision therein of cold storage that, in the opinion of the Minister, is suitable for the preservation of perishable foods and food products."

2. The Governor in Council may, on the recommendation of the Minister, authorize the payment in full of all or any unpaid instalments of a subsidy that is or may become payable under a contract entered into by the Governor in Council pursuant to section 3 of the said Act, prior to the 18th day of June, 1952.

3. Section 6 of the said Act is repealed.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 314.

An Act to provide for the Investigation of Combines, Monopolies, Trusts and Mergers.

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the Combines Investigation Act. R.S., c. 26, s. 1.

INTERPRETATION.

2. In this Act,

(a) "combine" means a combination having relation to any commodity which may be the subject of trade or commerce, of two or more persons by way of actual or tacit contract, agreement or arrangement having or designed to have the effect of

(i) limiting facilities for transporting, producing, manufacturing, supplying, storing or dealing, or

(ii) preventing, limiting or lessening manufacture or production, or

(iii) fixing a common price or a resale price, or a common rental, or a common cost of storage or transportation, or

(iv) enhancing the price, rental or cost of article, rental, storage or transportation, or

(v) preventing or lessening competition in, or substantially controlling within any particular area or district or generally, production, manufacture, purchase, barter, sale, storage, transportation, insurance or supply, or

(vi) otherwise restraining or injuring trade or commerce, or a merger, trust or monopoly, which combination, merger, trust or monopoly has operated or is likely to operate to the detriment or against the interest of the public, whether consumers, producers or others;

(b) "Commission" means the Restrictive Trade Practices Commission appointed under this Act;

(c) "corporation" includes "company";

R.S., 1952.
"Director."  
(d) "Director" means the Director of Investigation and Research appointed under this Act;  
(e) "merger, trust or monopoly" means one or more persons  
(i) who has or have purchased, leased or otherwise acquired any control over or interest in the whole or part of the business of another, or  
(ii) who either substantially or completely control, throughout any particular area or district in Canada or throughout Canada the class or species of business in which he is or they are engaged,  

and extends and applies only to the business of manufacturing, producing, transporting, purchasing, supplying, storing or dealing in commodities which may be the subject of trade or commerce; but this paragraph shall not be construed or applied so as to limit or impair any right or interest derived under the Patent Act, or under any other statute of Canada; and  

(f) "Minister" means the Minister of Justice. 1935, c. 54, s. 2; 1946, c. 44, s. 1; 1952, c. 39, s. 1.  

3. No proceedings under this Act shall be deemed invalid by reason of any defect of form or any technical irregularity. R.S., c. 26, s. 3.  

4. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to apply to combinations of workmen or employees for their own reasonable protection as such workmen or employees. R.S., c. 26, s. 4.  

PART I.  
INVESTIGATION AND RESEARCH.  

5. (1) The Governor in Council may appoint an officer to be known as the Director of Investigation and Research.  
(2) The Director shall, before entering upon his duties, take and subscribe, before the Clerk of the Privy Council, an oath, which shall be filed in the office of the said Clerk, in the following form:  

I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully, truly and impartially, and to the best of my judgment, skill and ability, execute the powers and trusts reposed in me as Director of Investigation and Research. So help me God.  

R.S., 1952.
(3) The Director shall be paid such salary as may be from time to time fixed and allowed by the Governor in Council. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

6. (1) One or more persons may be appointed Deputy Directors of Investigation and Research, in the manner authorized by law.

(2) The Governor in Council may authorize a Deputy Director to exercise the powers and perform the duties of the Director whenever the Director is absent or unable to act or whenever there is a vacancy in the office of Director.

(3) The Governor in Council may authorize any person to exercise the powers and perform the duties of the Director whenever the Director and the Deputy Directors are absent or unable to act or, if one or more of those offices are vacant, whenever the holders of the other of such offices are absent or unable to act.

(4) The Director may authorize a Deputy Director to make inquiry regarding any matter into which the Director has power to inquire, and when so authorized a Deputy Director shall perform the duties and may exercise the powers of the Director in respect of such matter.

(5) The exercise, pursuant to this Act, of any of the powers or duties of the Director by a Deputy Director or other person does not in any way limit, restrict or qualify the powers or duties of the Director, either generally or with respect to any particular matter. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

7. (1) Any six persons, Canadian citizens, resident in Canada, of the full age of twenty-one years, who are of the opinion that an offence has been or is being committed against section 32 or 34 of this Act, or section 498 or 498A of the Criminal Code, Chapter 36 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, may apply to the Director for an inquiry into such matter, and shall place before the Director the evidence on which such opinion is based.

(2) The application shall be accompanied by a statement in the form of a solemn or statutory declaration showing

(a) the names and addresses of the applicants, and at their election the name and address of any one of their number, or of any attorney, solicitor or counsel, whom they may, for the purpose of receiving any communication to be made pursuant to this Act, have authorized to represent them; and

(b) the nature of the alleged offence and the names of the persons believed to be concerned therein and privy thereto;

and, if the application relates to an offence against section 5679 32, R.S., 1952.
Part I.


32, the manner in which, and where possible the extent to which, the alleged combine is believed to operate or to be likely to operate to the detriment or against the interest of the public whether consumers, producers or others. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

Inquiry by Director.

8. The Director shall

(a) on application made under section 7,
(b) whenever he has reason to believe that section 32 or 34 of this Act or section 498 or 498A of the Criminal Code has been, is being or is about to be violated, or
(c) whenever he is directed by the Minister to inquire whether any of the sections mentioned in paragraph (b) has been, is being or is about to be violated,

cause an inquiry to be made into all such matters as he considers necessary to inquire into with the view of determining the facts. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

Notice for written returns.

9. (1) Subject to subsection (2), the Director may at any time in the course of an inquiry, by notice in writing, require any person, and in the case of a corporation any officer of such corporation, to make and render unto the Director, within a time stated in such notice, or from time to time, a written return under oath or affirmation showing in detail such information with respect to the business of the person named in the notice as is by the notice required, and such person or officer shall make and render unto the Director, precisely as required a written return under oath or affirmation showing in detail the information required; and, without restricting the generality of the foregoing, the Director may require a full disclosure and production of all contracts or agreements which the person named in the notice may have at any time entered into with any other person, touching or concerning the business of the said person named in the notice.

(2) The Director shall not issue a notice under subsection (1) unless, on the ex parte application of the Director, a member of the Commission certifies, as such member may, that such notice may be issued to the person or officer of a corporation disclosed in the application. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

Authority for notice.

10. (1) Subject to subsection (3), in any inquiry under this Act the Director or any representative authorized by him may enter any premises on which the Director believes there may be evidence relevant to the matters being inquired into and may examine any thing on the premises and may copy or take away for further examination or copying

R.S., 1952.
copying any book, paper, record or other document that in the opinion of the Director or his authorized representative, as the case may be, may afford such evidence.

(2) Every person who is in possession or control of any premises or things mentioned in subsection (1) shall permit the Director or his authorized representative to enter the premises, to examine any thing on the premises and to copy or take away any document on the premises.

(3) Before exercising the power conferred by subsection (1), the Director or his representative shall produce a certificate from a member of the Commission, which may be granted on the ex parte application of the Director, authorizing the exercise of such power.

(4) Where any document is taken away under this section for examination or copying the original or a copy thereof shall be delivered to the custody from which the original came within forty days after it is taken away or within such later time as may be directed by the Commission for cause or agreed to by the person from whom it was obtained.

(5) When the Director or his authorized representative acting under this section is refused admission or access to premises or any thing thereon or when the Director has reasonable grounds for believing that such admission or access will be refused, a judge of a superior or county court on the ex parte application of the Director may by order direct a police officer or constable to take such steps as to the judge seem necessary to give the Director or his authorized representative such admission or access. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

11. (1) All books, papers, records or other documents of obtained or received by the Director may be inspected by him and also by such persons as he directs.

(2) The Director may have copies made (including copies by any process of photographic reproduction) of any books, papers, records or other documents referred to in subsection (1), and such copies, upon proof orally or by affidavit that they are true copies, in any proceedings under this Act or under section 498 or 498A of the Criminal Code, are admissible in evidence and have the same probative force as the originals in all cases in which and for all purposes for which such originals would have been received; where such evidence is offered by affidavit it is not necessary to prove the signature or official character of the deponent if that information is set forth in the affidavit or to prove the signature or official character of the person before whom such affidavit was sworn. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

R.S., 1952.
12. (1) The Director may, by notice in writing, require evidence upon affidavit or written affirmation, in every case in which it seems to him proper to do so, but the Director shall not so require unless, on the ex parte application of the Director, a member of the Commission certifies, as such member may, that the Director may make such a requirement to the person disclosed in the application.

(2) The following persons, namely,
(a) each member of the Commission,
(b) the Director,
(c) a Deputy Director or other person exercising the powers of the Director under this Act,
(d) any person employed under this Act when so authorized by the Chairman of the Commission, and
(e) all persons authorized to administer oaths in or concerning any proceedings had or to be had in the Supreme Court of Canada, the Exchequer Court of Canada or any of the superior courts of any province, may administer oaths to be used for the purposes of this Act. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

13. Whenever in the opinion of the Director the public interest so requires, the Director may apply to the Minister to instruct counsel to assist in an inquiry and upon such application the Minister may instruct counsel accordingly. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

14. (1) At any stage of the inquiry, if the Director is of the opinion that the matter being inquired into does not justify further inquiry, the Director may discontinue the inquiry, but an inquiry shall not be discontinued without the written concurrence of the Commission in any case in which evidence has been brought before the Commission.

(2) The Director shall thereupon make a report in writing to the Minister showing the information obtained and the reason for discontinuing the inquiry.

(3) In any case where an inquiry, made on application under section 7, is discontinued the Director shall inform the applicant of the decision giving the grounds therefor.

(4) On written request of the applicants or on his own motion, the Minister may review the decision to discontinue the inquiry, and may, if in his opinion the circumstances warrant, instruct the Director to make further inquiry. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

15. (1) The Director may, at any stage of an inquiry, and in addition to or in lieu of continuing the same, remit any records, returns or evidence to the Attorney General of Canada for consideration as to whether an offence has been
Part II.  

Combines Investigations.  

Chap. 314.  

been committed against any of the provisions of this Act or section 498 or 498A of the Criminal Code, and for such action as the Attorney General of Canada may be pleased to take.

(2) The Attorney General of Canada may institute and conduct any prosecution or other proceedings under this Act or section 498 or 498A of the Criminal Code and for such purposes he may exercise all the powers and functions conferred by the Criminal Code on the attorney general of a province. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

PART II.
CONSIDERATION AND REPORT.

16. (1) There shall be a Commission to be known as Commission, the Restrictive Trade Practices Commission consisting of not more than three members appointed by the Governor in Council.

(2) One of the members shall be appointed by the Governor in Council to be Chairman of the Commission; the Chairman is the chief executive officer of the Commission and has supervision over and direction of the work of the Commission.

(3) Each member holds office during good behaviour for a period of ten years from the date of his appointment.

(4) A member on the expiration of his term of office is eligible for reappointment.

(5) Each member shall be paid such salary as may be fixed and allowed by the Governor in Council.

(6) When any member by reason of any temporary incapacity is unable to perform the duties of his office, the Governor in Council may appoint a temporary substitute member, upon such terms and conditions as the Governor in Council may prescribe.

(7) A vacancy in the Commission does not impair the right of the remaining members to act.

(8) Where there is no vacancy in the Commission, or only one vacancy, two members constitute a quorum, and where there are two vacancies, the member holding office may exercise and perform all the powers, duties and functions of the Commission under this Act.

(9) The Commission may make rules for the regulation of its proceedings and the performance of its duties and functions under this Act, including the delegation to a single member of all the powers of the Commission save the power to report to the Minister.

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(10) R.S., 1952.
Combines Investigations. Part II.

Oath of office.

(10) Each member shall, before entering upon his duties, take and subscribe, before the Clerk of the Privy Council, an oath, which shall be filed in the office of the said Clerk, in the following form:

I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully, truly and impartially, and to the best of my judgment, skill and ability, execute the powers and trusts reposed in me as a member of the Restrictive Trade Practices Commission. So help me God.

(11) The office of the Commission shall be in the City of Ottawa in the Province of Ontario, but sittings of the Commission may be held at such other places as the Commission may decide. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

Headquarters.

Oral examination.

17. (1) On ex parte application of the Director, or on his own motion, a member of the Commission may order that any person resident or present in Canada be examined upon oath before, or make production of books, papers, records or other documents to such member or before or to any other person named for the purpose by the order of such member and may make such orders as seem to him to be proper for securing the attendance of such witness and his examination, and the production by him of books, papers, records or other documents and may otherwise exercise, for the enforcement of such orders or punishment for disobedience thereof, all powers that are exercised by any superior court in Canada for the enforcement of subpoenas to witnesses or punishment of disobedience thereof.

(2) Any person so summoned is competent and may be compelled to give evidence as a witness.

(3) A member of the Commission shall not exercise power to penalize any person pursuant to this Act, whether for contempt or otherwise, unless, on the application of such member a judge of the Exchequer Court of Canada or of a superior or county court has certified, as such judge may, that such power may be exercised in the matter disclosed in the application, and such member has given to such person twenty-four hours' notice of the hearing of such application or such shorter notice as the judge deems reasonable.

(4) Any books, papers, records, or other documents produced voluntarily or in pursuance of an order under subsection (1) shall within thirty days thereafter be delivered to the Director, who is thereafter responsible for the custody thereof, and within sixty days after the receipt of such books, papers, records or other documents.

R.S., 1952.

by him the Director shall deliver the original or a copy thereof to the person from whom such books, papers, records or other documents were received.

(5) A justice before whom any thing seized pursuant to a search warrant issued with reference to an offence against this Act or section 498 or 498A of the Criminal Code is brought may, on the application of the Director, order that such thing be delivered to the Director, and the Director shall deal with any thing so delivered to him as if delivery of it had been made to him pursuant to subsection (4).

(6) Every person summoned to attend pursuant to the provisions of this section is entitled to the like fees and allowances for so doing as if summoned to attend before a superior court of the province in which he is summoned to attend.

(7) The Minister may issue commissions to take evidence in another country, and may make all proper orders for the purpose and for the return and use of evidence so obtained.

(8) Orders to witnesses issued pursuant to this section shall be signed by a member of the Commission. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

18. (1) At any stage of an inquiry,

(a) the Director may, if he is of the opinion that the evidence obtained discloses a situation contrary to section 32 or 34 of this Act, or section 498 or 498A of the Criminal Code, and

(b) the Director shall, if so required by the Minister, prepare a statement of the evidence obtained in the inquiry, which shall be submitted to the Commission and to each person against whom an allegation is made therein.

(2) Upon receipt of the statement referred to in subsection (1), the Commission shall fix a place, time and date at which argument in support of such statement may be submitted by or on behalf of the Director, and at which such persons against whom an allegation has been made in such statement shall be allowed full opportunity to be heard in person or by counsel.

(3) The Commission shall, in accordance with this Act, consider the statement submitted by the Director under subsection (1) together with such further or other evidence or material as the Commission considers advisable.

(4) R.S., 1952.
(4) No report shall be made by the Commission under section 19 or 22 against any person unless such person has been allowed full opportunity to be heard as provided in subsection (2). 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

19. (1) The Commission shall as soon as possible after the conclusion of proceedings taken under section 18, make a report in writing and without delay transmit it to the Minister; such report shall review the evidence and material, appraise the effect on the public interest of arrangements and practices disclosed in the evidence and contain recommendations as to the application of remedies provided in this Act or other remedies.

(2) Within thirty days following the transmission of such report to the Minister, the Director shall cause to be delivered into the custody from which they came, if not already so delivered, all books, papers, records and other documents in his possession as evidence relating to the inquiry, unless the Attorney General of Canada certifies that all or any of such documents shall be retained by the Director for purposes of prosecution.

(3) Any report of the Commission shall within thirty days after its receipt by the Minister be made public, unless the Commission states in writing to the Minister it believes the public interest would be better served by withholding publication, in which case the Minister may decide whether the report, either in whole or in part, shall be made public.

(4) The Minister may publish and supply copies of a report referred to in subsection (3) in such manner and upon such terms as he deems proper. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

20. (1) A member of the Commission may allow any person whose conduct is being inquired into and shall permit any person who is being himself examined under oath to be represented by counsel.

(2) No person shall be excused from attending and giving evidence and producing books, papers, records or other documents, in obedience to the order of a member of the Commission, on the ground that the oral evidence or documents required of him may tend to criminate him or subject him to any proceeding or penalty, but no such oral evidence so required shall be used or receivable against such person in any criminal proceedings thereafter instituted against him, other than a prosecution for perjury in giving such evidence. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

21. The Commission or any member thereof has all the powers of a commissioner appointed under Part I of the Inquiries Act. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

R.S., 1952.
22. (1) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of section 19 of this Act, when, in any inquiry relating to alleged situations contrary to section 32 of this Act, or section 498 of the Criminal Code, the Commission, after reviewing the statement submitted by the Director and receiving argument in support thereof and in reply thereto, is then unable effectively to appraise the effect on the public interest of the arrangements and practices disclosed in the evidence, it shall make an interim report in writing, which shall contain a review of the evidence and a statement of the reasons why the Commission is unable to appraise effectively the effect of such arrangements and practices on the public interest, and without delay, such report shall be transmitted to the Minister.

(2) In any case where an interim report is made pursuant to subsection (1), the Commission has authority at any time thereafter until a final report as hereinafter provided is made:

(a) to exercise the powers conferred on a member by section 17,
(b) to require the Director to make further inquiry, and for such purpose the Director may exercise all the powers conferred on him by this Act with respect to an inquiry under section 8,
(c) to require the Director to submit to the Commission copies of any books, papers, records or other documents obtained in such further inquiry, and
(d) to require by notice in writing any person and in the case of a corporation, any officer of such corporation, to make and render unto the Commission, within a time stated in such notice, or from time to time, a written return under oath or affirmation showing in detail such information with respect to the business of the person named in the notice as is by the notice required, and such person or officer shall make and render unto the Commission, precisely as required a written return under oath or affirmation showing in detail the information required; and, without restricting the generality of the foregoing, the Commission may require a full disclosure and production of all contracts or agreements which the person, named in the notice, may have at any time entered into with any other person, touching or concerning the business of the said person so named in the notice.

(3) When the Commission has obtained such further information as it deems necessary to appraise effectively the effect on the public interest of the practices and arrangements as it deems necessary to appraise effectively the effect on the public interest of the practices and arrangements

R.S., 1952.
ments referred to in subsection (1), it shall make a final report in writing and without delay transmit it to the Minister, and the provisions of section 19 apply to such report and to all books, papers, records or other documents obtained in the investigation and subsequent inquiry upon which such report is based; until such final report is made, the Commission shall, after making an interim report as provided in subsection (1), as soon as possible after the 31st day of March in each year and in any event within three months thereof submit to the Minister an annual report setting out any further action taken and evidence obtained since such interim report was submitted.

Subsections (3) and (4) of section 19 apply to an interim report and an annual report made pursuant to this section. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

PART III.

GENERAL.

(1) Notwithstanding any other statute or law, where a person who is appointed a member of the Commission was immediately prior to his appointment a contributor under the Civil Service Superannuation Act, he continues while he is a member of the Commission to be a contributor under the Civil Service Superannuation Act.

(2) For the purposes of the Civil Service Superannuation Act the service of a person to whom subsection (1) applies shall be counted as service in the civil service and he, his widow, children or other dependants, if any, or his legal representatives, may be granted the respective allowances or gratuities provided by the Civil Service Superannuation Act.

(3) Where a person to whom subsection (1) applies is retired from his office under this Act for any reason other than misconduct, his retirement shall, for the purposes of the Civil Service Superannuation Act, be deemed to be retirement by reason of abolition of office.

(4) The Civil Service Superannuation Act is applicable to a member to whom subsection (1) does not apply as though the Commission were listed in Schedule A to that Act. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

All officers, clerks and employees required for carrying out this Act shall be appointed in accordance with the provisions of the Civil Service Act, except that the Director or the Commission may, with the approval of the Governor in
in Council, employ such temporary, technical and special assistants as may be required to meet the special conditions that may arise in carrying out the provisions of this Act. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

25. (1) Any temporary, technical and special assistants employed by the Director or the Commission shall be paid for their services and expenses as may be determined by the Governor in Council.

(2) The remuneration and expenses of the Director and of each member of the Commission and of the temporary technical and special assistants employed by the Director or the Commission, and of any counsel instructed by the Minister under this Act, shall be paid out of money appropriated by Parliament to defray the cost of administering this Act.

(3) Except as provided in this section and in sections 5 and 16 of this Act, the Civil Service Act and other Acts relating to the Civil Service, in so far as applicable, apply to each member of the Commission, to the Director and to all other persons employed under this Act. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

26. Any technical or special assistant or other person employed under this Act, when so authorized or deputed by the Director, has power and authority to exercise any of the powers and duties of the Director under this Act with respect to any particular inquiry, as may be directed by the Director. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

27. The Minister may at any time require the Director to submit an interim report with respect to any inquiry by him under this Act, and it is the duty of the Director whenever thereunto required by the Minister to render an interim report setting out the action taken, the evidence obtained and the Director's opinion as to the effect of the evidence. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

28. All inquiries under this Act shall be conducted in private, except that the Chairman of the Commission may order that all or any portion of any proceedings before the Commission or any member thereof shall be conducted in public. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

PART IV.
SPECIAL REMEDIES.

29. Whenever, from or as a result of an inquiry under the provisions of this Act, or from or as a result of a judgment of the Supreme Court or Exchequer Court of Canada or of removal of Customs duties, reduction of removal or of Customs duties.

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R.S., 1952.
or of any superior court, or circuit, district or county court in Canada, it appears to the satisfaction of the Governor in Council that with regard to any article of commerce, there exists any combine to promote unduly the advantage of manufacturers or dealers at the expense of the public, and if it appears to the Governor in Council that such disadvantage to the public is facilitated by the duties of Customs imposed on the article, or on any like article, the Governor in Council may direct either that such article be admitted into Canada free of duty, or that the duty thereon be reduced to such amount or rate as will, in the opinion of the Governor in Council, give the public the benefit of reasonable competition. 1952, c. 39, s. 2.

30. In any case where use has been made of the exclusive rights and privileges conferred by one or more patents for invention or by one or more trade marks so as

(a) unduly to limit the facilities for transporting, producing, manufacturing, supplying, storing or dealing in any article or commodity which may be a subject of trade or commerce; or

(b) unduly to restrain or injure trade or commerce in relation to any such article or commodity; or

(c) unduly to prevent, limit or lessen the manufacture or production of any such article or commodity or unreasonably to enhance the price thereof; or

(d) unduly to prevent or lessen competition in the production, manufacture, purchase, barter, 'sale, transportation or supply of any such article or commodity; the Exchequer Court of Canada, on an information exhibited by the Attorney General of Canada, may for the purpose of preventing any use in the manner defined above of the exclusive rights and privileges conferred by any patents or trade marks relating to or affecting the manufacture, use or sale of such article or commodity, make one or more of the following orders:

(i) declaring void, in whole or in part, any agreement, arrangement or licence relating to such use;

(ii) restraining any person from carrying out or exercising any or all of the terms or provisions of such agreement, arrangement or licence;

(iii) directing the grant of licences under any such patent to such persons and on such terms and conditions as the court may deem proper, or, if such grant and other remedies under this section would appear insufficient to prevent such use, revoking such patent;

(iv)
(iv) directing that the registration of a trademark in
the register of trade marks be expunged or amended;
and
(v) directing that such other acts be done or omitted as
the Court may deem necessary to prevent any such use;
but no order shall be made under this section which is at
variance with any treaty, convention, arrangement or
engagement respecting patents or trade marks with any
other country to which Canada is a party. 1946, c. 44, s. 9.

31. (1) Where a person has been convicted of an offence
under section 32 or 34 of this Act or under section 498 or
498A of the Criminal Code.

(a) the court may, at the time of such conviction, on
the application of the Attorney General of Canada
or the attorney general of the province, or
(b) a superior court of criminal jurisdiction in the prov-
ince may at any time within three years thereafter,
upon proceedings commenced by information of the
Attorney General of Canada or the attorney general
of the province for the purposes of this section,
and in addition to any other penalty imposed on the person
convicted, prohibit the continuation or repetition of the
offence or the doing of any act or thing by the person con-
victed or any other person directed towards the continua-

(2) Where it appears to a superior court of criminal juris-Idem.
diction in proceedings commenced by information of the
Attorney General of Canada or the attorney general of the
province for the purposes of this section that a person is
about to do or is likely to do any act or thing constituting
or directed towards the commission of an offence under
section 32 or 34 of this Act or section 498 or 498A of the
Criminal Code, the court may prohibit the commission of
the offence or the doing of any act or thing by that person
or any other person constituting or directed towards the
commission of such an offence.

(3) A court may punish any person who contravenes Punishment
or fails to comply with a prohibition or direction made or
given by it under this section by a fine in the discretion of
the court, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding two
years.

359½ 5691 (4)
R.S., 1952.
(4) Any proceedings pursuant to an information of the Attorney General of Canada or the attorney general of a province under this section shall be tried by the court without a jury, and the procedure applicable in injunction proceedings in the superior courts of the province shall, in so far as possible, apply.

(5) This section applies in respect of all prosecutions under this Act or under section 498 or 498a of the Criminal Code whether commenced before or after the coming into force of this section and in respect of all acts or things, whether committed or done before or after the coming into force of this section.

(6) In this section “superior court of criminal jurisdiction” means a superior court of criminal jurisdiction as defined in the Criminal Code. 1952, c. 39, s. 3.

PART V.

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

32. (1) Every person who is a party or privy to or knowingly assists in the formation or operation of a combine is guilty of an indictable offence and liable on conviction to a fine in the discretion of the court or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.

(2) No person shall be charged with an offence against this section on the same information or indictment as that on which he is charged with an offence against section 498 of the Criminal Code. 1952, c. 39, s. 3.

33. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 32 or 34 of this Act or in the Criminal Code, where any person is convicted of an offence against section 32 or 34 of this Act or section 498 or 498a of the Criminal Code, the court before whom such person was convicted and sentenced may, from time to time within three years thereafter require the convicted person to submit such information with respect to the business of such person as the court deems advisable, and without restricting the generality of the foregoing the court may require a full disclosure of all transactions, operations or activities since the date of the offence under or with respect to any contracts, agreements or arrangements, actual or tacit, that the convicted person may at any time have entered into with any other person touching or concerning the business of the person so convicted.

R.S., 1952.
(2) The court may punish any failure to comply with an order under this section by a fine in the discretion of the court or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years. 1952, c. 39, s. 3.

34. (1) In this section "dealer" means a person engaged in the business of manufacturing or supplying or selling any article or commodity.

(2) No dealer shall directly or indirectly by agreement, threat, promise or any other means whatsoever, require or induce or attempt to require or induce any other person to resell an article or commodity

(a) at a price specified by the dealer or established by agreement,
(b) at a price not less than a minimum price specified by the dealer or established by agreement,
(c) at a markup or discount specified by the dealer or established by agreement,
(d) at a markup not less than a minimum markup specified by the dealer or established by agreement, or
(e) at a discount not greater than a maximum discount specified by the dealer or established by agreement,

whether such markup or discount or minimum markup or maximum discount is expressed as a percentage or otherwise.

(3) No dealer shall refuse to sell or supply an article or commodity to any other person for the reason that such other person

(a) has refused to resell or to offer for resale the article or commodity
(ii) at a price specified by the dealer or established by agreement,
(iii) at a markup or discount specified by the dealer or established by agreement,
(iv) at a markup not less than a minimum markup specified by the dealer or established by agreement, or
(v) at a discount not greater than a maximum discount specified by the dealer or established by agreement; or
(b) has resold or offered to resell the article or commodity
(i) at a price less than a price or minimum price
specified by the dealer or established by agreement,
(ii) at a markup less than a markup or minimum
markup specified by the dealer or established by
agreement, or
(iii) at a discount greater than a discount or maxi-
mum discount specified by the dealer or established
by agreement.

Penalty.

(4) Every person who violates subsection (2) or (3) is
guilty of an indictable offence and is liable on conviction
to a fine in the discretion of the court or to imprisonment
for a term not exceeding two years or to both. 1951 (2nd
Sess.), c. 30, s. 1; 1952, c. 39, s. 4.

Civil rights
not affected.

35. Sections 32 and 34 shall not be deemed to deprive
any person of any civil right of action. 1952, c. 39, s. 7.

Penalty for
failure to
attend, etc.

36. If any person, who has been duly served with an
order, issued by the Commission or any member thereof
requiring him to attend or to produce any books, papers,
records or other documents, and to whom at the time of
service payment or tender has been made of his reasonable
travelling expenses according to the scale in force with
respect to witnesses in civil suits in the superior court of the
province in which such person is summoned to attend, fails
to attend and give evidence, or to produce any book, paper,
record or other document as required by the said order, he
is, unless he shows that there was good and sufficient cause
for such failure, guilty of an offence and liable upon sum-
mary conviction to a fine of not more than one thousand
dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six
months or to both. 1952, c. 39, s. 7.

Obstruction.

37. (1) No person shall in any manner impede or prevent
or attempt to impede or prevent any inquiry or examina-
tion under this Act.

Penalty.

(2) Every person who violates subsection (1) is guilty of
an offence and is liable on summary conviction or on
conviction on indictment to a fine of not more than five
thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceed-
ing two years or to both. 1952, c. 39, s. 7.

Penalty for
violation of
s. 10 (2).

38. (1) Every person who violates subsection (2) of
section 10 is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary
conviction or on conviction on indictment to a fine of not
more than five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a
term not exceeding two years or to both.

R.S., 1952.
(2) Every person who, without good and sufficient cause, the proof whereof lies on him, refuses, neglects or fails to comply with a notice in writing requiring a written return under oath or affirmation, pursuant to section 9 or subsection (2) of section 22 is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction or on conviction on indictment to a fine of not more than five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both.

(3) Where a corporation commits an offence against subsection (1) or (2) any director or officer of such corporation who assents to or acquiesces in the offence committed by the corporation is guilty of that offence personally and cumulatively with the corporation and with his co-directors or associate officers. 1952, c. 39, s. 7.

39. Every person who, without good and sufficient cause, the proof whereof lies on him, refuses, neglects or fails to comply with a notice in writing requiring evidence upon affidavit or written affirmation, pursuant to subsection (1) of section 12 is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction or on conviction on indictment to a fine of not more than five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding two years or to both. 1952, c. 39, s. 7.

PROCEDURE.

40. (1) Where an indictment is found against an accused, other than a corporation, for any offence against this Act, the accused may elect to be tried without a jury and where he so elects he shall be tried by the judge presiding at the court at which the indictment is found, or the judge presiding at any subsequent sittings of that court, or at any court where the indictment comes on for trial; and in the event of such election being made the proceedings subsequent to the election shall be regulated in so far as may be applicable by the provisions of the Criminal Code relating to speedy trials of indictable offences.

(2) No court mentioned in section 582 or section 774 or deriving jurisdiction under Part XVIII of the Criminal Code has power to try any offence against section 32 of this Act.

(3) Notwithstanding anything in the Criminal Code or in any other statute or law, a corporation charged with an offence under this Act or under section 498 or 498A of the Criminal Code shall be tried without the intervention of a jury. 1952, c. 39, s. 7.
41. (1) In this section,

(a) "agent of a participant" means a person who by a document admitted in evidence under this section appears to be or is otherwise proven to be an officer, agent, servant, employee or representative of a participant,

(b) "document" includes any document appearing to be a carbon, photographic or other copy of a document, and

(c) "participant" means any accused and any person who, although not accused, is alleged in the charge or indictment to have been a co-conspirator or otherwise party or privy to the offence charged.

(2) In a prosecution under section 32 or 34 of this Act or under section 498 or section 498A of the Criminal Code,

(a) anything done, said or agreed upon by an agent of a participant shall prima facie be deemed to have been done, said or agreed upon, as the case may be, with the authority of that participant;

(b) a document written or received by an agent of a participant shall prima facie be deemed to have been written or received, as the case may be, with the authority of that participant; and

(c) a document proved to have been in the possession of a participant or on premises used or occupied by a participant or in the possession of an agent of a participant shall be admitted in evidence without further proof thereof and shall be prima facie evidence

(i) that the participant had knowledge of the document and its contents,

(ii) that anything recorded in or by the document as having been done, said or agreed upon by any participant or by an agent of a participant was done, said or agreed upon as recorded and, where anything is recorded in or by the document as having been done, said or agreed upon by an agent of a participant, that it was done, said or agreed upon with the authority of that participant,

(iii) that the document, where it appears to have been written by any participant or by an agent of a participant, was so written and, where it appears to have been written by an agent of a participant, that it was written with the authority of that participant.

1949 (2nd Sess.), c. 12, s. 3; 1952, c. 39, s. 8.

R.S., 1952.
PART VI.

INVESTIGATION OF MONOPOLISTIC SITUATIONS.

42. (1) The Director upon his own initiative may and investigation of monopolistic situations.
upon direction from the Minister or at the instance of the Commission shall carry out an inquiry concerning the existence and effect of conditions or practices having relation to any commodity which may be the subject of trade or commerce and which conditions or practices are related to monopolistic situations or restraint of trade, and for the purposes of this Act any such inquiry shall be deemed to be an inquiry under section 8.

(2) It is the duty of the Commission to consider any evidence or material brought before it under subsection (1) together with such further evidence or material as the Commission considers advisable and to report thereon in writing to the Minister, and for the purposes of this Act any such report shall be deemed to be a report under section 19. 1952, c. 39, s. 9.

REGULATIONS AND REPORT TO PARLIAMENT.

43. The Governor in Council may make such regulations, Regulations.
not inconsistent with this Act, as to him seem necessary for carrying out the provisions of this Act and for the efficient administration thereof. 1952, c. 39, s. 9.

44. The Director shall annually report to the Minister the proceedings under this Act, and the Minister shall Annual report. within thirty days after he receives it lay the report before Parliament if Parliament is then in session, or, if Parliament is not then in session, within the first fifteen days after the commencement of the next ensuing session. 1952, c. 39, s. 9.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 315.

An Act respecting Currency, the Royal Canadian Mint and the Exchange Fund.

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the Currency, Mint and Short Exchange Fund Act.

INTERPRETATION.

2. In this Act
   
   (a) "Minister" means the Minister of Finance;
   
   (b) "Mint" means the Royal Canadian Mint; and
   
   (c) "subsidiary coin" means a coin other than a gold coin.

PART I.

CURRENCY AND COINAGE.

Monetary Unit.

3. (1) The monetary unit of Canada is the dollar.
   
   (2) The denominations of money in the currency of Canada are dollars, cents and mills, the cent being one one-hundredth of a dollar and the mill one-tenth of a cent.

Gold Coins.

4. Where the par value of the dollar has been established by or under an Act of the Parliament of Canada and is being maintained, the Governor in Council may by proclamation authorize the issue of gold coins of the denominations and standards of fineness specified in Part I of the Schedule, and the Governor in Council may, by such proclamation, amend Part I of the Schedule by prescribing the standard weight and remedy allowance for each coin specified therein, but the standard weight so prescribed for a coin shall be such that the value of the gold contained therein is equal to the amount that appears on the coin as the denomination thereof.

5699

Subsidiary

R.S., 1952.
Subsidiary Coins.

5. (1) Every subsidiary coin made under the authority of this Act shall be of a description and of the standards applicable thereto specified in Part II of the Schedule.

(2) The Governor in Council may by proclamation amend Part II of the Schedule by prescribing denominations of subsidiary coins other than those specified therein; a coin of a denomination so prescribed shall be of a composition specified in Part II of the Schedule and of the fineness specified in Part II of the Schedule for coins of that composition and shall be of a standard weight that bears the same proportion to the weight specified in Part II of the Schedule as the denomination of the coin bears to the denomination of coins of like composition specified in Part II of the Schedule.

(3) Notwithstanding subsection (2), where the Governor in Council by reason of a shortage of metals used in making any of the subsidiary coins specified in Part II of the Schedule deems it advisable in the public interest to curtail the use of such metals in making coins, he may by proclamation authorize the issue of a subsidiary coin of a denomination mentioned in Part II of the Schedule and amend Part II of the Schedule by prescribing the composition, standard weight and standard fineness thereof and the remedy allowance therefor.

Current Coins.

6. (1) Subject to subsection (2), each of the following coins shall pass current for the amount in the currency of Canada that appears on the coin as the denomination thereof, namely,

(a) a coin that was issued under the authority of the Crown for circulation in Canada, and

(b) a coin that was issued under the authority of the Crown for circulation in any province of Canada before it became part of Canada and immediately before the coming into force of this Act was current and legal tender in Canada for the amount in the currency of Canada that appears on the coin as the denomination thereof.

(2) No coin that is bent, mutilated or defaced, or that has been reduced in weight otherwise than by abrasion through ordinary use, shall pass current.

R.S., 1952.
Legal Tender.

7. (1) Subject to this section, a tender of payment of money is a legal tender if it is made

(a) in gold coins issued under the authority of section 4;
(b) in subsidiary coins that are current under the provisions of section 6; or
(c) in notes issued by the Bank of Canada pursuant to the Bank of Canada Act that are payable to bearer on demand and are intended for circulation in Canada.

(2) A tender of payment of money in coins specified in subsection (1) is a legal tender

(a) in the case of gold coins, for payment of any amount;
(b) in the case of coins of the denomination of ten cents or greater but not exceeding one dollar, for payment of an amount not exceeding ten dollars, but for no greater amount;
(c) in the case of coins of the denomination of five cents or greater but less than ten cents, for payment of an amount not exceeding five dollars, but for no greater amount; and
(d) in the case of coins of the denomination of one cent or greater, but less than five cents, for payment of an amount not exceeding twenty-five cents, but for no greater amount.

(3) Where more than one amount is payable by one person to another on the same day, whether under one or more obligations, subsection (2) applies as though the total of the amounts payable were one amount due and payable on that day.

(4) A coin described in subsection (2) of section 6 or a coin that has been called in is not legal tender.

8. (1) The Governor in Council may by proclamation

(a) prescribe the dimensions and design of any coin;
(b) amend the Schedule by diminishing the remedy allowance for coins of any denomination;
(c) amend the Schedule by prescribing or altering the least current weight of coins of any denomination; and
(d) call in coins of any date and denomination.

(2) The Governor in Council may make regulations for the redemption by the Minister of coins that are or that have at any time been current in Canada.

**Counterfeit Coins.**

9. Every officer employed in the collection of the revenue in Canada shall cut, break or deface or cause to be cut, broken or defaced every piece of counterfeit coin that is paid to him in payment of an amount payable to Her Majesty, and shall forthwith forward the counterfeit coin to the Minister of Finance.

**Melting Gold Coins.**

10. (1) Except under and in pursuance of a licence granted by the Minister, no person shall melt down, break up or use otherwise than as currency any gold coin that is for the time being current and legal tender in Canada.

(2) Every person who violates subsection (1) or any condition attached to a licence granted under subsection (1) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months or to both fine and imprisonment and in addition to any fine or imprisonment imposed the court may order that the articles by means of or in relation to which the offence was committed be forfeited to Her Majesty.

**Accounts, Contracts, etc.**

11. All public accounts throughout Canada shall be kept in the currency of Canada; and any statement as to money or money value in any indictment or legal proceeding shall be stated in the currency of Canada.

12. (1) Every contract, sale, payment, bill, note, instrument and security for money and every transaction, dealing, matter and thing whatever relating to money, or involving the payment of or the liability to pay any money, that is made, executed or entered into, done or had, shall be made, executed, entered into, done and had according to the currency of Canada, unless it is made, executed, entered into, done or had, according to the currency of a country other than Canada.

(2) Every contract, sale, payment, bill, note, instrument and security for money and every transaction, dealing, matter and thing relating to money or involving the liability to pay any money, that was made, executed or entered into, done or had before the coming into force of this Act, so far as anything remains to be or may be executed, done or had thereunder after the coming into force of this Act, shall be construed and operates as though this Act had not been passed.

R.S., 1952.
13. All sums mentioned in dollars and cents in the *British North America Acts 1867 to 1952*, and in all Acts of the Parliament of Canada shall, unless it is otherwise expressed, be understood to be sums in the currency of Canada.

PART II.

THE ROYAL CANADIAN MINT.

14. (1) There shall be a branch in Ottawa of the Royal Canadian Mint, at which there shall be provided facilities for making coins of the currency of Canada, and for melting, assaying and refining gold.

(2) The Governor in Council may establish outside of Ottawa a branch of the Mint to provide facilities for melting and assaying gold or performing any other function of the Mint other than making coins.

15. (1) The Master of the Mint and such other officers, clerks and employees as are required for the operation of the Mint shall be appointed in accordance with the *Civil Service Act*.

(2) An officer, clerk or employee who was, on the 1st day of December, 1931, employed in the Mint, who has continually since that date been so employed and has not elected to become a contributor under the *Civil Service Superannuation Act*, is entitled to receive the benefits that he would have received if he had remained under the *Superannuation Act, 1859*, or the *Superannuation Act, 1909*, as the case may be, and amending Acts, of the statutes of Great Britain, as they were in force on the 1st day of December, 1931, and for such purposes his service with the Mint shall be deemed to be service with the Royal Mint.

(3) An officer, clerk or employee who was, on the 1st day of December, 1931, employed in the Mint, and who, being eligible to become a contributor under the *Civil Service Superannuation Act*, has elected to become such a contributor within three months after the said date, is subject to the *Civil Service Superannuation Act* and his prior service with the Royal Mint or a branch thereof is deemed to be service in the Civil Service within the meaning of the *Civil Service Superannuation Act*.

(4) The amounts necessary to provide for payment of retirement benefits under subsection (2) shall be paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund, and the Minister may out

R.S., 1952.
out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund reimburse the
government of any country for any pension or annuity paid
by that government to any person in respect of his service
with the Ottawa Branch of the Royal Mint.

16. All coins of the currency of Canada that are to be
issued for circulation in Canada shall be made at and
issued from the Mint.

Regulations.

17. (1) The Governor in Council may make regulations
(a) for buying such quantities of gold, silver and other
metals as are necessary to provide adequate supplies
of coin for circulation in Canada;
(b) for buying and selling gold at the Mint;
(c) for assaying, refining, storing and otherwise dealing
with gold at the Mint for the account of Her Majesty
or others;
(d) prescribing prices, charges and other terms upon
which metals may be bought, sold, assayed, refined and
stored at the Mint;
(e) for the making of coins at the Mint for countries
other than Canada and the terms and conditions upon
which such coins may be made; and
(f) with respect to any matters relating to the coinage
and the Mint within the present prerogative of the
Crown that are not provided for by this Act, including
the making of medals, plaques and other devices.

(2) All amounts received from the issue of coins and
from the sale, assay, refining or storage of metals at the
Mint shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund
and all amounts payable for metals bought pursuant to
this section and for the redemption of coins shall be paid
out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

Assay.

18. (1) The Governor in Council shall appoint no
fewer than three persons to be Assay Commissioners, for the
purpose of determining whether coins issued from the Mint
are of the standards applicable thereto as provided for in
the Schedule, and they shall serve without remuneration.

(2) The Assay Commissioners shall, in accordance with
the regulations, but not less frequently than once in each
year, meet and examine and test, in the presence of such
officers of the Mint as the Governor in Council prescribes,
the fineness and weight of the coins reserved for the pur-

R.S., 1952.
Part II.  

**Currency, Mint and Exchange.**  

Chap. 315.

pose, and shall declare whether, in their opinion, the coins are of the standards applicable thereto as provided for in the Schedule, and in what respects, if any, they deviate therefrom.

(3) The findings of the Assay Commissioners shall be published in the *Canada Gazette*.

(4) The Governor in Council may make regulations respecting proceedings at and the conduct of the examination and test of coins required by this section (hereinafter referred to as the trial of the pyx), and all matters incidental thereto, and in particular respecting

(a) the time and place of the trial of the pyx;

(b) the setting apart out of the coins made at the Mint of certain coins for the trial of the pyx and the custody and production of the coins so set apart, and the production of the standard weights and trial plates mentioned in section 19;

(c) the persons who shall attend at the trial of the pyx; and

(d) the recording of the findings of the Assay Commissioners as a result of the trial of the pyx and the proceedings, if any, to be taken in consequence thereof.

19. (1) The ounce troy is the standard for measuring the weight of coins under this Act.

(2) Local standards derived from the reference standards of troy bullion weights in the custody of the Minister of Trade and Commerce under the provisions of the *Weights and Measures Act*, and compared and verified under the direction of the Minister of Trade and Commerce in accordance with that Act, shall be used for the purpose of determining the justness of the weight of coins under this Act.

(3) The Minister of Trade and Commerce shall, for the trial of the pyx, provide the local standards referred to in subsection (2) and any weighing machines that may be required.

(4) Except when required for the trial of the pyx, local standards and weighing machines referred to in this section shall remain in the custody of the Minister of Trade and Commerce.

(5) The Minister of Finance shall from time to time when necessary cause trial plates of pure gold and of pure silver to be made, duly verified and deposited with the Minister of Trade and Commerce and such trial plates shall be used to determine the justness of the gold and silver coins examined and tested pursuant to this Act.

20.

R.S., 1952.
Chap. 315. Currency, Mint and Exchange. Part III.

20. The Auditor General shall, at least once in each year, inspect the store of bullion and coin at the Mint.


21. The Master of the Mint shall on or before the 31st day of March in each year prepare and submit to the Minister a report respecting the operation of the Mint for the immediately preceding calendar year, and the Minister shall lay the report before Parliament forthwith or, if Parliament is not then sitting, within fifteen days after the commencement of the next ensuing session.

PART III.

EXCHANGE FUND.

22. (1) The special account in the name of the Minister, known as the Exchange Fund Account, established pursuant to The Exchange Fund Act, Chapter 60 of the statutes of 1935, to aid in the control and protection of the external value of the Canadian monetary unit, and continued by The Foreign Exchange Control Act, Chapter 53 of the Statutes of 1946, is further continued, and all gold, currency, deposits and securities purchased or acquired with money out of the Account by or on behalf of the Minister and held by him or on his behalf for the Account shall continue to be so held.

(2) The Minister may from time to time purchase or acquire, or cause to be purchased or acquired, with money in the Exchange Fund Account,

(a) gold;

(b) currency of the United States; deposits in currency of the United States held in the name of the Minister with the Bank of Canada or any bank designated by the Minister; Treasury bills or other obligations of the United States;

(c) currencies of any country other than Canada or the United States that are freely convertible into gold or United States dollars; and deposits in such currencies held in the name of the Minister with the Bank of Canada or any bank designated by the Minister; and

(d) securities of or guaranteed by the Government of Canada.

(3) The Minister may sell or cause to be sold any gold, currency, deposits or securities purchased or acquired by him or on his behalf at any time with moneys in, or held by or on his behalf for, the Exchange Fund Account, and the proceeds

R.S., 1952.
proceeds of the said sales, together with all earnings and interest from the said gold, currency, deposits and securities or dealings therein or therewith, shall be credited to the Account.

23. The Minister may make advances to the Exchange Fund Account out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund on such terms and conditions as the Governor in Council may prescribe.

24. The amount of any interest or discount on securities credited to the Exchange Fund Account in any calendar year, less any amounts paid out of the Account pursuant to section 29, shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund within three months after the end of the year.

25. (1) Notwithstanding section 23 of the Bank of Canada Act, the Bank of Canada is not, unless the Governor in Council otherwise prescribes, required to maintain a minimum or fixed reserve ratio of gold or foreign exchange to its liabilities.

(2) The form of Schedule B to the Bank of Canada Act is, until such time as the Governor in Council otherwise prescribes, amended by deleting the statement of the ratio of the net reserve to notes and deposit liabilities.

26. Within five months after the 31st day of December in each year, the Minister shall report to Parliament on the operations of the Exchange Fund Account for the twelve months ending on the said 31st day of December, or, if Parliament is not then sitting, he shall so report within thirty days after the commencement of the next ensuing session.

27. (1) The provisions of the Financial Administration Act do not apply to the Exchange Fund Account or operations or transactions in connection therewith.

(2) An annual audit of the Exchange Fund Account and of the transactions in connection therewith shall be made by the Auditor General in such manner as he thinks proper with a view to ascertaining whether the transactions in connection with the Account have been in accordance with the provisions of this Act, and he shall certify to Parliament that, in his opinion, having regard to such examination, the transactions in connection with the Account have or have not been in accordance with the provisions of this Act, and that the records of the Account do or do not show truly and clearly the state of the Account.

28. (1) No person employed in the service of Her Majesty or the Bank of Canada shall communicate to any person not legally entitled thereto under the provisions of this Act or by direction of the Minister, or allow any such person to have access to, or any information or written statement with respect to, the Exchange Fund Account or the operation thereof.

(2) Every person who violates this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months, or to both fine and imprisonment.

29. Any expenses incurred in the operations of the Exchange Fund Account shall be paid out of the Account.

PART IV.

REPEAL AND COMMENCEMENT.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Gold Coins</th>
<th>Standards</th>
<th>Weight per piece</th>
<th>Milled weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Twenty dollars</td>
<td>Gold</td>
<td>Grains</td>
<td>Grains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ten dollars</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Five dollars</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The standards specified in Column II are deemed to be satisfied with respect to a coin of a description specified in Column I if the coin does not vary in weight or fineness in an amount greater than the amount set opposite the description of the coin in Column III, and a coin that has been in circulation and not the least weight applicable thereon by reason only that its weight has diminished by abrasion through ordinary use if its weight is not less than the least current weight applicable thereon in Column IV.
### Standards

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Standard Weight</th>
<th>Millennial Fineness</th>
<th>Weight per Piece</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One dollar</td>
<td>360 grains</td>
<td>Eight-tenths fine, or 800 millesimal fineness</td>
<td>5.00 grains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fifty cents</td>
<td>150 grains</td>
<td>Eight-tenths fine, or 800 millesimal fineness</td>
<td>4.00 grains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Twenty-five cents</td>
<td>90 grains</td>
<td>Eight-tenths fine, or 800 millesimal fineness</td>
<td>3.00 grains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ten cents</td>
<td>36 grains</td>
<td>Eight-tenths fine, or 800 millesimal fineness</td>
<td>2.00 grains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Five cents</td>
<td>70 grains</td>
<td>Eight-tenths fine, or 800 millesimal fineness</td>
<td>1.00 grains</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cent</td>
<td>50 grains</td>
<td>Eight-tenths fine, or 800 millesimal fineness</td>
<td>0.50 grains</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*This remedy is on a group of one hundred's worth, ten pieces.*

†This remedy is on a group of one hundred and forty pieces weighed against a weight of one pound avoirdupois.

The standard specified in Column II is deemed to be satisfied with respect to a coin of a description specified in Column I if the coin does not vary in weight or fineness below the standard weight or fineness applicable there to by reason only that its weight or fineness has diminished by abrasion through ordinary use if its weight is not less than the least current weight applicable there to by reason only that its weight or fineness has diminished by abrasion through ordinary use.

---

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 316.

An Act to amend the Customs Tariff.

1. Schedule A to the Customs Tariff, chapter 60 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is amended by striking thereout tariff items 54, 98, 105c, 156(a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f), 192a, 203a, 203b, 206a (1), 206c, 208w, 211b, 216d, 216e, 216f, 216g, 225, 231d, 231e, 236b, 237(a), 237(b), 237(c), 237(d), 238(1), 238(2), 238(3) (i), 238(3) (ii), 238(4) (i), 238(4) (ii), 238(5) (i), 238(5) (ii), 238(6) (i), 238(6) (ii), 238a, 238b, 238c, 238d, 238e, 238f, 238g, 263b, 270, 275, 280, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 322a, 323, 324, 325, 326c, 326d, 379(f), 383(g), 409m, 409r, 410a (iii), 410f, 410n, 427b, 428g, 436, 438b, 438c, 438d, 438e (1) (a) and (b), (2), (3) and (4), 438h, 438i, 440l, 440n, 442, 442d, 443a, 445m (i) and (ii), 445o (ii), 461, 462a, 462b, 468, 478, 479, 482, 498, 499a, 522e, 563, 569c, 618b, 626, 657, 658, 664, 682a, 690a, 696 and 848, the several enumerations of goods respectively, and the several rates of duties of Customs if any, set opposite each of the said items and by inserting in Schedule A to the said Act the items, enumerations and rates of duty that are specified in Parts I, II, and III of the Schedule to this Act.

2. Schedule B to the said Act is amended by striking thereout tariff items 1014 and 1067, the enumerations of goods and the rates of drawback of Customs duties set opposite the said items.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>British Preferential Tariff</th>
<th>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</th>
<th>General Tariff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>318</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>17½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>319</td>
<td>Sheet glass, transparent, not further processed than cut into rectangles</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>320</td>
<td>Glass, rolled or cast, not further processed than cut into rectangles</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>322</td>
<td>Laminated glass, of sheet glass or plate glass, or both</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>12½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Not further processed than cut into rectangles</td>
<td>17½ p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) N.o.p.</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>17½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>322a</td>
<td>Manufactures of laminated glass, n.o.p.</td>
<td>17½ p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>322b</td>
<td>Mirrors of glass, bevelled or not, and framed or not, n.o.p.</td>
<td>17½ p.c.</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>323</td>
<td>Stained or ornamental glass windows</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>901</td>
<td>Synthetic resins without admixture, including scrap or waste</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(a) Phenol-aldehyde type</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Alkyd type</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Vinyl type, except vinylidene</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8. Other type</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Synthetic resins in the form of aqueous emulsions, aqueous dispersions or aqueous solutions, without admixture</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Alkyd type</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Vinyl type, except vinylidene</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8. Other type</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) Synthetic resins in organic solvents where the solvent is not more than 60 per cent by weight, without other admixture</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Other type</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(d) Synthetic resins, in powder or granular form, containing an ingredient to prevent caking in shipment, not in excess of 3 per cent by weight, but without further admixture</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Other type</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tariff Item</td>
<td>British Preferential Tariff</td>
<td>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</td>
<td>General Tariff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>----------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>902</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synthetic resins, compounded with other materials, in any form, including scrap or waste, for moulding, casting, extruding, calendering, pressing, (moulding compositions or materials for processing into moulding compositions); synthetic resins compounded with other materials in the form of not fully cured preforms or not fully cured blanks for compression moulding:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Phenol-aldehyde type</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Alkyd type</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Polystyrene type</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Vinyl type, except vinylidene</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e) Other type</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>903</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synthetic resin glues or adhesives, composed of synthetic resins compounded with other materials.</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>17½ p.c.</td>
<td>27¾ p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>904</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synthetic resin compositions, n.o.p.</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>905</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synthetic resin plates, sheets, film, sheeting or strips, not less than 6 inches in width, n.o.p.; synthetic resin lay-flat tubing, not less than 6 inches in circumference, n.o.p.:</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Phenol-aldehyde type, not further manufactured than cast.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Acrylic type, not further manufactured than moulded or cast.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Polyethylene type:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Other</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Vinyl type, except vinylidene:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Plain, uncoated, undecorated</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Other</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e) Vinyl type, vinylidene:</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Plain, uncoated, undecorated</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Other</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(f) Other type</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. Plain, uncoated, undecorated</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Other</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>906</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Synthetic resin plates, sheets, film, sheeting or strips, less than 6 inches in width, lay-flat tubing less than 6 inches in circumference, other tubing, blocks, bars, rods, non-textile monofilament; synthetic resin profile shapes produced in uniform cross-section and imported in lengths: not further manufactured than moulded, cast, calendered, extruded or pressed, n.o.p.:</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Phenol-aldehyde type cast.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Acrylic type.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Polyethylene type.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Vinyl type, vinylidene.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(e) Other type</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>907</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foamed and expanded synthetic resins, in logs, blocks or boards, or in flakes, granules or powder.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>908</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufactures of synthetic resins, n.o.p.</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>909</td>
<td>(a) Esters or others, or combinations thereof, of cellulose (but not including water soluble cellulose esters or others), without admixture:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Customs Tariff.

#### SCHEDULE—Continued

#### PART I—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tariff Item</th>
<th>British Preferential Tariff</th>
<th>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</th>
<th>General Tariff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Cellulose nitrate containing not more than 12.2 per cent by weight of nitrogen. Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(b) Cellulose nitrate containing not more than 12.2 per cent by weight of nitrogen, when wet with not more than 35 per cent by weight of alcohol.

(c) Esters or ethers, or combinations thereof, of cellulose, in organic solvents, where the solvent is not more than 60 per cent by weight, without other admixture:

1. Cellulose nitrate containing not more than 12.2 per cent by weight of nitrogen, except as provided for under (b) above. 10 p.c. | 10 p.c. | 20 p.c. |
2. Cellulose acetate. 10 p.c. | 10 p.c. | 20 p.c. |
5. Ethyl cellulose. 10 p.c. | 10 p.c. | 20 p.c. |
7. Other. 10 p.c. | 10 p.c. | 20 p.c. |

910 Esters or ethers, or combinations thereof, of cellulose compounded with other materials, in any form, including scrap or waste, for moulding, casting, extruding, calendering, pressing, (moulding compositions or materials for processing into moulding compositions). Free | Free | 10 p.c. |

911 Compositions of esters or ethers of cellulose (except water soluble esters or ethers of cellulose) with other materials, n.o.p. 10 p.c. | 10 p.c. | 20 p.c. |

912 Cellulose plastics plates, sheets, film, sheeting or strips, not less than 6 inches in width, n.o.p.; cellulose plastics lay-flat tubing, not less than 6 inches in circumference, n.o.p. Free | Free | 10 p.c. |

913 Cellulose plastics plates, sheets, film, sheeting or strips, less than 6 inches in width, lay-flat tubing less than 6 inches in circumference, other tubing, blocks, bars, rods, non-textile monofilament: cellulose plastics profile shapes produced in uniform cross-section and imported in lengths; not further manufactured than moulded, cast, calendered, extruded or pressed, n.o.p.: Free | Free | 10 p.c. |
   (a) Cellulose nitrate. 15 p.c. | 15 p.c. | 25 p.c. |
   (b) Other. 15 p.c. | 15 p.c. | 25 p.c. |

914 Foamed and expanded cellulose plastics in blocks or boards, granules or powder. Free | Free | 10 p.c. |

915 Manufactures of cellulose plastics, n.o.p.:
   (a) Cellulose nitrate. 10 p.c. | 20 p.c. | 30 p.c. |
   (b) Cellulose nitrate cinematograph and moving picture films, negatives, n.o.p. 10 p.c. | 10 p.c. | 20 p.c. |
   (c) Other. 15 p.c. | 20 p.c. | 30 p.c. |

916 Laminated moulded plastics products, n.o.p., having synthetic resins or cellulose plastics as the chief bonding (impregnating) agents. 15 p.c. | 15 p.c. | 25 p.c. |

R.S., 1952.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tariff Item</th>
<th>British Preferential Tariff</th>
<th>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</th>
<th>General Tariff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>917</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Reinforced or supported synthetic resin or cellulose plastics plates, sheets, sheeting, strips, tubing, blocks, bars, rods, in which is incorporated a layer of paper, fibreboard, or textile fabric, or a core of fibres whether matted or otherwise arranged, n.o.p.:—  
(a) Interlined sheet stock, composed of sheets of cellulose plastics cemented to cotton fabric                      | 10 p.c. | 15 p.c. | 25 p.c. |
| (b) Other                                                                                                     | 18 p.c. | 18 p.c. | 25 p.c. |
| 918        |                             |                            |               |
| (a) Regenerated cellulose, in sheets or strips.                                                                  | 15 p.c. | 20 p.c. | 30 p.c. |
| (b) Regenerated cellulose sponge                                                                                   | 15 p.c. | 20 p.c. | 30 p.c. |
| (c) Manufactures of regenerated cellulose, n.o.p.                                                              | 15 p.c. | 20 p.c. | 30 p.c. |
| 919        |                             |                            |               |
| Protein plastics sheets, strips, tubing, blocks, bars, rods; other protein plastics profile shapes produced in uniform cross-section and imported in lengths: not further manufactured than moulded, extruded or pressed... | Free    | Free    | 10 p.c. |
| 920        |                             |                            |               |
| Manufactures of protein plastics, n.o.p.                                                                      | 15 p.c. | 20 p.c. | 30 p.c. |
| 921        |                             |                            |               |
| Materials of a kind not produced in Canada for use only in the manufacture of goods enumerated in tariff items 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 917, 918(a), 918(b) and 919, but not including goods themselves enumerated in tariff items 901 to 920, inclusive... | Free    | Free    | 10 p.c. |
| 922        |                             |                            |               |
| Phenol for use only in the manufacture of synthetic resin glues                                                  | Free    | Free    | 10 p.c. |
| 923        |                             |                            |               |
| Phthalic anhydride, adipic, abietic, maleic and succinic acids, hexamethylene diammonium adipate, hexamethylene diaminonium sebacate, hexamethylene diamine, caprolactam, and ethylene glycol, when imported by manufacturers of synthetic resins, for use exclusively in the manufacture of synthetic resins, in their own factories... | Free    | Free    | 10 p.c. |
### Customs Tariff

#### SCHEDULE

#### PART II.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tariff Item</th>
<th>British Preferential Tariff</th>
<th>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</th>
<th>General Tariff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>79f Pollen</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90g Dried herbs in a crude state, not advanced in value or condition by grinding or refining or by any other process of manufacture, namely: Basil, bay laurel (larus nobilis), marjoram, mint, oregano, rosemary, sage, savory, tarragon and thyme</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>98 Bananas</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>50 cts.</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>105c Olives, sulphured or in brine, not bottled</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

On and after July 1, 1953

| 156 Whiskey | per gallon of the strength of proof $4.50 | $5.00 | $10.00 |
| Gin, n.o.p. | $4.50 | $5.00 | $10.00 |
| Rum, n.o.p. | $4.50 | $5.00 | $10.00 |
| Brandy | $4.00 | $1.00 | $10.00 |
| Liqueurs | $4.50 | $1.50 | $10.00 |

Ethyl alcohol, or the substance commonly known as alcohol, hydrated oxide of ethyl or spirits of wine, n.o.p.; spirituous or alcoholic liquors, n.o.p.; absinthe, arrack or palm spirit, artificial brandy and imitations of brandy, n.o.p.; cordials of all kinds, n.o.p.; mescal, pulque, rum shrub, schnapps; tafia, and alcoholic bitters or beverages, n.o.p.; and wines, n.o.p., containing more than forty per cent of proof spirit.

When the goods specified in item 156 are of greater or less strength than the strength of proof, the measurement thereof and the amount of duty payable thereon shall be increased or decreased in proportion for any greater or less strength than the strength of proof.

Bottles and flasks and packages of gin, rum, whiskey and brandy of all kinds, and imitations thereof, shall be held to contain the following quantities (subject to the provisions for addition or deduction in respect of the degree of strength), namely:

Bottles, flasks and packages, containing not more than one-eighth of a gallon per dozen, as one-eighth of a gallon per dozen;

Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than one-eighth of a gallon but not more than one-sixth of a gallon per dozen, as one-sixth of a gallon per dozen;

Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than one-sixth of a gallon but not more than one-fourth of a gallon per dozen, as one-fourth of a gallon per dozen;

Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than one-fourth of a gallon but not more than one-half of a gallon per dozen, as one-half of a gallon per dozen;
### Tariff Item

| Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than one-half of a gallon per dozen but not more than three-fourths of a gallon per dozen, as three-fourths of a gallon per dozen; |
| Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than three-fourths of a gallon but not more than one gallon per dozen, as one gallon per dozen; |
| Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than one gallon but not more than one and one-half gallons per dozen, as one and one-half gallons per dozen; |
| Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than one and one-half gallons but not more than two gallons per dozen, as two gallons per dozen; |
| Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than two gallons but not more than two and four-fifths gallons per dozen, as two and four-fifths gallons per dozen; |
| Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than two and four-fifths gallons but not more than three gallons per dozen, as three gallons per dozen; |
| Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than three gallons but not more than three and one-fifth gallons per dozen, as three and one-fifth gallons per dozen; |
| Bottles or phials of liquors for special purposes, such as samples not for sale to the trade, may be entered for duty according to actual measurement, under regulations prescribed by the Minister. |

| 1971 | Carbon tissue paper, valued at not less than forty cents per pound, for use in the manufacture of carbon paper |
| 199h | Pots, boxes, bands, collars or protectors, of flexible paper or fibreboard, for use exclusively in growing plants for transplanting purposes, or for protecting plants while growing. |
| 203a | Chemical compounds composed of two or more acids or salts soluble in water, adapted for dyeing or tanning. |
| 203b | Aniline and coal tar dyes, adapted for dyeing, in bulk, or in packages of not less than one pound weight. |
| 206a | (1) Sera and antisera, toxoids, viruses, toxins and antitoxins; virus and bacterial vaccines, bacteriophage and bacterial lysates; allergens, liver extracts, pituitary extracts, epinephrine and its solutions, insulin, with or without zinc, globin or protamine; all of the foregoing when imported for parenteral administration in the diagnosis or treatment of diseases of man. |
| (3) Blood plasma or serum of human origin, or fractions thereof, extenders or substitutes therefor; all of the foregoing when imported for parenteral administration. |

### Schedule

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tariff Item</th>
<th>British Preferential Tariff</th>
<th>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</th>
<th>General Tariff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than one-half of a gallon per dozen but not more than three-fourths of a gallon per dozen, as three-fourths of a gallon per dozen;</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than three-fourths of a gallon but not more than one gallon per dozen, as one gallon per dozen;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than one gallon but not more than one and one-half gallons per dozen, as one and one-half gallons per dozen;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than one and one-half gallons but not more than two gallons per dozen, as two gallons per dozen;</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than two gallons but not more than two and four-fifths gallons per dozen, as two and four-fifths gallons per dozen;</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than two and four-fifths gallons but not more than three gallons per dozen, as three gallons per dozen;</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bottles, flasks and packages, containing more than three gallons but not more than three and one-fifth gallons per dozen, as three and one-fifth gallons per dozen;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bottles or phials of liquors for special purposes, such as samples not for sale to the trade, may be entered for duty according to actual measurement, under regulations prescribed by the Minister.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
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<td>Free</td>
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<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

SCHEDULE

R.S., 1952.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tariff Item</th>
<th>British Preferential Tariff</th>
<th>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</th>
<th>General Tariff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>206c Bottles, tubes, bail bands, labels, corks, stoppers or other closures, for use with bottles, whether or not assembled into units partially filled with anti-coagulating solutions or not; filters, drop counters, clamps; all of the foregoing, when imported to be used exclusively for the collection, preparation, storage, transportation or administration of human blood (whether whole or in the form of liquid or dry serum or plasma) and extenders or substitutes therefor; component materials to be used exclusively in making the foregoing articles, anti-coagulating solutions and extenders or substitutes.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>211b (1) Andalusite, kyanite, sillimanite, crude or calcined, but not further processed than ground.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Mullite, not further processed than ground.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>220d Chemical preparations, dry, compounded of more than one substance, when imported by manufacturers of fluorescent lamps or electronic tubes for use exclusively in coating the inside of fluorescent lamps or electronic tubes, in their own factories.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>225 Wax, vegetable and mineral (not isolated from petroleum) and mixtures thereof.</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>233b Methyl ethyl ketone, diethyl ketone, furfural, methyl normal propyl ketone and methyl isobutyl ketone, for use only in the refining of oils.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>299c Reclaiming agents or plasticizers of petroleum origin, for the reclaiming or plasticizing of rubber.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>270 Oil for use in the concentration of ores.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>275 Liquefied petroleum gases when imported in containers: (a) For heating, cooking or illuminating purposes.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>12½ p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) N.o.p.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>12½ p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>295d Cast shapes of melted basalt rock compounded with other materials or not.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>388g Rails (track), of iron or steel, other than railway rails, further manufactured than hot rolled, with other sections, arched or not, welded thereto or not.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>12½ p.c.</td>
<td>35 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>409m (1) Internal combustion tractors (not to include highway truck-tractors) and Accessories therefor; parts of all the foregoing.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Traction attachments designed to be combined with automobiles in Canada for use as traction engines and parts thereof.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>409r Milk evaporators and milk driers for dairying purposes and parts thereof.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
### SCHEDULE—Continued

**PART II—Continued**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tariff Item</th>
<th>British Preferential Tariff</th>
<th>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</th>
<th>General Tariff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>410a (iii) Diesel-powered self-propelled trucks, mounted on rubber-tired wheels or on rubber-tired wheels and half-tracks, side or rear dump, having a rated capacity by struck volume, of not less than 9.5 cubic yards and, by payload weight, of not less than 15 tons, and complete parts thereof, for off-highway use in carrying minerals, ore, rock, stone, sand, gravel and other excavated materials at mines, quarries, gravel and sand pits or at construction sites...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>27½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>410f (1) Machinery and appliances of iron or steel, of a class or kind not made in Canada, and elevators, and machinery of floating dredges, for use exclusively in alluvial gold mining... (2) Complete dredging plant, including integrated floating and shore discharge pipeline and booster station equipment, for development of mineral deposits; parts of all the foregoing...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>410n Diamond drills and core drills, not including motive power, electrically operated rotary coal drills, and coal cutting machines, n.o.p., and parts of the foregoing, for use exclusively in mining operations...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>427b Ball and roller bearings, and complete parts thereof: (1) For the repair of agricultural implements and agricultural machinery specified in tariff items 409, 409a, 409b, 409c, 409d, 409e, 409f, 409g, 409h, 409i, 409j, 409k, 409l, 409m, 409n, 409o and 409q... (2) N.o.p...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>427j Machinery, apparatus, equipment and parts thereof for the manufacture of biologicals and bacteriologicals for parenteral use and for the manufacture of antibiotics, hormones and steroids...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>17½ p.c.</td>
<td>35 p.c.</td>
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<tr>
<td>428g Fuel injection pumps and nozzles, and parts thereof, for diesel and semi-diesel engines...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>431j Photogrammetric instruments and equipment for use in the interpretation of photographs and in the preparation of maps and plans from photographs, including the following: stereoscopes, binoculars for use with stereoscopes, parallax bars, height finders, contour finders, sketchmasters, slotted template equipment and accessories for use with any of the foregoing; stereoscopic plotting instruments and equipment of either optical-mechanical or projector type, including such accessories as plotting and tracing tables whether electrically, mechanically or remotely operated, optical instruments for preparing diapositive plates, voltage regulators and electrical transformers, cooling systems, lamps, spectacles, filters, height gauges, principal point selectors and other components for use with the foregoing equip...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
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SCHEDULE

R.S., 1952.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>British Preferential Tariff</th>
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<th>General Tariff</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>436</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
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<tr>
<td>438b</td>
<td>Bearing, ball and roller;</td>
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<td>Bearings, clutch release;</td>
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<td>Bearings, graphite;</td>
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<td>Bearings, steel or bronze backed, with non-ferrous metal lining, parts and materials therefor;</td>
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<td>Bearings, steering knuckle thrust;</td>
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<td>Bushings, graphited or oil impregnated;</td>
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<td>Ceramic insulator spark plug cores not further manufactured than burned and glazed, printed or decorated or not, without fittings;</td>
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<td>Collars, crankshaft thrust;</td>
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<td>Compressors and parts thereof, air;</td>
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<td>Commutator copper segments;</td>
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<td>Commutator insulating end rings;</td>
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<td>Tapered discs of hot rolled steel, with or without centre hole, for disc wheels;</td>
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<td>Diaphragms for fuel and vacuum pumps;</td>
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<td>Distributor rotors and cam assemblies;</td>
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<td>Door bumper shoes;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Electric wiring terminals, sockets, fittings and connectors and parts and combinations thereof, including brackets and fittings permanently attached thereto, but not to include battery terminals;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Gaskets of any material except Cork or felt, composite or not, parts and materials thereof;</td>
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<td>Ignition contact points;</td>
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<td>Keys for shafting;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Auxiliary driving control kits, designed for attachment to motor vehicles to facilitate their operation by physically disabled persons, and parts thereof;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Lenses of glass for motor vehicle lamps and for light reflectors;</td>
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<td>Lock washers;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Magnetic plugs;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Piston ring castings in the rough, with or without gates and fins removed;</td>
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<td>Propeller shaft tubes of steel bonded by rubber;</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Rails of lock seam section, corners, locks and catches, unplated ventilators and parts thereof, the foregoing being of metal other</td>
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</table>

R.S., 1952.
### SCHEDULE—Continued

#### PART II—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tariff Item</th>
<th>British Preferential Tariff</th>
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<th>General Tariff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>438c Ammeters; Arm rests and wheel housing lining of indurated fibre, pressed to shape; Axle housings, one piece welded, machined or not, including parts welded thereto; Carburetors; Chassis frames and steel shapes for the manufacture thereof; Cigar and cigarette lighters, whether in combination with a cigarette holder or not, including base; Control ventilator gear box; Cylinder lock barrels, with or without sleeves and keys thereof; Dash heat indicators; Engine speed governor units; External ornaments unplated, not including finish or decorative mouldings; Fluid couplings with or without drive plate assemblies; Gauges, gasoline, oil or air; Grilles not plated, polished or not before assembly, and parts thereof not plated or polished, not to include added finish or decorative mouldings; Hinges, finished or not, for bodise; Horns; Instrument bezel assemblies; Instrument board lamp; Instrument panel, glove compartment, luggage compartment, hood compartment and door step lamps and wire assemblies; Locks, electric ignition, steering gear, transmission, or combinations of such locks; Mouldings of metal, with nails set in position, lead filled or not; Oil filter parts, viz.:—perforated filter refill oil board bodies, refill end discs, and roll-seam perforated tubes; Ornaments and identification plates of metal, unplated, not including finished or decorative moulding; Pipe lines of tubing, rigid, covered or not, with or without fittings, and tubing therefor; Purifiers for gasoline, including brackets and fittings therefor;</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>171 p.c.</td>
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**361 5721**

**SCHEDULE**

**R.S., 1952.**
### Tariff Item

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<thead>
<tr>
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<th>General Tariff</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td>17½ p.c</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Radiator shutter assemblies, automatic; Radiator water gauges; Radiator shells not plated nor metal finished in any degree; Shackles, bearing spring; Speedometers; Spring covers of metal and closing strips or shapes therefor; Steering wheels, rims and spiders therefor; Sun visor blanks of gypsum weatherboard; Tachometers, with or without tachographs, both electric and gear driven; Thermostatic controls; Throttle, spark, choke, and hood lock release assemblies, including buttons therefor; Torque convertors; Auxiliary transmission overdrive units and controls therefor; Universal joint ball assemblies; Windshield and window wipers; Parts of all the foregoing, including brackets, fittings and connections therefor; Stampings, body, cowl, fender, front end, hood, instrument board, shields and baffles, of metal in the rough, trimmed or not, whether or not welded in any manner before final forming or piercing, but not metal finished in any degree; All of the foregoing when for use in the manufacture or repair of the goods enumerated in tariff items 410a(iii), 424 and 438a, or for use in the manufacture of parts thereof... If the above articles, when of a class or kind not made in Canada, are for use as original equipment by a manufacturer of passenger automobiles (having a seating capacity for not more than ten persons each) enumerated in tariff item 438a, whose total factory output during the year in which importation is sought, does not exceed ten thousand such complete passenger automobiles, and not less than forty per cent of the factory cost of production of such automobiles, not to include duties and taxes, is incurred in the British Commonwealth, the rates of duty under this item shall be Free 17½ p.c 30 p.c. Free 25 p.c. Free 25 p.c. If the above articles, when of a class or kind not made in Canada, are for use as original equipment by a manufacturer of passenger automobiles (having a seating capacity for not more than ten persons each) enumerated in tariff item 438a, whose total factory output, during the year in which importation is sought, exceeds ten thousand, but does not exceed twenty thousand such complete passenger automobiles, and not less than fifty per cent of the factory cost of production of such automobiles, not to include duties and taxes, is incurred in the British Commonwealth, the rates of duty under this item shall be Free 25 p.c. If the above articles, when of a class or kind not made in Canada, are for use as original equipment by a manufacturer of passenger automobiles (having a seating capacity for not more than ten persons each) enumerated...
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<tr>
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<th>General Tariff</th>
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</table>

The Governor in Council may make such regulations, if any, as are deemed necessary for carrying out the provisions of this item.
## Customs Tariff

### SCHEDULE—Continued
### PART II—Continued

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Tariff Item</th>
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<th>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</th>
<th>General Tariff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hydraulic or fluid couplings;</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>17% p.c.</td>
<td>27% p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drive shafts;</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>7% p.c.</td>
<td>27% p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Universal joint;</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>7% p.c.</td>
<td>27% p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steel road wheels;</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>15% p.c.</td>
<td>25% p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power dividers or transfer cases;</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25% p.c.</td>
<td>35% p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Parts of the foregoing:</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25% p.c.</td>
<td>35% p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All of the foregoing when of a class or kind not made in Canada, and when imported only for the manufacture of motor trucks, motor buses, electric trackless trolley buses, fire fighting vehicles, ambulances, hearses, and the chassis for same.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>If the above articles are imported for use as original equipment for motor trucks, motor buses, electric trackless trolley buses, fire fighting vehicles, ambulances, hearses, or for chassis for same, by a manufacturer of the goods enumerated in tariff items 410b(iii), 424 and 438a, and during the year in which importation is sought, not less than forty per cent of the factory cost of production of such vehicles and chassis therefore, not to include duties and taxes, is incurred in the British Commonwealth, the rates of duty under this item shall be.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>7% p.c.</td>
<td>27% p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>If the above articles when of a class or kind not made in Canada are for use in the repair of motor trucks, motor buses, fire fighting vehicles, ambulances, hearses and electric trackless trolley buses, or for chassis for same or for use in the manufacture of repair parts therefore, the rates of duty under this item shall be.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>7% p.c.</td>
<td>27% p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Governor in Council may make such regulations, if any, as are deemed necessary for carrying out the provisions of this item.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>438e (1) Parts, n.o.p., electro-plated or not, whether finished or not, for automobiles, motor vehicles, electric trackless trolley buses, fire fighting vehicles, ambulances and hearses, or chassis enumerated in tariff items 438a and 424, including engines, but not to include wireless receiving sets, die castings of zinc, electric storage batteries, parts of wood, tires and tubes or parts of which the component material of chief value is rubber.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25% p.c.</td>
<td>35% p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Brake linings, and clutch facings whether or not including metallic wires or threads:</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25% p.c.</td>
<td>35% p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) When made from crude asbestos of British Commonwealth origin.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>15% p.c.</td>
<td>25% p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) When made from crude asbestos, n.o.p.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>438i Body bottom cross members and steel shapes for the manufacture thereof; Bumpers, front and rear, including spring steel bumper plates; Casket tables or platforms for hearses; Destination and route sign assemblies, illuminated or not; Direction signals, illuminated or not; Door and step mechanism, hand, vacuum or air operated; Door locks and catches;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
### SCHEDULE—Continued

#### PART II—Continued

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tariff Item</th>
<th>British Preferential Tariff</th>
<th>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</th>
<th>General Tariff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electric switches, buzzers, bells, push buttons, fuse assemblies; Lamps of all kinds, illuminating and indicating, including sockets, flanges, terminals, glassware, lenses and gaskets therefor, assembled or not, but not to include lamp bulbs, sealed beam units, and electric head lamps; Metal stampings, oiled and primed or not, and assemblies thereof; Rubber fenders; Seat operating mechanisms; Ventilators, including motor driven fan type, and grilles; Window operating mechanisms; Parts of all the foregoing: All of the foregoing when imported to be used only in the manufacture or repair of motor truck bodies, motor bus bodies, electric trackless trolley bus bodies, fire fighting vehicles, ambulances and hearses...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>440i Aircraft and complete parts thereof, n.o.p., not including engines, under such regulations as the Minister may prescribe— 1. When of types and sizes not made in Canada...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. When of types and sizes made in Canada on and after July 1, 1955...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>27½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>440n Engines, when imported for use only in the equipment of aircraft:— 1. When of types and sizes not made in Canada...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. When of types and sizes made in Canada on and after July 1, 1955...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>27½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>442 Articles and materials which enter into the cost of manufacture of the goods enumerated in tariff items 409, 409a, 409b, 409c, 409d, 409e, 409f, 409g, 409h, 409i, 409j, 409k, 409m, 409n, 409o, 409q and 439c, when imported for use in the manufacture of the goods enumerated in the aforesaid tariff items, or in the manufacture of parts therefor, under regulations prescribed by the Minister...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>442d Materials, including all parts, wholly or in chief part of metal, of a class or kind not made in Canada, when imported by manufacturers of goods entitled to entry under tariff items 410g, 410h, 410i, 410j, 410k, 410l, 410m, 410n, 410p, 410q, 410r, 410s, 410t, 410u, 410v, 410w, 410x, 410y, 411, 411a, 411b, 427, 427a, 427b, 427c, 427f, 428, 428e, 440k and 447a, for use in the manufacture of such goods in their own factories, under such regulations as the Minister may prescribe...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>443a Ovens, of a class or kind not made in Canada, for use in commercial bakeries; complete parts of the foregoing...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>443c Automatic pilots, thermostatic controls, thermostatically-operated controls, hydrostatically-operated controls, and parts of the foregoing, of a class or kind not made in Canada, for use in the manufacture of gas water heaters...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Tariff Item | British Preferential Tariff | Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff | General Tariff
--- | --- | --- | ---
445m | (1) Flameproof electric switchgear, for use in mines in which inflammable gases exist, and complete parts thereof. | Free | 20 p.c. | 30 p.c. |
(2) Flameproof electric transformers, rectifiers, cable-connecting devices, trailing cable extensions with couplers moulded on, junction boxes, and complete parts of the foregoing, when of a class or kind not made in Canada and for use in mines in which inflammable gases exist. | Free | 10 p.c. | 37 1/2 p.c. |
445c | (ii) Metal powders; stched aluminum foil; textile fabrics, coated with aluminum; alloy resistance wire having a diameter of less than .005 inch; spring-drive motors for record turntables; automatic record-centering mechanisms with tone arm, not including motors or turntables; metal cabinet escutcheons with crystals, plain or finished; when of a class or kind not made in Canada and for use in the manufacture or the repair of the goods enumerated in tariff items 445d, 597a, and other apparatus using radio tubes, or for use in the manufacture of parts thereof. | Free | Free | 30 p.c. |
445c | Apparatus for the receiving and transmitting of photographs by wire. | Free | Free | 30 p.c. |
447c | (1) Safes including doors; doors and door frames for vaults; scales, balances, weighing beams and strength-testing machines of all kinds, n.o.p. | Free | 10 p.c. | 20 p.c. | 35 p.c. |
(2) Parts of scales, finished or unfinished. | Free | 10 p.c. | 35 p.c. |
462a | Photographic cameras and equipment, viz.: | Free | Free | 10 p.c. |
(1) Cameras and parts thereof for making negatives or positives 34 inches by 44 inches or larger, including carrying cases therefor. | Free | 10 p.c. |
(2) Accessories for cameras:—Exposure meters, range finders, lens hoods, lantern slide attachments, camera stands, camera tripods and tripod tops, vignettes, diffusion discs and holders, colour filters and holders, polarizing screens and holders, backgrounds, flash tubes for high-speed flash apparatus, flash guns; parts of the foregoing. | Free | Free | 10 p.c. |
(3) Contact printers, projection printers commonly known as enlargers for negatives or positives 4 inches by 5 inches and larger, temperature controls or heaters for photographic solutions, film and print driers, mounting presses, print washers, negative or sheet-film bangers, ferro-type plates, film and paper processors for strip photo-finishing, print straighteners, photographic timing devices, densitometers, tanks or trays for negative and positive processing; parts of the foregoing. | Free | Free | 10 p.c. |
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<th>Tariff Item</th>
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<tr>
<td>462b</td>
<td>Cinematograph and motion picture cameras for use by professional motion picture producers having studios in Canada equipped for motion picture production; parts of the foregoing</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>9 p.c.</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>468</td>
<td>Animal cages of wire and metal parts thereof</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>471b</td>
<td>Wood split pulleys for power transmission, including interchangeable bushings</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>27½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>478</td>
<td>Artificial limbs; spinal and other orthopedic braces; parts of the foregoing</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>479</td>
<td>Materials and articles for the manufacture of the goods enumerated in tariff item 478</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>482</td>
<td>Ear-telephone sets and similar appliances, including batteries, battery chargers and battery testers therefor, for use by deaf persons; electronic ear-training apparatus, including microphones, headsets, record-turning devices and tone arms, specially designed for use by, or for the training of, the deaf; parts of the foregoing; under regulations prescribed by the Minister.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>490a</td>
<td>Vanadium preparations for use as catalysts</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>499a</td>
<td>Nut shells; nut shell flour, wood flour, bark flour, and mixtures thereof</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>522e</td>
<td>Cotton sewing thread yarn and crochet, knitting, darning and embroidery yarn, in hanks, or on dyeing or bleaching cores, when imported by manufacturers for use exclusively in their own factories in the manufacturing or spooling of cotton sewing thread and crochet, knitting, darning and embroidery cottons...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>563</td>
<td>Fabrics of a class or kind not made in Canada, of any textile fibre, not made up, imported for use only for bolting or sifting materials or for the manufacture of screens for printing...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>618b</td>
<td>Tires and tubes, wholly or in part of rubber—(1) For replacement on the agricultural implements and agricultural machinery specified in Tariff Items 409b, 409c, 409d, 409e, 409f, 409h, 409i, and the tractors provided for in Tariff Item 409m... (2) N.o.p.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>657</td>
<td>Mouthpieces in the rough, screws, aluminum fittings, pipe bowls moulded from briar-wood dust, bowls of wood not further processed than frayed, corn cobs and corn cob bowls not further processed than shaped, when imported by manufacturers of tobacco pipes or cigarette holders for use in the manufacture of such articles in their own factories...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>660</td>
<td>Moulding material consisting of a mixture of synthetic rubber and wax with a backing of aluminum not exceeding 0.006 inch in thickness, for use by electrotypers in the manufacture of electrotypes</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SCHEDULE
R.S., 1952.
### Tariff Item

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<tr>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>660a Cellulose nitrate sheets with turned edges, for the production of engravings for use by printers</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>681b Residue, revert, or waste from chemical or metallurgical processes, containing aluminum oxide or other aluminum compounds mixed with other materials, imported by Canadian smelters or refiners for recovery of aluminum oxide and attendant by-products</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>682a Net floats of any material except wood, for use exclusively in commercial fishing; carapace measures of any material</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>690a Casual donations sent by persons abroad to friends in Canada, or brought into Canada personally by non-residents as gifts to friends, and not being advertising matter, tobacco or alcoholic beverages, when the value thereof does not exceed ten dollars in any one case, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Minister</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>696 Philosophical and scientific apparatus, utensils, instruments, and preparations, including boxes and bottles containing the same; maps, charts, photographic reproductions and other pictorial illustrations, casts as models, animals as research or experimental subjects; living plants, seeds, cuttings, buds, scions, tubers, bulbs and root-stock; mechanical equipment of a class or kind not made in Canada. All articles in this item, when for the use and by order of any society or institution incorporated or established solely for religious, philosophical, educational, scientific or literary purposes, or for the encouragement of the fine arts, or for the use and by order of any public hospital, college, academy, school, or seminary of learning in Canada, and not for sale, under regulations prescribed by the Minister</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>708a (1) Publications of the United Nations or any of its specialized agencies</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Publications of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization or any of its specialized agencies</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>848 (1) All machinery and apparatus and parts thereof (including motive power) and drilling mud, for use exclusively in exploratory or discovery work in connection with, and development, depletion and production of petroleum or natural gas wells; seamless, lap-welded and electric welded iron or steel casing, tubing and drill pipe for use in connection with natural gas or oil wells</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(2) Materials for use in the manufacture of the goods enumerated in tariff item 848(1)</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.

SCHEDULE
### SCHEDULE—Continued

#### PART III

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tariff Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>British Preferential Tariff</th>
<th>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</th>
<th>General Tariff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>Hominy grits, hominy feeds and brewers' corn grits</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54a</td>
<td>Corn grits for use in the manufacture of corn flour per one hundred pounds</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>30 cts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54b</td>
<td>Corn grits, n.o.p.</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>90h</td>
<td>Okra, sliced and salted</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>35 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>115a</td>
<td>Herring, fresh</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>158b</td>
<td>Mixtures of methyl alcohol and other ingredients, when imported by tanners for use exclusively as a solvent for dyes for the dyeing of leather in their own factories</td>
<td>5 cts.</td>
<td>5 cts.</td>
<td>20 cts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>192a</td>
<td>(1) Pulpboard in rolls not less than nine one-thousandths of an inch in thickness for use in wrapping rolls of paper</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2) Pulpboard in rolls for use in the manufacture of wallboard</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>194a</td>
<td>Wholly or partially lithographed or printed sheets when imported by manufacturers of playing cards for use exclusively in the manufacture of playing cards in their own factories</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
<td>35 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>202a</td>
<td>Twine or yarn of paper</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>202b</td>
<td>Paper Matting</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>208w</td>
<td>(1) Theobromine, crude</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2) Crude bromides for the production of bromine</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(3) Dimethyl sulphate</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>216g</td>
<td>Compounds or sheets, of which the chief organic component is shellac, imported for use exclusively in the manufacture of phonograph records</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>216i</td>
<td>Nicotinic acid when imported for use in the manufacture of nicotinic acid amide and when imported for use in the manufacture of diethylamide of nicotinic acid</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>219f</td>
<td>Riboflavin (also known as Vitamin B2, Vitamin G, Lactoflavin) without admixture or mixed only with any necessary carrier or diluent when imported for use only in the manufacture of feeds for livestock, poultry or fur-bearing animals</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>254b</td>
<td>Lac, crude, seed or stick when imported by manufacturers of bleached shellac for use exclusively in the manufacture of bleached shellac in their own factories</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>280</td>
<td>(1) Foots, being the refuse of cotton seed or olives after the oil has been pressed out</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Tariff Item

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<thead>
<tr>
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</tr>
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<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
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<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 cts. $1.00</td>
<td>$1.15</td>
<td>22½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12½ p.c.</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
<td>22½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 cts.</td>
<td>3½ cts.</td>
<td>6 cts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
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<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
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<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Notes

1. (2) Grease, rough, the refuse of animal fat, for the manufacture of soap and oils only.
2. (3) Inedible oils, without admixture, obtained from animal fat, for use in the manufacture of soap or oils.

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grog, produced by calcining fire clay, or in the form of calcined dobbies, fire brick, or other refractory shapes, which have been broken, crushed, or ground, screened to size or not, but not further manufactured, when imported for use exclusively by manufacturers of refractory materials in the manufacture of such materials...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In no case shall the duty exceed...</td>
<td>60 cts. $1.00</td>
<td>$1.15</td>
<td>22½ p.c.</td>
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</table>

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Articles of chinaware when imported to be mounted by manufacturers of silverware in their own factories...</td>
<td>12½ p.c.</td>
<td>17½ p.c.</td>
<td>22½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White portland cement clinker for use in the manufacture of white portland cement, per one hundred pounds...</td>
<td>2 cts.</td>
<td>3½ cts.</td>
<td>6 cts.</td>
</tr>
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</table>

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<tr>
<td>Limestone, not further processed than crushed or screened...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Metallic elements and tungstic acid when imported by manufacturers for use only in their own factories in the manufacture of metal filaments for electric lamps...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blanks of uncoloured clear glass, when imported by manufacturers to be used exclusively in the manufacture of silvered mirror reflectors or acid-etched reflectors or refractors, for lighting systems...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>9 p.c.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Blanks or shapes of uncoloured clear glass when imported for use in the manufacture of silvered, coloured or decorated Christmas tree ornaments...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>22½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Single wall hollow shapes of glass, not silvered, when imported by manufacturers of vacuum insulated containers for use exclusively in the manufacture of such articles in their own factories...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>32½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Beads, drops or other shapes of glass or cellulose acetate, when imported by manufacturers of imitation pearls, for use exclusively in the manufacture of such articles in their own factories...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Glass balls or marbles when imported by manufacturers of glass fibres or glass yarn, for use exclusively in the manufacture of such fibres or yarn in their own factories...</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item</td>
<td>British Preferential Tariff</td>
<td>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</td>
<td>General Tariff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>346c</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>352d</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>353</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>$4.00</td>
<td>$8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>356</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>$7.00</td>
<td>$7.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>385</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>$7.00</td>
<td>$7.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>386</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
<td>25 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>387</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>388</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>390</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>402e</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>35 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>403d</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>438m</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
<td>30 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>446n</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tariff Item</td>
<td>Description</td>
<td>British Preferential Tariff</td>
<td>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>454a</td>
<td>Materials, including all parts, imported for use only in the manufacture of purse frames</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>498</td>
<td>(1) Cane, reed or rattan, not further manufactured than split</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2) Twine or yarn of grass when imported by manufacturers of furniture for use only in their own factories in the manufacture of furniture</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>506c</td>
<td>Staves and heading of wood, finished or unfinished, for use in the manufacture of tight barrels or kegs</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>506g</td>
<td>(1) Wood handles, when imported by manufacturers of D shovel handles, for use only in the manufacture of such D shovel handles in their own factories</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2) Ten pin blocks of wood in the rough, when imported by the manufacturers of ten pins for use only in the manufacture of such articles in their own factories</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>7½ p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(3) Wood shafts for handles of golf clubs not further manufactured than rough turned and wood golf heads not further manufactured than rough turned, when imported by the manufacturers of golf clubs and golf sticks for use only in the manufacture of golf clubs and golf sticks in their own factories</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
<td>5 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>519b</td>
<td>Complete parts of cash registers, when imported by manufacturers of cash registers for use exclusively in the manufacture of such registers in their own factories</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
<td>15 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>522g</td>
<td>(1) Yarns and warps, wholly of cotton, number eighty and finer, two-ply, gassed, of a class or kind not made in Canada, imported by manufacturers of woven fabrics for use exclusively in their own factories in the production of woven fabrics</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(2) Yarns, wholly of cotton, number forty and finer, not more advanced than singles, when imported by manufacturers for use exclusively in their own factories in the manufacturing of cotton sewing thread</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>535f</td>
<td>Waste portions of unused fabrics or used garments, imported to be used exclusively for disintegrating, or for manufacture into wiping rags, under regulations prescribed by the Minister</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>551f</td>
<td>Sliver strands in warp form, wholly or in part of wool or hair, imported by manufacturers of braided mats and rugs, for use in the manufacture of such articles in their own factories</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>and, per pound</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(1) Hat braids, of a class or kind not made in Canada, whether woven, knitted or plaited, not exceeding six inches in width, imported for use exclusively in the manufacture of hat bodies or shapes, but not for use in the ornamentation or trimming of such bodies or shapes, under regulations prescribed by the Minister</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
### SCHEDULE—Concluded

#### PART III—Concluded

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Tariff Item</th>
<th>British Preferential Tariff</th>
<th>Most-Favoured-Nation Tariff</th>
<th>General Tariff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(2) Materials, of a class or kind not made in Canada, imported by manufacturers of hat braids, to be manufactured in their own factories into woven, knitted or plaited hat braids only.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>587a Ground coke, when imported by manufacturers of electric batteries for use only in their own factories in the manufacture of such batteries.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>588c Bituminous coal which enters into the cost of manufacture of synthetic rubber, when imported for use exclusively in the production of synthetic rubber.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>588d Coal, including screenings and coal dust of all kinds, imported to be converted into coke per ton</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>75 cts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>608a East India kip leather, not further finished than tanned.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>608b Sheepskin and goatskin leather, not further finished than tanned, when imported by tanners for processing in their own factories.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>10 p.c.</td>
<td>20 p.c.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>658 Motion picture film, of 16 millimetre width and over, when imported by recognized processors of motion picture film having duly equipped laboratories for processing motion picture film in Canada, for the sole purpose of having reproductions made therefrom, and if the original is re-exported within six months from the date of importation, under such regulations as the Minister may prescribe per linear foot</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>3 cts.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>663i Phosphate rock, defluorinated, imported for use in the manufacture of animal or poultry feeds.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>664 (1) Crude glycerine, when imported by manufacturers for use only in their own factories in the manufacture of refined glycerine (2) Glycerine, when imported by manufacturers of explosives, for use exclusively in the manufacture of such articles in their own factories.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>681a Smelter refinery or rolling mill residue or revert (not being scrap metal) imported by Canadian refiners or smelters for recovery of the metal content.</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
<td>Free</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CHAPTER 317.

An Act to amend the Dominion Succession Duty Act.

1. Paragraph (i) of section 2 of the Dominion Succession Duty Act, chapter 89 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(i) "personal corporation" means a personal corporation as defined in the Income Tax Act;"

2. (1) Paragraph (j) of subsection (1) of section 3 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(j) property transferred to or settled on any person by the deceased in consideration of marriage within three years prior to the death of the deceased; (ja) property agreed to be transferred to or settled on any person by the deceased under an agreement made in consideration of marriage at any time before or after the coming into force of this paragraph, to the extent that the property agreed to be transferred or settled was actually transferred or settled within three years prior to or on or after the death of the deceased; (jb) any property that is the subject matter of a transfer, settlement or agreement made at any time in consideration of marriage, if an interest in such property for life or any other period determinable by reference to death is reserved either expressly or by implication to the deceased;"

(2) Paragraph (k) of subsection (1) of section 3 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(k) property transferred within three years prior to the death of the deceased for partial consideration in money or money's worth paid or agreed to be paid to the deceased, to the extent to which the value of the property when transferred exceeds the value of the consideration so paid or agreed to be paid;"

(3) Subsection (4) of section 3 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(4) R.S., 1952."
“(4) When a deceased person had at the time of death a general power to appoint or dispose of property, there shall be deemed to be a succession in respect of such property and the person entitled thereto and the deceased shall be deemed to be the "successor" and "predecessor" respectively in relation to the property.”

(4) Section 3 of the said Act is further amended by adding thereto the following subsections:

“(5) Notwithstanding anything in this Act, where

(a) a general power to appoint property, either by instrument *inter vivos* or by will, or both, is given to any person, and

(b) that property is, by virtue of some other provision of this Act, included in a succession,

the succession in respect of that property shall be deemed to be to the person to whom the power was given, and that person and the deceased shall be deemed to be the "successor" and the "predecessor" respectively.

(6) Where under the terms of an agreement made by the deceased at any time before or after the coming into force of this subsection, property is transferred to or acquired by a purchaser or transferee upon or after the death for a consideration less than its fair market value, the difference between such consideration and the fair market value shall be deemed to be a succession to the purchaser or transferee and the deceased shall be deemed to be the "predecessor" and the purchaser or transferee the "successor" in respect thereof.”

3. Paragraph (h) of subsection (1) of section 7 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(h) in respect of a gift made by the deceased in his lifetime where gift tax has been paid under the provisions of the *Income War Tax Act* or the *Income Tax Act*, except to the extent to which duty payable under this Act exceeds the gift tax so paid;”

4. Subsection (2) of section 8 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto the following paragraph:

“(h) for any debt or encumbrance arising out of an agreement made at any time before or after the coming into force of this paragraph by the deceased in consideration of marriage to transfer property to or settle property on any person.”

5736

R.S., 1952.
5. Paragraph (b) of section 11 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(b) under the heading Class B of the said Schedule where the dutiable value exceeds one thousand dollars and where the successor is the grandfather, grandmother, father, mother, husband, son-in-law or daughter-in-law of the deceased or any person who is included within any of the classes of persons described in subparagraph (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) of paragraph (b) of section 2 but is not a child coming within paragraph (a) of this section;"

6. Section 12 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"12. (1) In this section
(a) "provincial Act" means any provincial Act that imposes succession duties, and "provincial duties" means the duties imposed by such a provincial Act;
(b) "total duty" means the total amount of duty that, but for this section, would be payable under this Act on the death of a predecessor mentioned in subsection (2) in respect of all successions to property on which duties were paid under provincial Acts; and
(c) "total provincial duties" means the total amount of duties paid under provincial Acts in respect of all property the succession to which is subject to duty under this Act upon the death of a predecessor mentioned in subsection (2).

(2) Where provincial duties have been paid in respect of property the succession to which is subject to duty under this Act upon the death of a predecessor, the successor may deduct from the duty otherwise payable by him under this Act in respect of the succession to that property the amount of that duty multiplied by the lesser of
(a) one-half; or
(b) the total provincial duties divided by the total duty."

7. Section 34 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto the following subsection:

“(3) The fair market value of all property shall be determined for the purposes of this Act without allowance or deduction for income tax.”

Chap. 317  *Dominion Succession Duty.*

8. Section 35 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

> "35. The value of every annuity, term of years, life estate, income, or other estate, and of every interest in expectancy shall for the purposes of this Act be determined by such rule, method and standard of mortality and of value, and at such rate of interest as from time to time the Minister may decide, and the value so determined shall be deemed to be the fair market value thereof."

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 318.

An Act to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act.

1. Subsection (6) of section 3 of the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act, chapter 95 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is amended by repealing all the words before paragraph (a) thereof and substituting therefor the following:

"(6) Notwithstanding anything in this section, the sum that may be paid in respect of gold produced from a mine and sold in the designated year 1950, shall be the amount calculated as prescribed in subsection (2), (3), (4) or (5), as the case may be, less the amount obtained by multiplying the rate of assistance or three dollars and fifty cents, whichever is the lesser, by a fraction of the number of ounces to which the rate of assistance was applied in such calculation, the numerator of such fraction being the aggregate of"

2. Section 4 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"4. This Act applies in respect of gold produced from a mine and sold in any of the calendar years 1951, 1952 and 1953, subject to the following modifications:

(a) the expression "designated year" includes the calendar year 1951, 1952 and 1953;
(b) the expression "base year"
(i) in the case of a mine in which the first year of production commenced on or before the 1st day of January, 1950, means the calendar year 1948, 1949 or 1950, as the operator of the mine may elect, if the first year of production of the mine commenced on or before the 1st day of January in the year elected and the normal operation of the mine was not suspended for more than six months in the year elected, but where none of those calendar years can be so elected, means the first period R.S., 1952."
period of twelve months following the 1st day of
July, 1950, in which the mine was in normal
operation for more than six months, and
(ii) in the case of a mine in which the first year of
production commenced after the 1st day of Janu-
ary, 1950, means the first year of production;

(c) where the first year of production had not, on or
before the 30th day of June, 1951, been established by
or pursuant to paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of
section 2, the expression "first year of production"
means the period of twelve months immediately fol-
lowing the day on which the mine came into production
for the purposes of subsections (5) and (6) of section
83 of the Income Tax Act or, in the case of a mine to
which that section did not or does not apply, the day
the Minister determines would have been the day
on which the mine came into production for the pur-
poses of that section if it had applied to it;

(d) the expression "rate of assistance" for a mine for
any period means the amount that is fifty per cent of
the amount by which the average cost of production
of gold from the mine during the period exceeds
twenty-two dollars, but not in any event exceeding
eleven dollars and fifty cents; and

(e) the expression "one-half" shall be substituted for the
expressions "one-third" and "two-thirds" wherever
they occur in subsections (2), (3), (4) and (5) of
section 3.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 319.

An Act to amend the Excise Act.

1. (1) Paragraph (j) of subsection (1) of section 3 of the Excise Act, chapter 99 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(j) "spirits" means any material or substance, whether in liquid or other form, containing any proportion by weight or volume of ethyl alcohol obtained from fermented beer, wash, wort, or from petroleum, or any other substance, whether obtained in a distillery by distillation or any other process;"

(2) Subsection (1) of section 3 of the said Act is further amended by adding thereto immediately after paragraph (b) thereof, the following paragraph:

"(ba) "Canadian brandy" means spirits distilled exclusively from the juices of native fruits, without the addition of sugar or other saccharine matter, and containing not less than forty-two and seventy-five hundredths per cent of absolute alcohol by volume;"

2. Paragraph (g) of section 6 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(g) "Canada twist," otherwise called tabac blanc en torquettes, means the unstemmed, unflavoured, and unpressed leaf of tobacco grown in Canada, twisted and made into coils by a manufacturer of tobacco duly licensed under this Act;"

3. Subsection (1) of section 12 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"12. (1) Every licence shall terminate on the 31st day of March in each year."
4. (1) Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 135 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(a) to any scientific and research laboratory in receipt annually of aid from the Government of Canada or a province or to any university, for scientific purposes only,”

(2) Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 135 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(c) to any bona fide public hospital or municipal health clinic certified to be such by the Department of National Health and Welfare, for medicinal purposes only, and

(d) to any health institution in receipt annually of aid from the Government of Canada or a province, for medicinal and research purposes only.”

5. Section 154 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“154. Subject to the Unfair Competition Act and the Food and Drugs Act, no person shall attach to any bottle, flask or other package of spirits any label, stamp or other device containing any statement or information other than the name of such spirits and the name of the bottler and his place of residence, unless the form and wording thereof have first been approved by the Minister.”

6. Section 163 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“163. (1) Everyone, whether the owner thereof or not, who, without lawful excuse, the proof whereof shall be upon the person accused, sells or offers for sale or purchases or has in his possession any spirits

(a) unlawfully manufactured,

(b) unlawfully imported,

(c) unlawfully or fraudulently removed from any distillery,

(d) unlawfully or fraudulently removed from any bonded manufactory,

(e) unlawfully or fraudulently removed from any bonded warehouse,

(f) unlawfully or fraudulently removed from any place where spirits subject to drawback are held,

(g) that have been released from excise bond exempt from duty as being for the use of a person or organization

R.S., 1952.
Excise.

Chap. 319.

(3) All spirits referred to in subsection (1) wheresoever they are found, and all horses and vehicles, vessels and other appliances that have been or are being used for the purpose of transporting the spirits so manufactured, imported, removed, disposed of, diverted, or in or upon which the same are found, shall be forfeited to the Crown, and may be seized and detained by any officer and be dealt with accordingly."

7. Subsection (5) of section 174 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(5) Everyone who makes or brews any beer for the use of himself and his family without giving the notice hereby required, and receiving the collector's letter of consent, or after such letter of consent has been revoked, is guilty of an indictable offence.

(2) Every person who is convicted of an offence under Penalty. subsection (1) is liable

(a) for a first offence, to

(i) a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars and not less than one hundred dollars,

(ii) imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for a term not exceeding twelve months and not less than three months, or

(iii) both the fine and the imprisonment, and in default of payment of a fine imposed under subparagraph (i) or (iii), to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months and not less than three months in addition to the imprisonment, if any, imposed under subparagraph (ii) or (iii); and

(b) for every subsequent offence, to both

(i) a fine not exceeding two thousand dollars and not less than five hundred dollars, and

(ii) imprisonment, with hard labour, for a term not exceeding twelve months and not less than six months,

and, in default of payment of the fine, to imprisonment for a further term equal to that imposed under subparagraph (ii)."
canceled or suspended as herein provided, or having so
made or brewed any beer, sells the same to any person, or
disposes thereof to persons other than such members of
his family as reside with him in the same dwelling house,
is guilty of an indictable offence and liable to the penalties
herein provided for the brewing of beer without a licence.”

8. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section
178 of the said Act are repealed and the following substi-
tuted therefor:

“(a) makes or brews any beer or malt liquor except for
the use of himself and his family, as herein provided,
or
(b) has in his possession, whether the owner thereof or
not, any beer or malt liquor which has not been made
or brewed, distributed or disposed of in accordance
with the provisions of this Act,”

9. Subsection (1) of section 184 of the said Act is
repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“184. (1) A licence to carry on the manufacture in bond
of a certain kind or kinds of goods to be mentioned in the
application for such licence in certain premises to be therein
described, may be granted to any person who has com-
plied with the provisions of this Act, if the granting of
such licence has been approved by the district inspector
and such person has, jointly with a guarantee company
approved by the Minister, entered into a bond to Her
Majesty, in such sum as the Minister may determine, but
in no case shall such sum be less than five thousand dollars,
the person obtaining the licence and the guarantee com-
pany both being bound in the full amount of such bond,
and every such licence shall be known as a bonded manu-
facturing licence.”

10. Paragraph (g) of section 218 of the said Act is
repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(g) for the manufacture and sale of Canada twist;”

11. The said Act is further amended by adding thereto,
immediately after section 237 thereof, the following section:

“237A. Everyone who, without having a licence under
this Act or the Excise Tax Act then in force, purchases,
sells, has in possession or uses in the making of cigarettes,
cigarette papers in rolls or on spools or bobbins, or in
lengths greater than twenty inches, is guilty of an indict-
able offence, and is liable on conviction,

5744

(a)
(a) for the first offence, to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, and not less than twenty-five dollars and
(b) for each subsequent offence, to a fine of five hundred dollars,

and all goods subject to excise, found on the premises wherein any such offence is committed, shall be forfeited to the Crown, and shall be seized by any officer and dealt with accordingly.”

12. The Schedule to the said Act is repealed and the New Schedule to this Act is substituted therefor.

SCHEDULE

The following duties of excise shall be imposed, levied and collected:

I. SPIRITS.

1. (1) On every gallon of the strength of proof distilled in Canada, except as hereinafter otherwise provided, twelve dollars, and so in proportion for any greater or less strength than the strength of proof and for any less quantity than a gallon.

(2) Spirits used in any bonded manufactory in the production of goods manufactured in bond are subject to the following duties of excise and no other, that is to say

(a) on every gallon of the strength of proof used in the manufacture of patent and proprietary medicines, extracts, essences and pharmaceutical preparations, one dollar and fifty cents, and so in proportion for any greater or less strength than the strength of proof and for any less quantity than a gallon;

(b) on every gallon of the strength of proof used in the production of such chemical compositions as are from time to time approved by the Governor in Council, fifteen cents, and so in proportion for any greater or less strength than the strength of proof and for any less quantity than a gallon.

(3) Upon spirits sold to any druggist licensed under this Act, and used exclusively in the preparation of prescriptions for medicines and pharmaceutical preparations, the duty of excise shall be, on every gallon of the strength of proof, one dollar and fifty cents, and so in proportion for any greater or less strength than the strength of proof and for any less quantity than a gallon.

(4) Spirits used solely in the manufacture of vinegar by a manufacturer of vinegar licensed under this Act are subject to no duty of excise.

362 5745

R.S., 1952.
(5) Spirits distilled from wine produced from native fruits and used in any bonded manufactory for the treatment of domestic wine are subject to no duty of excise.

(6) Spirits used directly in the manufacture of toilet preparations or cosmetics on which excise tax is applicable under Schedule I of the Excise Tax Act, are subject to no duty of excise.

2. Upon imported spirits when taken into a bonded manufactory, in addition to any of the duties otherwise imposed, upon every gallon of the strength of proof, thirty cents, and so in proportion for any greater or less strength than the strength of proof and for any less quantity than a gallon.

II. CANADIAN BRANDY.

1. On every gallon of the strength of proof, ten dollars, and so in proportion for any greater or less strength than the strength of proof and for any less quantity than a gallon.

III. BEER.

1. Upon all beer or malt liquor brewed in whole or in part from any substance other than malt, per gallon, forty-two cents.

IV. MALT.

1. Upon all malt brought into a brewery subject to such allowance or rebate in respect of waste as may be authorized by the Governor in Council, per pound, twenty-one cents.

V. TOBACCO, CIGARS AND CIGARETTES.

1. Manufactured tobacco of all descriptions except cigarettes, per pound actual weight, thirty-five cents.

2. Cigarettes weighing not more than two and one-half pounds per thousand, six dollars per thousand.

3. Cigarettes weighing more than two and one-half pounds per thousand, eleven dollars per thousand.

4. Cigars, one dollar per thousand.

5. Canadian raw leaf tobacco when sold for consumption, per pound actual weight, twenty cents.
CHAPTER 320.

An Act to amend the Excise Tax Act.

1. All the words preceding paragraph \((a)\) of subsection (1) of section 24 of the *Excise Tax Act*, chapter 100 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"24. (1) There shall be imposed, levied and collected, *furs*, an excise tax equal to fifteen per cent of the current market value of all dressed furs, dyed furs and dressed and dyed furs,"

2. Section 25 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"25. There shall be imposed, levied and collected an *fur content of garments*, etc. excise tax equal to fifteen per cent of the current market value of the fur contained in any garment, robe, or other article imported into Canada, payable by the importer or transferee of such goods before they are removed from the custody of the proper Customs officer."

3. Section 49 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"49. (1) Assignees, administrators, liquidators, executors and other like persons other than trustees in bankruptcy, before distributing any assets under their control, shall obtain a certificate from the Minister certifying that no taxes or penalties, for which provision is made by any Part, other than Part I, chargeable against or payable by any such person or chargeable against or payable in respect of any such assets, remain unpaid.

(2) Distribution without such certificate renders the assignees, administrators, liquidators, executors and other like persons personally liable for the taxes and penalties."

4. Schedules I, II and III to the said Act are repealed and Schedules I, II and III to this Act are respectively substituted therefor.

SCHEDULE

R.S., 1952.
SCHEDULE I.

1. Automobiles adapted or adaptable for passenger use, with seating capacity for not more than ten persons each. fifteen per cent; the tax on automobiles applies on the total price charged for such automobiles, which price shall include all charges for accessories, optional equipment, or any other charges contracted for at the time of sale, whether charged for separately or not; the tax does not apply to automobiles imported under Customs Tariff items 702, 704, 705a, 706, 707 and 708.

2. Articles, materials or preparations of whatever composition or in whatever form, commonly or commercially known as toilet articles, preparations or cosmetics, which are intended for use or application for toilet purposes, or for use in connection with the care of the human body, including the hair, nails, eyes, teeth, or any other part or parts thereof, whether for cleansing, deodorizing, beautifying, preserving or restoring, and including shaving soaps and shaving creams, antiseptics, bleaches, depilatories, perfumes, scents and similar preparations...fifteen per cent.

3. (a) Electrical appliances adapted to household or apartment use, namely: blankets; chafing dishes; coffee makers; curling irons or tongs; dish washers; food or drink mixers; food choppers and grinders; floor waxes and polishers; garbage disposal units; hair dryers; irons and ironers; juice extractors; kettles; portable humidifiers; razors and shavers; toasters of all kinds; vacuum cleaners and attachments therefor; waffle irons.........................fifteen per cent;
(b) Firearms and complete parts thereof and ammunition except for military or police purposes........fifteen per cent;
(c) Motor cycles and all other two- or three-wheeled motor-driven vehicles including motors for attachment to bicycles but not including vehicles specially designed for carrying goods or for use by invalids...fifteen per cent;
(d) Golf clubs and golf balls..............fifteen per cent;
(e) Fishing rods and fishing reels..............fifteen per cent.

4. Devices, commonly or commercially known as lighters, which produce sparks, flame or heat whether or not in combination with other articles on the separate or combined value, as the case may be..........................fifteen per cent.

5. Cameras and unexposed photographic films and plates, except those sold for industrial or professional photographers' use; projectors for pictures except those sold for commercial, religious, or educational purposes.............fifteen per cent.

R.S., 1952.
6. Phonographs, record playing devices, radio broadcast or telecast receiving sets and tubes therefor, apparatus for receiving radio broadcast and music .......................... fifteen per cent.

7. Coin, disc or token operated slot machines and vending machines; coin, disc or token operated games or amusement devices of all kinds .......................... fifteen per cent; the tax does not apply to coin collectors used on pay telephones, turnstiles for collecting tolls or charges, coin operated locking devices, nor gas, electric or parking meters.

8. Trunks; suitcases; bags and luggage of all kinds; purses; wallets; billfolds; key and card cases; handbags; jewel cases; dressing and toilet cases; shopping bags, except paper bags; golf and other sports bags; all the foregoing whether fitted or not fifteen per cent; the tax does not apply to the goods mentioned herein when manufactured expressly for a customer for his use in the operation of his business or profession.

9. Ash trays; tobacco pipes; cigar and cigarette holders; cigarette rolling devices and other smokers' accessories, not including lighters, matches or tobacco .......................... fifteen per cent.

10. Fountain pens; ball-point pens; ink pencils; propelling pencils; desk sets and all other desk accessories ...... fifteen per cent.

11. Cigars ........................................... fifteen per cent.

12. Matches ........................................... fifteen per cent.

13. Tires and Tubes:—

(a) Tires in whole or in part of rubber for self-propelled machines or automotive vehicles of all kinds, including trailers or other wheeled attachments used in connection with any of the said vehicles ...... fifteen per cent;

(b) Inner tubes for use in any such tires ...... fifteen per cent; the tax on the articles enumerated in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section does not apply to the goods mentioned therein when used exclusively for the original equipment of such self-propelled machines or automotive vehicles.

14. (a) Clocks and watches adapted to household or personal use, except railway men's watches, and those specially designed for the use of the blind, and alarm clocks where the sale price by the Canadian manufacturer or the duty paid value of those imported does not exceed ten dollars ......................... fifteen per cent;

(b) Articles of all kinds made in whole or in part of ivory, jet, amber, coral, mother of pearl, natural shells, tortoise shell, jade, onyx, lapis lazuli, or other semi-precious stones ......................... fifteen per cent;
the tax on the articles enumerated in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section does not apply to the goods mentioned therein where the sale price by the Canadian manufacturer, or the duty paid value of the goods imported, does not exceed one dollar;

(c) The following articles, namely:
   (i) articles commonly or commercially known as jewellery, whether real or imitation, including diamonds and other precious or semi-precious stones for personal use or for adornment of the person; goldsmiths' and silversmiths' products except plated table knives, forks and spoons; pewter ware;
   (ii) articles of cut glass ware, crystal glassware, cut or not, etched glassware, or metal decorated glassware;
   (iii) articles of china, porcelain, earthenware, marble, stoneware, or other pottery ware, except articles for use in the preparation or serving of food or drink, or except where they are sold or imported for use exclusively in the manufacture of electric lamps.........................fifteen per cent;

the tax on the articles enumerated in this paragraph (c) does not apply to the goods mentioned therein where the sale price by the Canadian manufacturer, or the duty paid value of the goods imported, does not exceed fifty cents.

15. Carbonated beverages, aerated waters, unfermented fruit juice beverages (not including beverages at least ninety-five per cent of which consists of pure juice of the fruit) and imitations thereof and all other compounded or mixed soft drinks and all mixtures or products advertised or sold for making soft drink beverages or imitations thereof, whether sold in liquid, concentrated or in dry form except where the mixture or product is advertised or sold for making soft drink beverages or imitations thereof for sale..........................fifteen per cent.

16. Candy, chocolate, chewing gum and confectionery that may be classed as candy or a substitute for candy....fifteen per cent.

SCHEDULE II.

1. Carbonic acid gas and similar preparations to be used for aerating non-alcoholic beverages....twenty-five cents per pound.

2. Cigarettes, manufactured tobacco and Canadian raw leaf tobacco:
   (a) For each five cigarettes or fraction of five cigarettes contained in any package.........................two cents;
   (b) Manufactured tobacco, including snuff, but not including cigars and cigarettes........eighty cents per lb.;
   (c) Canadian raw leaf tobacco when sold for consumption in Canada.........................eight cents per lb.

R.S., 1952.
SCHEDULE III.

FOODSTUFFS.

Barley; Bread; Butter; Cheese; Cream; Eggs, Egg albumen and Egg yolks; Glucose; Honey; Ice; Lactose; Lard; Rice; Salt; Soups; Split Peas; Sugar; Yeast; Yogurt;
Bakers’ cakes and pies including biscuits, cookies or other similar articles;
Cereal breakfast foods not including beverages;
Cooking oil and salad oils, not including mayonnaise or salad dressing;
Drinks prepared from milk or eggs;
Fish and edible products thereof;
Flour including pastry, cake, biscuit, and similar mixes;
Foods prepared and sold exclusively for feeding infants;
Fruit, fresh, canned, frozen, preserved, dried or evaporated;
Grain grits and meals;
Ice cream;
Jams, jellies, marmalades, and preserves;
Malt syrup, except when sold for beverage purposes;
Maple syrup; corn syrup; table syrups, molasses, and materials to be used exclusively in the manufacture thereof;
Meats and poultry, fresh, cooked, canned, frozen, smoked or dried;
Milk, including buttermilk, condensed milk, evaporated milk, and powdered milk;
Peanut Butter and Shortening and materials for use exclusively in the manufacture thereof;
Prepared whipping cream;
Spaghetti, macaroni, and vermicelli;
Vegetables, fresh, canned, frozen or dehydrated, not including pickles, relishes, catsup, sauces, olives, horseradish, mustard, and similar goods;
Vegetable juices; fruit juices which consist of at least ninety-five per cent of pure juice of the fruit;

FARM AND FOREST.

Bees; Casein; Fertilizer; Hay; Hops; Shorts; Straw;
Alfalfa meal;
Animals, living;
Baling twine or baling wire for baling farm produce, and articles and materials to be used or consumed exclusively in process of manufacture thereof;
Beet pulp, dried;
Drain tiles for agricultural purposes;
Farm produce sold by the individual farmer of his own production, not to include flowers, flowering plants or bulbs, when the sales thereof exceed five hundred dollars per annum;

5751

Feeds
R.S., 1952.
Feeds for fur-bearing animals whose pelts have commercial value;
Forest products when produced and sold by the individual settler or farmer;
Furs, raw;
Gopher poison, and materials for use exclusively in its manufacture;
Grain or seed cleaning machines and complete parts therefor;
Grains and seeds in their natural state;
Harness for horses and complete parts therefor, and articles and materials to be used exclusively in the manufacture thereof;
Hides, raw and salted;
Logs and round unmanufactured timber;
Milk albumen, when for use exclusively in the production of animal or poultry feeds;
Nursery stock;
Oil cake, oil cake meal;
Peat moss when used for agricultural purposes, including poultry litter;
Poultry, cattle and other stock feeds;
Poultry, living;
Preparations or chemicals sold for disinfecting, dipping or spraying and so used in agriculture or horticulture, and materials for use exclusively in the manufacture of such preparations;
Sap spouts and sap buckets, evaporators and complete parts therefor, when for use exclusively for the production of maple syrup;
Sawdust and wood shavings;
Settlers' effects;
Steel pens and complete parts thereof for farm animals, and articles and materials for use exclusively in the manufacture thereof;
Vegetable plants;
Wool not further prepared than washed;
Woollen rolls or wool yarn milled for a producer of wool from wool supplied by him for his own use;

ENGINES.

Internal combustion traction engines, and portable engines with boilers in combination, for farm purposes, or for use exclusively in the operation of logging, such operation to include the removal of the log from stump to skidway, log dump or common or other carrier, and accessories and complete parts of all the foregoing, and articles and materials, not to include plant equipment, to be used or consumed exclusively in the manufacture of the foregoing engines, boilers or parts thereof;

R.S., 1952.
Sch. III.  

Excise Tax Act.  

Chap. 320.  

MINES AND QUARRIES.

Crushed stone or crushed gravel;
Gold and silver in ingots, blocks, bars, drops, sheets or plates unmanufactured;
Ores of all kinds;
Sand, gravel, rubble, and field stone;

MARINE AND FISHERIES.

Boats *bona fide* purchased by fishermen for use in the fisheries, and articles and materials to be used exclusively in the manufacture, equipment or repair of such boats;
Carrageen or Irish Moss;
Cotton duck and cotton sail twine to be used only in the manufacture of equipment for ships or vessels;
Rope and cordage of cotton, hemp, manila or other vegetable fibre, not exceeding one and one-half inches in circumference, for the fisheries, not including these articles for sportsmen’s purposes, and materials for use only in the manufacture thereof;
Preservatives for use exclusively for treating fishing nets, ropes and lines;
Materials for use only in the construction, equipment and repair of ships;
Materials used as ingredients in canned fish;
Ships licensed to engage in the Canadian coasting trade;
Sinkers, and floats including trawl kegs, when for use exclusively in the fisheries, not including these articles for sportsmen’s purposes;

RELIGIOUS, CHARITABLE, HEALTH, ETC.

Adrenocorticotrophin (ACTH); Cortisone; Insulin; Radium;
Articles and materials for the sole use of any *bona fide* public hospital certified to be such by the Department of National Health and Welfare, when purchased in good faith for use exclusively by the said hospital and not for resale;
Artificial eyes;
Bibles, missals, prayer books, psalm and hymn books, religious tracts, Sunday School lesson pictures, books, bound and unbound, pamphlets, booklets, leaflets, scripture, prayer, hymn and mass cards and religious mottoes and pictures unframed, for the promotion of religion, and materials to be used exclusively in the manufacture thereof, but not including calendars, parish reports, forms, stationery or programmes;
Donations of clothing and books for charitable purposes;
Liver extract for use exclusively in the treatment of anaemia;
Memorials or monuments erected in memory of members of the Armed Forces who lost their lives in the service of their country;
War Veterans’ badges;
PRINTING AND EDUCATIONAL.

Manuscript; Newspapers;
Books for the instruction of the deaf or dumb;
Magazines and literary papers unbound, regularly issued at stated intervals, not less frequently than four times yearly, and printing paper and printing ink for use exclusively in their production;
Photographs, paintings, pastels, drawings and other art work and illustrations of all kinds, whether originals, copies or proofs, and printing plates made to reproduce the same, for use exclusively as non-advertising news pictures or for illustrating non-advertising articles or stories in periodical publications enjoying second-class mailing privileges, the pages of which are regularly bound, wire stitched or otherwise fastened together;
Text books, printed, authorized by the Department of Education of any province in Canada and phonograph records so authorized for instruction in the English and the French language, and materials used exclusively in the manufacture thereof;

DIPLOMATIC.

Articles for the use of the Governor General;
Articles imported for the personal or official use of the Heads of Diplomatic Missions, High Commissioners representing other of Her Majesty's Governments, Counsellors, Secretaries and Attaches at Embassies, Legations, and offices of High Commissioners in Canada, Trade Commissioners, representing other of Her Majesty's Governments, Consuls General of Foreign Nations who are natives or citizens of the countries they represent and who are not engaged in any other business or profession; automobiles, cigars, cigarettes, manufactured tobacco, ale, beer, stout, wines, spirits, purchased in Canada by any of the foregoing;

CERTAIN BUILDING MATERIALS.

Bricks; building tile, building blocks and building stone;
Plaster; lime; cement;
Lumber; sash; doors; shingles; lath; siding; stairways;
Plaster boards, fibreboard, building paper and materials, other than wall paper, manufactured wholly or in part of vegetable or mineral fibre for wall coverings or building insulation;
Paints, varnishes, white lead and paint oil;
Prepared roofings;
Shower baths, bath tubs, basins, faucets, closets, lavatories, sinks and laundry tubs, not including repair parts therefor, nor pipes and pipe fittings;
Cast iron soil pipe and cast iron fittings therefor;
Glass for buildings;

R.S., 1952.
Furnaces, hot water and steam radiators not to include fittings, for the heating of buildings;
   Locks and lock sets;
   Structural steel to be used exclusively for the frame work and support of buildings;
   Articles and materials to be used exclusively in the manufacture or production of the aforementioned building materials;

**COVERINGS.**

Usual coverings to be used exclusively for covering goods not subject to the consumption or sales tax and materials to be used exclusively in the manufacture of such coverings;

**FIRE BRICK, REFRACTORIES, ETC.**

Fire brick, plastic refractories, high temperature cement, fire clay and other refractory materials for use exclusively in the construction or repair of a furnace, kiln or other equipment of a manufacturing establishment, and materials to be used or consumed exclusively in the manufacture of such fire brick or refractory materials;

**PROCESSING MATERIALS.**

Clays and earth for use exclusively as filtering materials in the refining of petroleum oils;
   Materials (not including lubricating oils) consumed, otherwise than by waste or wear, in the process of manufacture or production of taxable goods;

**MACHINERY AND APPARATUS TO BE USED IN MANUFACTURE OR PRODUCTION.**

Machinery and apparatus, as defined by the Minister of National Revenue, and complete parts thereof which, in the opinion of the Minister are to be used directly in the process of manufacture or production of goods; this exemption does not apply to office equipment or motor vehicles, except diesel powered self-propelled trucks, mounted on rubber tired wheels, for off-highway use exclusively at mines or quarries, and complete parts thereof;

**MISCELLANEOUS.**

Articles and materials purchased or imported by a government of a country designated by the Governor in Council under Customs Tariff item 708, or purchased or imported by a Canadian government agency on behalf of such a government, for the construction, maintenance or operation of military or defence establishments in Canada and not intended for resale, gift or other disposition except as may be authorized by the Minister of National Revenue;
   British and Canadian coins and foreign gold coin;
   Electricity;

363½  5755  Fuel

R.S., 1952.
Fuel for lighting or heating, but not including fuel when for use in internal combustion engines; crude oil to be used in the production of fuel;

Natural gas and gas manufactured from coal, calcium carbide or oil for illuminating or heating purposes;

Tires and tubes for use exclusively on the machinery enumerated in *Customs Tariff* item 411a;

**GOODS ENUMERATED IN CUSTOMS TARIFF ITEMS.**

173, 209b, 352a, 364, 406, 409, 409a, 409b, 409c, 409d, 409e, 409f, 409g, 409h, 409i, and complete parts thereof, 409j, 409k, 409q, 411a, 437, 439c, 440k, 460, 476, 476a, 476b, 478, 480, 480a, 538, 663b, 666, 667, 682, 692, 692b, 693(i), 695a, 695b, 696, 696a, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 708, 786, 848;

Articles and materials which enter into the cost of manufacture of the goods enumerated in tariff items 409, 409a, 409b, 409c, 409d, 409e, 409f, 409g, 409j, 409k, 409o and 439c, when imported by manufacturers for use exclusively in the manufacture in their own factories of the goods enumerated in the aforesaid tariff items, under regulations prescribed by the Minister;

Articles and materials to be used exclusively in the manufacture of goods enumerated in *Customs Tariff* items 173, 406, 409, 409a, 409b, 409c, 409d, 409e, 409f, 409g, 409h, 409i, 409j, 409k, 409q, 410b, 411, 411a, 411b, 439c, 440k, 476, 476a, 480, 480a, 538, 663, 663a, 663b, 666, 667, 696, 848;

Materials not to include plant equipment consumed in process of manufacture or production, which enter directly into the cost of goods enumerated in *Customs Tariff* items 406, 409, 409a, 409b, 409c, 409d, 409e, 409f, 409g, 409h, 409i, 409j, 409k, 409q, 410b, 411, 411a, 411b, 439c, 440k, 476, 476a, 480, 480a, 538, 663, 663a, 666, 667, 696.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., Q.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN’S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952
CHAPTER 321.

An Act to amend the Export and Import Permits Act.

1. (1) Paragraph (a) of section 14 of the Export and Import Permits Act, chapter 104 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(a) may be prosecuted under the provisions of the Criminal Code relating to summary convictions and if convicted is liable to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months or to both fine and imprisonment, or”

(2) The said section 14 is further amended by adding thereto the following subsection:

“(2) A prosecution under paragraph (a) of subsection (1) may be instituted at any time within twelve months from the time when the subject matter of the prosecution arose.”

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

5757

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 322.

An Act respecting the Extradition of Fugitive Criminals.

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the Extradition Act. R.S., Short title. c. 37, s. 1.

INTERPRETATION.

2. In this Act, Definitions.

(a) "conviction" or "convicted" does not include the case of a condemnation under foreign law by reason of contumacy; but "accused person" includes a person so condemned;

(b) "extradition arrangement" or "arrangement" means a treaty, convention or arrangement made by Her Majesty with a foreign state for the surrender of fugitive criminals that extends to Canada;

(c) "extradition crime" may mean any crime that, if committed in Canada, or within Canadian jurisdiction, would be one of the crimes described in the First Schedule; and, in the application of this Act to the case of any extradition arrangement, "extradition crime" means any crime described in such arrangement, whether or not it is comprised in the said Schedule;

(d) "foreign state" includes every colony, dependency and constituent part of the foreign state; and every vessel of a foreign state is deemed to be within the jurisdiction of and to be part of the state;

(e) "fugitive" or "fugitive criminal" means a person being or suspected of being in Canada, who is accused or convicted of an extradition crime committed within the jurisdiction of a foreign state;

(f) "judge" includes any person authorized to act judicially in extradition matters;

(g) "warrant", in the case of a foreign state, includes any judicial document authorizing the arrest of a person accused or convicted of crime. R.S., c. 37, s. 2.
PART I.

EXTRADITION UNDER TREATY.

Application of Part.

3. In the case of any foreign state with which there is an extradition arrangement, this Part applies during the continuance of such arrangement; but no provision of this Part that is inconsistent with any of the terms of the arrangement has effect to contravene the arrangement; and this Part shall be so read and construed as to provide for the execution of the arrangement. R.S., c. 37, s. 3.

4. In the case of any foreign state with respect to which the application to the United Kingdom of the Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom, passed in the year 1870, and intituled An Act for amending the Law relating to the Extradition of Criminals, and any Act or Acts amending the same, is made subject to any limitation, condition, qualification or exception, the Governor in Council shall make the application of this Part, subject to such limitation, condition, qualification or exception. R.S., c. 37, s. 4.

5. The Governor in Council may, at any time, revoke or alter, subject to the restrictions of this Part, any order made by him in council under this Part, and all the provisions of this Part with respect to the original order, so far as applicable, apply mutatis mutandis to the new order. R.S., c. 37, s. 5.

6. This Part, so far as its application in the case of any foreign state, depends on or is affected by any order in council, made under this Part or referred to therein, shall apply, or its application shall be affected from and after the time specified in the order, or, if no time is specified, after the date of the publication of the order in the Canada Gazette. R.S., c. 37, s. 6.

7. Any order of Her Majesty in Council, referred to in this Part, and any order of the Governor in Council made under this Part, and any extradition arrangement shall be, as soon as possible, published in the Canada Gazette and laid before both Houses of Parliament. R.S., c. 37, s. 7.

8. The publication in the Canada Gazette of an extradition arrangement or an order in council is evidence of the arrangement or order, and of the terms thereof, and

R.S., 1952.
Part I. \textit{Extradition.} Chap. 322.

of the application of this Part, pursuant and subject thereto; and the court or judge shall take judicial notice, without proof, of such arrangement or order, and the validity of the order and the application of this Part, pursuant and subject thereto, shall not be questioned. R.S., c. 37, s. 8.

\textit{Judges and Commissioners.}

\textbf{9.} (1) All judges of the superior courts and of the county courts of a province, and all commissioners who are, from time to time, appointed for the purpose, in a province by the Governor in Council, under the Great Seal of Canada, by virtue of this Part, are authorized to act judicially in extradition matters under this Part, within the province; and every such person has, for the purposes of this Part, all the powers and jurisdiction of any judge or magistrate of the province.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to confer on any judge any jurisdiction in \textit{habeas corpus} matters. R.S., c. 37, s. 9.

\textit{Extradition from Canada.}

\textbf{10.} (1) Whenever this Part applies, a judge may issue his warrant for the apprehension of a fugitive on a foreign warrant of arrest, or an information or complaint laid before him, and on such evidence or after such proceedings as in his opinion would, subject to this Part, justify the issue of his warrant if the crime of which the fugitive is accused, or of which he is alleged to have been convicted, had been committed in Canada.

(2) The judge shall forthwith send a report of the fact of the issue of the warrant, together with certified copies of the evidence and foreign warrant, information or complaint, to the Minister of Justice. R.S., c. 37, s. 10.

\textbf{11.} A warrant issued under this Part may be executed in any part of Canada in the same manner as if it had been originally issued, or subsequently endorsed, by a justice of the peace having jurisdiction in the place where it is executed. R.S., c. 37, s. 11.

\textbf{12.} Every fugitive criminal of a foreign state, to which this Part applies, is liable to be apprehended, committed and surrendered in the manner provided in this Part, whether the crime or conviction, in respect of which the surrender is sought, was committed or took place before or after the date of the arrangement, or before or after the time when this Part is made to apply to such state, and whether R.S., 1952.
whether there is or is not any criminal jurisdiction in any court of Her Majesty's dominions over the fugitive in respect of the crime. R.S., c. 37, s. 12.

13. The fugitive shall be brought before a judge, who shall, subject to this Part, hear the case, in the same manner, as nearly as may be, as if the fugitive was brought before a justice of the peace, charged with an indictable offence committed in Canada. R.S., c. 37, s. 13.

14. The judge shall receive upon oath, or affirmation, if affirmation is allowed by law, the evidence of any witness tendered to show the truth of the charge or the fact of the conviction. R.S., c. 37, s. 14.

15. The judge shall receive, in like manner, any evidence tendered to show that the crime of which the fugitive is accused or alleged to have been convicted is an offence of a political character, or is, for any other reason, not an extradition crime, or that the proceedings are being taken with a view to prosecute or punish him for an offence of a political character. R.S., c. 37, s. 15.

16. Depositions or statements taken in a foreign state on oath, or on affirmation, where affirmation is allowed by the law of the state, and copies of such depositions or statements and foreign certificates of, or judicial documents stating the fact of conviction, may, if duly authenticated, be received in evidence in proceedings under this Part. R.S., c. 37, s. 16.

17. The papers referred to in section 16 shall be deemed duly authenticated if authenticated in manner provided, for the time being, by law, or if

(a) the warrant purports to be signed by, or the certificate purports to be certified by, or the depositions or statements, or the copies thereof, purport to be certified to be the originals or true copies, by a judge, magistrate or officer of the foreign state; and

(b) the papers are authenticated by the oath or affirmation of some witness, or by being sealed with the official seal of the Minister of Justice, or some other minister of the foreign state, or of a colony, dependency or constituent part of the foreign state, of which seal the judge shall take judicial notice without proof. R.S., c. 37, s. 17.
18. (1) The judge shall issue his warrant for the committal of the fugitive to the nearest convenient prison, there to remain until surrendered to the foreign state, or discharged according to law,
  
  (a) in the case of a fugitive alleged to have been convicted of an extradition crime, if such evidence is produced as would, according to the law of Canada, subject to this Part, prove that he was so convicted, and
  
  (b) in the case of a fugitive accused of an extradition crime, if such evidence is produced as would, according to the law of Canada, subject to this Part, justify his committal for trial, if the crime had been committed in Canada.

(2) If such evidence is not produced, the judge shall order him to be discharged. R.S., c. 37, s. 18.

19. Where the judge commits a fugitive to prison, he shall, on such committal,
  
  (a) inform him that he will not be surrendered until after the expiration of fifteen days, and that he has a right to apply for a writ of habeas corpus, and
  
  (b) transmit to the Minister of Justice a certificate of the committal, with a copy of all the evidence taken before him not already so transmitted, and such report upon the case as he thinks fit. R.S., c. 37, s. 19.

20. (1) A requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal of a foreign state who is, or is suspected to be, in Canada, may be made to the Minister of Justice
  
  (a) by any person recognized by him as a consular officer of that state resident at Ottawa, or
  
  (b) by any minister of that state communicating with the Minister of Justice through the diplomatic representative of Her Majesty in that state.

(2) If neither of these modes is convenient, then the requisition shall be made in such other mode as is settled by arrangement. R.S., c. 37, s. 20.

21. No fugitive is liable to surrender under this Part if it appears
  
  (a) that the offence in respect of which proceedings are taken under this Act is one of a political character, or
  
  (b) that such proceedings are being taken with a view to prosecute or punish him for an offence of a political character. R.S., c. 37, s. 21.

22. R.S., 1952.

5763
22. Where the Minister of Justice at any time determines
(a) that the offence in respect of which proceedings are
being taken under this Part is one of a political char-
acter,
(b) that the proceedings are, in fact, being taken with a
view to try or punish the fugitive for an offence of
a political character, or
(c) that the foreign state does not intend to make a
requisition for surrender,
he may refuse to make an order for surrender, and may, by
order under his hand and seal, cancel any order made by
him, or any warrant issued by a judge under this Part, and
order the fugitive to be discharged out of custody on any
committal made under this Part; and the fugitive shall be
discharged accordingly. R.S., c. 37, s. 22.

23. A fugitive shall not be surrendered until after the
expiration of fifteen days from the date of his committal for
surrender, or, if a writ of habeas corpus is issued, until after
the decision of the court remanding him. R.S., c. 37, s. 23.

24. A fugitive who has been accused of an offence within
Canadian jurisdiction, not being the offence for which his
surrender is asked, or who is undergoing sentence under a
conviction in Canada, shall not be surrendered until after
he has been discharged, whether by acquittal or by expira-
tion of his sentence, or otherwise. R.S., c. 37, s. 24.

25. Subject to this Part, the Minister of Justice, upon
the requisition of the foreign state, may, under his hand
and seal, order a fugitive who has been committed for sur-
render to be surrendered to the person or persons who are,
in his opinion, duly authorized to receive him in the name
and on behalf of the foreign state, and he shall be so sur-
rendered accordingly. R.S., c. 37, s. 25.

26. Any person to whom an order of the Minister of
Justice made under section 25 is directed may deliver, and
the person thereto authorized by such order may receive,
hold in custody, and convey the fugitive within the jurisdic-
tion of the foreign state, and if he escapes out of any
custody to which he is delivered, on or in pursuance of such
order, he may be retaken in the same manner as any person
accused or convicted of any crime against the laws of Can-
ada may be retaken on an escape. R.S., c. 37, s. 26.

R.S., 1952.
27. Everything found in the possession of the fugitive at the time of his arrest, which may be material as evidence in making proof of the crime, may be delivered up with the fugitive on his surrender, subject to all rights of third persons with regard thereto. R.S., c. 37, s. 27.

28. Where a fugitive is not surrendered and conveyed out of Canada within two months after his committal for surrender, or, if a writ of habeas corpus is issued, within two months after the decision of the court on such writ, over and above, in either case, the time required to convey him from the prison to which he has been committed, by the readiest way out of Canada, any one or more of the judges of the superior courts of the province in which such person is confined, having power to grant a writ of habeas corpus, may, upon application made to him or them by or on behalf of the fugitive, and on proof that reasonable notice of the intention to make such application has been given to the Minister of Justice, order the fugitive to be discharged out of custody, unless sufficient cause is shown against such discharge. R.S., c. 37, s. 28.

29. The Forms set forth in the Second Schedule, or forms as near thereto as circumstances admit of, may be used in the matters to which such Forms refer, and, when used, shall be deemed valid. R.S., c. 37, s. 29.

Extradition from a Foreign State.

30. (1) A requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal from Canada, who is or is suspected to be in any foreign state with which there is an extradition arrangement, may be made by the Minister of Justice

(a) to a consular officer of that state resident at Ottawa, or

(b) to the Minister of Justice or any other minister of that state, through the diplomatic representative of Her Majesty in that state.

(2) If neither of these modes is convenient, the requisition shall be made in such other mode as is settled by arrangement. R.S., c. 37, s. 30.

31. (1) Whenever, for the purposes of this Act, it becomes necessary or expedient to secure evidence by depositions taken in Canada to be used in a foreign state, any justice of the peace, or any person having authority to issue a warrant for the apprehension of persons accused of offences

R.S., 1952.
Part I.

Chap. 322. Extradition. Part I.

offences and to commit such persons for trial, may take
depositions in the absence of a person accused of an extra-
dition crime in like manner as he might take the deposi-
tions if the accused person were present and charged before
him with such extradition crime.

(2) Such justice of the peace or person having authority
as aforesaid may, by subpœna or order, command the at-
tendance at the time and place therein mentioned, of any
person or witness for the purpose of being examined as to
any extradition crime charged under this Act, and may re-
quire the production of any writings or other documents
relating to the charge that are in the possession or power of
such person or witness.

(3) Upon the service upon a person or witness of a sub-
pœna or order referred to in subsection (2), and upon pay-
ment or tender of the like conduct money as is properly
payable upon attendance at the trial of an indictable
offence in a superior court, the subpœna or order may be
enforced in like manner as a subpœna or order issued by
such superior court. R.S., c. 37, s. 31.

32. Any person accused or convicted of an extradition
crime, who is surrendered by a foreign state, may, under
the warrant for his surrender issued in such foreign state,
be brought into Canada and delivered to the proper author-
ities, to be dealt with according to law. R.S., c. 37, s. 32.

33. Where any person accused or convicted of an extra-
dition crime is surrendered by a foreign state, in pursuance
of any extradition arrangement, he is not, until after he has
been restored or has had an opportunity of returning to the
foreign state within the meaning of the arrangement, sub-
ject, in contravention of any of the terms of the arrange-
ment, to a prosecution or punishment in Canada for any
other offence committed prior to his surrender, for which
he should not, under the arrangement, be prosecuted. R.S.,
c. 37, s. 33.

List of Crimes.

34. The list of crimes in the First Schedule shall be con-
strued according to the law existing in Canada at the date
of the alleged crime, whether by common law or by statute
made before or after the passing of this Act, and as including
only such crimes, of the descriptions comprised in the list,
as are, under that law, indictable offences. R.S., c. 37, s. 34.

R.S., 1952.
PART II.

EXTRADITION IRRESPECTIVE OF TREATY.

35. (1) This Part shall not come into force, with respect to fugitive offenders from any foreign state, until it has been declared by proclamation of the Governor General to be in force and effect as regards such foreign state, from and after a day to be named in the proclamation.

(2) Where by proclamation the Governor General declares this Part to be no longer in operation as regards any foreign state, the provisions thereof shall cease to have any force or effect with respect to fugitive offenders from such state from and after a day to be named in such proclamation. R.S., c. 37, s. 35.

36. This Part applies to any crime, mentioned in the Third Schedule, that is committed after the coming into force of this Part, as regards any foreign state to which this Part has by proclamation been declared to apply. R.S., c. 37, s. 36.

37. (1) Where no extradition arrangement exists between Her Majesty and a foreign state, or where an extradition arrangement, extending to Canada, exists between Her Majesty and a foreign state, but does not include the crimes mentioned in the Third Schedule, it is nevertheless lawful for the Minister of Justice to issue his warrant for the surrender to such foreign state of any fugitive offender from that foreign state charged with or convicted of any of the crimes mentioned in the Third Schedule.

(2) The arrest, committal, detention, surrender and conveyance out of Canada of a fugitive offender referred to in subsection (1) is governed by the provisions of Part I, and all the provisions of the said Part apply to all steps and proceedings in relation to such arrest, committal, detention, surrender and conveyance out of Canada in the same manner and to the same extent as they would apply if the said crimes were included and specified in an extradition arrangement between Her Majesty and the foreign state, extending to Canada. R.S., c. 37, s. 37.

38. All expenses connected with the arrest, committal, detention, surrender and conveyance out of Canada of any fugitive offender under this Part shall be borne by the foreign state applying for the surrender of such fugitive offender. R.S., c. 37, s. 38.

10 Sch.

Chap. 322. Extradition. Sch.

39. The list of crimes in the Third Schedule shall be construed according to the law existing in Canada at the date of the commission of the alleged crime, whether by common law or by statute, and as including only such crimes, as of the description comprised in the list, as are, under that law, indictable offences. R.S., c. 37, s. 39.

40. No warrant shall issue under this Part for the extradition of any person to any state or country in which by the law in force in such state or country such person may be tried after such extradition for any other offence than that for which he has been extradited, unless an assurance has first been given by the executive authority of the state or country that the person whose extradition has been claimed will not be tried for any other offence than that in respect of which the extradition has been claimed. R.S., c. 37, s. 40.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

List of Crimes.

1. Murder, or attempt or conspiracy to murder;
2. Manslaughter;
3. Counterfeiting or altering money, and uttering counterfeit or altered money;
4. Forgery, counterfeiting or altering, or uttering what is forged, counterfeited or altered;
5. Larceny or theft;
6. Embezzlement;
7. Obtaining money or goods, or valuable securities, by false pretenses;
8. Crimes against bankruptcy or insolvency law;
9. Fraud by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee, or by a director or member or officer of any company, which fraud is made criminal by any Act for the time being in force;
10. Rape;
11. Abduction;
12. Child stealing;
13. Kidnapping;
14. False imprisonment;
15. Burglary, house-breaking or shop-breaking;
16. Arson;
17. Robbery;

R.S., 1952.
18. Threats, by letter or otherwise, with intent to extort;
19. Perjury or subornation of perjury;
20. Piracy by municipal law or law of nations, committed on board of or against a vessel of a foreign state;
21. Criminal scuttling or destroying a vessel of a foreign state at sea, whether on the high seas or on the Great Lakes of North America, or attempting or conspiring to do so;
22. Assault on board a vessel of a foreign state at sea, whether on the high seas or on the Great Lakes of North America, with intent to destroy life or to do grievous bodily harm;
23. Revolt, or conspiracy to revolt, by two or more persons on board a vessel of a foreign state at sea, whether on the high seas or on the Great Lakes of North America, against the authority of the master;
24. Any offence under
(a) Part VI of the Criminal Code, chapter 36 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1927, except sections 308 to 312 inclusive, and sections 317 to 334 inclusive;
(b) Part VII of the Criminal Code, except sections 408 and 409, 416 to 418 inclusive, 429 to 444 inclusive, 486 to 503 inclusive, and section 505;
(c) Part VIII of the Criminal Code, except sections 516, 519, 524, 527, 529 and 538, and sections 542 to 545 inclusive; and
(d) Part IX of the Criminal Code;
and that are not included in any foregoing portion of this Schedule;
25. Any offence that is, in the case of the principal offender, included in any foregoing portion of this Schedule, and for which the fugitive criminal, though not the principal, is liable to be tried or punished as if he were the principal. R.S., c. 37, Sch. 1.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

FORM ONE.

Form of Warrant of Apprehension.

[Signature];

To all and each of the constables of

Whereas it has been shown to the undersigned, a judge under the Extradition Act, that

[Name] is accused (or convicted) of the

crime of within the jurisdiction of

5769

This

R.S., 1952.
This is therefore to command you, in Her Majesty's name, forthwith to apprehend the said and to bring him before me, or some other judge under the said Act, to be further dealt with according to law; for which this shall be your warrant.

Given under my hand and seal at this day of A.D.

FORM TWO.

Form of Warrant of Committal.

To wit:

To one of the constables of and to the keeper of the at

Be it remembered that on this day of in the year at is brought before me a judge under the Extradition Act, who has been apprehended under the said Act, to be dealt with according to law; and forasmuch as I have determined that he should be surrendered in pursuance of the said Act, on the ground of his being accused (or convicted) of the crime of within the jurisdiction of

This is therefore to command you the said constable, in Her Majesty's name, forthwith to convey and deliver the said into the custody of the keeper of the at and you, the said keeper to receive the said into your custody, and him there safely to keep until he is thence delivered pursuant to the provisions of the said Act, for which this shall be your warrant.

Given under my hand and seal at this day of A.D.

FORM THREE.

Form of Order of Minister of Justice for Surrender.

To the keeper of the at and to

Whereas late of accused (or convicted) of the crime of within the jurisdiction of was delivered into the custody of you, the keeper of the

R.S., 1952.
at

pursuant to the Extradition Act.

Now I do hereby, in pursuance of the said Act, order you, the said keeper, to deliver the said

into the custody of the said

; and I command you, the

said

to receive the said

into your custody, and to convey him within the jurisdiction of the said

and there place him in the custody of any person or persons (or of

) appointed by the said

to receive him; for which this shall be your warrant.

Given under the hand and seal of the undersigned Minister of Justice of Canada, this day of

A.D.

R.S., c. 37, Sch. 2.

THIRD SCHEDULE.

1. Murder, or attempt or conspiracy to murder;
2. Manslaughter;
3. Counterfeiting or altering money and uttering counterfeit or altered money;
4. Forgery, counterfeiting or altering, or uttering what is forged, counterfeited or altered;
5. Larceny or theft;
6. Embezzlement;
7. Obtaining money or goods or valuable securities by false pretenses;
8. Rape;
9. Abduction; indecent assault;
10. Child stealing;
11. Kidnapping;
12. Burglary, house breaking or shop breaking;
13. Arson;
14. Robbery;
15. Fraud committed by a bailee, banker, agent, factor, trustee or member or public officer of any company or municipal corporation, made criminal by any law for the time being in force;
16. Any malicious act done with intent to endanger persons in a railway train;

5771

17.

R.S., 1952.
17. Piracy by municipal law or law of nations, committed on board of or against a vessel of a foreign state;

18. Criminal scuttling or destroying a vessel of a foreign state at sea, whether on the high seas or on the Great Lakes of North America, or attempting or conspiring to do so;

19. Assault on board a vessel of a foreign state at sea, whether on the high seas or on the Great Lakes of North America, with intent to destroy life or to do grievous bodily harm;

20. Revolt, or conspiracy to revolt, by two or more persons, on board a vessel of a foreign state at sea, whether on the high seas or on the Great Lakes of North America, against the authority of the master;

21. Administering drugs or using instruments with intent to procure the miscarriage of a woman;

22. Any offence that is, in the case of the principal offender, included in any foregoing portion of this Schedule, and for which the fugitive criminal, though not the principal, is liable to be tried or punished as if he were the principal. R.S., c. 37, Sch. 3.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 323.

An Act to amend the Government Employees Compensation Act.

1. Section 7 of the Government Employees Compensation Act, chapter 134 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"7. The Governor in Council may make regulations prescribing the conditions under which compensation is to be payable, the amount of compensation payable and the manner in which the compensation is to be determined, in respect of any employee who is disabled or whose death is caused by reason of any disease that is not an industrial disease but is due to the nature of his employment and peculiar to or characteristic of the particular process, trade or occupation in which he was employed at the time the disease was contracted, and compensation shall be awarded to such employee or to the dependents of such deceased employee in accordance with the regulations."

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 324.

An Act for the Control of Traffic on Government Property.

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the Government Property Traffic Act.

2. (1) The Governor in Council may make regulations for the control of traffic upon any lands belonging to or occupied by Her Majesty in right of Canada, and in particular, but without restricting the generality of the foregoing, may make regulations:
   (a) regulating the speed and parking of vehicles and prescribing routes of travel;
   (b) respecting one-way traffic, obstruction of traffic, and pedestrian traffic;
   (c) for directing traffic and erecting signs;
   (d) prohibiting traffic by such vehicles at such times, in such places and in such circumstances as may be prescribed in the regulations;
   (e) prohibiting unnecessary noise in the vicinity of buildings;
   (f) authorizing officers to enforce the regulations; and
   (g) prescribing a fine not exceeding fifty dollars or a term of imprisonment not exceeding two months, or both fine and a term of imprisonment, to be imposed upon summary conviction as a penalty for violation of any regulation.

(2) The Governor in Council may classify vehicles according to dimensions, design, use, weight, kind or otherwise, and may make regulations under subsection (1) with respect to any or all such class or classes.

3. (1) Where a vehicle is operated or parked in contravention of any regulation, the owner of the vehicle is liable to the penalties prescribed by the regulations for such contravention.

R.S., 1952.
contravention, unless at the time of such contravention the vehicle was not operated or parked, as the case may be, by the owner or by any other person with the owner's consent, express or implied.

(2) Nothing in this section relieves a person who operates or parks a vehicle in contravention of a regulation from the penalty prescribed for such contravention.

Evidence.

4. In any prosecution for a violation of a regulation, a certificate stating that Her Majesty in right of Canada is the owner or occupant of the lands described therein and purporting to be signed by

(a) the Minister of Public Works or his Deputy, Assistant Deputy or Acting Deputy,

(b) the Minister of the department having the control and management of the lands or his Deputy, Assistant Deputy or Acting Deputy, or

(c) the officer or person having custody of the documents of title or other appropriate records,

shall be received in evidence without proof of the signature or the official character of the person appearing to have signed the certificate, and without further proof thereof, and is prima facie proof that the lands belong to or are occupied by Her Majesty in right of Canada as the case may be.

Repeal.

5. The Vehicular Traffic Act, chapter 277 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed.
CHAPTER 325.
An Act respecting Immigration.

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the Immigration Act. Short title.

INTERPRETATION.

2. In this Act Definitions.

(a) "admission" includes entry into Canada, landing in Admission." Canada, and the return to Canada of a person who has been previously landed in Canada and has not acquired Canadian domicile;

(b) "Canadian citizen" means a person who is a Canadian citizen within the meaning of the Canadian Citizenship Act;

(c) "Canadian domicile" means Canadian domicile acquired and held in accordance with section 4;

(d) "deportation" means the removal under this Act of a person from any place in Canada to the place whence he came to Canada or to the country of his nationality or citizenship or to the country of his birth or to such country as may be approved by the Minister under this Act, as the case may be;

(e) "Director" means the Director of the Immigration Director." Branch of the Department of Citizenship and Immigration or a person authorized by the Minister to act for the Director;

(f) "entry" means the lawful admission of a non-immigrant to Canada for a special or temporary purpose and for a limited time;

(g) "family" includes the father and mother and any children who, by reason of age or disability, are, in the opinion of an immigration officer, mainly dependent upon the head of family for support;

(h) "head of family" means the person in the family upon whom the other members are mainly dependent for support;

(i) R.S., 1952.
"Immi-
grant."

(i) "immigrant" means a person who seeks admission to Canada for permanent residence;

"Immigrant
station."

(j) "immigrant station" means any place designated by the Minister for the examination, treatment or detention of persons for any purpose under this Act, and includes immigration quarters at ports of entry;

"Immigra-
tion Appeal
Board."

(k) "Immigration Appeal Board" means a board constituted under this Act to consider and decide appeals from deportation orders;

"Immigra-
tion officer."

(l) "immigration officer" means a person described in subsection (1) of section 10;

"Immigra-
tion officer in charge."

(m) "immigration officer in charge" means the immigration officer in immediate charge or control at a port of entry;

"Landing."

(n) "landing" means the lawful admission of an immigrant to Canada for permanent residence;

"Master."

(o) "master" means the person in immediate charge or control of a vehicle;

"Medical
officer."

(p) "medical officer" means a person authorized or recognized by the Minister as a medical officer for the purposes of this Act;

"Member of
a crew."

(q) "member of a crew" means any person, including a master, who is employed on board or belongs to the staff or crew of a vehicle;

"Minister."

(r) "Minister" means the Minister of Citizenship and Immigration;

"Non-immi-
grant."

(s) "non-immigrant" means a person who is a member of any of the classes designated in subsections (1) and (2) of section 7;

"Owner."

(t) "owner" includes the agent of the owner of a vehicle or the charterer or consignee of a vehicle;

"Permit."

(u) "permit" means a valid and subsisting permit issued under section 8;

"Place of
domicile."

(v) "place of domicile" means the place in which a person has his home or in which he resides or to which he returns as his place of permanent abode and does not mean a place in which he stays for a mere special or temporary purpose;

"Port of
entry."

(w) "port of entry" means any place in Canada designated as such by the Minister for the examination of persons under this Act;

"Prohibited
class."

(x) "prohibited class" means any of the classes of persons designated in section 5;

"Ship."

(y) "ship" includes every boat and craft of any kind for travel or transport other than by land or air;

R.S., 1952.

5778

(2) "Special Inquiry Officer" means a person described in subsection (1) of section 11;

(aa) "transportation company" means a corporate body, firm or person carrying or providing for the transit of persons, whether by vehicle or otherwise, and the Government of Canada or the government of any province or municipality of Canada so carrying or providing for the transport of persons, and any two or more transportation companies co-operating in the business of carrying persons; and

(bb) "vehicle" means any ship, railway train, bus, automobile, aircraft or other means of travel by sea, land or air.

PART I.

ADMISSION TO CANADA.

Canadian Citizens and Persons with Canadian Domicile.

3. (1) A Canadian citizen has the right to come into Canada.

(2) Subject to subsection (3), a person who is not a Canadian citizen but has acquired and has not lost Canadian domicile shall be allowed to come into Canada.

(3) Any person with Canadian domicile, other than a person who

(a) within or without Canada, performed any military service for or otherwise aided or abetted a country then at war with Canada;

(b) within or without Canada, performed for or rendered to a country other than Canada any military service or other aid or assistance that is prejudicial to any action taken by Canada under the United Nations Charter, the North Atlantic Treaty or other similar instrument for collective defence that may be entered into by Canada; or

(c) left Canada for any of the purposes described in paragraphs (a) and (b);

shall not be allowed to come into Canada unless authorized by the Minister to do so.

Canadian Domicile.

4. (1) Canadian domicile is acquired for the purposes of this Act by a person having his place of domicile for at least five years in Canada after having been landed in Canada.

[Note: 3644 5779]

(2) R.S., 1952.
(2) No period shall be counted towards the acquisition of Canadian domicile during which a person
(a) is confined in or is an inmate of any penitentiary, gaol, reformatory or prison or any asylum or hospital for mental diseases;
(b) resides in Canada after the making of a deportation order against him and prior to the execution of such order or his voluntarily leaving Canada, unless an appeal against such order is allowed; or
(c) resides in Canada under a permit.

(3) Canadian domicile is lost by a person voluntarily residing out of Canada with the intention of making his permanent home out of Canada and not for a mere special or temporary purpose, but in no case shall residence out of Canada for any of the following objects cause loss of Canadian domicile, namely,
(a) as a representative or employee of a firm, business, company or organization, religious or otherwise, established in Canada;
(b) in the public service of Canada or of a province thereof; or
(c) as the spouse or the child for the purpose of being with a spouse or parent residing out of Canada for any of the objects or causes specified in paragraph (a) or (b).

(4) A person concerning whom a report is made under paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of subsection (1) of section 19 and who is found upon an inquiry under this Act to have engaged in or been convicted of any of the activities described in such paragraph shall be deemed to have lost, at the time of engaging in or conviction for such activity, any Canadian domicile he had acquired prior to that time, unless an appeal against his deportation order is allowed.

(5) A person concerning whom a report is made under paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 19 and who is found upon an inquiry under this Act to have been convicted of an offence referred to in such paragraph shall be deemed to have lost, at the time of such conviction, any Canadian domicile he had acquired prior to that time.

(6) A person who has acquired the status of a Canadian citizen, other than a natural-born Canadian citizen, and ceases to be a Canadian citizen under section 15, section 17 or paragraph (a), (d), (e) or (f) of subsection (1) of section 19 of the Canadian Citizenship Act shall be deemed to have lost Canadian domicile at the time he ceased to be a Canadian citizen.

R.S., 1952.
(7) Any period during which a person has his place of domicile in Canada that is less than the period required for the acquisition of Canadian domicile and that might otherwise be counted by a person towards the acquisition of Canadian domicile is lost upon the making of a deportation order against him, unless an appeal against such order is allowed.

**Prohibited Classes.**

5. No person, other than a person referred to in sub-section (2) of section 7, shall be admitted to Canada if he is a member of any of the following classes of persons:

(a) persons who
   (i) are idiots, imbeciles or morons,
   (ii) are insane or, if immigrants, have been insane at any time,
   (iii) have constitutional psychopathic personalities, or
   (iv) if immigrants, are afflicted with epilepsy;

(b) persons afflicted with tuberculosis in any form, trachoma or any contagious or infectious disease or with any disease that may become dangerous to the public health, but, if such disease is one that is curable within a reasonably short time, the afflicted persons may be allowed, subject to any regulations that may be made in that behalf, to come into Canada for treatment;

(c) immigrants who are dumb, blind or otherwise physically defective, unless
   (i) they have sufficient means of support or such profession, trade, occupation, employment or other legitimate mode of earning a living that they are not likely to become public charges, or
   (ii) they are members of a family accompanying them or already in Canada and the family gives satisfactory security against such immigrants becoming public charges;

(d) persons who have been convicted of or admit having committed any crime involving moral turpitude, except persons whose admission to Canada is authorized by the Governor in Council upon evidence satisfactory to him that
   (i) at least five years, in the case of a person who was convicted of such crime when he was twenty-one or more years of age, or at least two years, in the case of a person who was convicted of such crime when he was under twenty-one years of age, have elapsed since the termination of his period of imprisonment R.S., 1952.
imprisonment or completion of sentence and, in either case, he has successfully rehabilitated himself, or

(ii) in the case of a person who admits to having committed such crime of which he was not convicted, at least five years, in the case of a person who committed such crime when he was twenty-one or more years of age, or at least two years, in the case of a person who committed such crime when he was under twenty-one years of age, have elapsed since the date of commission of the crime and, in either case, he has successfully rehabilitated himself;

(e) prostitutes, homosexuals or persons living on the avails of prostitution or homosexualism, pimps, or persons coming to Canada for these or any other immoral purposes.

(f) persons who attempt to bring into Canada or procure prostitutes or other persons for the purpose of prostitution, homosexual or other immoral purposes;

(g) professional beggars or vagrants;

(h) persons who are public charges or who, in the opinion of a Special Inquiry Officer, are likely to become public charges;

(i) persons who are chronic alcoholics;

(j) persons who are addicted to the use of any substance that is a drug within the meaning of the Opium and Narcotic Drug Act;

(k) persons who are engaged or are suspected on reasonable grounds of being likely to engage in any unlawful giving, using, inducing other persons to use, distributing, selling, offering or exposing for sale, buying, trading or trafficking in any substance that is a drug within the meaning of the Opium and Narcotic Drug Act, or persons who at any time have been so engaged unless, in the latter case, at least five years have elapsed since they were so engaged and they are not, in the opinion of the Minister, likely to unlawfully use or deal in any way in such substances or cause other persons to do so;

(l) persons who are or have been, at any time before or after the commencement of this Act, members of or associated with any organization, group or body of any kind concerning which there are reasonable grounds for believing that it promotes or advocates or at the time of such membership or association promoted or advocated subversion by force or other means of

R.S., 1952.
democratic government, institutions or processes, as they are understood in Canada, except persons who satisfy the Minister that they have ceased to be members of or associated with such organizations, groups or bodies and whose admission would not be detrimental to the security of Canada;

(m) persons who have engaged in or advocated or concerning whom there are reasonable grounds for believing they are likely to engage in or advocate subversion by force or other means of democratic government, institutions or processes, as they are understood in Canada;

(n) persons concerning whom there are reasonable grounds for believing they are likely to engage in espionage, sabotage or any other subversive activity directed against Canada or detrimental to the security of Canada;

(o) other members of a family accompanying a member of that family who is not admissible to Canada, unless, in the opinion of a Special Inquiry Officer, no hardship would be involved by the separation of the family;

(p) persons who are not, in the opinion of a Special Inquiry Officer, bona fide immigrants or non-immigrants;

(q) persons who have been found guilty of espionage with respect to Her Majesty or any of Her Majesty’s allies;

(r) persons who have been found guilty of high treason or treason against or of conspiring against Her Majesty or of assisting Her Majesty’s enemies in time of war, or of any similar offence against any of Her Majesty’s allies;

(s) persons, not included in any other prohibited class, who are certified by a medical officer as being mentally or physically abnormal to such a degree as to impair seriously their ability to earn a living; and

(t) persons who cannot or do not fulfil or comply with any of the conditions or requirements of this Act or the regulations or any orders lawfully made or given under this Act or the regulations.

General Presumption.

6. Every person seeking to come into Canada shall be presumed to be an immigrant until he satisfies the immigration officer examining him that he is not an immigrant.

5783 Non-Immigrants.

R.S., 1952.
7. (1) The following persons may be allowed to enter and remain in Canada as non-immigrants, namely,

(a) persons who are diplomatic or consular officers or representatives or officials duly accredited of a country other than Canada or of the United Nations or any of its agencies or of any intergovernmental organization in which Canada participates, coming to Canada to carry out their official duties or passing through in transit, or members of the suites or families of such persons;

(b) members of any naval, army or air forces who come to Canada for training or otherwise in connection with the defence and security interests of Canada, or under the provision of any treaty or agreement between Canada and another country, and whose entry into Canada is approved by the Minister, together with such members of their families or suites as may be so approved;

(c) tourists or visitors;

(d) persons passing through Canada to another country;

(e) clergymen, priests or members of a religious order entering Canada or who, having entered, are in Canada in connection with the carrying out of their religious duties;

(f) students entering Canada for the purpose of attending and, after entering Canada, while they are in actual attendance at any university or college authorized by statute or charter to confer degrees or entering Canada for and, after entering Canada, while they are actually taking some other academic, professional or vocational training approved by the Minister for the purposes of this paragraph;

(g) members of dramatic, artistic, athletic or other groups entering Canada or who, having entered, are in Canada for the purpose of giving performances or exhibitions of an entertaining or instructive nature;

(h) persons engaged in a legitimate profession, trade or occupation entering Canada or who, having entered, are in Canada for the temporary exercise of their respective callings;

(i) persons entering Canada or who, having entered, are in Canada for seasonal or other temporary employment, unless otherwise directed by the Minister; and

(j) members of crews entering Canada or who, having entered, are in Canada for shore leave or some other legitimate and temporary purpose.

R.S., 1952.
(2) In addition to the persons described in subsection (1), the following persons may be allowed to enter and remain in Canada as non-immigrants:

(a) persons authorized by the Minister to enter Canada for treatment and care at any health resort, hospital, sanitarium, asylum or other place or institution for their cure and care and, after entering Canada, while they are actually under such treatment and care;

(b) persons passing in transit through Canada under escort or guard; and

(c) holders of a permit.

(3) Where any person who entered Canada as a non-immigrant ceases to be a non-immigrant or to be in the particular class in which he was admitted as a non-immigrant and, in either case, remains in Canada, he shall forthwith report such facts to the nearest immigration officer and present himself for examination at such place and time as he may be directed and shall, for the purposes of the examination and all other purposes under this Act, be deemed to be a person seeking admission to Canada.

(4) Where any person who entered Canada as a non-immigrant is in the opinion of the Minister a person described in paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) of subsection (1) of section 19, the Minister may at any time declare that such person has ceased to be a non-immigrant and such person shall thereupon cease to be a non-immigrant.

(5) The Minister may make a deportation order against a person referred to in subsection (4) and such person has no right of appeal from the deportation order and shall be deported as soon as practicable.

Entry under Permit.

8. (1) The Minister may issue a written permit authorizing any person to enter Canada or, being in Canada, to remain therein.

(2) A permit shall be expressed to be in force for a specified period not exceeding twelve months, and during the time that it is in force a permit stays the execution of any deportation order that may have been made against the person concerned.

(3) The Minister may at any time, in writing, extend or cancel a permit.

(4) The Minister may, upon the cancellation or expiration of a permit, make a deportation order respecting the person concerned and such person has no right of appeal from the deportation order and shall be deported as soon as practicable.

365 5785 (5) R.S., 1952.
(5) The Minister shall submit to Parliament within thirty days of the commencement of the first session of Parliament in each year a report showing all permits, with particulars thereof, issued during the preceding calendar year.

9. The Minister may, notwithstanding any provision of this Act, authorize the landing as an immigrant of any person who

(a) has, by virtue of a permit granted under the immigration laws that were in force in Canada before the commencement of this Act, been permitted to enter or remain in Canada;
(b) has, since the issue of such permit, resided in Canada for at least ten years; and
(c) will not, in his opinion, become a public charge or dangerous to the public health and, in his opinion, is not a person whose landing is contrary to the public interest.

PART II.

ADMINISTRATION.

Immigration Officers.

10. (1) The following persons are immigration officers for the purposes of this Act:

(a) persons appointed as immigration officers in the manner authorized by law;
(b) where no immigration officer is available for duty at a port of entry, the chief Customs officer at that port or any subordinate Customs officer designated by him; and
(c) where any circumstances arise in which the Minister deems it necessary for the proper carrying out of this Act, persons or classes of persons recognized by the Minister as immigration officers.

(2) Every immigration officer has the authority and powers of a peace officer to enforce any provision of this Act, the regulations or any order lawfully made under this Act or the regulations respecting the arrest, detention or deportation of any person.

(3) For the purposes of subsection (2), every immigration officer may, in cases of emergency, employ such temporary assistants as he deems necessary to enable him to carry out his duties under this Act and the regulations and such temporary assistants shall, during their employment,
ment, have the authority and powers referred to in sub-section (2), but no such employment shall continue for a period exceeding forty-eight hours unless approved by the Minister.

(4) Every immigration officer has authority to administer oaths and take evidence under oath or by affirmation in any matter arising under this Act.

Special Inquiry Officers.

11. (1) Immigration officers in charge are Special Inquiry Officers and the Minister may nominate such other immigration officers as he deems necessary to act as Special Inquiry Officers.

(2) A Special Inquiry Officer has authority to inquire into and determine whether any person shall be allowed to come into Canada or to remain in Canada or shall be deported.

(3) A Special Inquiry Officer has all the powers and authority of a commissioner appointed under Part I of the Inquiries Act and, without restricting the generality of the foregoing, may, for the purposes of an inquiry,

(a) issue a summons to any person requiring him to appear at the time and place mentioned therein, to testify to all matters within his knowledge relative to the subject matter of the inquiry, and to bring with him and produce any document, book or paper that he has in his possession or under his control relative to the subject matter of the inquiry;
(b) administer oaths and examine any person upon oath, affirmation or otherwise;
(c) issue commissions or requests to take evidence in Canada;
(d) engage the services of such counsel, technicians, clerks, stenographers or other persons as he may deem necessary for a full and proper inquiry; and
(e) do all other things necessary to provide a full and proper inquiry.

Immigration Appeal Boards.

12. (1) The Minister may nominate such persons as he deems necessary to serve on Immigration Appeal Boards.

(2) An Immigration Appeal Board shall be composed of at least three persons.

(3) The Special Inquiry Officer who made the deportation order appealed from shall not serve on the Immigration Appeal Board constituted to hear an appeal against such deportation order.
13. Every constable and other peace officer in Canada, whether appointed under the laws of Canada or of any province or municipality thereof, and every person in immediate charge or control of an immigrant station shall, when so directed by the Minister, Deputy Minister, Director, a Special Inquiry Officer or an immigration officer, receive and execute, according to the tenor thereof, any written warrant or order made under the authority of this Act or the regulations for the arrest, detention or deportation of any person.

14. For the preservation of the peace and in order that arrests may be made for offences against the laws of Canada or of any province or municipality thereof in which the various immigrant stations are located, the persons in immediate charge or control of such immigrant stations shall admit therein any constables or other peace officers charged with the enforcement of such laws, and, for the purposes of this section, the authority of such constables or other peace officers and the jurisdiction of the local court extends over such immigrant stations.

Arrest and Detention.

15. (1) The Minister may issue a warrant for the arrest of any person respecting whom an examination or inquiry is to be held or a deportation order has been made under this Act.

(2) The Minister, Deputy Minister, Director or a Special Inquiry Officer may make an order for the detention of or direct the detention of any such person.

(3) Where the person concerned is an inmate of a penitentiary, gaol, reformatory or prison, the Minister shall, unless he approves of the issue of a warrant or order under subsection (1) or (2), issue an order to the warden, governor or other person in charge thereof commanding him, at the expiration of the sentence or term of imprisonment awarded to such person or at the expiration of his sentence or term of imprisonment as reduced by the operation of a statute or other law or by a valid act of clemency, to detain such person and deliver him to an immigration officer to take into custody and cause him to be detained as the warrant may direct.

(4) A warrant or order made or a direction given under this section is, notwithstanding any other Act or law, sufficient authority to the person to whom it is addressed.
or who may, under this Act, receive and execute it to arrest and take into custody or cause the detention of the person concerned, as the case may be.

16. Every constable and other peace officer in Canada, whether appointed under the laws of Canada or of any province or municipality thereof, and every immigration officer may, without the issue of a warrant, order or direction for arrest or detention, arrest and detain for an inquiry or for deportation or both any person who upon reasonable grounds is suspected of being a person referred to in sub-paragraph (vii), (viii), (ix) or (x) of paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 19.

17. Any person respecting whom an inquiry is to be held or a deportation order has been made may be detained pending inquiry, appeal or deportation at an immigrant station or other place satisfactory to the Minister.

18. (1) Subject to any order or direction to the contrary by the Minister, a person taken into custody or detained may be released under such conditions, respecting the time and place at which he will report for examination, inquiry or deportation, payment of a security deposit or other conditions, as may be satisfactory to a Special Inquiry Officer.

(2) Where a person fails to comply with any of the conditions under which he is released from custody or detention, he may be retaken into custody forthwith and any security deposit that may have been made as a condition of his release shall be deemed to be forfeited and shall form part of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

Reports in Certain Cases.

19. (1) Where he has knowledge thereof, the clerk or secretary of a municipality in Canada in which a person hereinafter described resides or may be, an immigration officer or a constable or other peace officer shall send a written report to the Director, with full particulars, concerning

(a) any person, other than a Canadian citizen, who engages in, advocates or is a member of or associated with any organization, group or body of any kind that engages in or advocates subversion by force or other means of democratic government, institutions or processes, as they are understood in Canada;

(b) Persons who are members of subversive organizations, etc.

R.S., 1952.
(b) any person, other than a Canadian citizen, who, if in Canada, has, by a court of competent jurisdiction, been convicted of any offence involving disaffection or disloyalty to Her Majesty;

(c) any person, other than a Canadian citizen, who, if out of Canada, engages in espionage, sabotage or any activity detrimental to the security of Canada;

(d) any person, other than a Canadian citizen, who is convicted of an offence for the violation of paragraph (a), (d), (e) or (f) of subsection (1) of section 4 of the Opium and Narcotic Drug Act;

(e) any person, other than a Canadian citizen or a person with Canadian domicile, who

(i) practises, assists in the practice of or shares in the avails of prostitution or homosexuality,

(ii) has been convicted of an offence under the Criminal Code,

(iii) has become an inmate of a penitentiary, gaol, reformatory or prison or of an asylum or hospital for mental diseases,

(iv) was a member of a prohibited class at the time of his admission to Canada,

(v) has, since his admission to Canada, become a person who, if he were applying for admission to Canada, would be refused admission by reason of his being a member of a prohibited class other than the prohibited classes described in paragraphs (a), (b), (c) and (s) of section 5,

(vi) entered Canada as a non-immigrant and remains therein after ceasing to be a non-immigrant or to be in the particular class in which he was admitted as a non-immigrant,

(vii) came into Canada at any place other than a port of entry or eluded examination or inquiry under this Act or escaped from lawful custody or detention under this Act,

(viii) came into Canada or remains therein with a false or improperly issued passport, visa, medical certificate or other document pertaining to his admission or by reason of any false or misleading information, force, stealth or other fraudulent or improper means, whether exercised or given by himself or by any other person,

(ix) returns to or remains in Canada contrary to the provisions of this Act after a deportation order has been made against him or otherwise, or

R.S., 1952. 5790 (x)
Part III. Immigration Act.

(x) came into Canada as a member of a crew and, without the approval of an immigration officer or beyond the period approved by such officer, remains in Canada after the departure of the vehicle on which he came into Canada.

(2) Every person who is found upon an inquiry duly held by a Special Inquiry Officer to be a person described in subsection (1) is subject to deportation.

PART III.

EXAMINATIONS, INQUIRIES AND APPEALS.

Examination by Immigration Officers.

20. (1) Every person, including Canadian citizens and persons with Canadian domicile, seeking to come into Canada shall first appear before an immigration officer at a port of entry or at such other place as may be designated by an immigration officer in charge, for examination as to whether he is or is not admissible to Canada or is a person who may come into Canada as of right.

(2) Every person shall answer truthfully all questions put to him by an immigration officer at an examination and his failure to do so shall be reported by the immigration officer to a Special Inquiry Officer and shall, in itself, be sufficient ground for deportation where so ordered by the Special Inquiry Officer.

(3) Unless the examining immigration officer is of opinion that it would or may be contrary to a provision of this Act or the regulations to grant admission to or otherwise let a person examined by him come into Canada, he shall, after such examination, immediately grant admission to or let such person come into Canada.

21. Where so required under the regulations, a person seeking admission to Canada or a person referred to in section 19 shall undergo a mental or physical examination or both by a medical officer.

22. (1) Where, in the opinion of the examining immigration officer, a person appearing before him for examination cannot be properly examined due to the effects of alcohol, drugs, illness or other cause, the immigration officer may cause an examination of such person to be deferred until such time as he may be properly examined or may make an order for his rejection.

5791

(2) R.S., 1952.
(2) A rejection order or copy thereof shall be served upon the person against whom it is made and upon the owner or master of the vehicle by which such person was brought to Canada.

(3) A rejection order shall cease to be in force or to have effect when the person against whom it was made again appears before an immigration officer and can, in the opinion of such officer, be properly examined by him.

Inquiries.

23. Where an immigration officer, after examination of a person seeking to come into Canada, is of opinion that it would or may be contrary to a provision of this Act or the regulations to grant admission to or otherwise let such person come into Canada, he may cause such person to be detained and shall report him to a Special Inquiry Officer.

24. (1) Where the Special Inquiry Officer receives a report under section 23 concerning a person who seeks to come into Canada from the United States of America, Alaska or St. Pierre and Miquelon, he shall, after such further examination as he may deem necessary and subject to any regulations made in that behalf, admit such person or let him come into Canada or make a deportation order against such person, and in the latter case such person shall be returned as soon as practicable to the place whence he came to Canada.

(2) Where the Special Inquiry Officer receives a report under section 23 concerning a person, other than a person referred to in subsection (1), he shall admit him or let him come into Canada or may cause such person to be detained for an immediate inquiry under this Act.

25. Where a person is, pursuant to section 15 or 16, arrested with or without a warrant, a Special Inquiry Officer shall forthwith cause an inquiry to be held concerning such person.

26. Subject to any order or direction by the Minister, the Director shall, upon receiving a written report under section 19 and where he considers that an inquiry is warranted, cause an inquiry to be held concerning the person respecting whom the report was made.

27. (1) An inquiry by a Special Inquiry Officer shall be separate and apart from the public but in the presence of the person concerned wherever practicable.

R.S., 1952.
(2) The person concerned, if he so desires and at his own expense, shall have the right to obtain and to be represented by counsel at his hearing.

(3) The Special Inquiry Officer may at the hearing receive and base his decision upon evidence considered credible or trustworthy by him in the circumstances of each case.

(4) Where an inquiry relates to a person seeking to come into Canada, the burden of proving that he is not prohibited from coming into Canada rests upon him.

28. (1) At the conclusion of the hearing of an inquiry, the Special Inquiry Officer shall render his decision as soon as possible and shall render it in the presence of the person concerned wherever practicable.

(2) Where the Special Inquiry Officer decides that the person concerned is a person who

(a) may come into or remain in Canada as of right;

(b) in the case of a person seeking admission to Canada,

is not a member of a prohibited class; or

(c) in the case of a person who is in Canada, is not proven to be a person described in paragraph (a), (b), (c), (d) or (e) of subsection (1) of section 19,

he shall, upon rendering his decision, admit or let such person come into Canada or remain therein, as the case may be.

(3) In the case of a person other than a person referred to in subsection (2), the Special Inquiry Officer shall, upon rendering his decision, make an order for the deportation of such person.

(4) No decision rendered under this section shall prevent the holding of a future inquiry if required by reason of a subsequent report under section 19 or pursuant to section 25.

29. An inquiry may be reopened by a Special Inquiry Officer or by order of the Minister, or by majority decision of an Immigration Appeal Board for the hearing and receiving of any additional evidence or testimony and a Special Inquiry Officer has authority, after hearing such additional evidence or testimony, to confirm, amend or reverse the decision previously rendered.

Appeals.

30. No appeal may be taken from a deportation order respecting any person who is ordered deported as a member of a prohibited class described in paragraph (a), (b) or (s) of section 19.
Where appeal allowed and how it is initiated.

31. (1) Except in the case of a deportation order referred to in subsection (5) of section 7, subsection (4) of section 8 or section 30, an appeal may be taken by the person concerned from a deportation order if the appellant forthwith serves a notice of appeal upon an immigration officer or upon the person who served the deportation order.

(2) All appeals from deportation orders shall be reviewed and decided upon by the Minister with the exception of appeals that the Minister directs should be dealt with by an Immigration Appeal Board.

(3) An Immigration Appeal Board or the Minister, as the case may be, has full power to consider all matters pertaining to a case under appeal and to allow or dismiss any appeal, including the power to quash an opinion of a Special Inquiry Officer that has the effect of bringing a person into a prohibited class and to substitute the opinion of the Board or of the Minister for it.

(4) The Minister may in any case review the decision of an Immigration Appeal Board and confirm or quash such decision or substitute his decision therefor as he deems just and proper and may, for these purposes, direct that the execution of the deportation order concerned be stayed pending his review and decision, and the decision of the Minister on appeals dealt with or reviewed by him or the decision of the majority of an Immigration Appeal Board on appeals, other than those reviewed by the Minister, is final.

PART IV.
DEPORTATION.

Service of Order.

32. A deportation order or copy thereof shall be served upon the person against whom it is made and upon such other persons and in such manner as may be prescribed by the regulations.

Execution of Deportation.

33. (1) Unless otherwise provided in this Act, a deportation order shall be executed as soon as practicable.

(2) No deportation order becomes invalid on the ground of any lapse of time between its making and execution.

R.S., 1952.
34. (1) Except in the case of a person who, pursuant to subsection (1) of section 24, is returned to the place whence he came to Canada pending the decision on his appeal, an appeal against a deportation order shall stay the execution of the order pending the decision thereon.

(2) A reopening of an inquiry pursuant to section 29 shall stay the execution of a deportation order pending the decision of the Special Inquiry Officer at such inquiry.

35. (1) A person who has committed an offence against this Act or the regulations may, notwithstanding the fact that a deportation order has been made against him, be prosecuted and required to undergo any punishment that may be imposed upon him in respect of such offence before he is deported.

(2) A deportation order that has been made against a person who was at the time of its issue an inmate of any penitentiary, gaol, reformatory or prison or becomes an inmate of such an institution before the order can be executed shall not be executed until such person has completed the sentence or term of imprisonment awarded or as reduced by a statute or other law or by a valid act of clemency or being served under licence issued under the Ticket of Leave Act.

36. (1) Subject to subsection (2), a person against whom a deportation order has been issued shall be deported to the place whence he came to Canada or to the country of which he is a national or citizen or to the country of his birth or to such country as may be approved by the Minister under this Act.

(2) Unless otherwise directed by the Minister or an immigration officer in charge, a person against whom a deportation order has been made may be requested or allowed to leave Canada voluntarily.

**Effect of Deportation Order.**

37. (1) Where a deportation order is made against the head of a family, all dependent members of the family may be included in such order and deported under it.

(2) Where a deportation order is made against a dependent member of a family for the reason that he has become a public charge, the head of such family and any other members thereof who in the opinion of a Special Inquiry Officer wilfully neglected to support such dependent member and were morally bound to support him may be included in such order and deported under it.

38. R.S., 1952.
Part V.

Chap. 325. Immigration Act. Part V.

38. Unless an appeal against such order is allowed, a person against whom a deportation order has been made and who is reported or leaves Canada shall not thereafter be admitted to Canada or allowed to remain in Canada without the consent of the Minister.

39. No court and no judge or officer thereof has jurisdiction to review, quash, reverse, restrain or otherwise interfere with any proceeding, decision or order of the Minister, Deputy Minister, Director, Immigration Appeal Board, Special Inquiry Officer or immigration officer had, made or given under the authority and in accordance with the provisions of this Act relating to the detention or deportation of any person, upon any ground whatsoever, unless such person is a Canadian citizen or has Canadian domicile.

PART V.

TRANSPORTATION AND PROTECTION.

40. (1) Where a deportation order is made against a person who has come to Canada through the United States of America and that country refuses to allow him to return or be returned to it the transportation company that brought him to the United States of America shall, where he is deported, pay the costs of deportation from the port of entry from which he will leave Canada and shall at its expense convey him or cause him to be conveyed to the place whence he came to the United States of America or to the country of which he is a national or citizen or to the country of his birth as directed in the deportation order or other order or direction made by the Minister, Director or a Special Inquiry Officer or at the request of the transportation company and subject to the approval of the Minister, to a country that is acceptable to such person and that is willing to receive him.

(2) Where a deportation order or rejection order is made against a person other than a person described in subsection (1), the transportation company that brought him to Canada shall, where he is deported, pay the costs of deportation or rejection from the port of entry from which he will leave Canada and shall at its expense convey him or cause him to be conveyed to the place whence he came to Canada or to the country of which he is a national or citizen or to the country of his birth as directed in the deportation order, rejection order or other order or direction made by the Minister, Director, a Special Inquiry Officer or an immigration

R.S., 1952.
tion officer or at the request of the transportation company and subject to the approval of the Minister, to a country that is acceptable to such person and that is willing to receive him.

(3) Where a person against whom a deportation order has been made is being detained in any place in Canada, other than the port of entry from which he will leave Canada, the transportation company or companies that brought him to such place shall, where he is deported, at its or their expense, convey him or cause him to be conveyed to that port of entry in accordance with the direction or order made in that behalf by the Minister, Director, a Special Inquiry Officer or an immigration officer.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in this section, where an deportation inquiry is ordered more than five years after the date on which the person concerned was admitted to Canada or where deportation is ordered due to causes that arose subsequent to admission, the deportation costs shall not be paid by the transportation company concerned.

(5) Notwithstanding anything in this section, deportation costs shall not be paid by the transportation company concerned in respect of an immigrant who, upon his arrival in Canada, was in possession of a valid and subsisting immigrant visa required by this Act or the regulations and issued to him, after the commencement of this Act, by an immigration officer.

41. (1) The transportation company that brought to Canada a person seeking admission thereto shall pay all costs of his detention, except in the case of an immigrant who, upon his arrival in Canada, was in possession of a valid and subsisting immigrant visa required by this Act or the regulations and issued to him, after the commencement of this Act, by an immigration officer.

(2) A transportation company is not required to pay the detention costs of any person who is detained after he has been admitted to Canada, except in the case of a person described in subparagraph (x) of paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 19 or in section 43.

42. Every transportation company that, by or under this Act, is directed to pay detention, deportation or rejection costs or to carry any person who is ordered deported or rejected shall

(a) detain and guard safely the person concerned until he can be placed on board the vehicle on which he is to be carried;

(b) Transporta-

ion to port from which deported person will leave Canada.

Where deportation five years after admission or due to causes arising after admission.

Where person possesses valid immigrant visa.

 Costs of detention of persons seeking admission to Canada.

No liability where detention after admission to Canada.

Duties of transportation companies to carry out deportation directions.

5797

R.S., 1952.
(b) accept on board such vehicle, guard safely and transport such person in accordance with the deportation or rejection order or other order or direction or any regulations issued or made in that behalf; and

(c) pay such costs and, subject to any agreement between a transportation company and its passenger respecting return fares, refrain from, directly or indirectly, making any charge to or taking any remuneration or security from the deported person concerned in respect thereof.

43. Where, pursuant to section 40, a transportation company is obligated to pay the costs of deportation of a person who is to be deported, it shall be notified thereof and given an opportunity of conveying him or causing him to be conveyed on one of its own vehicles or otherwise, but, where the transportation company, after being notified, is not prompt in furnishing transportation, the Minister may direct that such person be deported by other transportation at the expense of Her Majesty and the obligated transportation company shall, on demand, reimburse Her Majesty for the transportation expenses and any costs of the detention or safeguarding of the deported person incurred while en route or otherwise.

44. A transportation company bringing persons to Canada shall not, upon the arrival of its vehicle in Canada, allow

(a) any persons to leave the vehicle at a place other than that designated by an immigration officer in charge; or

(b) individual persons or groups of persons to leave the vehicle until permission has been granted by an immigration officer in charge or by an immigration officer authorized by him.

45. Immigration officers may inspect any vehicle bringing persons to Canada, examine the persons carried by it, examine any records or documents respecting such persons and take copies or extracts therefrom and may hold and detain such vehicle until their inspection and examination is completed.

46. No ship or aircraft bringing persons to Canada shall be granted clearance if the transportation company operating it or the owner or master thereof has, in the opinion of an immigration officer in charge, committed an offence under any provision of this Act or the regulations, but clearance may be granted, in the discretion of the immigration

R.S., 1952.
tion officer in charge, if a sum of money is deposited with him at least equal to the maximum fine that may be imposed for such offence.

47. Subject to section 14 of the Aeronautics Act, transportation companies shall furnish to immigration officers such free transportation as may be required in connection with their official duties and shall also furnish free transportation in Canada to one immigration officer of each of the governments of the provinces of Canada, as directed by the Minister.

48. (1) Where a medical officer is of opinion that a person seeking to come into Canada is or may be, either pending his admission or pending his deportation where admission has not been granted, suffering from sickness or mental or physical disability or has been in contact with a contagious or infectious disease, such person may, where it is so directed by the Minister, Director, an immigration officer in charge or a medical officer, be afforded medical treatment or held for observation or diagnosis on board the vehicle by which he was brought to Canada or at an immigrant station or may be removed to a suitable hospital or other place for treatment, observation or diagnosis as so directed and the cost of treatment, medical attention and maintenance shall be paid by the transportation company that brought such person to Canada.

(2) The Minister, Director or an immigration officer in charge may, where he considers it advisable for the proper care of such person, direct that a member of his family or other suitable attendant be kept with him during his period of medical attention and treatment, including, in the case of deportation, his journey to the port of entry from which he will leave Canada, and the costs thereof shall be paid by the transportation company that brought him to Canada.

49. The Governor in Council may make regulations with respect to the protection of immigrants and other persons, their transportation to Canada and of deported persons from Canada and the obligations of transportation companies for such purposes and, without restricting the generality of the foregoing, may make regulations respecting

(a) the provision, equipping and maintenance by transportation companies of buildings, accommodation or other facilities for the proper detention and examination of persons brought to Canada or to be deported from Canada on the vehicles of such companies;

(b) 

R.S., 1952.
(b) manifests, bills of health or other records or documents concerning the persons carried by vehicles to or from Canada;

(c) the identification, supervision and detention of persons to be carried in transit through Canada and the deposit and forfeiture or recovery of bonds or other security by transportation companies carrying such persons;

(d) the proper accommodation, examination, detention and treatment on board vehicles or otherwise respecting persons who have been ordered deported both while awaiting and during deportation;

(e) the obligations and duties of transportation companies and members of a crew to safeguard persons on board vehicles, to report escape from custody of persons in their custody and to take such other precautions or steps as may be required to prevent such persons from unlawfully coming into Canada or, in the case of persons in their custody who are ordered deported or rejected, from failing to leave Canada;

(f) the obligations and duties of transportation companies to ensure that immigrants or non-immigrants being carried to Canada by them are not within the prohibited classes and the medical examination and records of immigrants and non-immigrants carried by such companies to Canada;

(g) the reporting, detention, custody and return of stowaways or other persons who have secreted themselves in or upon a vehicle coming to Canada;

(h) lists or other information concerning the members of a crew, their discharge, transfer or desertion and the obligations and duties of transportation companies respecting the physical and mental fitness of members of a crew and the custody and return of deserters or any other members of a crew who are discharged from or leave the vehicle and come into or remain in Canada contrary to this Act or the regulations;

(i) the accommodation and facilities for immigrants and their right to remain on board a vehicle after its arrival in Canada and while awaiting inland passage from the port of entry;

(j) the boarding of ships or aircraft carrying immigrants to Canada after reaching Canada and before such immigrants have left the ship or aircraft and the entering of immigrant stations;
(k) the accommodation supplied to immigrants on board vehicles, including the space allotted per person, the number of persons carried in relation to tonnage and any other matter for their safety and protection; and

(l) the property carried by persons who die en route to Canada or in Canada while at an immigrant station or other place in the custody or under the supervision of immigration officers.

PART VI.

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

50. Every person who

(a) comes into Canada at any place other than a port of entry and fails to report to an immigration officer for examination;

(b) comes into Canada or remains therein by force or stealth or, knowing it to be false, misleading or improper, by reason of a false or improperly issued passport, visa, medical certificate or other document pertaining to his admission or other false or misleading information or fraudulent means;

(c) escapes or attempts to escape from lawful custody or detention under this Act;

(d) eludes examination or inquiry under this Act or, having received a summons issued by a Special Inquiry Officer, fails, without valid excuse, to attend an inquiry or, where required by such summons, to produce any document, book or paper that he has in his possession or under his control relative to the subject matter of the inquiry;

(e) refuses to be sworn or to affirm or declare, as the case may be, or to answer a question put to him or does not truthfully answer all questions put to him at an examination or inquiry under this Act;

(f) knowingly makes any false or misleading statement at an examination or inquiry under this Act or in connection with the admission of any person to Canada or the application for admission by any person;

(g) knowingly makes a false promise of employment or any false representation by reason of which a person is induced to seek admission to Canada or is assisted in any attempt to seek admission to Canada or by reason of which his admission is procured;

(h) knowingly makes a false promise of employment or any false representation by reason of which a person is induced to seek admission to Canada or is assisted in any attempt to seek admission to Canada or by reason of which his admission is procured;

R.S., 1952.
(h) for the purpose of encouraging, inducing, deterring or preventing immigration into Canada and knowing it to be false or misleading, publishes, disseminates or causes or procures the publication or dissemination of any false or misleading information or representations as to the opportunities for employment in Canada or other false or misleading information or representations;

(i) makes any charge to or receives any fee, recompense or reward from any person upon representations that a bribe, fee or other consideration has been paid or is payable to secure or assist in securing the admission to Canada of any person; or

(j) knowingly induces, aids or abets or attempts to induce, aid or abet any person to violate a provision of this Act or the regulations or to commit any offence under this Act or the regulations,

is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction, for the first offence to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars and not less than fifty dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months and not less than one month or to both fine and imprisonment, and, for the second offence to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars and not less than one hundred dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months and not less than three months or to both fine and imprisonment, and, for the third or a subsequent offence to imprisonment for a term not exceeding eighteen months and not less than six months.

51. (1) Every person who

(a) being an immigration officer, wilfully makes or issues any false document, certificate, declaration, statement or return touching upon any matter connected with his office or duty or accepts, agrees to accept or induces or assists another person to accept any bribe or other improper remuneration or benefit with respect to any matter connected with his office or duty or otherwise wilfully forsakes his duty;

(b) being an immigration officer, violates a provision of this Act or the regulations or commits any offence under this Act or the regulations or knowingly induces, aids or abets or attempts to induce, aid or abet any other person to do so;

(c) gives, offers or promises to give any bribe, recompense or consideration of any kind to or makes any agreement or arrangement with an immigration officer to induce him in any way to forsake his duty or to conceal

R.S., 1952.
or connive at any act or thing by which this Act or the regulations may be violated or an offence committed thereunder;

(d) personates or holds himself out to be an immigration officer or takes or uses any name, title, uniform or description or otherwise acts in any manner that may lead any person to infer that he is an immigration officer; or

(e) obstructs or impedes an immigration officer in the performance of his duties under this Act or the regulations,

is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars and not less than fifty dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months and not less than one month or to both fine and imprisonment, and is liable on conviction on indictment to a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars and not less than one thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding five years and not less than two years or to both fine and imprisonment.

(2) No proceedings by way of indictment for an offence under this section shall be commenced without the consent of the Minister.

52. Every person who violates any provision of this Act or the regulations or any order or direction lawfully made or given thereunder for which no punishment is elsewhere provided in this Act or the regulations is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months or to both fine and imprisonment.

53. Where an offence under this Act or the regulations has been committed by a corporation and whether or not the corporation has been prosecuted or convicted, every person who at the time of the commission of the offence was a director or officer of the corporation is guilty of the like offence and is liable on conviction to the punishment provided for the offence upon proof that the act or omission constituting the offence took place with his knowledge or consent, or that he failed to exercise due diligence to prevent the commission of such offence.

54. Any act, omission or thing that would by reason of this Act or the regulations, be punishable as an offence if committed in Canada, is, if committed outside Canada, an offence against this Act or the regulations and is triable and punishable in Canada.

55. R.S., 1952.
55. The Governor in Council or the Minister may in any regulations made by him under this Act prescribe a fine or a term of imprisonment or both a fine and term of imprisonment that may be imposed upon summary conviction as a penalty for the violation of any regulation, but the fine so prescribed shall not exceed one thousand dollars and the term of imprisonment so prescribed shall not exceed one year.

56. Any proceeding in respect of an offence under this Act or the regulations that is punishable on summary conviction may be instituted at any time within three years after the offence was committed.

57. (1) Any proceeding in respect of an offence under this Act or the regulations may be instituted, tried or determined at the place in Canada where such offence was committed or at the place in Canada in which the person charged with the offence is or has an office or place of business at the time of institution of such proceeding.

(2) Any proceedings in respect of an offence under this Act or the regulations that is committed outside Canada may be instituted, tried or determined at any place in Canada.

58. (1) In any proceedings in respect of offences under this Act or the regulations, any information may include more than one offence committed by the same person and all such offences may be tried concurrently and one conviction for any or all such offences may be made.

(2) No information, warrant, summons, conviction or other proceedings for such offences shall be deemed objectionable or insufficient on the ground that it relates to two or more offences.

59. (1) Where in the case of a ship or aircraft bringing persons to Canada the transportation company operating it or the owner or master thereof has, in the opinion of an immigration officer in charge, committed an offence under this Act or the regulations and a sum of money has been deposited with such officer pursuant to section 46, the Minister may impose a penalty against the offender up to but not exceeding the maximum fine that could be imposed for such offence and may retain such penalty from the sum of money deposited and shall return the balance, if any, of the deposit to the person who deposited it.

(2) The imposition of a penalty under this section has the same effect as if such penalty had been imposed as a fine on a conviction for the offence.

R.S., 1952.

5804 (3)
(3) Any person upon whom a penalty was imposed may bring an action in the Exchequer Court for the recovery thereof on the ground that he did not commit the offence in respect of which the penalty was imposed, but the burden of proof shall lie upon him to show that he did not commit such offence.

60. All fines, penalties and forfeitures imposed or recovered under this Act or the regulations belong to Her Majesty for the public uses of Canada.

PART VII.

GENERAL.

Regulations.

61. The Governor in Council may make regulations for carrying into effect the purposes and provisions of this Act and, without restricting the generality of the foregoing, may make regulations respecting

(a) the terms and conditions under which persons who have received financial assistance to enable them to obtain passage to Canada or to assist them in obtaining admission to Canada may be admitted to Canada;

(b) literacy, medical and other examinations or tests and the prohibiting or limiting of admission of persons who are unable to pass them;

(c) the terms, conditions and requirements with respect to the possession of means of support or of passports, visas or other documents pertaining to admission;

(d) the admission to Canada of persons who have come to Canada otherwise than by continuous journey from the countries of which they are nationals or citizens;

(e) the prohibiting or limiting of admission of persons brought to Canada by any transportation company that fails to comply with any provision of this Act or any regulation, order or direction made under it;

(f) the prohibiting or limiting of admission of persons who are nationals or citizens of a country that refuses to readmit any of its nationals or citizens who are ordered deported; and

(g) the prohibiting or limiting of admission of persons by reason of

(i) nationality, citizenship, ethnic group, occupation, class or geographical area of origin,

(ii) peculiar customs, habits, modes of life or methods of holding property.

R.S., 1952.
(iii) unsuitability having regard to the climatic, economic, social, industrial, educational, labour, health or other conditions or requirements existing, temporarily or otherwise, in Canada or in the area or country from or through which such persons come to Canada, or
(iv) probable inability to become readily assimilated or to assume the duties and responsibilities of Canadian citizenship within a reasonable time after their admission.

62. The Minister may make regulations, not inconsistent with this Act, respecting the procedure to be followed upon examinations, inquiries and appeals under this Act and the duties and obligations of immigration officers and the methods and procedure for carrying out such duties and obligations whether in Canada or elsewhere.

Forms, Notices, Uniforms, Etc.

63. The Minister may
(a) prescribe such forms and notices as he deems necessary for the carrying out of this Act and the regulations;
(b) designate ports of entry and immigrant stations for the purposes of this Act; and
(c) prescribe and arrange for the procurement of suitable uniforms and insignia to be worn by immigration officers.

Evidence.

64. (1) Every document purporting to be a deportation order, rejection order, warrant, order, summons, direction, notice or other document over the name in writing of the Minister, Director, Special Inquiry Officer, immigration officer or other person authorized under this Act to make such document shall, in any prosecution or other proceeding under or arising out of this Act, be prima facie evidence of the facts contained therein and shall be receivable in evidence without proof of the signature or the official character of the person appearing to have signed the same unless called in question by the Minister or some other person acting for him or Her Majesty.
(2) Every form or notice purporting to be a form or notice prescribed by the Minister shall be deemed to be a form or notice prescribed by the Minister under this Act unless called in question by the Minister or some person acting for him or for Her Majesty.
65. (1) The Minister may require any transportation company that transports or carries immigrants, directly or indirectly, to Canada to deposit with the Director such sum of money or other security as the Minister deems necessary as a guarantee that such transportation company will comply with this Act and the regulations.

(2) Where a transportation company fails to comply with a provision of this Act or the regulations, the Minister may order that the whole or any part of the security money deposited by it be forfeited and thereupon such money or part is forfeited or may order that proceedings be taken to enforce payment of the whole or part of such other security as may be deposited.

(3) Any security or part thereof deposited under this section may be returned or cancelled, as the case may be, upon a direction from the Minister that such security or part is no longer required.

66. (1) Where a member of the crew of a vehicle deserts the vehicle while in Canada, or is, for any reason, to be left in Canada after the departure of the vehicle, the immigration officer in charge of the port of entry at which the vehicle may be may require the transportation company operating it or the owner or master thereof to deposit with him such sum of money as he deems necessary as security for the return of such member to the vehicle or his deportation or other departure from Canada.

(2) Where within three years after the date of the deposit, such member of the crew returns to the vehicle, has voluntarily left Canada or is deported, the money deposited shall be returned, less any expenses for detention, maintenance, treatment or transportation or otherwise incurred by Her Majesty respecting him.

(3) Where the member of the crew has not returned to the vehicle or has not voluntarily left Canada or been deported within three years after the date of the deposit, the Minister may order that the money deposited be forfeited and thereupon it is forfeited or that it be returned subject to any further security he may prescribe against the expenses that may be incurred by Her Majesty should such member of the crew be later found in Canada.

67. (1) The immigration officer in charge at a port of entry may require any non-immigrant or group or organization of non-immigrants arriving at such port to deposit with him such sum of money as he deems necessary as a guarantee that non-immigrants will leave Canada.

R.S., 1952.
guarantee that such non-immigrant or group or organization of non-immigrants will leave Canada within the time prescribed by him as a condition for entry.

(2) Where the non-immigrant or group or organization of non-immigrants fails to leave Canada within the time prescribed, the immigration officer in charge may order that the sum of money so deposited be forfeited and subsequently it is forfeited and where the person or persons concerned leave Canada within the prescribed time the money deposited shall be returned, less any expenses for detention, maintenance, treatment or transportation or otherwise incurred by Her Majesty respecting such person or persons or any of them.

68. (1) All costs of deportation or detention and all fines, penalties or court costs that may be imposed on any person by or under this Act may be recovered as a debt due to Her Majesty.

(2) All costs of deportation or detention and all fines, penalties or court costs that may be imposed on any person by or under this Act shall, until payment thereof, be a lien upon the property of such person and may be enforced or collected by the seizure and sale of such property or a portion thereof under the warrant or order of a superior, county or district court.

Loans to Immigrants.

69. (1) The Minister of Finance may from time to time advance to the Minister out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund of Canada such sums as the Minister may require to enable him to make loans to immigrants in respect of the costs of their transportation to Canada, transportation from the port of arrival to their place of destination in Canada and their reasonable living expenses en route from the place whence they came to the place of destination in Canada.

(2) The Governor in Council may make regulations to give effect to subsection (1), including the rate of interest, if any, to be charged on such loans and the terms of repayment.

(3) Expenditures that are made under subsection (1) shall be accounted for in the same manner as public moneys.

(4) The Minister shall pay to the Minister of Finance all moneys he receives from immigrants by way of repayments of loans made under subsection (1).

(5) The total amount of outstanding advances to the Minister under this section shall not at any one time exceed twelve million dollars.

R.S., 1952.
(6) The Minister shall within three months after the termination of each fiscal year or, if Parliament is not then in session, within fifteen days after the commencement of the next ensuing session, lay before Parliament a report setting out the total number and amount of loans made under subsection (1) during that year.

**Assistance on leaving Canada.**

70. The Minister may direct that the costs of transportation from Canada be paid out of moneys appropriated by Parliament in the case of a person

(a) whose transportation costs are not, under this Act, payable by a transportation company;
(b) who should, in the opinion of the Minister, be assisted in leaving Canada in order to avoid separation of a family or for other good cause; and
(c) who is, in the opinion of the Minister, unable to defray, without hardship, his own costs of transportation.

**Deputy Minister and Director.**

71. The Minister may authorize the Deputy Minister or the Director to perform and exercise any of the duties, powers and functions that may be or are required to be performed or exercised by the Minister under this Act or the regulations and any such duty, power or function performed or exercised by the Deputy Minister or the Director under the authority of the Minister shall be deemed to have been performed or exercised by the Minister.

**Saving Clause.**

72. (1) Every deportation order, permit, warrant, order, direction, notice or other document that was issued, made or granted under the laws respecting immigration that were in force before the commencement of this Act and that was valid immediately prior to the commencement of this Act shall be given effect as if issued, made or granted under this Act.

(2) Unless the Minister directs that they be continued and completed under the provisions of the laws respecting immigration that were in force before the commencement of this Act, all examinations, investigations, inquiries, appeals or other matters relating to landing, entry or deportation of any person that were commenced pursuant to such laws and are not completed at the time of the commencement R.S., 1952.
commencement of this Act shall be continued and completed pursuant to the provisions of this Act as far as such provisions can be adapted.

**Repeal.**


**Commencement.**

74. This Act shall come into force on a day to be fixed by proclamation of the Governor in Council.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1953
CHAPTER 326.

An Act to amend the Industrial Development Bank Act.

1. (1) Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 15 of the Industrial Development Bank Act, chapter 151 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(a) a person is engaged or about to engage in an industrial enterprise or commercial air service in Canada,"

(2) Paragraph (c) of the said subsection (1) is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(c) the amount invested or to be invested in the industrial enterprise or commercial air service by persons other than the Bank and the character of that investment are such as to afford the Bank reasonable protection,"

(3) Subsection (2) of the said section 15 is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the aggregate of Limitation on commitments of the expenditures by the Bank for securities held by it, specified in subsection (3), shall not at any time exceed fifty million dollars."

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 327.

An Act to amend the Interpretation Act.

1. The *Interpretation Act*, chapter 158 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is amended by adding thereto, immediately after section 31 thereof, the following section:

"31a. Where an Act of Parliament requires a report or other document to be laid before Parliament and, in compliance with the Act, a particular report or document has been laid before Parliament in any session, nothing in the Act shall be construed as requiring the same report or document to be laid before Parliament at any subsequent session."

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 328.

An Act respecting Marine and Aviation War Risks Insurance and Reinsurance Agreements.

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the Marine and Aviation War Risks Act.

INTERPRETATION.

2. In this Act,

(a) "Account" means the Marine and Aviation War Risks Insurance Account established under section 5;

(b) "aircraft" means an aircraft that is

(i) registered in Canada pursuant to regulations made under the Aeronautics Act, or

(ii) registered in any country other than Canada designated by the Governor in Council;

(c) "Canadian" means

(i) a person who is a Canadian citizen,

(ii) a company or corporation created or incorporated under the laws of Canada or of a province thereof or that is licensed under any such laws to carry on business in Canada or a province thereof, or

(iii) the Government of Canada or the government of a province or municipality of Canada or a department, branch or agency of any of them;

(d) "cargo" means any goods, securities, currency, articles or things defined as cargo by the Governor in Council;

(e) "Minister" means the Minister of Finance;

(f) "vessel" means a ship, boat or other type of water craft that is

(i) registered in Canada under the Canada Shipping Act, or under the Merchant Shipping Acts before the coming into force of the Canada Shipping Act,

5815

(ii) R.S., 1952.

(ii) registered in the United Kingdom and owned, charter or otherwise controlled by a Canadian,

(iii) registered in any country designated by the Governor in Council, whether or not it is owned, charter or otherwise controlled by a Canadian, or

(iv) owned, charter or otherwise controlled by a Canadian and employed, in or from Canada, in water transportation of goods or persons or in the fishing trade and industry,

and includes the machinery, tackle, furniture, goods and stores thereof but does not include cargo; and

(g) "war risks" means the risks of loss or damage arising from hostilities, rebellion, revolution, civil war, piracy, action taken to repel an imagined attack or from civil strife consequent on the happening of any of them.

3. The Minister, for the purpose of securing that ships and aircraft are not laid up and that commerce is not interrupted by reason of lack of insurance facilities, may enter into an agreement, in such form and containing such terms and conditions as are prescribed by the regulations or otherwise approved by the Governor in Council, with any person or association of persons for the insurance or reinsurance by him against any or all war risks of

(a) aircraft,

(b) vessels, or

(c) cargo.

4. The Governor in Council may make regulations for carrying the purposes and provisions of this Act into effect and, without restricting the generality of the foregoing, may make regulations

(a) respecting the nature of insurances and reinsurances to be made under this Act and the form, terms and conditions of agreements and other matters relating thereto;

(b) providing for the definition of cargo, including the description, either by class or individual items and either for general or specific purposes, of the goods, securities, currency, articles or things that are cargo, the place and time at which they become or cease to be cargo and any other matter related to the manner of determining cargo; and

R.S., 1952. 5816

(c) respecting the designation of countries of registry for the purposes of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (b) of section 2 and subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (f) of section 2.

5. (1) There shall be established in the Consolidated Revenue Fund an Account to be known as the Marine and Aviation War Risks Insurance Account to which shall be credited:

(a) amounts equal to the premiums and other moneys received for or arising out of agreements for insurance or reinsurance entered into under this Act;
(b) all sums that are allocated to the Account from appropriations by Parliament; and
(c) amounts directed to be credited to the Account by the Minister under section 6.

(2) All payments of losses, costs, return of premiums or other moneys payable by the Minister under or arising out of agreements for insurance or reinsurance entered into under this Act and any other costs or expenses incurred in the administration of this Act shall be paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(3) All moneys paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund under subsection (2) and all amounts directed to be charged to the Account by the Minister under section 6 shall be charged to the Account.

6. Where the Minister is of opinion that the aggregate amount to the credit of the Account is or will be less than the aggregate amount required to pay the amounts charged or to be charged to the Account, he may from time to time direct that amounts be credited to the Account and at such times as he deems advisable direct that the amounts so previously credited be charged to the Account.

7. (1) An audit of the Account and of the transactions in connection therewith shall, at such times and in such manner as he thinks proper, be made by the Auditor General, with a view to ascertaining whether or not such transactions have been carried out in accordance with this Act and whether or not the records of the Account clearly show the state of the Account.

(2) The Auditor General shall, in such detail as he thinks proper having regard to the public interest and the security of Canada, submit to Parliament, within three months after the completion of each audit or, if Parliament is not then in session, within thirty days after the commencement of the R.S., 1952.
the next ensuing session, a report of his findings on the audit and his recommendations, if any, arising therefrom.

8. The Minister shall lay copies of reinsurance agreements before Parliament within thirty days after they have been made or, if Parliament is not then in session, within thirty days after the commencement of the next ensuing session.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., Q.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952
CHAPTER 329.

An Act to provide Retiring Allowances, on a contribu-
tory basis, to persons who have served as
Members of the House of Commons
of Canada.

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the Members of Parliament Short title.
Retiring Allowances Act.

INTERPRETATION.

2. (1) In this Act,
Definitions.

(a) "Account" means the Members of Parliament Re-
tiring Allowances Account established by this Act;
(b) "member" means a member of the House of Com-
mons;
(c) "session" means a session of the Parliament of Canada; and
(d) "sessional indemnity" means the allowance that is
payable to a member pursuant to sections 33 to 40
of the Senate and House of Commons Act in respect
of his attendance at a session.

(2) A House of Commons that is not dissolved before the expiration of the period fixed for its duration shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be dissolved on the expiration of that period.

MEMBERS OF PARLIAMENT RETIRING ALLOWANCES ACCOUNT.

3. (1) There shall be established in the Consolidated
Revenue Fund an account to be known as the Members of
Parliament Retiring Allowances Account to which shall be credited

(a) the contributions paid pursuant to sections 6 and 8:
(b) interest paid in accordance with section 8; and
(c) the amounts specified in section 4.

(2) All allowances payable under this Act shall be paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund and charged to the Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Account.

4. The Minister of Finance shall, in accordance with the regulations, credit to the Account, in each fiscal year, 
(a) an amount equal to the contributions paid in that 
fiscal year pursuant to section 6; 
(b) an amount equal to the total of the amounts that 
have become payable in that fiscal year pursuant to 
subsection (1) of section 8; and 
(c) an amount representing interest on the balance that 
is, from time to time, to the credit of the Account.

5. An account shall be kept in respect of each member, 
in which shall be shown all payments made by him or to 
him or his legal representatives under this Act.

CONTRIBUTIONS.

6. A member shall, by reservation from his sessional 
indemnity, contribute to the Consolidated Revenue Fund 
six per cent of all amounts that are payable to him by way 
of sessional indemnity.

7. (1) A member may, as prescribed by this section, 
elect, within one year from the commencement of this 
Act or from the day on which the House of Commons 
first is in session after he becomes a member, whichever is 
the later, to contribute under this Act in respect of any 
previous session during which he was a member.

(2) Where, after the coming into force of this Act, a 
member ceases to be a member and subsequently again 
becomes a member, he may elect to contribute under this 
Act in respect of a previous session only if 
(a) he previously contributed or elected to contribute 
under this Act in respect of that session and a with- 
drawal allowance equal to the amount of the con- 
tributions that he paid in respect of that session became 
payable to him under section 12, or 
(b) he was eligible to make an election in respect of that 
session but did not so elect and the time for making 
the election had not expired when he ceased to be a 
member.

(3) A member who, immediately prior to becoming a 
member was entitled to an annual allowance under section 
11, may make an election under this section in respect 
of a prior session only if, when he was previously entitled 
to elect to contribute in respect of that prior session, he 
did not do so and the time for doing so had not expired 
when he previously ceased to be a member.

R.S., 1952.

(4)
(4) An election pursuant to this section shall be made to the Minister of Finance in a form prescribed by the regulations and is deemed to be made on the day on which the form, duly signed by the member, is placed in course of delivery to the Minister.

8. (1) Where a member elects, pursuant to section 7, to contribute in respect of a previous session, he shall pay into the Consolidated Revenue Fund, in a lump sum or otherwise, at the option of the member,

(a) a contribution equal to six per cent of the amount received by the member by way of sessional indemnity in respect of that session,

(b) except in respect of the portion of that contribution specified in paragraph (c), interest on that contribution at the rate of four per cent per annum, compounded annually, from the day on which the final payment by way of sessional indemnity was made to the member in respect of that session to the day on which he makes his election, and

(c) in respect of the portion of that contribution equal to an amount that the member has previously paid as a contribution in respect of that session and that has been taken into account in the payment to him of a withdrawal allowance under this Act, interest on that portion at the rate of four per cent per annum, compounded annually, from the date of payment to the day on which he makes his election.

(2) Interest at the rate of four per cent per annum is payable by a person to the Consolidated Revenue Fund on the balance unpaid from time to time of the amount payable by him under subsection (1) and if the interest is not paid it may be recovered as a debt due to Her Majesty.

(3) The interest payable by a person under subsection (2) shall, while he is a member, be paid by reservation from his sessional indemnity.

(4) Where a person becomes entitled to an allowance under section 11 and any part of the amount payable by him under subsection (1) remains unpaid, he shall pay the balance thereof, together with the interest prescribed by subsection (2), by reservation of the full amount of his allowance until the whole is paid, or the balance may otherwise be recovered as a debt due to Her Majesty.

(5) Where a withdrawal allowance becomes payable to or in respect of a person under this Act and the person has not paid in full the amount payable by him under subsection 5821

R.S., 1952.
section (1), the unpaid amount need not be paid; but interest payable under subsection (2) shall be paid and may be deducted from the withdrawal allowance.

(6) A person may, at any time while he is not a member, revoke his election under this section with respect to the contributions then owing by him under subsection (1) by giving to the Minister of Finance a notice of revocation, in a form prescribed by the regulations, and thereupon

(a) he is not required to pay the amount owing under subsection (1) to which the revocation applies, but interest is payable on that amount under subsection (2) to the date of revocation;

(b) for the purpose of computing an allowance under section 11, he shall be deemed not to have elected to contribute the amount of the contributions to which the revocation applies and if the allowance has been calculated, it shall be recalculated accordingly; and

(c) he may not again at any time elect to make those contributions.

9. (1) Notwithstanding anything in this Act no contribution shall be paid under this Act by a member

(a) unless, at the time when the contribution is to be paid, the total amount of the contributions that have been or elected to be paid by him is less than the amount that, at that time, is payable by way of sessional indemnity to a member who attends all the sittings of the House of Commons at a session that extends over a period of sixty-five days or more; or

(b) in respect of any session in the course of which he was expelled from the House of Commons.

(2) In computing the total amount of the contributions that a member has paid or elected to pay under this Act, there shall not be included

(a) any contributions in respect of which a withdrawal allowance has been paid under this Act;

(b) any contributions in respect of which his election has been revoked under subsection (6) of section 8; or

(c) any amount paid by him by way of interest.

(3) Where a person makes a payment on account of the amount payable by him under subsection (1) of section 8, the part thereof that is the same proportion of the whole payment as the contribution specified in paragraph (a) of that subsection is of the aggregate of the amounts specified in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of that subsection is deemed to be paid in respect of the contribution specified in the said paragraph (a).
ALLOWANCES.

10. (1) An allowance shall be paid in accordance with this Act to or in respect of a person who, being a member, ceases to be a member or dies.

(2) For the purposes of this Act,

(a) a person does not cease to be a member by reason only of the dissolution of the House of Commons, and

(b) a person who, immediately before a dissolution of the House of Commons, was a member, ceases to be a member if he is not elected as a member at the general election next following the dissolution, and he is deemed to have ceased to be a member on the day on which that general election was held.

11. (1) Subject to section 15, where a person, at the time he ceases to be a member, has contributed or elected to contribute under this Act in respect of sessions in more than two Parliaments, there shall be paid to him annually, during his lifetime, an allowance equal to seventy-five per cent of the total amount of the contributions that he has paid and elected to pay under this Act.

(2) An allowance payable under this section shall be paid monthly in arrears in approximately equal instalments.

12. Where a person, at the time he ceases to be a member, has not contributed or elected to contribute under this Act in respect of sessions in more than two Parliaments, there shall be paid to him, in a lump sum, a withdrawal allowance equal to the total amount of the contributions that he has paid under this Act.

13. Where a member is expelled from the House of Commons there shall be paid to him, in a lump sum, a withdrawal allowance equal to the total amount of the contributions that he has paid under this Act.

14. Where a member or a person who has ceased to be a member dies, there shall be paid to his legal representatives, in a lump sum, a withdrawal allowance equal to the remainder after subtracting

(a) the total of any amounts of allowance that have been paid or have become payable to him under this Act prior to his death,

from

(b) the total amount of the contributions that have been paid by him under this Act.

15. R.S., 1952.
15. (1) An allowance payable to a person under section 11 shall be discontinued while that person
(a) is a Senator or a member,
(b) is employed in the public service of Canada, or
(c) renders services the remuneration for which is paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or by an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada,

and where that person is a Senator or member, or is so employed or renders service at any time during a month, the whole amount payable on account of the allowance in that month shall be withheld.

(2) For the purposes of this section a person is deemed to be employed in the public service of Canada who
(a) is a member of the staff of the Senate or House of Commons,
(b) holds any office or employment under Her Majesty in right of Canada, or
(c) is an officer, member or employee of a corporation, board or commission that is an agent of Her Majesty in right of Canada.

16. Where a person who is entitled to be paid an allowance under section 11
(a) is eligible to receive a pension under the Old Age Security Act, the amount of the allowance that would otherwise be payable to him in any month under section 11 shall be reduced by the amount of the pension that is payable to him in that month under the Old Age Security Act or would be so payable if he applied for it; or

(b) is in receipt of an annuity, pension or allowance payable out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund or by an agent of Her Majesty pursuant to a retirement pension scheme to which persons who may benefit therefrom are not required to contribute and the amount of which, except for determining eligibility to receive benefits, is not related to length of service, the amount of the allowance that would otherwise be payable to him in any month under section 11 shall be reduced by the amount of the annuity, pension or allowance that is payable to him in that month under the pension scheme, or, if it is not paid monthly, the amount that the Treasury Board deems to be payable in respect of that month.
REGULATIONS.

17. The Governor in Council may make regulations

(a) prescribing for the purposes of section 4 the rate of interest, the manner of calculating interest and the times at which interest shall be credited to the Account;

(b) prescribing, in the case of an annual allowance, the days on which the payments of allowances shall be made and providing that payment may be made in respect of any fractional period and that where a recipient dies payment may be made in respect of the full month in which he dies;

(c) providing, where a recipient of an annual allowance is incapable of managing his affairs, that the allowance may be paid to another person on his behalf;

(d) prescribing forms that are by this Act to be prescribed or that he considers necessary for the administration of this Act; and

(e) for any other purpose deemed necessary to give effect to this Act.

REPORT.

18. The Minister of Finance shall, as soon as possible after the end of each fiscal year, lay before Parliament a report on the administration of this Act during the preceding fiscal year and shall include therein a statement of the amounts received by way of contributions and interest under this Act, the amounts paid by way of allowances, the number of contributors, the number of persons receiving annual allowances, and such other information as the Governor in Council prescribes.

19. This Act shall come into force on the date of the opening of the session of Parliament next ensuing after the 4th day of July, 1952.

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

5825
CHAPTER 330.
An Act respecting the Establishment of a National Library.

SHORT TITLE.
1. This Act may be cited as the National Library Act. Short title.

INTERPRETATION.
2. In this Act,
   (a) "Minister" means such member of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada as is named for the purpose by the Governor in Council;
   (b) "book" includes library matter of every kind, nature and description; and
   (c) "published in Canada" means released in Canada for public distribution or sale, otherwise than by Her Majesty in right of a province, any agent or servant of Her Majesty in right of a province or any municipality.

3. A National Library is hereby established, consisting of all books placed in the care and custody of the National Librarian or delivered to or otherwise acquired by the National Librarian in accordance with this Act.

4. The Governor in Council may appoint a person to be called the National Librarian, who shall be the custodian of the National Library having the control and management of the National Library in accordance with this Act.

5. The Governor in Council may appoint a person to be called the Assistant National Librarian, who shall assist the National Librarian in the performance of his duties under this Act, and shall act as National Librarian in the event of the absence or incapacity of the National Librarian.

6. The National Librarian and the Assistant National Librarian shall hold office during pleasure, and shall be paid such salaries as the Governor in Council determines.

7. Such other officers, clerks and employees as are necessary for the proper control and management of the National Library may be appointed in accordance with the provisions of the *Civil Service Act*.

8. (1) The Governor in Council may establish an Advisory Council, to advise and assist the National Librarian in connection with the organization and development of the National Library.

(2) The membership of the Advisory Council shall consist of the following persons:

(a) the National Librarian, who shall be the Chairman;
(b) the General Librarian and the Parliamentary Librarian, who shall be members *ex officio*; and
(c) twelve other persons, at least one from each province, to be appointed by the Governor in Council for a term of four years, except that of those first appointed three shall be appointed for a term of one year each, three for a term of two years each and three for a term of three years each.

(3) A person who, as a member of the Advisory Council, has served two consecutive terms of four years each is not eligible to be reappointed to the Council during the two years following the completion of his second term.

(4) Members of the Advisory Council shall not receive any remuneration, but are entitled to receive all reasonable travelling and living expenses incurred in the course of their duties as members of the Council.

9. The Governor in Council may direct that any books in the care or custody of any department or agency of the Government or Parliament of Canada shall be transferred from such department or agency and placed in the care and custody of the National Librarian.

10. Subject to the direction of the Minister, the National Librarian may

(a) undertake the collection, by purchase or otherwise, of books for the Library,
(b) compile and maintain a national union catalogue in which the contents of the principal library collections throughout Canada may be listed,
(c) compile and publish a national bibliography in which books produced in Canada, written or prepared by Canadians or of special interest or significance to Canada may be noted and described,

R.S., 1952.

(d) lend, sell or otherwise dispose of books forming part of the Library, and enter into exchange agreements with libraries and other institutions both in Canada and elsewhere, and

(e) generally supervise and direct the work of the National Library in such a manner that the facilities of the Library may be made available to the Government and people of Canada to the greatest possible extent consistent with the sound administration of the Library.

11. (1) Subject to this section, the publisher of a book published in Canada shall, at his own expense and within one month from the date of publication, deliver two copies of the book to the National Librarian, who shall give to the publisher a written receipt therefor.

(2) The publisher of a book published in Canada who has complied with the requirements of section 52 of the Copyright Act is deemed to have complied with the requirements of this section.

(3) Where the retail value of the two copies required by subsection (1) to be delivered to the National Librarian exceeds in the aggregate twenty-five dollars, the publisher of the book is deemed to have complied with the requirements of this section if, at his own expense, he delivers to the National Librarian one copy only of the book, equal in quality to the best quality produced.

(4) The Minister may make regulations

(a) respecting the quality of the copies required to be delivered to the National Librarian of any book the copies of which are not of uniform quality;

(b) prescribing generally the classes or kinds of books in respect of which only one copy is required to be delivered to the National Librarian; and

(c) prescribing the classes or kinds of books in respect of which no copies are required to be delivered to the National Librarian unless specially requested by him.

(5) Every publisher of a book published in Canada who contravenes any of the provisions of this section is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars.

12. (1) A special account in the Consolidated Revenue Fund is hereby established, called the National Library Purchase Account, to which shall be credited any money appropriated by Parliament in any fiscal year for the purpose of acquiring books for the National Library, and

R.S., 1952.
any expenditures made for that purpose in that or any subsequent fiscal year, including any costs in connection therewith, may be paid out of the money so appropriated and credited.

(2) A special account in the Consolidated Revenue Fund is hereby established, called the National Library Special Operating Account, to which shall be credited all money received for the purpose of the National Library by way of donation, bequest or otherwise.

(3) Any amounts required for the purposes of this Act may be paid out of the National Library Special Operating Account or out of any money appropriated by Parliament for such purposes.

13. The National Librarian shall within three months from the termination of each fiscal year submit to the Minister a report, in the form required by the Minister, of all proceedings under this Act for the fiscal year, and the Minister shall lay the report before Parliament within fifteen days after he receives it or, if Parliament is not then in session, within fifteen days after the commencement of the next ensuing session.
CHAPTER 331.

An Act respecting the Northwest Territories.

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the **Northwest Territories Short title.** Act.

INTERPRETATION.

2. In this Act,
   
   (a) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Territories;
   
   (b) "Commissioner in Council" means the Commissioner acting by and with the advice and consent of the Council;
   
   (c) "Council" means the Council of the Territories;
   
   (d) "Court" means the Territorial Court for the Territories;
   
   (e) "intoxicant" includes alcohol, alcoholic, spirituous, vinous, fermented malt or other intoxicating liquor or combination of liquors and mixed liquor a part of which is spirituous, vinous, fermented or otherwise intoxicating and all drinks, drinkable liquids, preparations or mixtures capable of human consumption that are intoxicating;
   
   (f) "Minister" means the Minister of Resources and Development;
   
   (g) "ordinance" includes an ordinance of the Territories passed before or after the commencement of this Act;
   
   (h) "public lands" mean any lands, in the Territories belonging to Her Majesty in right of Canada or of which the Government of Canada has power to dispose; and

5831 (i) R.S., 1952.

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"Territories."

(i) "Territories" means the Northwest Territories, which comprise:

(i) all that part of Canada north of the Sixtieth Parallel of North Latitude, except the portions thereof that are within the Yukon Territory, the Province of Quebec or the Province of Newfoundland, and

(ii) the islands in Hudson Bay, James Bay and Ungava Bay, except those islands that are within the Province of Manitoba, the Province of Ontario or the Province of Quebec.

PART I.

GOVERNMENT.

Commissioner.

3. (1) The Governor in Council may appoint for the Territories a chief executive officer to be styled and known as the Commissioner of the Northwest Territories.

(2) The Governor in Council may appoint a member of the Council to be Deputy Commissioner of the Territories.

(3) The Deputy Commissioner has and may perform and exercise, either in the absence of the Commissioner or where the office of Commissioner is vacant, all the powers and functions conferred on the Commissioner by this Act.

4. The Commissioner shall administer the government of the Territories under instructions from time to time given by the Governor in Council or the Minister.

5. The executive powers that were, immediately before the 1st day of September, 1905, vested by any laws of Canada in the Lieutenant-Governor of the Northwest Territories or in the Lieutenant-Governor of the Northwest Territories in Council shall be exercised by the Commissioner so far as they are applicable to and capable of being exercised in relation to the government of the Northwest Territories as it is constituted at the time of the exercise of such powers.

6. Upon the coming into force of this Act or before assuming the duties of his office, the Commissioner shall take and subscribe such oaths of office and allegiance in such manner as the Governor in Council may prescribe.

R.S., 1952.

Seat
Seat of Government.

7. The seat of government of the Territories shall be that prescribed by the Governor in Council and may, from time to time, be changed by him.

Council.

8. (1) There shall be a Council of the Territories consisting of eight members, three of whom shall be elected to represent such electoral districts in the Territories as are named and described by the Commissioner in Council, and five of whom shall be appointed by the Governor in Council.

(2) Appointed members of the Council hold office during pleasure.

(3) Unless otherwise provided in this section, an elected member of the Council holds office for three years from the date of the return of the writ after his election.

(4) Where, in the opinion of the Governor in Council, an elected member is unable to perform his duties by reason of incapacity or absence, the Governor in Council may remove him from office and may appoint a member in his stead for the balance of his term of office.

(5) Where an elected member dies while in office, the Governor in Council may appoint a member in his stead for the balance of his term of office.

(6) Where the election of an elected member is declared void pursuant to the laws in force in the Territories respecting controverted elections, the candidate at such election who received the next greatest number of votes shall sit as a member of the Council instead of such elected member and where there is no such candidate or where the number of votes is equal, the Governor in Council may appoint a person to sit as a member of the Council instead of such elected member.

(7) The Governor in Council may, at any time after the expiration of two years from the date of the return of the writs of election of elected members of the Council, dissolve the Council and cause a new Council to be elected and appointed.

9. (1) Subject to subsection (2), the Governor in Council may prescribe the qualifications of those entitled to vote at an election of members to the Council and of those eligible for nomination and election as members of the Council.
the Council and the reasons for or matters by which an elected member may be or become disqualified from being or sitting as a member of the Council.

(2) A person is not entitled to vote at an election or to be nominated or elected as a member of the Council unless he is a Canadian citizen or other British subject, has attained the age of twenty-one years and has been ordinarily resident in the Territories for a period of at least twelve months immediately prior to the date of election.

10. Each member of the Council shall, before entering the duties of his office, take and subscribe before the Commissioner such oaths of office and allegiance as the Governor in Council may prescribe.

11. (1) The Commissioner shall convene at least two sessions of the Council in every calendar year so that twelve months shall not intervene between the last sitting of the Council in one session and its first sitting in the next session.

(2) In each year one of the sessions of the Council convened in that year shall be held at a place in the Territories designated by the Governor in Council and all other sessions of the Council convened in that year shall be held at the seat of government of the Territories.

(3) Four members of the Council constitute a quorum.

(4) Each member has one vote in the transaction of the business of the Council and, if the number of votes is equal, the Commissioner may cast a deciding vote.

12. (1) Each elected member of the Council may be paid an amount not exceeding fifty dollars for each day he is in attendance at a session of the Council, but the total amount payable under this subsection to a member in any one calendar year shall not exceed one thousand dollars.

(2) In addition to the payments under subsection (1), each member of the Council, whether elected or appointed, may be paid

(a) the actual travelling expenses incurred by him in travelling from his place of residence to the place where the Council holds its session and return, but no payment shall be made to a member in respect of more than one return trip for each session of the Council; and

(b) an allowance for living expenses, not exceeding twenty-five dollars for each day in which the Council is in session.

R.S., 1952.

(3) An allowance for living expenses that is paid to a member of the Council under paragraph (b) of subsection (2) is not income for that member for the purposes of the Income Tax Act.

Legislative Powers of Commissioner in Council.

13. The Commissioner in Council may, subject to the provisions of this Act and any other Act of the Parliament of Canada, make ordinances for the government of the Territories in relation to the following classes of subjects, namely,

(a) direct taxation within the Territories in order to raise a revenue for territorial, municipal or local purposes;

(b) the establishment and tenure of territorial offices and the appointment and payment of territorial officers;

(c) municipal institutions in the Territories, including local administrative districts, school districts, local improvement districts and irrigation districts;

(d) controverted elections;

(e) the licensing of any business, trade, calling, industry, employment or occupation in order to raise a revenue for territorial, municipal or local purposes;

(f) the incorporation of companies with territorial objects, including tramways and street railway companies but excluding railway, steamship, air transport, canal, telegraph, telephone or irrigation companies;

(g) the solemnization of marriage in the Territories;

(h) property and civil rights in the Territories;

(i) the administration of justice in the Territories, including the constitution, organization and maintenance of territorial courts of civil jurisdiction and the procedure in such courts but excluding the appointment of any judicial officers except coroners or the constitution, organization and maintenance of courts of criminal jurisdiction or procedure in criminal matters except the fees and expenses payable to jurors, witnesses and other persons;

(j) the fees and expenses of witnesses, jurors, interpreters and coroners in civil and criminal matters;

(k) the appointment, powers and duties of coroners and coroners' inquests;

(l) the summoning of juries, enforcement of their attendance and all matters relating to juries;

5835 (m) R.S., 1952.
Sheriffs and clerks of court.
Alimony.

(m) the powers, duties and obligations of sheriffs and clerks of the courts and their deputies;

(n) the conferring of jurisdiction in matters of alimony upon the Court;

Scientists and explorers.

(o) the issuing of licences or permits to scientists or explorers to enter the Territories or any part thereof and the prescription of the conditions under which such licences or permits may be issued and used;

Fur tax.

(p) the levying of a tax upon furs or any portions of fur-bearing animals to be shipped or taken from the Territories to any place outside the Territories;

Game.

(q) the preservation of game in the Territories;

Education.

(r) education in the Territories, subject to the conditions that any ordinance respecting education shall always provide that a majority of the ratepayers of any district or portion of the Territories, or of any less portion or subdivision thereof, by whatever name the same is known, may establish such schools therein as they think fit, and make the necessary assessment and collection of rates therefor; and also that the minority of the ratepayers therein, whether Protestant or Roman Catholic, may establish separate schools therein, and in such case, the ratepayers establishing such Protestant or Roman Catholic separate schools shall be liable only to assessments of such rates as they impose upon themselves in respect thereof;

Roads.

(s) the closing up, varying, opening, establishing, building, management or control of any roads, streets, lanes or trails on public lands;

Intoxicants.

(t) intoxicants;

Hospitals.

(u) the establishment, maintenance and management of hospitals in and for the Territories;

Agriculture.

(v) agriculture;

Local and private matters.

(w) generally, all matters of a merely local or private nature in the Territories;

Fines and penalties.

(x) the imposition of fines, penalties, imprisonment or other punishments in respect of the violation of the provisions of any ordinance; and

Matters designated by Governor in Council.

(y) such other matters as are from time to time designated by the Governor in Council.

14. Nothing in section 13 shall be construed to give the Commissioner in Council greater powers with respect to any class of subjects described therein than are given

R.S., 1952.
given to legislatures of the Provinces of Canada under sections 92 and 95 of the British North America Act, 1867, with respect to similar subjects therein described.

15. (1) A copy of every ordinance made by the Commissioner in Council shall be transmitted to the Governor in Council within thirty days after the passing thereof and shall be laid before both Houses of Parliament as soon as conveniently may be thereafter.

(2) Any ordinance or any provision thereof may be disallowed by the Governor in Council at any time within two years after its passage.

16. Unless otherwise therein specially provided, proceedings for enforcing any ordinance by the imposition of punishment by fine, penalty or imprisonment may be brought summarily before a justice of the peace under the provisions of the Criminal Code relating to summary convictions.

Laws Applicable to the Territories.

17. Subject to this Act, the laws of England relating to civil and criminal matters, as such laws existed on the 15th day of July, 1870, shall be in force in the Territories, in so far as they are applicable to the Territories and in so far as they have not been or will hereafter be, respecting the Territories, repealed, altered, varied, modified or affected by any Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom or of the Parliament of Canada or by any ordinance.

18. (1) Where in any Act of the Parliament of Canada or ordinance an officer is designated to perform any duty therein mentioned and there is no such officer in the Territories, the Commissioner may order by what other person or officer such duty shall be performed, and the performance of the duty by such other person pursuant to the order is lawful and valid.

(2) Where in any Act of the Parliament of Canada or ordinance a document or thing is to be transmitted to an officer, court, territorial division or place and there is then in the Territories no such officer, court, territorial division or place, the Commissioner may order to what officer, court, territorial division or place such transmission shall be made or may dispense with the transmission and the transmission or dispensation of transmission pursuant to the order is lawful and valid.
(1) All territorial revenues shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(2) There shall be established in the Consolidated Revenue Fund an account to be known as the Northwest Territories Revenue Account to which shall be credited

(a) amounts equal to the territorial revenues paid from time to time into the Consolidated Revenue Fund pursuant to subsection (1);

(b) all moneys appropriated by Parliament to be credited to the Northwest Territories Revenue Account; and

(c) an amount equal to the amount standing to the credit, at the commencement of this Act, of the account then known as the Northwest Territories Revenue Account.

(3) The Commissioner in Council may make ordinances providing for the expenditure of territorial revenues for territorial purposes and, subject to subsection (5), any money required for the territorial purposes specified in such ordinances may, on the requisition of the Minister or a person authorized by him in writing, be paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

(4) All payments made out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund pursuant to subsection (3) shall be charged to the Northwest Territories Revenue Account.

(5) A payment made out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund under subsection (3) shall not be greater than the amount by which the aggregate of all moneys credited to the Northwest Territories Revenue Account exceeds the aggregate of all amounts charged to that Account.

PART II.

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.

Territorial Court.

There shall be a superior court of record in and for the Territories to be called the Territorial Court, consisting of the judges of the Territorial Court of the Yukon Territory who shall be ex officio judges of the Territorial Court of the Northwest Territories and such other deputy judges as may from time to time be appointed by the Governor in Council.
21. (1) The Governor in Council may, from time to time, in the case of sickness, absence or engagement upon other duty of a judge of the Court or at the request of a judge of the Court, specially appoint any person who is or has been a judge of a superior, county or district court of any of the provinces of Canada or a barrister or advocate of at least ten years' standing at the bar of any such province to be a deputy judge of the Court.

(2) A deputy judge may be appointed pursuant to this section for any particular case or cases or for any specified period of time and his appointment shall be terminated at the pleasure of the Governor in Council.

(3) A deputy judge shall be sworn to the faithful performance of his duties in the same manner as a judge of the Court and shall, during his appointment, temporarily have and may exercise all the powers, authorities and functions of a judge of the Court and the expression "judge of the Court" shall be deemed to include a deputy judge of the Court.

22. (1) Every judge of the Court shall, before entering upon the duties of his office, take the following oath of office:

I, , do solemnly and sincerely promise and swear that I will duly and faithfully and to the best of my skill and knowledge execute the powers and trusts reposed in me as one of the judges of the Territorial Court of the Northwest Territories. So help me God.

(2) The oath shall be administered by a judge of the Court or by the Commissioner or by a person authorized by the Commissioner to administer such oath.

23. (1) The Court is a superior court of record having general civil and criminal jurisdiction throughout the Territories.

(2) The Court shall, throughout the Territories, have and may exercise in civil cases all the powers, duties and functions that were, immediately prior to the commencement of this Act, vested in stipendiary magistrates of the Territories.

(3) A judge of the Court shall, throughout the Territories, have and may exercise all the powers, duties and functions that are vested in the Court.

24. (1) Where under any Act, ordinance or other law in force in the Territories, any power or authority is to be exercised or anything is to be done by a judge of a court, such power or authority shall, in the Territories, be exercised or R.S., 1952.
or such thing shall be done by a judge of the Court, unless some other provision is made in that behalf by such Act, ordinance or other law.

(2) Where in any Act, ordinance or other law in force in the Territories it is expressed that a power or authority is to be exercised or a thing is to be done by a stipendiary magistrate of the Territories, such power or authority shall be exercised or such thing shall be done by a judge of the Court or, where the power, authority or thing is within the jurisdiction given to him pursuant to this Act, by a police magistrate.

25. Sittings of the Court shall be held at such times and places as a judge of the Court deems necessary or as may be directed by the Commissioner.

26. (1) Every judge of the Court shall, with respect to any criminal offence committed or charged to have been committed within the Territories, have and may exercise, not only within the Territories but also in any place in Canada that is not within the Territories, all the powers, duties and functions of the Court.

(2) All statutory and other provisions of the law applicable to criminal proceedings within the Territories shall in like manner apply to proceedings instituted or to be instituted or prosecuted under this section at any place not within the Territories.

(3) Any judgment, conviction, sentence or order pronounced or made in any proceedings held outside the Territories under this section may be enforced or executed at the place at which it is pronounced or made or elsewhere, either within or without the Territories, as the judge of the Court may direct, and the proper officers of the Territories shall have and may exercise all powers and authority necessary or requisite for the enforcement or execution thereof at the place where it is directed to be enforced or executed, notwithstanding that such place is not within the Territories.

27. No grand jury shall be summoned or sit in the Territories.

Appeals from the Court in Civil Cases.

28. (1) In this section, "court of appeal" means (a) for those parts of the Territories west of the One Hundred and Second Meridian of West Longitude, the court of appeal for the Province of Alberta; and (b)

(b) for those parts of the Territories east of the One Hundred and Second Meridian of West Longitude, the court of appeal for the Province of Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island or Newfoundland.

(2) Subject to subsection (3), an appeal lies from the final judgment of a judge of the Court to the appropriate court of appeal in any civil case where

(a) the matter in controversy amounts to the sum or value of five hundred dollars or upwards;

(b) the title to real property or some interest therein is affected;

(c) the validity of a patent is affected;

(d) the matter relates to the taking of an annual or other rent, customary or other duty or fee or a like demand of a public or general nature affecting future rights;

(e) the proceedings are for or upon mandamus, prohibition or injunction;

(f) the action is for the recovery of, the establishment of title to or the right of the claimant to or the establishment of the boundaries of or the inclusion of land or property in a claim, mining property, mineral claim or location, or interest therein, as defined in any regulations respecting quartz mining in the Territories made under a statute of Canada; or

(g) the action is for divorce or judicial separation.

(3) No appeal lies from the final judgment of a judge of the Court on appeal from the decision of a mining recorder respecting a dispute in regard to mining property previous to the issue of a lease of a claim.

(4) The court of appeal and the judges thereof have the same powers, jurisdiction and authority with reference to any such appeal and the proceedings thereon as if it were an appeal duly authorized from a like judgment, order or decree made by a superior court of the province concerned, or a judge thereof, in the exercise of its or his ordinary jurisdiction.

(5) Notice of any such appeal shall be given within twenty days from the day upon which the judgment appealed from is pronounced or given or within such further time as the judge of the Court who gave such judgment may allow.

(6) Execution of the judgment appealed from shall not be stayed except upon order of the judge of the Court who gave such judgment or the court of appeal, or a judge thereof, and upon such terms as may be just.

R.S.; 1952.
(7) Three judges of the court of appeal constitute a quorum for the hearing of such appeals.

(8) The procedure upon such appeals shall be regulated by the ordinary practice and procedure upon similar appeals coming before the court of appeal, so far as such practice and procedure are applicable and are not inconsistent with anything in this section and except in so far as it is otherwise provided by the general rules pursuant to this section.

(9) The judges of the court of appeal may make general rules not inconsistent with this Act for regulating the practice and procedure upon such appeals.

(10) An appeal lies to the Supreme Court of Canada from the judgment upon any appeal authorized by this section wherever such an appeal to the Supreme Court of Canada would have been authorized had the judgment appealed from been delivered in a like case in the exercise of the ordinary jurisdiction of the court of appeal upon appeal in respect of cases originating in the courts of the province in which such court of appeal sits.

Concurrent Civil Jurisdiction of Provincial Courts.

29. (1) Any superior court in the Provinces of Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland may, within the province in which its ordinary jurisdiction is exercised, exercise, in civil matters respecting persons and property in the Territories east of the One Hundred and Second Meridian of West Longitude and actions, suits or proceedings affecting them, the like jurisdiction that such court has in civil matters respecting persons and property within the territorial limits of its ordinary jurisdiction and actions, suits or proceedings affecting them.

(2) Any court having surrogate powers in a province of Canada may, within the province in which its ordinary jurisdiction is exercised, exercise, respecting the granting or revoking of probate of wills and letters of administration of the property of deceased persons in the Territories and all matters arising out of or connected therewith, the like jurisdiction that such court has respecting the granting or revoking of probate and letters of administration of the property of deceased persons within the territorial limits of its ordinary jurisdiction and all matters arising out of or connected therewith.

30. (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the practice and procedure in the exercise of concurrent jurisdiction pursuant to section 29 shall be the practice and procedure.
procedure of the court in the exercise of its ordinary jurisdiction, but the court or a judge thereof may, in any case in which the court or judge considers such practice and procedure inapplicable or inconvenient, make orders varying it to suit the circumstances of the case.

(2) A writ of summons or other initiatory proceeding in the exercise of such concurrent jurisdiction shall not be served outside the territorial limits of the ordinary jurisdiction of the court without the leave of the court or a judge thereof and such leave shall not be granted where any of the following apply, namely,

(a) the plaintiff or claimant has failed to submit an affidavit showing that he has a good cause of action or claim upon the merits of the case setting forth all relevant grounds;
(b) the court or judge is of opinion that the action, suit, proceeding or other matter ought not to be taken in the province in which the plaintiff or claimant is seeking to proceed; or
(c) the court or judge is of opinion that the action, suit, proceeding or other matter may be prosecuted more conveniently or with less expense in the Territories or in another province.

(3) The court or judge may, in the order granting leave, limit a time for appearance and impose or prescribe such other conditions as are deemed just.

31. An appeal lies from the final judgment of a court or judge in the exercise of concurrent civil jurisdiction to the appropriate appellate tribunal of the province concerned wherever such an appeal would have been authorized had the judgment appealed from been delivered in a like case in the exercise of the ordinary jurisdiction of the court and would have been authorized pursuant to section 28 had the judgment appealed from been delivered by a judge of the Territorial Court.

Police Magistrates.

32. (1) The Governor in Council may appoint one or more persons who are barristers or advocates of at least three years' standing at the bar of any of the provinces of Canada to be police magistrates in and for the Territories and may fix their salaries and allowances.

(2) A police magistrate holds office during pleasure, shall reside in the Territories during his term of office and shall not, during such term, practise as a barrister or solicitor.

33. R.S., 1952.
Has powers of justices of the peace.

33. A police magistrate has and may exercise the powers, duties and functions of a justice of the peace or any two justices of the peace under this Act or any other law or ordinance in force in the Territories.

Civil jurisdiction.

34. (1) Subject to subsection (2), the Governor in Council may, by order, vest in any police magistrate named in such order civil jurisdiction in

Contract and debt.

(a) actions arising out of contract, expressed or implied, and actions of debt, where the debt, demand or damages claimed do not exceed one thousand dollars;

(b) personal actions of tort, where the damages claimed do not exceed one thousand dollars;

Tort.

(c) all actions for the recovery of personal property, including actions of replevin and for detinue, where the value of the property claimed does not exceed one thousand dollars;

Recovery of personal property.

(d) interpleader proceedings

(i) where the person seeking relief is under liability for any debt, money or chattels to an amount or value not exceeding one thousand dollars for and in respect of which adverse claims are made by two or more persons, or

(ii) where the applicant is a sheriff or some other officer charged with the execution of process and claim is made to any money or chattels taken or intended to be taken in the execution, or the proceeds or value thereof, by a person other than the person against whom the process issued, where the money, proceeds or value of the chattels claimed does not exceed one thousand dollars;

Interpleader proceedings.

(e) garnishment proceedings for the attachment of debt due, obligations and liabilities owing, payable or accruing due by a third person to a person against whom an action for a debt or liquidated demand not exceeding one thousand dollars is or is about to be commenced or against whom a judgment has been given; and

Garnishment proceedings.

(f) attachment proceedings for the recovery of a sum not exceeding one thousand dollars for debt or damages arising upon a contract, expressed or implied, or upon a judgment upon the personal property of a person who (i) being a non-resident of the Territories, is so indebted or liable to a resident of the Territories; or (ii) with intent to defeat or defraud his creditors or those who have causes of action against him, absconds or is about to abscond from the Territories.

Attachment proceedings.

R.S., 1952.
leaving personal property or to remove his personal property out of the Territories or did or is about to assign, transfer, dispose of or secrete such property or to conceal himself to avoid service of process.

(2) A police magistrate shall not be vested with civil jurisdiction in

(a) actions in which the title to land or to an interest in land is brought in question;
(b) actions in which the validity of any devise, bequest or limitation is disputed;
(c) actions for malicious prosecution, false imprisonment, libel, slander, criminal conversation, seduction or breach of promise of marriage; and
(d) actions against a justice of the peace for anything done by him in the execution of his office.

35. (1) An appeal may be taken from the final judgment of a police magistrate in any civil case to a judge of the Court where the matter in controversy, exclusive of costs, amounts to the sum or value of not less than one hundred dollars.

(2) An appeal from the final judgment of a judge of the Court on an appeal referred to in subsection (1) may be taken in the same manner, for the same causes and subject to the same limitations as are prescribed in section 28 with reference to appeals from trial judgments of judges of the Court.

Justices of the Peace.

36. (1) The Governor in Council may, from time to time, appoint any person to be a justice of the peace in and for the Territories to hold office during pleasure.

(2) Every commissioned officer of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police is, when he is in the Territories, ex officio, a justice of the peace in and for the Territories.

(3) Every justice of the peace in and for the Territories has and may exercise throughout the Territories, the powers, duties and functions of two justices of the peace under any law or ordinance in force in the Territories.

Other Officers.

37. The Governor in Council may appoint the clerk of the Court, sheriff and such other officers for the due administration of justice in the Territories as are deemed necessary and may fix their salaries and allowances.
38. (1) The following places in the Territories are prisons, gaols or lockups for the confinement of persons charged with the commission of any offence under a statute, ordinance or other law in force in the Territories or sentenced thereunder to a term of imprisonment not exceeding two years, namely,

(a) every guardhouse, guardroom or other place of confinement that is maintained or managed by the Royal Canadian Mounted Police; and

(b) every building or part thereof or other enclosure, other than those referred to in paragraph (a), that is designated as a prison, gaol or lockup for the purposes of this section by the Governor in Council.

(2) Where it is impossible or inconvenient, by reason of absence or remoteness, to confine a person referred to in subsection (1) in a prison, gaol or lockup, such person may be sentenced or directed by a judge of the Court, police magistrate or justice of the peace, as the case may be, to be placed and kept in the custody of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.

39. The Governor in Council may make rules and regulations for the management, discipline and policy of prisons, gaols and lockups in the Territories, for the duties and conduct of persons employed therein or otherwise charged with the custody of prisoners and for all matters pertaining to the maintenance, discipline or conduct of prisoners including their employment without as well as within any prison, gaol or lockup.

PART III.

GENERAL.

Roads.

40. Subject to any ordinance respecting them, all roads, streets, lanes and trails on public lands are subject to the direction, management and control of the Commissioner.

Reindeer.

41. (1) The Governor in Council may make regulations.

(a) authorizing the Minister to enter into agreements with Eskimos or Indians, or persons with Eskimo or Indian blood living the life of an Eskimo or Indian, for the herding of reindeer that are the property of Her Majesty,
Majesty, such agreements, if deemed advisable by the Minister, to include provisions for the transfer of such portions of the herds as may be therein specified to the herdsmen upon satisfactory completion of the agreements;

(b) for the control, management, administration and protection of reindeer in the Territories, whether they are the property of Her Majesty or otherwise;

(c) for the sale of reindeer and the slaughter or other disposal of surplus reindeer and the carcasses thereof; and

(d) controlling or prohibiting the transfer or shipment by any means of reindeer or their carcasses or parts thereof, whether they are the property of Her Majesty or otherwise, from any place in the Territories to any other place within or without the Territories.

(2) Where a peace officer or any person who is a game officer under any ordinance has reasonable grounds for believing that any reindeer or part thereof has been taken, killed, transferred, shipped or had in possession in violation of the regulations or that any vessel, vehicle, aeroplane, firearm, trap or other article or thing has been used in violation of the regulations, he may, in the Territories, without a warrant, effect seizure thereof.

(3) Every seizure made under subsection (2) shall be reported as soon as practicable to a justice of the peace who may, upon satisfying himself that the reindeer or part thereof or the vessel, vehicle, aeroplane, firearm, trap or other article or thing has been taken, dealt with or used in violation of the regulations, declare it to be forfeited to Her Majesty and, upon such declaration, it is forfeited.

(4) The Game Export Act applies to reindeer or the carcasses or part thereof and for that purpose, “game” under that Act shall be deemed to include such reindeer, carcasses or part thereof, “killed” to include the taking or capture of or dealing in live reindeer and “export permit” to include a permit or licence issued under the regulations made pursuant to this section.

**Intoxicants.**

42. (1) No intoxicant shall be manufactured, compounded or made in the Territories or imported or brought into the Territories from any place outside the Territories, whether it is in Canada or elsewhere, except by permission of the Commissioner.

5847  R.S., 1952.
Subject to customs and excise laws.

Seizure.

(2) Intoxicants manufactured, compounded or made in the Territories or imported or brought into the Territories are subject to the customs and excise laws of Canada.

(3) Where a peace officer has reasonable grounds for believing that any intoxicant has been manufactured, compounded or made in the Territories or imported or brought into the Territories from any place outside the Territories in violation of this Act or that any vessel, vehicle, aeroplane, appliance, article or thing has been used for any of the above purposes in violation of this Act, he may, in the Territories, without a warrant, effect seizure thereof.

Forfeiture.

(4) Every seizure made under subsection (3) shall be reported as soon as practicable to a justice of the peace who may, upon satisfying himself that the intoxicant or the vessel, vehicle, aeroplane, appliance, article or thing has been manufactured, compounded, made, imported, brought in or dealt with or used in violation of this Act, declare it to be forfeited to Her Majesty and, upon such declaration, it is forfeited.

Insane Persons.

43. (1) The Commissioner may, subject to the approval of the Minister, arrange with any province of Canada for the removal of insane persons from the Territories to mental institutions, asylums or other suitable places of confinement in that province, for their confinement, care and maintenance therein until the pleasure of the Commissioner is made known or until they are discharged by law and for the compensation to be paid to that province in respect of the confinement, care and maintenance of such insane persons.

(2) The compensation to be paid to a province under subsection (1) shall be paid out of territorial revenues.

44. (1) Where an insane person has escaped from a mental institution, asylum or other place of confinement, within or without the Territories, any person employed therein or connected therewith or other person requested by the person in immediate charge or control thereof may, within forty-eight hours after such escape, without a warrant, retake the escaped person and return him thereto, or may, at any time after such escape up to the time specified in the warrant, do so if a warrant is issued to him for that purpose.

(2) A warrant may be issued for the purposes of subsection (1) by the person in immediate charge or control of the mental institution, asylum or other place of confinement from which the escape was made and shall contain the name and description of the escaped insane person, the name

R.S., 1952.
name and office, if any, of the person to whom it is issued, the place to which and the person to whom the escaped person is to be returned and the time, not exceeding three months, for which the warrant is valid.

(3) An escaped person who is returned to custody under this section shall remain in custody under the authority by virtue of which he was detained prior to his escape.

**Neglected Children.**

45. (1) The Commissioner may, subject to the approval of the Minister, arrange with any province of Canada for the removal of neglected children from the Territories to foster homes or suitable institutions in that province, for their care, education and maintenance therein and for the compensation to be paid to that province in respect of the care, education and maintenance of such neglected children.

(2) The compensation to be paid to a province under subsection (1) shall be paid out of territorial revenues.

**Offence and Penalty.**

46. Every person who violates a provision of this Act or the regulations is guilty of an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year or to both fine and imprisonment.

**Repeal.**

47. (1) The Northwest Territories Act, chapter 195 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed.

(2) Sections 5 to 11, inclusive, and sections 14, 15 and 16 of the Land Titles Act, chapter 162 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, do not apply with respect to the Northwest Territories.

**Commencement.**

48. This Act shall come into force on a day to be fixed by proclamation of the Governor in Council.
CHAPTER 332.

An Act to amend the Pension Act.

1. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 30 of the Pension Act, chapter 207 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(2) A member of the forces in receipt of pension on account of an amputation of the leg above a Symes' amputation is entitled to an allowance on account of wear and tear of clothing of seventy-two dollars per annum; and a member of the forces in receipt of pension on account of an amputation at or above the wrist is entitled to an allowance on account of wear and tear of clothing of thirty dollars per annum.

(3) A member of the forces in receipt of pension for any other disability for the relief of which any appliance must be worn or treatment applied that causes wear and tear of clothing may, in the discretion of the Commission, be granted an allowance in respect of such wear and tear not exceeding seventy-two dollars per annum."

2. Subsection (4) of section 38 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(4) In cases in which a member of the forces has died leaving more than one parent or person in the place of a parent who were wholly or to a substantial extent maintained by him, the pension for one such parent or person may be increased by an additional amount not exceeding three hundred dollars per annum and the total pension apportioned between such parents or between the parent and such other person."

3. The said Act is further amended by adding thereto the following section:

"76. No action or other proceeding lies against Her Majesty or against any officer, servant or agent of Her Majesty in respect of any injury or disease or aggravation thereof resulting in disability or death in any case where death or disability pensionable.

R.S., 1952,"
a pension is awarded or awardable by the Commission under or by virtue of this or any other Act in respect of such disability or death."

4. Schedules A and B to the said Act are amended by striking out the words "and Captain under three years' seniority", wherever they appear therein.

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 333.

An Act to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act.

1. The Prisons and Reformatories Act, chapter 217 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is amended by adding thereto, immediately after section 166 thereof, the following section:

"166A. (1) If any female person sentenced and detained in the Inter-Provincial Home for Young Women has, in the opinion of the Superintendent thereof, so conducted herself during a term of six consecutive months by good behaviour, diligence and industry as to warrant her being set at large and no longer being detained in the said Home, and if the magistrate or deputy magistrate for the County of Albert concurs with the Superintendent in recommending the issue of a licence to such female person to be at large, the Minister of Justice or any person authorized by him in that behalf may issue a licence to such female person to be at large in the Province of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick or Prince Edward Island, or in any part thereof specified in the licence.

(2) Any licence issued pursuant to subsection (1) may be revoked or altered at pleasure by the Minister of Justice, or by any person authorized by him in that behalf.

(3) The Minister of Justice may make such regulations as he sees fit, prescribing the form of licences, the conditions of enjoyment and forfeiture thereof, and for ascertaining that such conditions are duly complied with.

(4) Upon information on oath that any female person who is licensed under subsection (1) to be at large has contravened any of the conditions of such licence, any judge, stipendiary magistrate or magistrate in Canada may issue a warrant for her arrest, wherever in Canada she may be.

R.S., 1952.
be, and cause her to be brought before such judge, stipendiary magistrate or magistrate for trial; if convicted of such contravention she shall be remanded to the Inter-Provincial Home for Young Women, there to serve the remainder of her original sentence, with such additional term, not exceeding one year, as to the judge, stipendiary magistrate or magistrate seems proper.”

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952
CHAPTER 334.

An Act to readjust the Representation in the House of Commons.

WHEREAS the results of the census of 1951 necessitate a readjustment of the representation in the House of Commons, pursuant to the provisions of the British North America Acts, 1867 to 1952, and the other statutes in that behalf: Therefore Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the Representation Act.

2. Eighty-five members of the House of Commons shall be elected for the Province of Ontario, seventy-five for the Province of Quebec, twelve for the Province of Nova Scotia, ten for the Province of New Brunswick, fourteen for the Province of Manitoba, twenty-two for the Province of British Columbia, four for the Province of Prince Edward Island, seventeen for the Province of Saskatchewan, seventeen for the Province of Alberta, seven for the Province of Newfoundland, one for the Yukon Territory and one for Mackenzie district of the Northwest Territories, thus making a total of two hundred and sixty-five members.

3. The said provinces respectively shall, for the purpose of the election of members to serve in the House of Commons, be divided into electoral districts, which shall be represented as provided in the Schedule.

4. The whole of that part of the Schedule relating to any province shall be read together, and shall, so far as possible, be construed as including the whole of such province in some one or other of the electoral districts therein described, the description of each electoral district being accordingly

R.S., 1952.
accordingly construed as intended, unless the contrary is expressed, to include the whole of the contained area, whether particularly mentioned or not, and to include also any area partly surrounded by the areas expressly described that appears to have been intended to be included; in any doubtful case the Chief Electoral Officer shall finally determine of what electoral district, if any, any area not expressly referred to was intended to form part, and shall, within the first fifteen days of the session of Parliament next following any such determination, report the same, with the reasons therefor, to the Speaker of the House of Commons.

5. Wherever in the Schedule any word or expression is used to denote the name of any territorial division, such word or expression shall, unless the context otherwise requires, be construed as indicating such territorial division as it exists and is bounded at the date of the passing of this Act.

6. Wherever in the Schedule a municipality or place is wrongfully referred to as a city, or a town, or a village, but there is within the territorial limits of the electoral district, in the description of which the reference occurs, a municipality or place of the same name which is a city, or a town, or a village, but is not of the class, namely, city, town or village, as the case may be, specified in the Schedule, the reference shall be taken to be to that municipality or place.

7. As soon as possible after the passing of this Act, the Surveyor General shall, in accordance with the definitions set out in the Schedule, and with the co-operation of the Chief Electoral Officer, prepare and print

(a) individual maps showing the boundaries of the electoral districts established in each province;
(b) individual maps of each province showing the boundaries of the electoral districts established therein; and
(c) individual maps of all cities portions of which are in more than one electoral district.

8. (1) Wherever the expression “electoral district of Yukon-Mackenzie River” occurs in the Canada Elections Act, chapter 23 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, there shall in each case be substituted therefor the expression “electoral districts of Yukon and Mackenzie River.”

(2) Schedule Four to the Canada Elections Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

5856

“SCHEDULE
"SCHEDULE FOUR.

List of electoral districts in which nomination day is the twenty-eighth day before polling day.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Province of Ontario</th>
<th>Province of Saskatchewan</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cochrane</td>
<td>MacKenzie</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kenora-Rainy River</td>
<td>Meadow Lake</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port Arthur</td>
<td>Prince Albert</td>
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<table>
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<tr>
<th>Province of Quebec</th>
<th>Province of Alberta</th>
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<tr>
<td>Chapleau</td>
<td>Athabaska</td>
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<tr>
<td>Saguenay</td>
<td>Jasper-Edson</td>
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<tr>
<th>Province of Newfoundland</th>
<th>Province of British Columbia</th>
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<tr>
<td>Bonavista-Twillingate</td>
<td>Cariboo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burin-Burgeo</td>
<td>Skeena</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grand Falls-White Bay-Labrador</td>
<td>Yukon Territory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Humber-St. George's</td>
<td>Yukon</td>
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<tr>
<td>Trinity-Conception</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Province of Manitoba</th>
<th>Northwest Territories</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Churchill</td>
<td>Mackenzie River</td>
</tr>
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</table>

9. Paragraph (15) of section 2 of the Canada Elections Act is amended by adding thereto, immediately after paragraph (e) thereof, the following:
"and if there is no such judge in any place or territory in Canada or the judge is unable to act, means the judge designated for the purpose by the Governor in Council;"

10. Subparagraph (x) of paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 2 of the Dominion Controverted Elections Act, chapter 87 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:
"(x) in the Yukon Territory, the Territorial Court and in the Northwest Territories, a stipendiary magistrate;"

11. This Act shall take effect only upon the dissolution of the present Parliament, except that for the purpose only of authorizing and enabling the appointment, pursuant to section 8 of the Canada Elections Act of returning officers, whenever required, this Act shall be deemed to be in force on the date upon which it has been assented to.
SCHEDULE

ONTARIO.

There shall be in the province of Ontario eighty-five electoral districts, named and described as follows, each of which shall return one member.

In the following descriptions reference to "street", "avenue", "road", "drive", "boulevard", "terrace", "river" or "railway" signifies the centre line of said street, avenue, road, drive, boulevard, terrace, river or railway unless otherwise described.

1. ALGOMA EAST consisting of the territorial district of Manitoulin and those parts of the territorial districts of Algoma and Sudbury bounded on the south by Lake Huron; on the west by a line described as commencing on the south boundary of Canada at its intersection with the prolongation southerly of the east boundary of the township of Plummer Additional; thence northerly along said prolongation and the east boundary of the said township of Plummer Additional and the townships lying north thereof to the south boundary of the twenty-first range of townships; thence easterly along the said boundary to a point due south of the southwest corner of township thirty-two (32); thence northerly along the west boundaries of the said township thirty-two (32) and the townships lying north thereof to the northeast corner of the township of Missinaibi; thence easterly along the north boundaries of the townships of Admirals and Busby; thence southerly along the east boundary of the township of Busby to the northwest corner of the township of Lipsett; thence easterly along the north boundaries of the townships of Lipsett and Copperfield to the northeast corner of the township of Copperfield; thence southerly along the east boundaries of the townships of Copperfield, Alcorn, and Collins to the southeast corner of the township of Collins; thence easterly along the north boundaries of the township of Sandy and the township east thereof to the northeast corner of the township of Whigham; thence southerly along the east boundaries of the townships of Whigham and Coppell to the southeast corner of the township of Coppell; thence easterly along the north boundary of the township of Heenan to the northeast corner thereof; thence southerly along the east boundaries of the townships of Heenan and Benton to the southeast corner of the township of Benton; thence easterly along the north boundary of the townships of Osway and Huffman to the northeast corner of the township of Huffman; thence southerly along the east boundaries of the townships of Huffman and Arbutus to the southeast corner of the township of Arbutus; thence easterly along the north boundaries of the townships of Smuts and Invergarry to the northeast corner of the township of Invergarry; thence southerly.
southerly along the east boundaries of the township of Invergarry and the townships lying south thereof to the southeast corner of the township of Acheson; thence easterly along the north boundaries of the townships of Vernon and Totten to the northeast corner of the township of Totten; thence southerly along the east boundaries of the township of Totten and the townships lying south thereof to the north boundary of the territorial district of Manitoulin.

2. ALGOMA WEST consisting of those parts of the territorial districts of Algoma and Sudbury, bounded on the south by the southerly boundary of the said territorial district of Algoma; on the east by a line described as commencing on the south boundary of Canada at its intersection with the prolongation southerly of the east boundary of the township of Plummer Additional; thence northerly along the east boundaries of the said township of Plummer Additional and the townships lying north thereof to the south boundary of the twenty-first range of townships; thence easterly along the said boundary to a point due south of the southwest corner of township thirty-two (32); thence northerly along the west boundaries of the said township thirty-two (32) and the townships lying north thereof to the northeast corner of the township of Pelletier; on the north by the north boundary of the territorial district of Algoma; and on the west by a line which may be described as commencing at the intersection of the prolongation southerly of the west boundary of township thirty (30), range twenty-four (24) in the territorial district of Algoma with the shore line of Lake Superior; thence following northerly along the said prolongation to the southwest corner of said township thirty (30) in the said range; thence easterly along the south boundary of said township thirty (30) to its southeast corner; thence northerly along the east boundary of said township thirty (30), and the townships lying north thereof to the northeast corner of township sixty-two (62), range twenty-nine (29); thence easterly along the south boundary of Cooper township to the southeast corner thereof; thence northerly along the east boundary of Cooper township and the townships lying north thereof to the northeast corner of Gourlay township; thence west along the north boundary of Gourlay township to the southeast corner of Bayfield township; thence northerly along the east boundaries of Bayfield and Chelsea townships to the northeast corner of Chelsea township; thence east along the south boundary of Wicksteed township to the southeast corner thereof; thence northerly along the east boundary of Wicksteed township and the townships lying north thereof to the north boundary of the territorial district of Algoma, including the city of Sault Ste. Marie.

3. BRANTFORD consisting of the city of Brantford and that part of the county of Brant included in the townships of Burford and Oakland and that part of the township of Brantford lying south and west of the left bank of Grand River and that part of the town-ship

R.S., 1952.
ship of Brantford lying to the east of the city of Brantford and described as follows: commencing on Henry Street at the northeast boundary of the city of Brantford, thence in a southerly direction along the boundaries of the city of Brantford in all its variations to a point where Baldwin Avenue intersects the Grand River, thence following the Grand River easterly to a point where the eastern boundary of Harris-Cook survey if produced in a straight line would intersect the northern bank of the said Grand River, thence northerly along the eastern boundary of the said Harris-Cook survey to the southern boundary of the right of way of lands formerly owned by the Brantford and Hamilton Railway, thence westerly along the said right of way to a point where the centre line of Chester Street if produced southerly in a straight line intersects the said Brantford and Hamilton right of way, thence northerly along the centre line of Chester Street, and across Highway number two at the centre line of Hamilton Avenue, thence northerly along the centre line of Hamilton Avenue and if produced in a straight line to the railway line of the Canadian National Railway (Brantford and Goderich), thence westerly on the said right of way to Park Road, thence northerly along Park Road to Henry Street, thence westerly along Henry Street to the place of commencement. The said lands being municipal polling sub-divisions numbers 14, 15 and 16 of the township of Brantford.

4. BRANT-HALDIMAND consisting of the counties of Haldimand and Brant less that part of the county of Brant contained in the townships of Burford and Oakland and that part of the township of Brantford lying south and west of Grand River and that part of the township of Brantford not included in the electoral district of Brantford, and excluding the city of Brantford.

5. BRUCE consisting of the county of Bruce excepting therefrom the townships of Brant, Carrick and Elderslie.

6. CARLETON consisting of that part of the county of Carleton (excepting therefrom the township of Gloucester, the town of Eastview and the village of Rockcliffe Park) and that part of the city of Ottawa which may be described as follows: commencing at a point where the prolongation northerly of the extreme western limit of the city intersects the interprovincial boundary between the provinces of Ontario and Quebec; thence easterly along the interprovincial boundary to its intersection with the prolongation northerly of Parkdale Avenue; thence southerly along the said prolongation of Parkdale Avenue and Parkdale Avenue to Carling Avenue; thence easterly along Carling Avenue to O'Connor Street; thence northerly along O'Connor Street to Linden Terrace; thence easterly along Linden Terrace and its prolongation east to the Rideau Canal; thence southerly along the Rideau Canal to the intersection of a line west from the junction of Riverdale Avenue and Echo Drive; thence east to the junction of Riverdale Avenue and Echo Drive; thence northeasterly along R.S., 1952.
Sch.  

**Representation Act.**  

Chap. 334.  

along Riverdale Avenue to Main Street; thence southerly along Main Street to the Rideau River; thence southwesterly along the Rideau River to the intersection of the city limit; thence westerly, northerly, westerly, and northerly to the point of commencement.

7. **COCHRANE** consisting of that part of the territorial district of Cochrane which may be bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the easterly boundary of the Province of Ontario with the south shore of Lake Abitibi; thence westerly along the said south shore to a point due north of the east boundary of the township of Milligan; thence southerly along the said east boundary to its intersection with the north boundary of the township of McCool; thence westerly along the said north boundary, and the north boundaries of the adjoining townships, to the easterly boundary of the township of Fortune; thence southerly along the said east boundary, and the east boundary of the township of Enid, to the boundary of the territorial district of Cochrane; thence westerly and northerly along the boundary of the territorial district of Cochrane to the east boundary of the township of McCoig; thence northerly along the east boundary of the townships of McCoig and Mulloy and its prolongation northerly to the north boundary of the district of Cochrane; thence easterly and southerly along the said boundary to a point of commencement; together with that portion of the district of Kenora (Patricia Portion) lying east of the prolongation northerly of the extreme westerly boundary of the electoral district of Cochrane as above described.

8. **DUFFERIN-SIMCOE** consisting of the county of Dufferin and the town of Orangeville; and that part of the county of Simcoe lying south of the north boundaries of the townships of Tosorontio, Essa and Innisfil, (excluding therefrom the town of Barrie).

9. **DURHAM** consisting of the county of Durham.

10. **ELGIN** consisting of the county of Elgin, including the city of St. Thomas.

11. **ESSEX EAST** consisting of that part of the county of Essex included in the towns of Riverside and Tecumseh and the townships of Maidstone, Rochester, Sandwich East and Tilbury North, and that part of the city of Windsor lying south of Tecumseh Boulevard and east of the line dividing lots facing on Lincoln Road to the east and Gladstone Avenue to the west, but excluding both the town of Tilbury and the town of Essex.

12. **ESSEX WEST** consisting of that part of the county of Essex contained in the township of Sandwich West, including the city of Windsor, excluding therefrom that portion of the said city lying south of Tecumseh Boulevard and east of the line dividing lots facing on Lincoln Road to the east and Gladstone Avenue to the west.

5861  

R.S., 1952.
13. **ESSEX SOUTH** consisting of that part of the county of Essex included in the townships of Anderdon, Malden, Colchester (North and South), Gosfield (North and South), Mersea, Pelee Island, Sandwich South, Tilbury West and the town of Essex but excluding the village of Wheatley.

14. **FORT WILLIAM** consisting of the city of Fort William and of those parts of the territorial districts of Rainy River, Kenora and Thunder Bay bounded on the south by the southern boundary of Canada; on the west by the Fourth Meridian; (excluding Atikokan Improvement District) and on the north and east by a line described as commencing at a point on the said Fourth Meridian five miles north of the Canadian Pacific Railway; thence southeast parallel to and at a distance of five miles northerly from the said line of railway to a point five miles due north of the former station of Poland, which was situated approximately at the intersection of the said railway line with the north boundary of the township of Fallis, five and one-half miles westerly from Argon Station; thence south to the said railway and continuing along the said railway to the intersection of the north boundary of the township of Goldie; thence along the north boundaries of the townships of Goldie and Forbes; thence south along the east boundaries of the townships of Forbes and Connec; thence east and south along the north and east boundaries respectively of the townships of Paipoonge and Neebing and their prolongation easterly to the Eighty-ninth Meridian of west longitude; thence south along the said Meridian to the southern boundary of Canada.

15. **GLENGARRY-PRESCOTT** consisting of the counties of Glengarry and Prescott.

16. **GRENVILLE-DUNDAS** consisting of the counties of Grenville and Dundas.

17. **GREY-BRUCE** consisting of that part of the county of Grey contained in the townships of Artemesia, Bentinck, Egremont, Glenelg, Normanby, Proton and Sullivan, including the village of Chatsworth; and that part of the county of Bruce contained in the townships of Brant, Carrick and Elderslie.

18. **GREY NORTH** consisting of that part of the county of Grey contained in the townships of Collingwood, Derby, Euphrasia, Holland, Keppel, Osprey, St. Vincent, Sarawak and Sydenham, and including the city of Owen Sound, but excluding the village of Chatsworth.

19. **HALTON** consisting of the county of Halton.

20. **HAMILTON EAST** consisting of that part of the city of Hamilton bounded as follows: on the north by the northern limits of the city; on the east by Ottawa Street and its prolongation southerly to

R.S., 1952.
to the brow of the mountain; on the south by the brow of the mountain; on the west by Wellington Street and its prolongation south to the brow of the mountain.

21. HAMILTON SOUTH consisting of that part of the city of Hamilton lying east of Ottawa Street and its prolongation south to the brow of the mountain and Ottawa Street south to the southern limits of the city; and that part of the city of Hamilton south of the brow of the mountain and west of Ottawa Street.

22. HAMILTON WEST consisting of that part of the city of Hamilton lying north of the brow of the mountain and west of a line which may be described as follows: commencing at a point where Wellington Street intersects the northern limit of the city; thence southerly along Wellington Street and its prolongation south to the brow of the mountain.

23. HASTINGS-FRONTENAC consisting of the county of Lennox and Addington excepting therefrom the townships of Ernestown, Fredericksburg North and Fredericksburg South, Richmond, Adolphustown, and Amherst Island, and the county of Frontenac excepting therefrom the city of Kingston and the townships of Kingston, Storriington, Pittsburgh, Howe Island, Wolfe Island (including Simcoe Island, Horse Shoe Island and Mud Island); the county of Peterborough lying east of a line described as commencing at the northwest corner of the township of Anstruther and following the west boundary of the said township and of the townships of Burleigh, Dummer and Asphodel to the south boundary of the said county; together with that part of the county of Hastings lying north of a line described as commencing at the southwest corner of the township of Rawdon and following the south boundary of the said township, the south and east boundaries of the township of Huntingdon and south boundary of the townships of Madoc and Elzevir to the east boundary of the said county.

24. HASTINGS SOUTH consisting of that part of the county of Hastings included in the townships of Hungerford, Tyendinaga, Thurlow and Sidney and including the city of Belleville and the towns of Trenton and Deseronto.

25. HURON consisting of that part of the county of Perth included in the township of Hibbert and that part of the county of Huron included in the townships of Hullett, McKillop, Stanley, Tuckersmith, Hay, Stephen, Usborne, Grey, Morris, Colborne, Goodrich, Ashfield, East Wawanosh and West Wawanosh.

26. KENORA-RAINY RIVER consisting of that part of the province of Ontario lying west of the fourth meridian, including Sioux Lookout, Ignace, and Atikokan Improvement District.

5863

R.S., 1952.
27. KENT consisting of the county of Kent, excluding therefrom the townships of Camden and Zone, and that part of the township of Chatham formerly known as the Gore of Chatham; but including the city of Chatham, the town of Tilbury and the village of Wheatley.

28. KINGSTON consisting of the city of Kingston and that part of the county of Frontenac contained in the townships of Pittsburg, Storrington, Kingston, Howe Island, and Wolfe Island (including Simco Island, Horse Shoe Island, and Mud Island).

29. LAMBTON-KENT consisting of that part of the county of Lambton contained in the townships of Brooke, Dawn, Enniskillen, Euphemia, Sombra and Warwick, including the town of Forest, Walpole Island, St. Ann Island and the other islands at the mouth of the St. Clair river but not including the village of Arkona; and that part of the county of Kent contained in the townships of Camden and Zone, and that part of the township of Chatham formerly known as the Gore of Chatham.

30. LAMBTON WEST consisting of that part of the county of Lambton contained in the townships of Bosanquet, Moore, Plympton and Sarnia, including the city of Sarnia and the villages of Arkona and Grand Bend but not including the town of Forest.

31. LANARK consisting of the county of Lanark.

32. LEEDS consisting of the county of Leeds.

33. LINCOLN consisting of the county of Lincoln, including the city of St. Catharines.

34. LONDON consisting of that part of the city of London lying west of a line described as commencing at the intersection of the northern city limit with Adelaide Street; thence southerly along Adelaide Street to Oxford Street; thence easterly along Oxford Street to the east boundary of Carling Heights; thence southerly along the said east boundary and its production southerly to its intersection with the production westerly of the south side of Middleton Avenue; thence easterly along the said production westerly of the south side of Middleton Avenue to the south side of Middleton Avenue and the south side of Middleton Avenue to Glasgow Street; thence southerly along the west side of Glasgow Street produced to Lorne Avenue; thence easterly along the north side of Lorne Avenue produced to Burbrook Place; thence southerly along Burbrook Place to Dundas Street; thence easterly along Dundas Street to its intersection with the production northerly of Swinyard Street; thence southerly along the said production of Swinyard Street, Swinyard Street and its southerly production to Pine Street; thence northwesterly along Pine Street to Elm Street; thence southerly along Elm Street to Trafalgar Street; thence westerly along Trafalgar Street to Adelaide Street; thence southerly along Adelaide Street to the south branch of the River Thames; thence westerly along the River Thames down stream R.S., 1952.
stream to its intersection with the northerly production of Beverly Street; thence southerly along the said production and along Beverly Street and Wellington Road to the south boundary of the city.

35. MIDDLESEX EAST consisting of that part of the County of Middlesex contained in the Townships of Dorchester North, Nissouri West, Westminster and that part of the Township of London lying east of a line which may be described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the west boundary of Lot sixteen (16) with the north boundary of the Township of London and then southerly along the west boundary of said Lot and the west boundary of the tier of lots south thereof to its intersection with Western (Old Proof Line) Road; thence southwesterly along Western (Old Proof Line) Road to the western limit of the City of London at the intersection of Essex Street and Platts Lane; together with that part of the City of London lying east of a line described as commencing at the intersection of Cheapside Street and Adelaide Street; thence southerly along Adelaide Street to Oxford Street; thence easterly along Oxford Street to the east boundary of Carling Heights; thence southerly along the said east boundary and its production southerly to its intersection with the production westerly of the south side of Middleton Avenue; thence easterly along the said production westerly of the south side of Middleton Avenue and the south side of Middleton Avenue to Glasgow Street; thence southerly along the west side of Glasgow Street produced to Lorne Avenue; thence easterly along the north side of Lorne Avenue produced to Burbrook Place; thence southerly along Burbrook Place to Dundas Street; thence easterly along Dundas Street to its intersection with the production northerly of Swinyard Street; thence southerly along the said production of Swinyard Street, Swinyard Street and its southerly production to Pine Street; thence northwesterly along Pine Street to Elm Street; thence southerly along Elm Street to Trafalgar Street; thence westerly along Trafalgar Street to Adelaide Street; thence southerly along Adelaide Street to the south Branch of the River Thames; thence westerly along the River Thames downstream to its intersection with the northerly production of Beverly Street; thence southerly along the said production and along Beverly Street and Wellington Road to the south boundary of the city.

36. MIDDLESEX WEST consisting of the County of Middlesex (excluding the townships of Dorchester North, Nissouri West, Westminster and that part of the township of London lying east of a line which may be described as follows: commencing at the intersection of the west boundary of lot sixteen (16) with the north boundary of the township of London and then southerly along the west boundary of said lot and the west boundary of the tier of lots south thereof to its intersection with Western (Old Proof Line) Road, thence southwesterly along Western (Old Proof Line) Road to the western limit of the city of London at the intersection of Essex Street and Platts Lane).

5865
R.S., 1952.
37. NIAGARA FALLS consisting of that part of the county of Welland contained in the townships of Stamford, Willoughby, and Bertie, including the city of Niagara Falls and the towns of Fort Erie, Chippawa, and Crystal Beach.

38. NICKEL BELT consisting of that part of the territorial district of Sudbury bounded as follows: commencing at a point where the north boundary of the township of Scollard intersects the north boundary of the territorial district of Parry Sound; thence westerly along the north boundary of the township of Scollard to the southeast corner of the township of Martland; thence northerly along the east boundary of the township of Martland and the townships lying north thereof to the northeast corner of the township of Ratter; thence westerly along the north outline of the township of Ratter to the northwest corner thereof; thence northerly along the east boundary of the township of Laughrin and the townships lying north thereof to the northeast corner of the township of McCarthy; thence westerly along the north boundary of the township of McCarthy and the townships lying west thereof to the northwest corner of the township of Parkin; thence northerly and easterly along the boundary of the township of Creelman to the northwest corner thereof; thence northerly along the east boundary of the township of Beaumont and the townships lying north thereof to the northeast corner of the township of Unwin; thence northerly and westerly along the boundary of the territorial district of Sudbury to the northeast corner of the township of Baltic; thence southerly along the east boundary of the township of Baltic to the northeast corner of the township of Missinaibi; thence easterly along the north boundaries of the townships of Admiral and Busby; thence southerly along the east boundary of the township of Busby to the northwest corner of the township of Lipsett; thence easterly along the north boundaries of the townships of Lipsett and Copperfield to the northeast corner of the township of Copperfield; thence southerly along the east boundaries of the townships of Copperfield, Alcorn, and Collins to the southeast corner of the township of Collins; thence easterly along the north boundaries of the township of Sandy and the township east thereof to the northeast corner of the township of Whigham; thence southerly along the east boundaries of the townships of Whigham and Coppell to the southeast corner of the township of Coppell; thence easterly along the north boundary of the township of Heenan to the northeast corner thereof; thence southerly along the east boundaries of the townships of Heenan and Benton to the southeast corner of the township of Benton; thence easterly along the north boundary of the townships of Osway and Huffman to the northeast corner of the township of Huffman; thence southerly along the east boundary of the townships of Huffman and Arbutus to the southeast corner of the township of Arbutus; thence easterly along the north boundaries of the townships of Smuts and Invergarry to the northeast corner of the township.

R.S., 1952.
ship of Invergarry; thence southerly along the east boundaries of the township of Invergarry and the townships lying south thereof to the southeast corner of the township of Acheson; thence easterly along the north boundaries of the townships of Vernon and Totten to the northeast corner of the township of Totten; thence southerly along the east boundaries of the township of Totten and the townships lying south thereof to the southeast corner of the township of Curtin; thence easterly and southerly along the boundary of the territorial district of Manitoulin to the north boundary of the territorial district of Parry Sound; thence easterly along the boundary of the territorial district of Parry Sound to the point of commencement; together with that part of the territorial district of Algoma lying north of the territorial district of Sudbury and bounded on the west by the west boundaries of the township of Kildare and the townships lying north thereof and on the east by the east boundaries of the township of Lougheed and the townships lying north thereof; excluding from the above area described the city of Sudbury, town of Copper Cliff, and the township of McKim.

39. NIPISSING consisting of that part of the territorial district of Sudbury lying east of a line described as commencing at the northeast corner of the township of Unwin; thence southerly along the east boundary of the said township and of the townships south thereof to the north boundary of the township of Creelman; thence east and south along the north and east boundaries of the township of Creelman to the north boundary of the township of Parkin; thence easterly along the north boundary of the township of Parkin and the townships east thereof to the east boundary of the township of McCarthy; thence southerly along the east boundary of the township of McCarthy and the townships south thereof to the north boundary of the township of Ratter; thence easterly along the north boundary of the township of Ratter to the east boundary of the territorial district of Sudbury; together with the territorial district of Nipissing, excluding therefrom the townships of Ballantyne, Wilkes, Pentland, Boyd and Cameron and all townships south thereof.

40. NORFOLK consisting of the county of Norfolk.

41. NORTHUMBERLAND consisting of the county of Northumberland.

42. ONTARIO consisting of that part of the county of Ontario included in the townships of Pickering, Whitby, East Whitby, Reach, Scugog, Scott and Uxbridge, and the city of Oshawa.

43. OTTAWA EAST consisting of: the village of Rockcliffe Park and that part of the city of Ottawa bounded as follows: commencing at a point where the prolongation westerly of Rideau Gate intersects the interprovincial boundary of the provinces of Ontario and Quebec; thence easterly along the said prolongation of Rideau Gate
Sch. 14

Gate to the intersection of Rideau Gate and Princess Avenue; thence easterly along Princess Avenue to the boundary of the village of Rockcliffe Park; thence northerly, easterly, and southerly along the boundary of Rockcliffe Park to its intersection with the west boundary of the town of Eastview; thence southerly along the west boundary of the town of Eastview to the Rideau River; thence southerly following the Rideau River to its intersection with the prolongation of Main Street; thence northerly along the said prolongation of Main Street and Main Street to its intersection with Riverdale Avenue; thence southwesterly along Riverdale Avenue to the centre of the junction of Riverdale Avenue and Echo Drive; thence west from the centre of the junction of Riverdale Avenue and Echo Drive to the Rideau Canal; thence along the Rideau Canal and its prolongation west to the interprovincial boundary; thence along the interprovincial boundary to the point of commencement.

44. OTTAWA WEST consisting of that part of the city of Ottawa bounded as follows: commencing at a point where the prolongation northerly of Parkdale Avenue intersects the interprovincial boundary between the provinces of Ontario and Quebec; thence southerly along the said prolongation of Parkdale Avenue and Parkdale Avenue to its intersection with Carling Avenue; thence easterly along Carling Avenue to O'Connor Street; thence northerly along O'Connor Street to Linden Terrace; thence easterly along Linden Terrace and its prolongation easterly to the Rideau Canal; thence northerly along the Rideau Canal and its prolongation northwesterly to the interprovincial boundary; thence westerly along the interprovincial boundary to the point of commencement.

45. OXFORD consisting of the county of Oxford including that part of the village of Tavistock contained in the township of Zorra East.

46. PARRY SOUND-MUSKOKA consisting of the territorial districts of Parry Sound and Muskoka except the township of Baxter; together with that portion of the territorial district of Nipissing comprised in the townships of Ballantyne, Wilkes, Pentland, Boyd, Paxton, Biggar, Osler, Lister, Butt, Devine, Bishop, Freswick, McCrane, Hunter, McLaughlin, Bower, Finlayson, Peck, Canisbay and Sproule.

47. PEEL consisting of the county of Peel.

48. PERTH consisting of the county of Perth excepting therefrom the township of Hibbert but including the city of Stratford and that part of the village of Tavistock contained in the township of Easthope South.

49. PETERBOROUGH consisting of that part of the county of Peterborough included in the townships of Galway, Cavendish, Harvey, Ennismore, Smith, Douro, Otonabee, and North Monaghan, together with the city of Peterborough.

R.S., 1952.
50. PORT ARTHUR consisting of that part of the province of Ontario lying east of the fourth meridian and west of a line described as commencing at the intersection with the shore line of Lake Superior of the prolongation southerly of the west boundary of township thirty in range twenty-four in the territorial district of Algoma; thence northerly on the said prolongation to the south boundary of the said township; thence easterly on the south boundary of the said township to its east boundary; thence northerly along said east boundary of township thirty, and the townships lying north thereof to the northeast corner of township sixty-two (62), range twenty-nine (29); thence easterly along the south boundary of Cooper township to the southeast corner thereof; thence northerly along the east boundary of Cooper township and the townships lying north thereof to the northeast corner of Gourlay township; thence west along the north boundary of Gourlay township to the southeast corner of Bayfield township; thence northerly along the east boundaries of Bayfield and Chelsea townships to the northeast corner of Chelsea township; thence east along the south boundary of Wicksteed township to the southeast corner thereof; thence northerly along the east boundary of Wicksteed township and the townships lying north thereof to the northeast corner of the township of McCoig; thence northerly along the east boundary of the township of Mulloy and its prolongation northerly to the shore of Hudson Bay; including the city of Port Arthur and the village of Hornepayne but excluding that portion lying south and west of a line described as commencing at a point on the fourth meridian five miles north of the Canadian Pacific Railway; thence southeast and parallel to the said railway to a point five miles north of the former Station of Poland, which was situated approximately at the intersection of the said railway line with the north boundary of the township of Fallis, five and a half miles westerly from Argon Station; thence due south to the railway and southeasterly along it to the north boundary of the township of Goldie; thence easterly along the north boundaries of the townships of Goldie and Forbes to the east bank of the Kaministikwia river; thence southerly along the Kaministikwia river to the north boundary of the township of Oliver; thence east and south along the north and east boundaries of the township of Oliver to the north boundary of the township of Paipoonge; thence easterly along the north boundary of the townships of Paipoonge and Neebing produced easterly to the 89th meridian of west longitude; thence southerly to the southern boundary of Ontario.

51. PRINCE EDWARD-LENNOX consisting of the county of Prince Edward and that part of the county of Lennox and Addington contained in the townships of Ernestown, Fredericksburgh North and Fredericksburgh South, Richmond, Adolphustown and Amherst Island.

5869

R.S., 1952.
52. RENFREW NORTH consisting of that part of the county of Renfrew contained in the townships of Algona North, Alice, Bromley, Buchanan, Clara, Fraser, Head, Maria, McKay, Pembroke, Petawawa, Rolph, Ross, Stafford, Westmeath, Wilberforce and Wylie and including the town of Pembroke and that part of the village of Eganville lying within the township of Wilberforce; together with that part of the territorial district of Nipissing lying east of a line described as commencing at the northwest corner of the township of Cameron and following southerly the westerly boundaries of the said township of Cameron and the townships lying south thereof to the southwest corner of the township of Preston; and north of the south boundary of the townships of Preston, Claney, Gathrie, and Master.

53. RENFREW SOUTH consisting of that part of the county of Renfrew lying south and west of a line described as commencing at the northeast corner of the township of Richards, and following the east boundaries of the said township and the township of Hagarty and the north boundaries of the townships of Algona South, Grattan, Admaston and Horton to the east boundary of the said county; and including that part of the village of Eganville lying within the township of Grattan; and that part of the territorial district of Nipissing contained in the townships of Airy, Murchison, Dickens, Sabine, and Lyell.

54. RUSSELL consisting of the county of Russell and that part of the county of Carleton included in the township of Gloucester, including the town of Eastview, and that part of the city of Ottawa which may be described as follows: that part of the city of Ottawa lying east of the Rideau River to the south boundary of the town of Eastview; thence easterly, northerly, and westerly along the boundary of the town of Eastview to its intersection with the boundary of the village of Rockcliffe Park; thence northerly and westerly along the boundary of the village of Rockcliffe Park to the intersection of Lisgar Road and Princess Avenue; thence westerly along Princess Avenue to its intersection with Rideau Gate; thence northwesterly along the prolongation of Rideau Gate to the interprovincial boundary between the provinces of Ontario and Quebec (excluding therefrom the village of Rockcliffe Park).

55. SIMCOE EAST consisting of that part of the county of Simcoe lying north of a line described as commencing at the southwest corner of the township of Tiny, and following the south boundary of the said township, the west boundary of the townships of Medonte and Oro to Lake Simcoe; together with that part of the territorial district of Muskoka included in the township of Baxter.

56. SIMCOE NORTH consisting of that part of the county of Simcoe included in the townships of Nottawasaga, Sunnidale, Vespra and Flos, and including the town of Barrie.

R.S., 1952.
57. STORMONT consisting of the county of Stormont, including the city of Cornwall.

58. SUDBURY consisting of the city of Sudbury, the township of McKim, and the town of Copper Cliff.

59. TIMISKAMING consisting of that portion of the territorial district of Timiskaming lying south of a line drawn from the northeast corner of the township of Ossian, westerly along the northerly boundaries of the row of townships west of Ossian township to the northwest corner of the township of Fallon; and east of the line described as commencing at the northwest corner of the township of Fallon and running southerly along the westerly boundary of the townships of Fallon and Cleaver, and along the westerly boundary of the territorial district of Timiskaming.

60. TIMMINS consisting of those portions of the territorial districts of Timiskaming and Cochrane bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the easterly boundary of the province of Ontario with the south shore of Lake Abitibi; thence westerly along the said south shore to a point due north of the east boundary of the township of Milligan; thence southerly along the said east boundary to its intersection with the north boundary of the township of McCool; thence westerly along the said north boundary and the north boundaries of the adjoining townships to the northwest corner of the township of Côté; thence southerly along the western boundary of the township of Côté and the townships lying immediately to the south thereof, to the south boundary of the township of Pharand; thence easterly along the said south boundary, and the south boundaries of the adjoining townships to the east boundary of the township of Geikie; thence northerly along the east boundaries of the townships of Geikie and Douglas to the south boundary of the township of Langmuir; thence easterly along the south boundaries of the township of Langmuir and the townships to the east thereof to the east boundary of the township of Pontiac; thence northerly along the easterly boundaries of the township of Pontiac and of the townships to the north thereof to the place of commencement.

61. VICTORIA consisting of the county of Victoria, the provisional county of Haliburton and those parts of the county of Ontario included in the townships of Rama, Mara, Thorah and Brock.

62. WATERLOO NORTH consisting of the city of Kitchener and the town of Waterloo and that part of the county of Waterloo contained in the townships of Wellesley and Woolwich and that part of the township of Waterloo lying north of a line described as commencing at the southwest corner of lot forty-six (46) and following the southerly boundaries of the said lot and of lots forty-seven (47), forty-eight (48), fifty (50), fifty-one (51), and fifty-three (53), the projection of the boundary of the last mentioned lot, the Grand River upstream R.S., 1952.
upstream, the projection of the boundary between lots one hundred and thirteen (113) and one hundred and fourteen (114), and the said boundary, the westerly and northerly boundaries of lot one hundred and seven (107), and the northerly boundary of lots one hundred and six (106), eighty-four (84) and ninety-six (96) to the east boundary of the said township of Waterloo.

63. WATERLOO SOUTH consisting of that part of the county of Waterloo contained in the townships of Wilmot and Dumfries North and that part of the township of Waterloo lying south of a line described as commencing at the southwest corner of lot forty-six (46) and following the southerly boundaries of the said lot and of lots forty-seven (47), forty-eight (48), fifty (50), fifty-one (51) and fifty-three (53), the projection of the boundary of the last mentioned lot, the Grand River upstream, the projection of the boundary between lots one hundred and thirteen (113) and one hundred and fourteen (114) and the said boundary, the westerly and northerly boundaries of lot one hundred and seven (107), and the northerly boundary of lots one hundred and six (106), eighty-four (84) and ninety-six (96) to the east boundary of the said township of Waterloo; and including the city of Galt.

64. WELLAND consisting of that part of the county of Welland contained in the townships of Pelham, Thorold, Crowland, Humberstone, and Wainfleet, including the city of Welland and the towns of Port Colborne, Thorold, Fonthill and Humberstone.

65. WELLINGTON-HURON consisting of that part of the county of Wellington contained in the townships of Arthur, Garafrae West, Maryborough, Minto, Nichol, Peel and West Luther, including the towns of Mount Forest and Palmerston, and that part of the county of Huron contained in the townships of Howick, Turnberry, and the town of Wingham.

66. WELLINGTON SOUTH consisting of the city of Guelph and that part of the county of Wellington contained in the townships of Puslinch, Eramosa, Guelph, Erin and Pilkinson, including the village of Elora.

67. WENTWORTH consisting of the county of Wentworth, excluding the city of Hamilton.

68. YORK CENTRE consisting of all of that part of the township of North York lying west of Yonge Street together with that portion of the township of Vaughan lying south of Highway Number Seven (7) and of the town of Woodbridge.

69. YORK EAST consisting of the township of East York together with that part of North York township bounded as follows: on the north by Lawrence Avenue, on the east by the west boundary of R.S., 1952.
of the township of Scarborough, on the south by the north boundary of East York township, on the west by the east boundary of the town of Leaside and Leslie Street.

70. YORK-HUMBER consisting of all that portion of the township of Etobicoke lying east of a line drawn as follows: commencing at the southwesterly corner of the town of Mimico; thence northerly along the westerly boundary and boundary produced of the town of Mimico to an intersection with Queen Elizabeth Way; thence easterly along Queen Elizabeth Way to the intersection of Royal York Road; thence northerly along Royal York Road to the intersection of the westerly production of Sunnydale Drive; thence easterly along said production of Sunnydale Drive and Sunnydale Drive to the intersection of Prince Edward Drive; thence northerly along Prince Edward Drive to the intersection of Bloor Street West; thence easterly along Bloor Street West and Old Mill Road to the Humber River, together with the town of Mimico, and all that portion of the township of York lying west of a line drawn as follows: commencing at the Humber River at the south limit of the town of Weston, thence easterly along said south limit to the southwesterly boundary of the township of North York; thence southeasterly along said southwesterly boundary to the intersection of Jane Street; thence southerly along Jane Street to the intersection of Lambton Avenue; thence easterly along Lambton Avenue to the intersection of Weston Road; thence southeasterly along Weston Road to the Toronto city limit; thence westerly and southerly along said city limit to the north limit of the village of Swansea; thence westerly along said north limit to the Humber River, together with the village of Swansea and the town of Weston and excluding therefrom Ellis Court Apartments.

71. YORK NORTH consisting of that part of the county of York lying north of Highway Number Seven (7) and excluding thereout the town of Woodbridge.

72. YORK-SCARBOROUGH comprising all that part of the county of York lying south of Number Seven Highway (7) in the township of Markham, excluding that portion bounded as follows: commencing at a point where Midland Avenue intersects the shore of Lake Ontario; thence northerly along Midland Avenue to St. Clair Avenue; thence westerly along St. Clair Avenue to the west boundary of Scarborough township; thence northerly along the west boundary of Scarborough township to Lawrence Avenue; thence westerly along Lawrence Avenue to Leslie Street; thence southerly along Leslie Street to the eastern limit of the town of Leaside; thence southeasterly and westerly along the limit of the town of Leaside to the limit of the city of Toronto; thence westerly, southerly, and easterly along the limit of the city of Toronto to the west boundary of the township of Scarborough; thence southerly along the west boundary of the township of Scarborough, on the south by the north boundary of East York township, on the west by the east boundary of the town of Leaside and Leslie Street.
boundary of the township of Scarborough to the shore of Lake Ontario; thence northeasterly along the shore of Lake Ontario to the point of commencement.

73. YORK SOUTH consisting of the village of Forest Hill and that portion of the township of York bounded by a line described as commencing at the intersection of the north boundary of the city of Toronto with Weston Road; thence following northwesterly along Weston Road to Lambton Avenue; thence westerly along Lambton Avenue to Jane Street; thence northerly along Jane Street to its intersection with the north boundary of the township of York; thence southeasterly and easterly along the boundary of the township of York to its intersection with the limit of the city of Toronto; thence southerly and westerly along the limits of the city of Toronto to the point of commencement.

74. YORK WEST consisting of all that portion of the township of Etobicoke lying west of a line drawn as follows: commencing at the southwesterly corner of the town of Mimico; thence northerly along the westerly boundary and boundary produced of the town of Mimico to an intersection with Queen Elizabeth Way; thence easterly along Queen Elizabeth Way to the intersection of Royal York Road; thence northerly along Royal York Road to the intersection of the westerly production of Sunnydale Drive; thence easterly along said production of Sunnydale Drive and Sunnydale Drive to the intersection of Prince Edward Drive; thence northerly along Prince Edward Drive to the intersection of Bloor Street West; thence easterly along Bloor Street West and Old Mill Road to the Humber River; thence northerly along the Humber River to the northern boundary of the town of Weston; thence northerly following the Humber River to the northerly boundary of the township of Etobicoke; together with the town of New Toronto and the village of Long Branch.

CITY OF TORONTO.

The City of Toronto is divided into eleven electoral districts named and described as follows:—

75. BROADVIEW consisting of that part of the city of Toronto which may be bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the southern city limit with Leslie Street produced; thence northerly along Leslie Street produced and Leslie Street to Eastern Avenue; thence westerly along Eastern Avenue to Rushbrook Avenue; thence northerly along Rushbrook Avenue to Queen Street East; thence westerly along Queen Street East to Jones Avenue; thence northerly along Jones Avenue to Danforth Avenue; thence westerly along Danforth Avenue to Langford Avenue; thence northerly along Langford Avenue to the city limit; thence westerly along the city limit to the Channel of the Don River; thence southerly along the Channel of the Don River and the Don Channel to where it enters Keating Channel;
Channel; thence westerly and southerly along Keating Channel and Eastern Channel to the southern city limit; thence easterly along the city limit to the point of commencement.

76. DANFORTH consisting of those parts of the city of Toronto and Scarborough township bounded by a line described as follows: commencing at the intersection of the southern limit of the city of Toronto with the southerly prolongation of Woodbine Avenue; thence northerly along said prolongation and Woodbine Avenue to the northern limit of the city of Toronto; thence easterly following said northern limit of the city of Toronto to the west boundary of Scarborough township; thence northerly along said west boundary of Scarborough township to St. Clair Avenue; thence easterly along St. Clair Avenue to Midland Avenue; thence southerly following Midland Avenue to the bank of Lake Ontario; thence southwesterly following said bank of Lake Ontario and the southern limit of the city of Toronto to the point of commencement.

77. DAVENPORT consisting of that part of the city of Toronto which is bounded as follows: on the east by the western limit of Ward Five of the city of Toronto; on the north by the city limit to the Canadian National Railway; on the west by the eastern limit of Ward Seven of the city of Toronto from the city limit south to the Canadian Pacific Railway; thence easterly along the Canadian Pacific Railway to its intersection with Lansdowne Avenue; thence southerly along Lansdowne Avenue to College Street; thence easterly along College Street to Dufferin Street; thence southerly along Dufferin Street and its prolongation to Lake Ontario; thence easterly along Lake Ontario to the western limit of Ward Five of the city of Toronto.

78. EGLINTON consisting of Ward Nine of the city of Toronto.

79. GREENWOOD consisting of that part of the city of Toronto which is bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the southern city limit with Woodbine Avenue produced; thence northerly along Woodbine Avenue produced and Woodbine Avenue to the city limit; thence westerly, northerly and westerly along the city limit to Langford Avenue; thence south along Langford Avenue to Danforth Avenue; thence easterly along Danforth Avenue to Jones Avenue; thence southerly along Jones Avenue to Queen Street East; thence easterly along Queen Street East to Rushbrook Avenue; thence southerly along Rushbrook Avenue to Eastern Avenue; thence easterly along Eastern Avenue to Leslie Street; thence southerly along Leslie Street and the production of Leslie Street to the southern city limit; thence easterly along the city limit to the point of commencement.

80. HIGH PARK consisting of Ward Seven of the city of Toronto, the Ellis Court Apartments and that part of Ward Six lying west of a line described as follows: commencing at the point of intersection of Bloor Street West and Indian Road; thence southerly along Indian R.S., 1952.
Indian Road to Howard Park Avenue; thence easterly along Howard Park Avenue to Sunnyside Avenue; thence southerly along Sunnyside Avenue and its production to the shore of Lake Ontario.

81. PARKDALE consisting of that part of the city of Toronto which is bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the production of Dufferin Street with the city limit in Lake Ontario; thence northerly along said production of Dufferin Street and Dufferin Street to College Street; thence westerly along College Street to Lansdowne Avenue; thence northerly along Lansdowne Avenue to the Canadian Pacific Railway; thence westerly along the Canadian Pacific Railway to the eastern limit of Ward Seven of the city of Toronto; thence along the limit of said Ward Seven in a southerly direction to Bloor Street West; thence westerly along Bloor Street West to Indian Road; thence southerly along Indian Road to Howard Park Avenue; thence easterly along Howard Park Avenue to Sunnyside Avenue; thence southerly along Sunnyside Avenue and its production to the city limit in Lake Ontario; thence easterly along said city limit to the point of commencement.

82. ROSEDALE consisting of that part of the city of Toronto bounded on the north by Ward Nine of the city of Toronto; on the east by the city limit and the eastern boundary of Ward Two, and the Don Channel to Keating Channel; on the south by Keating Channel and the shore of Toronto Bay westerly to the southerly production of Sherbourne Street; on the west by the said production of Sherbourne Street and by Sherbourne Street northerly to its intersection with Bloor Street East; thence westerly along Bloor Street to Yonge Street; thence northerly along Yonge Street to the south boundary of Ward Nine of the city of Toronto.

83. ST. PAULS consisting of that part of the city of Toronto bounded on the south by the north shore of Toronto Bay; on the east by a line described as commencing at the intersection of the production of Sherbourne Street and the north shore of Toronto Bay; thence northerly along said production and Sherbourne Street to Bloor Street East; thence westerly along Bloor Street East to Yonge Street; thence northerly along Yonge Street to the south boundary of Ward Nine of the city of Toronto; on the north by Ward Nine of the city of Toronto; and on the west by a line described as commencing at the intersection of John Street produced southerly with the shore line of Toronto Bay; thence northerly along said production and John Street to Queen Street West; thence westerly along Queen Street West to Beverley Street; thence northerly along Beverley Street to College Street; thence westerly along College Street to St. George Street; thence northerly along St. George Street to Dupont Street; thence easterly along Dupont Street to Davenport Road; thence northerly along Davenport Road across the Canadian Pacific Railway to Poplar Plains Road; thence along Poplar Plains Road to St. Clair Avenue West; thence westerly along St. Clair Avenue West to Dunvegan Road; thence

R.S., 1952.
thence northerly along Dunvegan Road to the city limit; thence following the city limit easterly and northerly to the southern boundary of Ward Nine of the city of Toronto.

84. SPADINA consisting of that part of the city of Toronto bounded on the east by a line described as commencing at the intersection of John Street produced southerly with the shore line of Toronto Bay; thence northerly along the said production and John Street to Queen Street West; thence westerly along Queen Street West to Beverley Street; thence northerly along Beverley Street to College Street; thence westerly along College Street to St. George Street; thence northerly along St. George Street to Dupont Street; thence easterly along Dupont Street to Davenport Road; thence northerly along Davenport Road across the Canadian Pacific Railway to Poplar Plains Road; thence along Poplar Plains Road to St. Clair Avenue West; thence westerly along St. Clair Avenue West to Dunvegan Road; thence northerly along Dunvegan Road to the city limit; on the north by the city limit; on the west by a line described as commencing at the intersection of Humewood Drive with the city limit; thence southerly along Humewood Drive to St. Clair Avenue West; thence easterly along St. Clair Avenue West to Christie Street; thence southerly along Christie Street to Bloor Street West; thence westerly along Bloor Street West to Grace Street; thence southerly along Grace Street to Dundas Street; thence easterly along Dundas Street to Bathurst Street; thence southerly along Bathurst Street to the Lake Shore at Western Channel; and on the south by the city limit between Eastern Channel and Western Channel; together with all the islands in Toronto Bay.

85. TRINITY consisting of that part of the city of Toronto bounded on the east by a line described as commencing at the intersection of Humewood Drive with the city limit; thence southerly along Humewood Drive to St. Clair Avenue West; thence easterly along St. Clair Avenue West to Christie Street; thence southerly along Christie Street to Bloor Street West; thence westerly along Bloor Street West to Grace Street; thence southerly along Grace Street to Dundas Street; thence easterly along Dundas Street to Bathurst Street; thence southerly along Bathurst Street to the Lake Shore at Western Channel; on the north by the city limit; on the west by the boundary between Ward Five and Ward Six of the city of Toronto; and on the south by Lake Ontario.

QUÉBEC.

There shall be, in the province of Québec, outside of the Island of Montreal and Île Jésus, fifty-four electoral districts, named and described as follows, each of which shall return one member.

Any reference to “county” means a county municipality as named and described in section 17 of chapter 3 of the Revised Statutes of the Province of Québec, 1941.

5877

R.S., 1952.
ARGENTEUIL-DEUX-MONTAGNES consisting of:
(a) the county of Argenteuil and the towns of Barkmere and Lachute;
(b) the county of Deux-Montagnes and the towns of Oka-sur-le-Lac and St. Eustache.

BEAUCHE consisting of:
(a) the county of Beauce (except the parish municipality des Saints-Anges, and the township of Metgermette-South) and the towns of Beauceville, Beauceville-East, Saint-Georges and Saint-Georges West;
(b) the part of the county of Frontenac included in the municipality of the united townships of Risborough and part of Marlow, the parish municipalities of Saint-Gédéon and Saint-Hilaire-de-Dorset, the village municipalities of Saint-Ludger and Saint-Gédéon, and the municipality of Saint-Robert-Bellarmin.

BEAUPORT-MASKINONGÉ-DELANAUDIERE consisting of:
(a) the county of Berthier and the town of Berthierville;
(b) the county of Maskinongé and the town of Louiseville;
(c) that part of the county of Joliette included in Gouin township.
6. BONAVENTURE consisting of:
   (a) the county of Bonaventure;
   (b) that part of the county of Matapédia included in the townships of Assemetquagan and Milnikek, the projected township of Roncevaux and that part of the municipality of Saint-Fidèle-de-Ristigouche comprised in the township of Assemetquagan.

7. BROME-MISSISQUOI consisting of:
   (a) the county of Brome;
   (b) the county of Missisquoi and the towns of Bedford, Farnham and Cowansville.

8. CHAMBLY-ROUVILLE consisting of:
   (a) the county of Chambly, (less the municipality of the parish of Sainte-Famille-de-Boucherville, and the municipality of the village of Boucherville);
   (b) the town of Fort Chambly;
   (c) the county of Rouville, (less the parish municipalities of Saint-Paul-d'Abbotsford, and Saint-Ange-Gardien, the municipality of Saint-Césaire, and the village municipalities of Canrobert and Saint-Césaire);
   (d) the town of Marieville;
   (e) the town of Beloeil and that part of the county of Verchères included in the village municipality of McMasterville and the parish municipalities of Sainte-Julie and Saint-Mathieu-de-Beloeil.

9. CHAMPLAIN consisting of:
   (a) the city of Cap-de-la-Madeleine and the town of Saint-Tite;
   (b) that part of the county of Champlain included in the municipality of Sainte-Marthe-du-Cap-de-la-Madeleine, the parish municipalities of La-Visitation-de-Champlain, Notre-Dame-du-Mont-Carmel, Sainte-Adelphe, Sainte-Anne-de-la-Pérade, Saint-François-Xavier-de-Batiscan, Sainte-Geneviève-de-Batiscan, Saint-Jacques-des-Piles, Saint-Louis-de-France, Saint-Luc, Saint-Maurice, Saint-Narcisse, Saint-Prospere, Saint-Séverin, Saint-Stanislas-de-la-Rivière-des-Envies, Sainte-Thècle, Saint-Théophile, Saint-Timothée, Saint-Tite, and the village municipalities of Champlain, Deux-Rivières, La Pérade, Saint-Georges and Sainte-Thècle.

10 CHAPELLEAU consisting of:
   (a) that part of the county of Abitibi lying north of a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of the Ontario-Quebec interprovincial boundary with the line separating Ranges IX and X of the township of Hébécourt; thence easterly following said line to the eastern limit of lot 53 of Range X Hébécourt township; thence northerly following the eastern limit of lot 53 of Range X to the north outline

R.S., 1952.
outline of Hébécourt township; thence easterly following the north outline of the townships of Hébécourt, Duparquet, Destor, Aiguebelle, Manneville and Villemontel; thence southerly following the east outline of Villemontel township; thence easterly following the north outline of the townships of La Motte and La Corne; thence southerly following the east outline of La Corne township; thence easterly following the north outline of the townships of Senneville and Pascalis to the left bank of Tiblemont Lake; thence southerly following the left bank of Tiblemont Lake and the left bank of Louvicourt River to its intersection with the south outline of the township of Pascalis; thence westerly along the south outline of Pascalis township to the west outline of the township of Vauquelin; thence southerly following the west outline of the townships of Vauquelin and Villebon; thence easterly following the south boundary of the county of Abitibi to the southeast corner of said county, together with all the townships and municipalities situated north of said line and the towns of Amos and Lasarre;

(b) that part of the county of Saint-Maurice situated northwest of the township of Bréhault;

(c) that part of the county of Champlain situated northwest of the townships of Livernois, Geoffrion, Harper, Dumoulin and Langelier;

(d) that part of the province included in the territories of Abitibi and Mistassini.

11. CHARLEVOIX consisting of:
   (a) the county of Charlevoix-East;
   (b) the county of Charlevoix-West and the municipalities included in L’Ile-aux-Coudres;
   (c) that part of the county of Saguenay included in the municipality of Saint-Firmin and the township of Sagard;
   (d) the county of Montmorency No. 1, (except the village municipality of Saint-Jean-de-Boischatel and the parish municipality of L’Ange-Gardien.)

12. CHÂTEAUGUAY-HUNTINGDON-LAPRAIRIE consisting of:
   (a) the county of Châteauguay (except the parish municipality of Saint-Joachim-de-Châteauguay);
   (b) the county of Huntingdon (except the municipality of Saint-Anicet and the parish municipality of Sainte-Barbe) and the town of Huntingdon;
   (c) the county of Laprairie (except the municipality of Saint-Jacques-le-Mineur) and the town of Laprairie;
   (d) that part of the county of Saint-Jean included in the parish municipalities of Notre-Dame-du-Mont-Carmel and Saint-Bernard-de-Lacolle and the village municipality of Lacolle.

R.S., 1952.
13. CHICOUTIMI consisting of:
   (a) the city of Chicoutimi and the towns of Bagotville, Port-Alfred and Saguenay;
   (b) that part of the county of Chicoutimi situated to the east of the western limit of the townships of Gagné, Tremblay, Chicoutimi, Laterrière, the eastern part of the townships of Lartigue and Lapointe situated east of Boisvert River (Cyriac), together with the whole territory situated to the north of the townships of Gagné, Chardon, Silvy, Couture, Couillard and Coquart and to the east of a meridian line passing through the northeast angle to the township of Falardeau.

14. COMPTON-FRONTENAC consisting of:
   (a) the county of Compton and the town of Cookshire, East Angus and Scotstown;
   (b) that part of the county of Sherbrooke included in the township municipality of Compton, the municipality of Compton-Station and the village municipalities of Compton and Waterville;
   (c) that part of the county of Frontenac included in the township municipalities of Chesham, Gayhurst, Gayhurst Southeast, Marston South, and the united townships of Ditchfield and Spaulding, the municipalities of Milan, Winslow North, Winslow South, Sainte-Cécile-de-Whitton and Saint-Hubert-de-Spaulding, the parish municipalities of Saint-Augustin de Woburn, Saint-Léon-de-Marston and Saint Sébatien, the village municipality of Saint-Sébastien and the town of Mégantic;
   (d) that part of the county of Stanstead included in the municipality of Saint-Herménégilde and the village municipality of Saint-Herménégilde.

15. DORCHESTER consisting of:
   (a) the county of Dorchester, (except the parish municipality of Saint-Luc-de-Dijon);
   (b) that part of the county of Beauce included in the parish municipality of Saints-Anges and the township of Metgernette South.

16. DRUMMOND-ARTHABASKA consisting of:
   (a) that part of the county of Drummond included in the municipalities of Saint-Jean-Baptiste, Grantham West, L'Avenir, Saint-Nicéphore, Saint-Simon-de-Drummond and Wickham West, the municipality of the united townships of Wendover and Simpson, the parish municipalities of Notre-Dame-du-Bon-Conseil and Saint-Lucien, the village municipalities of Drummondville West, L'Avenir, Saint-Cyrille and Wickham West, the city of Drummondville and the town of Saint-Joseph;

371 5881

(b)
R.S., 1952.
(b) the county of Arthabaska (except the municipalities of Chénier and Tingwick, the township municipality of Maddington, the parish municipalities of Sainte-Anne-du-Sault, Saint-Louis-de-Blandford, and Saint-Rémi-de-Tingwick, and the village municipality of Daveluyville) and the towns of Arthabaska and Victoriaville.

17. GASPE consisting of:
   (a) the counties of Gaspé East and of Gaspé West;
   (b) that part of the county of Matane included in the township municipalities of Dalibaire and Romieu West.

18. GATINEAU consisting of:
   (a) the county of Gatineau and the town of Aylmer;
   (b) that part of the county of Labelle included in the townships of Wabassee and Dudley and the municipality of Notre-Dame-du-Laus;
   (c) that part of the county of Papineau included in the township municipalities of Portland East, Portland West, Bowman, Villeneuve, Derry and Mulgrave and Buckingham West and the municipality of Buckingham;
   (d) that part of the county of Hull included in the municipalities of Templeton West and Templeton North.

19. HULL consisting of:
   (a) the city of Hull, the towns of Gatineau and Buckingham;
   (b) the county of Hull, less the municipalities of Templeton West and Templeton North;
   (c) that part of the county of Papineau included in the parish municipality of l’Ange-Gardien, the township municipality of Buckingham South-East, and the village municipalities of Angers and Masson.

20. ÎLES-DE-LA-MADELEINE consisting of the county of Îles-de-la-Madeleine.

21. JOLIETTE-L’ASSOMPTION-MONTCALM consisting of:
   (a) the county of Joliette (except the part included in the township of Gouin), and the city of Joliette;
   (b) the county of L’Assomption and the towns of L’Assomption and Laurentides;
   (c) the county of Montcalm (except the townships of Brunet, Nantel and Pérodeau, and that part of the township of Archambault situated in said county).

22. KAMOURASKA consisting of:
   (a) the county of Kamouraska;
   (b) that part of the county of Rivière-du-Loup included in the municipality of Notre-Dame-du-Portage;

R.S., 1952.
(c) that part of the county of L'Islet included in the township municipality of Ashford, the parish municipalities of Sainte-Louise and Sainte-Perpétue, (less lots 13 to 56 of Range VIII Lafontaine Township), and the municipalities of Saint-Roch-des-Aulnaies, Tourville and Sainte-Félicité.

23. LABELLE consisting of:
   (a) the town of Mont-Laurier and the county of Labelle, (less that part included in the townships of Wabassee and Dudley and the municipality of Notre-Dame-du-Laus, and less the municipality of Lac-Tremblant North);
   (b) the county of Papineau, (except the municipality of the parish of l'Ange-Gardien, the municipalities of the townships of Buckingham South-East, Buckingham West, Derry-Mulgrave, Portland East, Portland West, Bowman and Ville-neuve and the municipality of Buckingham, and less the town of Buckingham and the village municipalities of Angers and Masson);
   (c) that part of the county of Montcalm included in the townships of Brunet, Nantel and Pérodeau.

24. LAC-SAINT-JEAN consisting of:
   (a) the county of Lake St. John East and the towns of Riverbend, Ile Maligne and Saint-Joseph-d’Alma;
   (b) that part of the county of Lake Saint-John West included in the parish municipalities of Sainte-Jeanne-d’Arc and Saint-Augustin, the municipalities of Péribonca and Saint-Ludger-de-Milot, the village municipality of Sainte-Jeanne d’Arc and the townships of Proulx, Milot, Jogues, Maltais, together with all the territories situated north of said townships and bounded to the east by the Péribonca River and to the west by the Mistassibi River.

25. LAPOINTE consisting of:
The city of Arvida and the town of Kénogami and Jonquières, together with that part of the county of Chicoutimi situated west of the western limit of the townships of Gagné, Tremblay, Chicoutimi, Laterrière, the western part of the townships of Lartigue and Lapointe situated west of the Boisvert River (Cyriae), together with the whole territory situated north of the townships of Falardeau, Bégine and Labrecque and west of a meridian line passing through the northeast angle of the township of Falardeau.

26. LÉVIS consisting of:
The county of Lévis (except the Municipality of Rivière-Boyer, the parish municipality of Saint-Henri-de-Lauzon and the village municipality of Saint-Henri), and the cities of Lévis and Lauzon.
27. LONGUEUIL consisting of:
   (a) the cities of Longueuil, Saint-Lambert and Jacques-Cartier;
   (b) the towns of Lemoyne, Greenfield Park, Montreal South, Préville and Mackayville.

28. LOTBINIÈRE consisting of:
   (a) the county of Lotbinière;
   (b) that part of the county of Nicolet included in the municipality of Lemieux, the parish municipalities of Saint-Pierre-les-Becquets, Sainte-Cécile-de-Lévrard, Sainte-Sophie-de-Lévrard, Sainte-Marie-de-Blandford, and Saint-Joseph-de-Blandford, and, the village municipalities of Manseau and Les Becquets;
   (c) that part of the county of Mégantic included in the village municipality of Lyster, the township municipality of Nelson and the municipality of Sainte-Anastasie-de-Nelson;
   (d) that part of the county of Arthabaska included in the parish municipality of Saint-Louis-de-Blandford.

29. MATAPÉDIA-MATANE consisting of:
   (a) the county of Matane (except the township municipalities of Dalibaire and Romieu West) and the town of Matane;
   (b) the county of Matapedia (except that part included in the townships of Assemetquagan and Milnikek, the projected township of Roncevaux and that part of the municipality of Saint-Fidèle-de-ristigouche comprised in the township of Assemetquagan).

30. MÉGANTIC consisting of:
   (a) the county of Métgantic (except the township municipality of Nelson, the municipality of Sainte-Anastasie-de-Nelson and the village municipality of Lyster) the city of Thetford Mines and the town of Black Lake;
   (b) that part of the county of Frontenac included in the municipalities of Lambton, Sainte-Evariste-de-Forsyth, Saint-Méthode-de-Frontenac, the parish municipality of Courcelles and the village municipalities of Lambton and La Guadeloupe;
   (c) that part of the county of Wolfe included in the township municipalities of Garthby, Stratford, and Wolfestown, the municipality of Disraeli, the parish municipality of Sainte-Praxède, the village municipalities of Beaulac and Disraeli, together with that part of the parish municipality of Saints-Martyrs-Canadiens included in the township of Garthby.

R.S., 1952.
31. MONTMAGNY-L'ISLET consisting of:
   (a) the county of Montmagny (less the parish municipalities of Berthier and Saint-François-de-la-Rivière-du-Sud), the
town of Montmagny and the parish municipality of Saint-
Antoine de l'Île-aux-Grues;
   (b) the county of L'Islet (less the township municipality of
Ashford, the parish municipality of Sainte-Louise, the
municipalities of Saint-Roch-des-Aulnaies, Tourville, and
Sainte-Félicité) and that part of the parish municipality of
Sainte-Perpétue included in lots 13 to 56 of Range VIII,
Lafontaine Township.

32. NICOLET-YAMASKA consisting of:
   (a) the county of Nicolet (except the municipality of Lemieux,
the parish municipalities of Sainte-Cécile-de-Lévrard, Saint-
Joseph-de-Blandford, Sainte-Marie-de-Blandford, Saint
Pierre-les-Becquets, Sainte-Sophie-de-Lévrard, and the vil-
lage municipalities of Manseau and Les Becquets), and the
town of Nicolet;
   (b) the county of Yamaska;
   (c) that part of the county of Drummond included in the parish
municipalities of Saint-Edmond-de-Grantham and Saint-
Majorique-de-Grantham;
   (d) that part of the county of Arthabaska included in the parish
municipality of Sainte-Anne-du-Sault, the township muni-
cipality of Maddington and the village municipality of
Daveluyville;
   (e) that part of the county of Richelieu included in the parish
municipality of Saint-Marcel.

33. PONTIAC-TÉMISCAMINGUE consisting of:
   (a) the county of Pontiac;
   (b) the towns of Belleterre and Temiscamingue and the county
of Témiscamingue, except the townships of Montreuil,
Rémigny, Beaumesnil, Cléricon, Chabert, Landanet, Mazérac,
Jourdan, Pélissier and Granet and all the townships situated
north thereof.

34. PORTNEUF consisting of:
   (a) the county of Portneuf (except the camp at Valcartier) and
the town of Donnaconna, Lake St. Joseph and Lake Sergeant;
   (b) that part of the county of Quebec situated north of the muni-
cipalities of Saint-Gabriel West and Stoneham;
   (c) in the county of Champlain, that part of the township of
Lejeune included in ranges I North-East to V North-East
inclusively.

5885
QUÉBEC
R.S., 1952.
Any reference to street, boulevard, road or river of the city of Quebec means the centre line of the said street, boulevard, road or river unless otherwise described.

35. QUÉBEC EAST consisting of:

(a) all that part of the city of Quebec lying north of St. Charles River; and that part of said city of Quebec lying south of St. Charles River and bounded by a line commencing at the intersection of St. Charles River with the northwesterly prolongation of Saint-Roch Street; thence southeasterly along said prolongation and following Saint-Roch Street and its southeasterly prolongation to Côte Samson; thence north-easterly following Côte Samson to the northwesterly prolongation of the southerly fortifications, thence southeasterly along said prolongation and following the fortifications to St. John Street; thence southwesterly following St. John Street to its intersection with de Salaberry Avenue; thence northwesterly and northerly following de Salaberry Avenue to Arago Street; thence southwesterly following Arago Street to Langelier Boulevard; thence northwesterly following Langelier Boulevard to Commissioners Street; thence northwesterly following Commissioners Street to its intersection with Saint-Anselme Street; thence northwesterly following Saint-Anselme Street and its prolongation to St. Charles River;

(b) that part of county of Québec included in the parish of Saint-Michel-Archange.

36. QUÉBEC WEST consisting of:

(a) that part of the city of Québec bounded by a line commencing at the intersection of the left bank of St. Charles River with the line limiting to the northeast the town of Québec West and to the southwest the city of Québec; thence southwesterly following the western limit of the city of Quebec to its intersection with Sainte-Foy Road; thence northeasterly following Sainte-Foy Road to de Salaberry Avenue; thence northwesterly and northerly following de Salaberry Avenue to Arago Street; thence southwesterly following Arago Street to Langelier Boulevard; thence northwesterly following Langelier Boulevard to Commissioners Street; thence northeasterly following Commissioners Street to its intersection with Saint-Anselme Street; thence northwesterly following Saint-Anselme Street and its prolongation to St. Charles River; thence westerly following the axis of St. Charles River to the southeasterly prolongation of the line

R.S., 1952.
line limiting to the northeast the town of Québec West and to the southwest the city of Québec; thence northwesterly along said prolongation to the point of commencement.

(b) that part of the county of Québec included in the municipality of La-Petite-Rivière and the town of Québec West.

37. QUÉBEC SOUTH consisting of:

(a) that part of the city of Québec bounded by a line commencing at the intersection of Sainte-Foy Road with the southwestern limit of the city of Québec; thence northeasterly following Sainte-Foy Road and St. John Street to the fortifications; thence northwesterly following said fortifications and their prolongation to Côte Samson; thence southwesterly following Côte Samson to the southeasterly prolongation of Saint-Roch Street; thence northwesterly along said prolongation and following Saint-Roch Street and its northwesterly prolongation to St. Charles River; thence northeasterly following St. Charles River to the St. Lawrence River; thence southerly following the bank of St. Lawrence River to the southern limit of the city of Québec; thence northwesterly and westerly following the southern limit of the city of Québec to the point of commencement;

(b) the city of Sillery.

38. QUÉBEC-MONTMORENCY consisting of:

(a) the town of Beauport, Château d'Eau, Courville, Charlesbourg, Loretteville, Montmorency, Sainte-Foy, and Val Saint-Michel, and the county of Québec (except the municipality of La-Petite-Rivière, the parish of Saint-Michel-Archange and that part situated north of the municipalities of Saint-Gabriel West and Stoneham);

(b) the county of Montmorency No. 2;

(c) that part of the county of Montmorency No. 1 included in the village municipality of Saint-Jean-de-Boischatel and the parish municipality of L'Ange-Gardien;

(d) that part of the county of Portneuf included in the camp of Valcartier.

39. RICHELIEU-VERCHÈRES consisting of:

(a) the county of Richelieu (except the parish municipality of Saint-Marcel), the city of Sorel and the towns of Saint-Ours and Saint-Joseph-de-Sorel;

(b) the county of Verchères (except the parish municipalities of Sainte-Julie and Saint-Mathieu-de-Belœil and the village municipality of McMasterville);

(c) that part of the county of Chambly included in the parish municipality of Sainte-Famille-de-Boucherville and the village municipality of Boucherville.

5887

40.

R.S., 1952.
40. RICHMOND-WOLFE consisting of:
   (a) the county of Richmond and the towns of Asbestos, Bromptonville, Richmond and Windsor;
   (b) the county of Wolfe (except that part of said county included in the township municipalities of Stratford, Garthby, Wolfestown, the parish municipality of Sainte-Praxède, the municipality of Disraeli, the village municipalities of Beaulac and Disraeli and that part of the municipality of the Saints-Martyrs-Canadiens included in the township of Garthby);
   (c) that part of the county of Drummond included in the municipalities of Durham South, Kingsey, Kingsey Falls and Lefebvre, and the village municipalities of Durham South and Kingsey Falls;
   (d) that part of the county of Arthabaska included in the municipalities of Chénier, and Tingwick, and the parish municipality of Saint-Rémi-de-Tingwick.

41. RIMOUSKI consisting of:
   (a) the county of Rimouski and the towns of Mont-Joli and Rimouski;
   (b) that part of the county of Rivière-du-Loup included in the municipalities of Saint-Jean-de-Dieu and Trois-Pistoles, the parish municipality of Sainte-Françoise and the town of Trois-Pistoles.

42. ROBERVAL consisting of:
   (a) the towns of Dolbeau, Saint-Félicien, Roberval and Mistassini;
   (b) the county of Lake St. John West (except the parish municipalities of Sainte-Jeanne-d'Arc and Saint-Augustin, the municipalities of Péribonca and Saint-Ludger-de-Milot, the village municipality of Sainte-Jeanne-d'Arc and the townships of Proulx, Milot, Jogues, Maltais, together with all the territories situated north of said townships and bounded on the east by the Péribonca River and on the west by the Mistassibi River.)

43. SAINT-HYACINTHE-BAGOT consisting of:
   (a) the county of Saint-Hyacinthe and the city of Saint-Hyacinthe;
   (b) the county of Bagot (except the parish municipalities of Saint-André-d'Acton and Sainte-Christine);
   (c) that part of the county of Drummond included in the municipality of Saint-Eugène-de-Granatham, the parish municipality of Saint-Germain-de-Grantham and the village municipality of Saint-Germain-de-Grantham.

R.S., 1952.
44. SAINT-JEAN-IBERVILLE-NAPIERVILLE consisting of:
   (a) the city of Saint-Jean and the county of St. John, (except the parish municipalities of Notre-Dame-du-Mont-Carmel and Saint-Bernard-de-Lacolle, and the village municipality of Lacolle);
   (b) the county of Iberville and the town of Iberville;
   (c) the county of Napierville and the town of Saint-Rémi;
   (d) that part of the county of Laprairie included in the municipality of Saint-Jacques-le-Mineur.

45. SAINT-MAURICE-LAFLÈCHE consisting of:
   (a) the city of Shawinigan Falls and that part of the county of Saint-Maurice included in the municipality of Charette, the parish municipalities Saint-Boniface-de-Shawinigan, Saint-Elie, Saint-Mathieu, Sainte-Flore, and Saint-Gérard-des-Laurentides, the village municipalities of Baie-de-Shawinigan and Saint-Boniface-de-Shawinigan, and the townships situated southeast of the township of Potherie;
   (b) the city of Grand'Mère, the town of La Tuque, that part of the county of Champlain included in the parish municipality of Almaville and the village municipality of Shawinigan South, and that part included in the municipalities of Saint-Jean-des-Piles and Saint-Roch-de-Mékinac, the townships of Mékinac, Hackett, Lapeyrère and Laurier together with all the territories situated northwest of said municipalities and townships and southeast of the townships of Picard, Bisaillon, Olscamp, Payment and Adams.

46. SAGUENAY consisting of:
   (a) the county of Saguenay, (except the municipality of Saint-Firmin and the township of Sagard), and the towns of Baie Comeau, Forestville, Hauterive and Sept-Iles;
   (b) Anticosti Island;
   (c) the territory of New Quebec.

47. SHEFFORD consisting of:
   (a) the county of Shefford, the city of Granby and the town of Waterloo;
   (b) that part of the county of Bagot included in the parish municipalities of Saint-André-d’Acton and Sainte-Christine and the town of Acton Vale;
   (c) that part of the county of Rouville included in the municipality of Saint-Césaire, the parish municipalities of Saint-Ange-Gardien and Saint-Paul-d’Abbotsford and the village municipalities of Canrobert and Saint-Césaire.
48. SHERBROOKE consisting of:
   (a) the city of Sherbrooke;
   (b) that part of the county of Sherbrooke situated north of the southern limit of lot 23 of the township of Orford and of the municipality of Rock Forest, west of Little Lake Magog and northwest of Magog River and north of the southern limit of lot 16 of the township of Ascot.

49. STANSTEAD consisting of:
   (a) the county of Stanstead (except the municipality of Saint-Herménégilde and the village municipality of Saint-Herméné-gilde) and the city of Magog and the town of Coaticook;
   (b) the town of Lennoxville and those parts of the county of Sherbrooke situated south of the southern limit of lot 23 of the township of Orford and of the municipality of Rock Forest, east of Little Lake Magog, southeast of Magog River and south of the southern limit of lot 16 of the township of Ascot (except however, the township municipality of Compton, the municipality of Compton Station and the village municipalities of Compton and Waterville);

50. TÉMISCOUATA consisting of:
   (a) the county of Témiscouata;
   (b) the county of Rivière-du-Loup (except the parish municipalities of Notre-Dame-du-Portage and Sainte-Françoise and the municipalities of Saint-Jean-de-Dieu and Trois-Pistoles) and the city of Rivière-du-Loup.

51. TERREBONNE consisting of:
   (a) the county of Terrebonne, the city of Saint-Jérôme, the towns of Sainte-Agathe-des-Monts, Sainte-Thérèse and Terrebonne;
   (b) that part of the township of Archambault situated in the county of Montcalm;
   (c) that part of the county of Labelle included in the municipality of Lac-Tremblant-North.

52. TROIS-RIVIÈRES consisting of:
   (a) the city of Trois-Rivières;
   (b) that part of the county of Saint-Maurice included in the municipalities of Pointe-du-Lac and La-Visitation-de-la-Pointe-du-Lac, the parish municipalities of Sainte-Anne-de-Yamachiche, St. Barnabé-de-Gatineau, St. Etienne-des-Grès, St. Sévère and Trois-Rivières, the village municipality of Yamachiche and de la Potherie Island.

53. VAUDREUIL-SOULANGES consisting of:
   (a) the county of Vaudreuil and the towns of Rigaud, Dorion and Ile-Cadieux;
   (b) the county of Soulanges.
54. **VILLENEUVE** consisting of:

(a) that part of the county of Abitibi situated south of the municipality of Roquemaure and the eastern part of the township of Roquemaure, the townships of Palmarolle, Poulariés, Privat, Launay, Trecesson, Figuery, Landrienne, Fiedmont, Courville, and the western part of Senneterre; and west of the east outline of the townships of Pascalis and Louvicourt; including the towns of Bourlamarque, Cadillac, Duparquet, Malartic and Val-d'Or;

(b) that part of the county of Témiscamingue included in the townships of Montreuil, Rémigny, Beaumesnil, Clérion, Chabert, Landranet, Mazérac, Jourdan, Pélissier and Granet and all the townships situated north of said townships, together with the cities of Noranda and Rouyn.

**ISLAND OF MONTRÉAL AND ÎLE JÉSUS.**

There shall be in that part of the Province of Québec, included in the Island of Montreal and Ile Jésus, 21 electoral districts named and described as follows, each of which shall return one member.

In the following descriptions reference to “Street”, “Avenue”, “Road”, “Montée”, “Boulevard”, “Railway tracks”, or “Canal”, signifies the centre line of said street, avenue, road, montée, boulevard, railway tracks and canal unless otherwise described.

55. **CARTIER** consisting of those parts of the city of Montreal and of the city of Outremont bounded by a line commencing at the intersection of Hutchison Street with the C.P.R. main track; thence easterly following the C.P.R. main track to St. Lawrence Boulevard; thence southeasterly following St. Lawrence Boulevard to Mount Royal Avenue; thence northeasterly following Mount Royal Avenue to City Hall Avenue; thence southeasterly following City Hall Avenue to Rachel Street; thence northeasterly following Rachel Street to St. Denis Street; thence southeasterly following St. Denis Street to Roy Street; thence southwesterly following Roy Street to St. Lawrence Boulevard; thence northwesterly following St. Lawrence Boulevard to Rachel Street; thence southwesterly following Rachel Street to de l’Esplanade Avenue; thence northwesterly following de l’Esplanade Avenue to Mount Royal Avenue; thence southwesterly following Mount Royal Avenue to Côte-Sainte-Catherine Road; thence westerly following Côte-Sainte-Catherine Road to St. Joseph Boulevard; thence northeasterly following St. Joseph Boulevard to Querbes Avenue; thence northwesterly following Querbes Avenue to St. Viateur Street; thence northeasterly following St. Viateur Street to Hutchison Street; thence northwesterly following Hutchison street to the point of commencement.

56. **DOLLARD** consisting of that part of the Island of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of the south boundary of the town of Montreal North with Fleury Street 5891 R.S., 1952.
Street; thence easterly following the said boundary of the town of Montreal North; thence continuing easterly, southerly and easterly following the southwestern and southern boundaries of the town of Saint-Michel-de-Laval, to its intersection with Côte-Saint-Michel road; thence southwesterly following Côte-Saint-Michel road to St. Hubert street; thence easterly following St. Hubert street to Leman street; thence southerly following Leman street to Foucher street; thence easterly following Foucher street to Guizot street; thence southerly following Guizot street to the C.P.R. main track; thence westerly following the C.P.R. main track to Crémazie Boulevard; thence southerly following Crémazie Boulevard; thence continuing southerly and southwesterly following Côte-de-Liesse road to Montée Vertu public road; thence westerly following said Montée Vertu public road to Côte-de-la-Vertu road; thence southerly following Côte-de-la-Vertu road to Montée Bois-Franc public road; thence westerly, southwesterly and westerly following said Montée Bois-Franc public road to Côte-Saint-Louis or du Bois-Franc road; thence northeasterly following the St. Louis or du Bois-Franc road to Montée Saint-Laurent and its prolongation to the southern boundary of the city of Montreal; thence easterly and northerly following said boundary of the city of Montreal to the southeast corner of Marcellin Wilson Park; thence continuing northerly along the east boundary of Marcellin Wilson Park and its northerly prolongation along the western boundary of Saint-Laurent Parish, said western boundary of Saint-Laurent Parish and its prolongation to the C.P.R. main track; thence easterly following the C.P.R. main track to the southerly prolongation of Fleury street; thence northerly along said prolongation of Fleury street and continuing north following Fleury street to Clark street; thence westerly following Clark street to Dick street; thence northerly following Dick street to Saint-Laurent Boulevard; thence easterly following Saint-Laurent Boulevard to Fleury street; thence northerly following Fleury street to the point of commencement.

57. HOCELAGA consisting of that part of the city of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of Dandurand street and avenue d'Orléans; thence easterly following avenue d'Orléans to Rachel street; thence northerly following Rachel street to Boulevard Pie IX; thence easterly following Boulevard Pie IX and its prolongation to the bank of the St. Lawrence river; thence southerly following the bank of the St. Lawrence river to the prolongation of Bercy street; thence westerly following said prolongation of Bercy street to its intersection with the C.P.R. main track; thence northwesterly following the C.P.R. main track across the Hochelaga C.P.R. yard to Ontario street; thence westerly following the C.P.R. main track to its intersection with Iberville street; thence westerly following Iberville street to Masson street; thence northerly following Masson street to 1st Avenue; thence westerly following 1st Avenue to Dandurand street; thence northerly following Dandurand street to the point of commencement.
58. JACQUES-CARTIER-LASALLE consisting of that part of the Island of Montreal lying south of a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of the northern boundary of Ville-Lasalle with the left bank of the St. Lawrence river; thence westerly, northerly and westerly following the said boundary of Ville-Lasalle to the east side of Lachine Canal; thence southwesterly along said Lachine Canal to the easterly prolongation of the southern boundary of Montreal West; thence westerly along said prolongation and following said southern boundary of the town of Montreal West to the southern limit of the Town of Côte-Saint-Luc; thence skirting around the southern limit of the Town of Côte-Saint-Luc to the northeastern limit of lot 566 (Five hundred and sixty-six); thence northwesterly along the said limit of lot 566 (Five hundred and sixty-six); to Côte-de-Liesse road; thence southwesterly following Côte-de-Liesse road to a public road known as Montée Vertu thence northwesterly following said Montée Vertu public road to Côte-de-la-Vertu road; thence southwesterly following Côte-de-la-Vertu road to a public road known as Montée Bois-Franc; thence northwesterly, westerly and northwesterly following the said Montée Bois-Franc to Côte-Saint-Louis or Bois-Franc Road; thence northeasterly following Côte-Saint-Louis or Bois-Franc Road, to the southern limit of the Village of Saraguay; thence northwesterly following the said southern limit of the Village of Saraguay to the southern limit of Laval County; together with Île Bizard, Île Dorval, Îles aux Hérons and all other islands in Rivière-des-Prairies and the St. Lawrence river not included in the adjacent counties.

59. LAFONTAINE consisting of that part of the city of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of Sherbrooke Street East with the C.P.R. main track; thence southerly following Sherbrooke Street East to Lafontaine Park Street; thence northwesterly and northeasterly following Lafontaine Park Street to Brébeuf Street; thence northwesterly following Brébeuf Street to Mount Royal Avenue; thence northeasterly following Mount Royal Avenue to de Lanaudière Street; thence northwesterly following de Lanaudière Street and its prolongation to the C.P.R. main track; thence northeasterly and easterly following the C.P.R. main track to the point of commencement.

60. LAURIER consisting of that part of the city of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of the C.P.R. main track with the northwesterly prolongation of de Lanaudière Street; thence southeasterly following said northwesterly prolongation and de Lanaudière Street to Mount Royal Avenue; thence southwesterly following Mount Royal Avenue to Brébeuf Street; thence southeasterly following Brébeuf Street to Lafontaine Park Street; thence southwesterly following Lafontaine Park Street and Rachel Street to City Hall Avenue; thence northwesterly following City Hall Avenue to Mount Royal Avenue; thence southwesterly following Mount Royal Avenue to St. Lawrence Boulevard; thence northwesterly

R.S., 1952.
northwesterly following St. Lawrence Boulevard to the C.P.R. main track; thence easterly and northeasterly following the C.P.R. main track to the point of commencement.

61. LAVAL consisting of:

(a) that part of the Island of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of the southern limit of the county of Laval with the westerly prolongation of the southern boundary of the village of Saraguay; thence southeasterly following said westerly prolongation of the southern boundary and the southern boundary of the village of Saraguay to Côte-Saint-Louis or du Bois-Franc Road; thence northeasterly following the Côte-Saint-Louis or du Bois-Franc Road to Montée St. Laurent and its prolongation to the southern boundary of the city of Montreal; thence easterly and northerly following said boundary of the city of Montreal to the southeast corner of Marcellin Wilson Park; thence continuing northerly along the east boundary of Marcellin Wilson Park and its northerly prolongation along the western boundary of Saint-Laurent Parish, said western boundary of Saint-Laurent Parish and its prolongation to the C.P.R. main track; thence easterly following the C.P.R. main track to the southerly prolongation of Fleury Street; thence northerly along said prolongation of Fleury Street, and continuing northerly following Fleury Street to Clark Street; thence westerly following Clark Street to Dick Street; thence northerly following Dick Street to St. Lawrence Boulevard; thence easterly following St. Lawrence Boulevard to Fleury Street; thence northerly following Fleury Street to its intersection with the southern limit of the town of Montreal North, thence northwesterly following said southern limit of the town of Montreal North and its westerly prolongation to the eastern limit of the county of Laval; thence southerly and southwesterly following the eastern limit of the county of Laval to the point of commencement;

(b) the county of Laval and the towns of Iles-Laval, L'Abord-à-Plouffe, Laval-des-Rapides, Laval-West, Laval-sur-le-Lac, Pont-Viau, Sainte-Rose and Saint-Vincent-de-Paul.

62. MAISONNEUVE-ROSEMONT consisting of that part of the city of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of 1st Avenue with Bélanger Street; thence northerly following Bélanger Street and its prolongation to the south-east boundary of the town of Saint-Léonard-de-Port-Maurice; thence easterly following said boundary of Saint-Léonard-de-Port-Maurice to the westerly prolongation of Bossuet Street; thence easterly following said westerly prolongation of Bossuet Street, Bossuet Street and its easterly prolongation to the bank of the St. Lawrence River; thence

R.S., 1952.
thence southerly following the bank of the St. Lawrence River to the prolongation of Boulevard Pie IX; thence westerly following said prolongation and Boulevard Pie IX to Rachel Street; thence southerly following Rachel Street to avenue d'Orléans; thence westerly following avenue d'Orléans to Dandurand Street; thence southerly following Dandurand Street to 1st Avenue; thence westerly following 1st Avenue to the point of commencement.

63. MERCIER consisting of that part of the Island of Montreal lying north of a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of the easterly limit of Laval County with the westerly prolongation of the southerly limit of the town of Montreal North; thence easterly following said prolongation and the southern limit of the town of Montreal North and the western and southern limits of the town of Saint-Michel-de-Laval and its prolongation to Bélanger Street; thence northeasterly following Bélanger Street and its prolongation to the east boundary of the town of Saint-Léonard-de-Port-Maurice; thence easterly following said east boundary of Saint-Léonard-de-Port-Maurice to the westerly prolongation of Bossuet Street; thence easterly following said westerly prolongation, Bossuet Street and its easterly prolongation to the bank of the St. Lawrence River; together with all the island in Rivières-des-Prairies and St. Lawrence River not included in the adjacent counties.

64. MOUNT ROYAL consisting of that part of the Island of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at the intersection of the C.P.R. main track with Jean-Talon Street; thence southerly following Jean-Talon Street to the northern limit of the town of Mount Royal; thence easterly and southerly following said northern limit and the eastern limit of the town of Mount Royal to its intersection with the C.P.R. main track; thence southwesterly following the C.P.R. main track to the prolongation of Darlington Avenue; thence southeasterly following said prolongation and Darlington Avenue to Côte-Sainte-Catherine Road; thence southwesterly following Côte-Sainte-Catherine Road to its intersection with the northwesterly prolongation of McKenna Street; thence southeasterly along said prolongation and following McKenna Street and its southwesterly prolongation to Côte-des-Neiges Road; thence westerly following Côte-des-Neiges Road to Coronet Road; thence southwesterly following Coronet Road to the prolongation of Surrey Gardens Street; thence southeasterly following said prolongation to the western limit of the city of Westmount; thence southwesterly following said western limit to Kingston Road; thence northerly, westerly and southerly following Kingston Road to Cedar Crescent Street; thence northwesterly following Cedar Crescent and Miller Streets to Queen Mary Road; thence southwesterly following Queen Mary Road to Macdonald Avenue; thence southeasterly following Macdonald Avenue to Aumont Street; thence southwesterly following Aumont Street to Dufferin Road; thence southeasterly following Dufferin Road to Côte-Saint-Luc Road; thence R.S., 1952.
thence westerly following Côte-Saint-Luc Road to its intersection with the southwestern limit of the town of Montreal West and the east side of the C.P.R. right of way; thence southerly following said southwestern limit of the town of Montreal West and continuing southerly along the western limit of Ville-Saint-Pierre to its intersection with the southern limit of the town of Côte-Saint-Luc; thence westerly, northerly and westerly following said southern limit of the town of Côte-Saint-Luc to its intersection with the northeastern limit of lot five hundred and sixty-six (566); thence northerly following Côte-de-Liesse Road and Cremazie Boulevard to its intersection with the C.P.R. main track; thence easterly following the C.P.R. main track to the point of commencement.

65. NOTRE-DAME-DE-GRÂCE consisting of that part of the Island of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at the intersection of Upper Lachine Road with Girouard Avenue; thence northeasterly following Upper Lachine Road to its intersection with Saint-Rémi Street; thence northwesterly following Saint-Rémi Street to its intersection with the southern limit of the city of Westmount; thence northwesterly following said southern limit of the city of Westmount to its intersection with Kingston Road; thence northerly, westerly and southerly following Kingston Road to Cedar Crescent Street; thence northwesterly following Cedar Crescent and Miller Streets to Queen Mary Road; thence southwesterly following Queen Mary Road to Macdonald Avenue; thence southeasterly following Macdonald Avenue to Aumont Street; thence southwesterly following Aumont Street to Dufferin Road; thence southeasterly following Dufferin Road to Côte-Saint-Luc Road; thence westerly following Côte-Saint-Luc Road to its intersection with the southwestern limit of the town of Montreal West and the east side of the C.P.R. right of way; thence southerly and easterly following said southwestern limit of the town of Montreal West and its prolongation to Lachine Canal; thence northeasterly following Lachine Canal to the southeasterly prolongation of Girouard Avenue across the Turcot yard of the C.N.R.; thence northwesterly along said southeasterly prolongation to the point of commencement.

66. OUTREMONT-SAINT-JEAN consisting of those parts of the city of Outremont, the city of Montreal and of the town of Mount Royal bounded by a line commencing at the intersection of the southeasterly prolongation of Henri-Julien Avenue with the C.P.R. main track; thence northwesterly along said prolongation of Henri-Julien Avenue, and Henri-Julien Avenue to Jean-Talon Street; thence southwesterly following Jean-Talon Street to the northern limit of the town of Mount Royal; thence easterly and southerly following said northern limit and the eastern limit of the town of Mount Royal to its intersection with the C.P.R. main track; thence southwesterly following the C.P.R. main track to the prolongation of Darlington Avenue.

R.S., 1952.
Avenue; thence southeasterly following said prolongation and Darlington Avenue to Côte-Sainte-Catherine Road; thence southwest-erly following Côte-Sainte-Catherine Road to its intersection with the northwesterly prolongation of McKenna Street; thence south-easterly along said prolongation and following McKenna Street and its southeasterly prolongation to Côte-des-Neiges Road; thence east-erly following Côte-des-Neiges Road to Remembrance Road; thence northeasterly following Remembrance Road and its northeasterly prolongation to the eastern limit of the city of Outremont; thence northerly and westerly along the eastern limit of said city of Outre-mont to Côte-Sainte-Catherine Road; thence westerly following Côte-Sainte-Catherine Road to Saint-Joseph Boulevard; thence northeasterly following Saint-Joseph Boulevard to Querbes Avenue; thence northwesterly following Querbes Avenue to Saint-Viateur Street; thence northeasterly following Saint-Viateur Street to Hutchison Street; thence northwesterly following Hutchison Street to its intersection with the C.P.R. main track; thence easterly following said C.P.R. main track to the point of commencement.

67. PAPINEAU consisting of that part of the city of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of de Bellechasse and de Lanaudière Streets; thence southwesterly following de Bellechasse Street to Christophe-Colomb Avenue; thence northwesterly following Christophe-Colomb Avenue to Côte-Saint-Michel Road; thence northeasterly following Côte-Saint-Michel Road to the southern limit of the town of Saint-Michel-de-Laval; thence continuing northwesterly and southeasterly following said southern boundary of the town of Saint-Michel-de-Laval and its prolongation to Bélanger Street; thence northeasterly following Bélanger Street to 1st Avenue; thence southeasterly and easterly following 1st Avenue to Masson Street; thence southwesterly following Masson street to Iberville Street; thence southeasterly following Iberville Street to its intersection with the C.P.R. main track; thence westerly and south-westerly following the C.P.R. main track to the southeasterly pro-longation of de Lanaudière Street; thence northwesterly following said southeasterly prolongation of de Lanaudière Street and de Lanaudière Street to the point of commencement.

68. ST. ANN consisting of that part of the city of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of Craig Street with St. Lawrence Boulevard; thence southerly following Craig Street West to its junction with Saint-Antoine Street; thence continuing southerly following Saint-Antoine Street to Guy Street; thence easterly following Guy Street to St. James Street; thence southerly following St. James Street to Dominion Street; thence southeasterly following Dominion Street and its prolongation to the Lachine Canal; thence southwesterly following the Lachine Canal to its intersection with Church Avenue; thence southeasterly and easterly following Church Avenue to the east limit of the city of Montreal; thence northerly and easterly following said limit of the R.S., 1952.
the city of Montreal to the bank of the St. Lawrence river; thence northeasterly and northerly following the Bank of the St. Lawrence river to the prolongation of St. Lawrence Boulevard; thence westerly following said prolongation and St. Lawrence Boulevard to the point of commencement.

69. SAINT-ANTOINE-WESTMOUNT consisting of:
   (a) The city of Westmount;
   (b) That part of the city of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of Côte-des-Neiges Road with the western limit of the city of Westmount; thence southerly and westerly following said western limit of the city of Westmount to its intersection with Surrey Gardens Street; thence northwesterly following the prolongation of Surrey Gardens Street to Coronet Road; thence northeasterly following Coronet Road to Côte-des-Neiges Road; thence easterly following Côte-des-Neiges Road to McGregor Street; thence following McGregor Street to Côte-des-Neiges Road; thence following Côte-des-Neiges Road to Guy Street; thence southeasterly following Guy Street to St. James Street; thence southwesterly following St. James Street and Upper Lachine Road to Saint-Rémi Street; thence northwesterly following Saint-Rémi Street to the eastern limit of the city of Westmount; thence northeasterly and northwesterly following the eastern and northern limits of the city of Westmount to the point of commencement.

70. SAINT-DENIS consisting of that part of the city of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of Côte-Saint-Michel with the prolongation of Christophe-Colomb Avenue; thence southeasterly following the prolongation of Christophe-Colomb Avenue and said Christophe-Colomb Avenue to de Bellechasse Street; thence northeasterly following de Bellechasse Street to de Lanaudière Street; thence southeasterly following de Lanaudière Street and its prolongation to the C.P.R. main track; thence southwesterly following the C.P.R. main track to Henri-Julien Avenue; thence northwesterly following Henri-Julien Avenue to Jean-Talon Street East; thence southwesterly following Jean-Talon Street East to St. Lawrence Boulevard; thence continuing southwesterly following Jean-Talon Street west to the C.P.R. main track; thence westerly following said C.P.R. main track to the southerly prolongation of Guizot Street; thence northerly following said prolongation of Guizot Street and Guizot Street to Foucher Street; thence westerly following Foucher Street to Leman Street; thence northerly following Leman Street to Saint-Hubert Street; thence westerly following Saint-Hubert Street to Côte-Saint-Michel Road; thence northwesterly following Côte-Saint-Michel Road to the point of commencement.

R.S., 1952.
71. SAINT-HENRI consisting of that part of the city of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of Upper Lachine Road with Saint-Rémi Street; thence southerly following Upper Lachine Road to its intersection with Girouard Avenue; thence southeasterly following the prolongation of Girouard Avenue and across the Turcot yard of the C.N.R. to the Lachine Canal; thence southwesterly following Lachine Canal to its intersection with the northeastern limit of the town of Lasalle; thence easterly southerly and easterly following said northeastern limit of the town of Lasalle to the eastern boundary of the city of Montreal; thence northerly following said boundary of the city of Montreal to its intersection with Church Avenue; thence westerly following Church Avenue to the Lachine Canal; thence northeasterly and northerly following the Lachine Canal to the prolongation of Dominion Street; thence northwesterly following said prolongation and Dominion Street to St. James Street; thence southwesterly following St. James Street and Upper Lachine Road to the point of commencement.

72. SAINT-JACQUES consisting of that part of the city of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of Sherbrooke Street East with de La Visitation Street; thence southeasterly following de La Visitation Street and its prolongation to the bank of the St. Lawrence River; thence southerly following the bank of the St. Lawrence River to the prolongation of St. Lawrence Boulevard; thence northwesterly following said prolongation and St. Lawrence Boulevard to Roy Street; thence northeasterly following Roy Street to Saint-Denis Street; thence northwesterly following Saint-Denis Street to Rachel Street; thence northeasterly following Rachel Street to Lafontaine Park Street; thence southwesterly following Lafontaine Park Street to Sherbrooke Street East; thence northerly following Sherbrooke Street East to the point of commencement.

73. ST. LAWRENCE-ST. GEORGE consisting of that part of the city of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of Craig Street with St. Lawrence Boulevard; thence westerly following St. Lawrence Boulevard to Rachel Street; thence southerly following Rachel Street to Esplanade Avenue; thence westerly following Esplanade Avenue to Mount Royal Avenue; thence southerly following Mount Royal Avenue to its intersection with the northern limit of the city of Outremont; thence southerly following the eastern limit of said city of Outremont and its prolongation to Remembrance Road; thence continuing southerly following Remembrance Road to its intersection with Côte-des-Neiges Road; thence easterly following Côte-des-Neiges Road, McGregor Street and Côte-des-Neiges Road to Guy Street; thence southwesterly following Guy Street to Saint-Antoine Street; thence northeasterly following Saint-Antoine Street and Craig Street West to the point of commencement.
74. SAINTE-MARIE consisting of:
   (a) that part of the city of Montreal bounded by a line commencing at a point situated at the intersection of Sherbrooke Street East with the C.P.R. main track; thence easterly following the C.P.R. main track to Ontario Street; thence southeasterly following said C.P.R. main track across the Hochelaga C.P.R. yard to the prolongation of Bercy Street; thence easterly along said prolongation of Bercy Street to the bank of the St. Lawrence river; thence southerly following the bank of the St. Lawrence river to the prolongation of Visitation Street and along Visitation Street to Sherbrooke Street East; thence northerly following Sherbrooke Street East to the point of commencement.
   (b) Sainte-Hélène Island, Verte Island and Ronde Island.

75. VERDUN consisting of:
   (a) the city of Verdun;
   (b) Ile des Sœurs or Ile St. Paul.

NOVA SCOTIA.

There shall be in the province of Nova Scotia eleven electoral districts, named and described as follows, each of which, unless otherwise expressly stated, shall return one member:

1. ANTIGONISH-GUYSBOROUGH consisting of the counties of Antigonish and Guysborough.

2. CAPE BRETON NORTH AND VICTORIA consisting of the county of Victoria and that part of the county of Cape Breton contained in the municipal districts of Balls Creek and Edwardsville (No. 2), Big Pond (No. 13), Boisdale (No. 9), Boularderie (No. 10), East Bay North (No. 19), East Bay South (No. 8), Enon (No. 21), Frenchvale (No. 22), George’s River (No. 23), Grand Narrows (No. 14), Hillside (No. 3), Little Bras d’Or (No. 4) and South Forks (No. 18), and including the towns of Sydney Mines and North Sydney.

3. CAPE BRETON SOUTH consisting of that part of the county of Cape Breton contained in the municipal districts of Dominion No. 6 (No. 11), Lingan (No. 20), Port Morien (No. 12) and Reserve Mines (No. 1), and including the city of Sydney and the towns of Glace Bay, New Waterford and Dominion.

4. COLCHESTER-HANTS consisting of the counties of Colchester and Hants.

5. CUMBERLAND consisting of the county of Cumberland.

6. DIGBY-ANNAPOLIS-KINGS consisting of the counties of Kings and Annapolis and that part of the county of Digby exclusive of the Municipality of Clare.

R.S., 1952.
7. HALIFAX consisting of the city of Halifax and the county of Halifax including Sable Island which shall return 2 members.

8. INVERNESS-RICHMOND consisting of the counties of Inverness and Richmond and that part of the county of Cape Breton contained in the municipal districts of Bateston (No. 24), Catalone (No. 15), Gabarus (No. 7), Grand Mira (No. 17), Louisburg Parish (No. 6), Main-a-Dieu (No. 5), and Trout Brook (No. 16), and including the town of Louisburg.

9. PICTOU consisting of the county of Pictou.

10. QUEENS-LUNENBURG consisting of the counties of Queens and Lunenburg.

11. SHELBURNE-YARMOUTH-CLARE consisting of the counties of Shelburne and Yarmouth and that part of the county of Digby contained in the Municipality of Clare.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

There shall be in the province of New Brunswick ten electoral districts, named and described as follows, each of which shall return one member:

1. CHARLOTTE consisting of the county of Charlotte.
2. GLOUCESTER consisting of the county of Gloucester.
3. KENT consisting of the county of Kent.
4. NORTHUMBERLAND consisting of the county of Northumberland.
5. RESTIGOUCHE-MADAWASKA consisting of the counties of Restigouche and Madawaska.
6. ROYAL consisting of the counties of Kings and Queens.
7. SAINT JOHN-ALBERT consisting of the city of Saint John and the counties of St. John and Albert.
8. VICTORIA-CARLETON consisting of the counties of Victoria and Carleton.
9. WESTMORLAND consisting of the county of Westmorland.
10. YORK-SUNBURY consisting of the counties of York and Sunbury.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

There shall be in the province of Prince Edward Island three electoral districts, named and described as follows, each of which, unless otherwise expressly stated, shall return one member:

1. KINGS consisting of the county of Kings.
2. PRINCE consisting of the county of Prince.
3. QUEENS consisting of the county of Queens, which shall return two members.
There shall be in the province of Manitoba fourteen electoral districts, named and described as follows, each of which shall elect and return one member.

In the following descriptions, “range” and “township” refer to the ranges and townships in accordance with the Dominion Lands system of surveys and include the extension thereof in accordance with the said system.

Reference to “street”, “avenue”, “road” or “railway” in the following descriptions signifies the centre line of the said street, avenue, road or railway unless otherwise described.

1. BRANDON-SOURIS consisting of townships one (1) to ten (10) inclusive in ranges sixteen (16) to eighteen (18) inclusive west of the principal meridian lying south of the left bank of Assiniboine River; townships one (1) to ten (10) inclusive in ranges nineteen (19) to twenty-nine (29) inclusive west of said principal meridian.

2. CHURCHILL consisting of townships thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33) in ranges twenty-eight (28) and twenty-nine (29); township thirty-four (34) in ranges twenty-seven (27) to twenty-nine (29) inclusive; townships thirty-five (35) to forty-one (41) inclusive in ranges twenty-one (21) to twenty-nine (29) inclusive; those portions of townships thirty-nine (39) and forty (40) lying westerly of the easterly bank of Pelican Lake and township forty-one (41), all in range twenty (20); townships forty-two (42) to forty-five (45) inclusive in ranges twelve (12) to fourteen (14) inclusive; those parts of township forty-six (46) in said ranges twelve (12) to fourteen (14) inclusive lying south of the fifty-third parallel of north latitude (53°N.); townships forty-two (42) to sixty (60) inclusive in ranges fifteen (15) to twenty-nine (29) inclusive; townships forty-five (45) to fifty-three (53) inclusive between Lake Winnipeg and the eastern boundary of the province of Manitoba; townships fifty-four (54) to sixty (60) inclusive between the principal meridian and the eastern boundary of the said province of Manitoba; all that part of said province of Manitoba lying north of the north boundary of township sixty (60); all the aforesaid lands being west of the principal meridian unless otherwise described.

3. DAUPHIN consisting of those portions of townships twenty-two (22) to twenty-six (26) inclusive in range ten (10) lying west of the west bank of Lake Manitoba; township twenty-two (22) in ranges eleven (11) to sixteen (16) inclusive; sections nineteen (19) to thirty-six (36) inclusive in said township twenty-two (22) in range seventeen (17); townships twenty-three (23) to thirty-one (31) inclusive in ranges eleven (11) to twenty-nine (29) inclusive; townships thirty-two (32) and thirty-three (33) in ranges twelve (12) to twenty-seven (27) inclusive; township thirty-four (34) in ranges twelve (12) to twenty-six (26) inclusive; townships thirty-five (35) to fifty-three (53) inclusive between Lake Winnipeg and the eastern boundary of the province of Manitoba; townships fifty-four (54) to sixty (60) inclusive between the principal meridian and the eastern boundary of the said province of Manitoba; all that part of said province of Manitoba lying north of the north boundary of township sixty (60); all the aforesaid lands being west of the principal meridian unless otherwise described.

R.S., 1952.
five (35) to forty-one (41) inclusive in ranges twelve (12) to nineteen (19) inclusive; townships thirty-five (35) to thirty-eight (38) inclusive and those portions of townships thirty-nine (39) to forty-one (41) inclusive lying easterly and southerly of the easterly bank of Pelican Lake all in range twenty (20); all the aforesaid lands being west of the principal meridian.

4. LISGAR consisting of townships one (1) to five (5) inclusive in range two (2); townships one (1) to seven (7) inclusive in range three (3); townships one (1) to eight (8) inclusive in ranges four (4) to nine (9) inclusive; townships one (1) to eight (8) inclusive in range ten (10) lying south of the left bank of Assiniboine River; townships one (1) to nine (9) inclusive in ranges eleven (11) to fifteen (15) inclusive lying south of the left bank of said Assiniboine River; all of the aforesaid lands being west of the principal meridian.

5. MARQUETTE consisting of townships eight (8) to nineteen (19) inclusive lying north of left bank of Assiniboine River in range sixteen (16); townships eight (8) to twenty-one (21) inclusive lying north of said left bank of Assiniboine River in range seventeen (17); all of sections one (1) to eighteen (18) in township twenty-two (22) in said range seventeen (17); all those portions of townships nine (9) and ten (10) lying north of the left bank of Assiniboine River in range eighteen (18); all of townships eleven (11) to twenty-two (22) inclusive in ranges nineteen (19) to twenty-nine (29) inclusive; all of the aforesaid lands being west of the principal meridian.

6. PORTAGE-NEEPAWA consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the west bank of Lake Manitoba with the north outline of township twenty-one (21) range ten (10) west of the principal meridian; thence west along the north outline of township twenty-one (21) to the east outline of range seventeen (17); thence south along the east outline of range seventeen (17) to the north outline of township nineteen (19); thence east along the north outline of township nineteen (19) to the east outline of range sixteen (16); thence south along the east outline of range sixteen (16) to the Assiniboine River in township eight (8); thence easterly following the left bank of Assiniboine river to its intersection with the north outline of township eight (8) range ten (10); thence easterly along the north outline of township eight (8) to the east outline of range four (4); thence north along the east outline of range four (4) to its intersection with the left bank of Assiniboine River in township twelve (12); thence southeasterly following the left bank of Assiniboine River to the westerly limits of the city of Winnipeg; thence northerly following the westerly limits of said city and of the Rural Municipality of Old Kildonan to the east outline of range two (2) east of the principal meridian; thence north along the east outline of said range two (2) to the north boundary of section twenty-four (24) in township thirteen (13); thence west

R.S., 1952.
west along the north boundary of sections twenty-four (24) to nineteen (19) inclusive in township thirteen (13), ranges two (2) and one (1), east of the principal meridian; thence north along said principal meridian to the northeast corner of township thirteen (13) range one (1); thence west along the north outline of township thirteen (13) ranges one (1) and two (2) to the east outline of range three (3); thence north along the east outline of range three (3) to the northeast corner of township fifteen (15); thence west along the north outline of township fifteen (15), ranges three (3) and four (4) to the easterly bank of Lake Manitoba; thence southwesterly and northerly along the bank of said Lake (Manitoba) to the point of commencement; and excluding therewithfrom the Rural Municipality of St. James and the village of Brooklands; all the aforesaid lands being west of the principal meridian except where otherwise described.

7. PROVENCHER consisting of townships six (6) and seven (7) range two (2); townships one (1) to seven (7) inclusive range one (1); all aforesaid lands being west of the principal meridian; townships one (1) to seven (7) inclusive in ranges one (1) to eleven (11) inclusive east of the principal meridian; townships one (1) to six (6) inclusive, in ranges twelve (12) to seventeen (17) inclusive east of the principal meridian; all the river lots on the Red River south of the north boundary of township seven (7).

8. ST. BONIFACE consisting of the city of St. Boniface; such and so much of the river lots on both banks of the Red River as lie north of the north boundary of the seventh (7th) township and south of the south boundary of lots one hundred and twenty-three (123) and one hundred and twenty-five (125) in the Parish of St. Norbert; such and so much of the river lots on the east bank of the Red River as lie north of the city of St. Boniface and east and south of the Birds Hill Road (the Two Mile road) and the Springfield Road; those portions of township eleven (11) in range four (4) as lie south of the said roads, townships eight (8) and nine (9) in ranges five (5) to eight (8) inclusive; and such portions of townships eight (8) to ten (10) inclusive in ranges three (3) and four (4) as lie east of the Red River; all those parts of townships eight (8) to ten (10) inclusive in ranges one (1) to three (3) inclusive lying west of the river lots on the west bank of Red River; those portions of the river lots lying south of the left bank of Assiniboine River in ranges one (1) to three (3) inclusive; all of the aforesaid lands being east of the principal meridian; townships eight (8) to twelve (12) inclusive lying south of the left bank of Assiniboine River in ranges one (1) to three (3) inclusive west of the principal meridian together with those portions of the river lots lying south of the left bank of said Assiniboine River in said ranges one (1) to three (3) inclusive.

9. SELKIRK consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at the mouth of Red River in township sixteen (16) range five (5) east of the principal meridian; thence following the left
left bank of Red River upstream to the northeasterly limits of the
town of Selkirk; thence southerly, westerly and northerly following
the limits of said town of Selkirk to the east and west road passing
immediately south of the Selkirk Asylum; thence northwesterly along
said road to the north boundary of the Outer Two Miles of the Parish
of St. Clements; thence westerly along the north boundary of the
Outer Two Miles of the Parish of St. Clements to its northwest
corner; thence southwesterly following the northwesterly boundary
of the Outer Two Miles of the Parish of St. Clements to the north
outline of township thirteen (13) in range four (4) east of the prin-
cipal meridian; thence west along the north outline of township thir-
teen (13) to the northeast corner of range two (2); thence south
along the east outline of range two (2) to the northeast corner of
section twenty-four (24) in said township thirteen (13); thence
westerly along the north boundaries of sections twenty-four (24) to
nineteen (19) inclusive in township thirteen (13) in ranges two (2)
and one (1) east of the principal meridian to said principal meridian;
thence north along said principal meridian to the northeast corner of
township thirteen (13) range one (1); thence west along the north
outline of township thirteen (13) ranges one (1) and two (2) to the
east outline of range three (3); thence north along the east outline of
range three (3) to the northeast corner of township fifteen (15);
thence west along the north outline of township fifteen (15) ranges
three (3) and four (4) to the easterly bank of Lake Manitoba; thence
southwesterly and northerly following the bank of Lake Manitoba to
its intersection with the east outline of township twenty-six (26)
range eleven (11) west of the principal meridian; thence north along
the east outline of said range eleven (11) to the northeast corner of
township thirty-one (31); thence west along the north outline of
township thirty-one (31) to the east outline of range twelve (12);
thence north along the east outline of range twelve (12) to the fifty-
third (53rd) parallel of north latitude; thence west along said fifty-
third (53rd) parallel to the east outline of range fifteen (15); thence
north along the east outline of range fifteen (15) to the north outline
of township sixty (60); thence east along the north outline of town-
ship sixty (60) to the principal meridian; thence south along the
principal meridian to the north outline of township fifty-three (53);
thence west along the north outline of township fifty-three (53) to
the easterly bank of Lake Winnipeg; thence southerly following the
easterly bank of Lake Winnipeg to the point of commencement.

10. SPRINGFIELD consisting of township seven (7) in ranges
twelve (12) to seventeen (17) inclusive; townships eight (8) and
nine (9) in ranges nine (9) to seventeen (17) inclusive; townships
ten (10) and eleven (11) ranges five (5) to seventeen (17) inclusive,
the north half of township eleven (11) in range four (4); those river
lots lying east of the left bank of Red River between the city of
Winnipeg and Lake Winnipeg, and excluding therefrom those lots
lying east and south of the Birds Hill Road and the Springfield Road;

372 5905

all

R.S., 1952.
all that part of the province of Manitoba lying east of Lake Winnipeg and the left bank of Red River and extending from the north boundary of township eleven (11) to the north boundary of township forty-four (44) together with the area described as follows: commencing at the northeast corner of township thirteen (13) range two (2) east of the principal meridian; thence easterly along the north boundary of said township thirteen (13) to the northwesterly limit of the Outer Two Miles of the Parish of St. Clements; thence northwesterly along said northwesterly limit to the northwest corner of said Outer Two Miles of the Parish of St. Clements; thence easterly along the north limit of said Outer Two Miles to its intersection with the east and west road passing immediately south of the Selkirk Asylum; thence easterly along said road and its production easterly to the left bank of Red River; thence southerly following the left bank of Red River to the northerly limits of the city of Winnipeg; thence northwesterly following the northerly and westerly limits of the city of Winnipeg and the westerly boundary of the Rural Municipality of Old Kildonan to the east outline of range two (2); thence north along the east outline of said range two (2) to the point of commencement; all the aforesaid lands being east of the principal meridian; and excluding any portion or portions of the town of Selkirk within the area described.

11. WINNIPEG NORTH consisting of that part of the city of Winnipeg west of the centre line of Red River and lying north of Manitoba Avenue and its projection easterly to the centre line of Red River, and of that part of said city lying east of the centre line of Red River and extending from the northerly limits of the city of St. Boniface to the southerly limits of the Rural Municipality of East Kildonan; together with the rural municipalities of West Kildonan and East Kildonan.

12. WINNIPEG NORTH CENTRE consisting of the village of Brooklands; that part of the city of Winnipeg bounded as follows: on the south by a line described as commencing at the intersection of Ellice Avenue with the west boundary of the city of Winnipeg; thence easterly along Ellice Avenue to Balmoral Street; thence northerly on Balmoral Street to Notre Dame Avenue West; thence southeasterly along Notre Dame Avenue West, Portage Avenue and Main Street to Notre Dame Avenue East; thence southeasterly along Notre Dame Avenue East and its production easterly to the city boundary; on the north by Manitoba Avenue and its projection easterly to the centre line of Red River; on the east by the centre line of Red River; and on the west by the city boundary.

13. WINNIPEG SOUTH consisting of that part of the city of Winnipeg lying south of the left bank of Assiniboine River; all of Assiniboine Park; the town of Tuxedo; that part of the rural municipality of Fort Garry lying north of the southeasterly boundary of lot one hundred and twenty-three (123) in the Parish of St. Norbert; and

R.S., 1952.
and such and so much of the river lots on the east bank of Red River as lie north of the southeasterly boundary of river lot one hundred and twenty-five (125) in said Parish of St. Norbert, west of the Seine River and south of the city of St. Boniface.

14. WINNIPEG SOUTH CENTRE consisting of the Rural Municipality of St. James and that part of the city of Winnipeg bounded as follows: on the south by the left bank of the Assiniboine River; on the west and on the east by the city limits; on the north by a line described as follows; commencing at the intersection of the west boundary of aforesaid city with Ellice Avenue; thence easterly along Ellice Avenue to Balmoral Street; thence northerly along Balmoral Street to Notre Dame Avenue West; thence southeasterly along Notre Dame Avenue West, Portage Avenue and Main Street to Notre Dame Avenue East; thence southeasterly along Notre Dame Avenue East and its projection to the city boundary.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

There shall be in the province of British Columbia twenty-two electoral districts, named and described as follows, each of which shall return one member.

In the following descriptions reference to "street", "avenue", "road", "drive", "railway" or "river" signifies the centre line of such street, avenue, road, drive, railway or river, unless otherwise described.

1. BURNABY-COQUITLAM consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at the northwest corner of the municipality of Burnaby; thence southerly along the western boundary of the municipality of Burnaby to the intersection with Douglas Road; thence easterly and southeasterly along Douglas Road and Grandview Highway to the northwesterly limit of the city of New Westminster; thence northeasterly and southeasterly along the limits of aforesaid city to the channel of Fraser River; thence easterly along the said channel of the Fraser River passing north of Tree and Douglas Islands to the intersection of Pitt River; thence following Pitt River passing east of Siwash Island and the centre of Pitt Lake passing west of Goose Island to a point in the northerly reach of the said Pitt Lake due south of the northwest corner of section thirty-five (35) township six (6) range five (5) west of the seventh (7) meridian; thence due north to a point due east of the northeast corner of section fifteen (15) township seven (7) range six (6) west of the seventh (7) meridian; thence due west to the said northeast corner of section fifteen (15); thence westerly along the north boundaries of sections fifteen (15) to eighteen (18) inclusive, township seven (7) range six (6) west of the seventh meridian to Hixon Creek; thence in a line due west to an intersection with Indian River; thence southerly along Indian River to the North Arm of Burrard Inlet; thence southerly along the centre line of the North Arm of Burrard Inlet, passing east of Croker 3724 Island 5907 R.S., 1952.
Island and west of Racoon Island to an intersection with the northerly boundary of the municipality of Burnaby; thence westerly along the said northerly boundary of the municipality of Burnaby to the point of commencement.

2. BURNABY-RICHMOND consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the Douglas Road with the east boundary of the city of Vancouver; thence southerly along the western boundary of the municipality of Burnaby to the intersection with the northerly boundary of the municipality of Richmond; thence westerly, southerly and easterly along the said boundary of the municipality of Richmond to the intersection with the westerly boundary of the city of New Westminster; thence northerly and north-easterly along the said boundary of the city of New Westminster to Grandview Highway; thence northwesterly along Grandview Highway and Douglas Road to the point of commencement.

3. CARIBOO consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at the northeast corner of the province of British Columbia; thence southerly along the easterly boundary of said province to the fifty-two degree thirty minute (52° 30') parallel of north latitude; thence westerly along said fifty-two degree thirty minute (52° 30') parallel to the one hundred and twenty-fifth (125th) meridian; thence north along said one hundred and twenty-fifth (125th) meridian to its intersection with the straight line joining Fort Grahame to the intersection of Little Rancheria River with the north boundary of said province of British Columbia; thence northwesterly along the aforementioned straight line to the north boundary of said province; thence east along said north boundary of said province to the point of commencement.

4. COAST-CAPILANO consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at a point on the northerly boundary of the city of Vancouver due north of Prospect Point lighthouse; thence due west of the centre line of Strait of Georgia; thence northerly and westerly along the centre lines of the said Strait of Georgia, Malaspina Channel, the channel between the islands of Texada, Harwood, Savary and Hernando on the west and the mainland on the east, the centre lines of the channels of Cordero, Calm and Lewis; thence northerly along the centre line of Frederick Arm to the head of said Frederick Arm in lot two hundred and seventy-four (274) of range one (1), Coast Land District; thence northerly along the height of land between the waters flowing into Knight Inlet and Phillips River on the west and Bute Inlet on the east and the height of land between the waters flowing into Knight Inlet on the west and into Bute Inlet and the Homathko River on the east to the intersection of the said height of land with the fifty-first (51st) parallel of north latitude; thence easterly along said fifty-first (51st) parallel to the intersection with the one hundred and twenty-fourth (124th) meridian; thence southerly along the one hundred and twenty-fourth (124th) meridian, to

R.S., 1952.
an intersection with the southerly boundary of the Lillooet Land District; thence easterly along the said southern boundary of the Lillooet Land District to an intersection with the height of land between the waters flowing into Pitt and Lillooet Rivers and Lillooet Lake on the east and Cheakamus and Green Rivers on the west; thence southerly along the said height of land to the headwaters of Hixon Creek; thence southerly along the said Hixon Creek to the intersection of the north boundary of section eighteen (18) township seven (7) range six (6) west of the seventh meridian; thence due west to an intersection with the Indian River; thence southerly along the said Indian River and centre line of Burrard Inlet passing east of Croker Island and west of Racoon Island to an intersection with the north boundary of the municipality of Burnaby; thence westerly along the north boundary of said municipality of Burnaby to an intersection with the north boundary of the city of Vancouver; thence westerly along the said boundary of the city of Vancouver to the point of commencement.

5. COMOX-ALBERNI consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the fifty-second (52nd) parallel of north latitude with the one hundred and twenty-fifth (125th) meridian of west longitude; thence south along the one hundred and twenty-fifth (125th) meridian to the fifty-first (51st) parallel of north latitude; thence west along the fifty-first (51st) parallel to its intersection with the height of land between the waters flowing into Knight Inlet on the west and into Homathko River and Bute Inlet on the east; thence southerly along the said height of land and the height of land between the waters flowing into Knight Inlet and Phillips River on the west and Bute Inlet on the east to the head of Frederick Arm in lot two hundred and seventy-four (274) of range one (1) Coast Land District; thence southerly along the centre line of Frederick Arm to the centre line of Cordero Channel; then southerly along the centre lines of Cordero, Calm, and Lewis Channels, of the channel between Hernando, Savary, Harwood, and Texada Islands on the west and the mainland on the east of Malaspina Channel, and of the Strait of Georgia to a point due east of the southerly tip of Lasqueti Island; thence southwesterly to the mouth of Englishman River; thence upstream along centre line of Englishman River to the north boundary of Dunsmuir Land District; thence west along the north boundary of Dunsmuir Land District to the northwest corner thereof; thence southerly along the westerly boundary of the said Dunsmuir Land District to the easterly boundary of Barclay Land District; thence southeasterly along said easterly boundary of Barclay Land District to Nitinat Creek; thence southwesterly following said Nitinat Creek and the centre line of Nitinat Lake to the westerly coast of Vancouver Island; thence northwesterly following said westerly coast including all off-shore islands, to the fifty-second (52nd) parallel of north latitude; thence easterly along said fifty-second parallel of north latitude; thence easterly along said fifty-second parallel of north latitude; thence easterly along said fifty-second parallel of north latitude; thence easterly along said fifty-second parallel of north latitude; thence easterly along said fifty-second parallel of north latitude; thence easterly along said fifty-second parallel of north latitude; thence easterly along said fifty-second parallel of north latitude; thence easterly along said fifty-second parallel of north latitude; thence easterly along said fifty-second parallel of north latitude; thence easterly along said fifty-second
second (52nd) parallel to the point of commencement, and excluding those islands in the Queen Charlotte group of islands lying south of said fifty-second (52nd) parallel.

6. ESQUIMALT-SAANICH consisting of all that part of Vancouver Island and all off-shore islands lying southerly of a line described as follows: commencing at the middle point of the southwesterly end of Port San Juan; thence northeasterly along the centre line of said Port San Juan to the mouth of Gordon River; thence easterly along the right river bank of the most northerly channel of San Juan River; to the main stream of San Juan River; thence upstream along the right bank of the main stream of San Juan River to the mouth of Harris Creek; thence following Harris Creek upstream to the west boundary of Cowichan Lake Land District; thence southeasterly along the southwesterly boundary of said Cowichan Lake Land District to the southwest corner thereof; thence eastward along the south boundary of Cowichan Lake Land District to its southeast corner; thence north along the east boundary of said Cowichan Lake Land District to the northwest corner of Helmcken Land District; thence eastward along the north boundary of Helmcken and Shawnigan Land Districts to Satellite Channel; thence eastward along the centre line of said Satellite Channel to a point due north of Piers Island; thence easterly and south of Portland and Moresby Islands to the International Boundary; thence southerly and westerly following said International Boundary; and excluding thereout the city of Victoria, the municipalities of Oak Bay and Esquimalt and the off-shore islands to the south and east thereof and that part of the municipality of Saanich lying south of North Dairy Road, Richmond Avenue and Argyle Avenue.

7. FRASER VALLEY consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the south boundary of the province of British Columbia with the easterly boundary of the municipality of Langley; thence northerly along the said easterly boundary of the said municipality and its projection northerly to the Fraser River; thence westerly following the said Fraser River, passing north of McMillan and Barnston Islands and east of Douglas Island, to Pitt River; thence northerly along the said Pitt River, passing east of Siwash Island, and the centre line of Pitt Lake, passing west of Goose Island, to a point in the northerly reach of said Pitt Lake due south of the northwest corner of section thirty-five (35), township six (6), range five (5) west of the seventh meridian; thence due north to a point due east of the northeast corner of section fifteen (15) township seven (7) range six (6) west of the seventh meridian; thence due west to the said northeast corner of said section fifteen (15); thence westerly along the north boundary of sections fifteen (15) to eighteen (18) inclusive, township seven (7) range six (6) west of the seventh meridian to Hixon Creek; thence northerly along the said Hixon Creek to its head waters and along the height of land be-

R.S., 1952.
between the waters flowing into Pitt and Lillooet Rivers and Lillooet Lake on the east and Cheakamus and Green Rivers on the west to the south boundary of Lillooet Land District; thence easterly along the said south boundary of Lillooet Land District to the west limit of the British Columbia Railway Belt; thence southerly along the said west limit of the British Columbia Railway Belt to a point thereon due west of the northwest corner of township thirteen (13) range thirty (30) west of the sixth meridian; thence easterly along the north boundary of township thirteen (13), ranges thirty (30), twenty-nine (29), twenty-eight (28), twenty-seven (27), twenty-six (26) and twenty-five (25) to the northeast corner of township thirteen (13), range twenty-five (25), west of the sixth meridian; thence southerly along the east boundary of said range twenty-five (25) and its projection southerly to the south boundary of the province; thence westerly along said boundary to the point of commencement.

8. KAMLOOPS consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the fifty-two degree thirty minute (52° 30') parallel of north latitude with the easterly boundary of the province of British Columbia; thence west along said fifty-two degree thirty minute (52° 30') parallel to its intersection with the one hundred and twenty-fifth (125th) meridian of west longitude; thence south along said one hundred and twenty-fifth (125th) meridian to its intersection with the fifty-first (51st) parallel of north latitude; thence east along said fifty-first (51st) parallel to its intersection with the one hundred and twenty-fourth (124th) meridian; thence south along said one hundred and twenty-fourth (124th) meridian to its intersection with the southerly boundary of Lillooet Land District; thence easterly along said southerly boundary of the Lillooet Land District to its intersection with the westerly limit of the British Columbia Railway Belt; thence southerly along said westerly limit of the British Columbia Railway Belt to a point thereon due west of the northwest corner of township thirteen (13) range thirty (30) west of the sixth (6th) meridian; thence easterly along the north outline of township thirteen (13) ranges thirty (30), to twenty-five (25) inclusive to the northeast corner of township thirteen (13) range twenty-five (25) west of the sixth (6th) meridian; thence southerly along the east outline of said range twenty-five (25) to the north boundary of township seven (7); thence easterly along said north outline of township seven (7) and its projection easterly to its intersection with Summers Creek; thence northerly along Summers Creek to the south end of Missezula Lake; thence due east to the easterly boundary of Kamloops Land District; thence northeasterly following said easterly boundary of Kamloops Land District to the southern limit of the British Columbia Railway Belt in township seventeen (17) range twelve (12) west of the sixth (6th) meridian; thence northeasterly along said southern limit of the British Columbia Railway Belt to the east outline of said township seventeen (17) range twelve (12); thence northerly along the east outline of said township

5911

R.S., 1952.
seventeen (17) range twelve (12) to Salmon River; thence easterly following said Salmon River downstream to the north outline of township nineteen (19) range ten (10); thence easterly along the north outline of township nineteen (19) ranges ten (10) and nine (9) west of the sixth (6th) meridian to the northeast corner of said township nineteen (19) range nine (9); thence north along the east outline of said range nine (9) to the northeast corner of township twenty-two (22); thence east along the north outline of said township twenty-two (22) range eight (8) to its northeast corner; thence north along the west outline of range seven (7) to its intersection with the north limit of said British Columbia Railway Belt in township twenty-six (26) range seven (7); thence easterly following the northerly limit of the British Columbia Railway Belt to its intersection with the height of land between the waters flowing east into that part of the Columbia River flowing north and those waters flowing west into that part of said Columbia River flowing south; thence northerly following the above described height of land to the confluence of the Columbia and Canoe Rivers; thence northerly following Canoe River upstream to the northerly boundary of the Kootenay Land District; thence easterly along said northerly boundary of the Kootenay Land District to the easterly boundary of the province of British Columbia; thence northerly along said easterly boundary of said province to the point of commencement.

9. KOOTENAY EAST consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at the southeast corner of the province of British Columbia; thence northerly along the easterly boundary of the said province to the northerly boundary of Kootenay Land District; thence westerly along the said northerly boundary of Kootenay Land District to Canoe River; thence southerly along the said Canoe River to the Columbia River; thence southerly along the height of land between the waters flowing into Columbia and Kootenay Rivers on the east and Columbia and Duncan Rivers and Kootenay Lake on the west to the head waters of Akokli Creek; thence westerly following the said Akokli Creek to the centre line of Kootenay Lake; thence southerly along the said centre line of Kootenay Lake and the main channel of Kootenay River to the southern boundary of the province of British Columbia; thence easterly along the said southern boundary to the point of commencement.

10. KOOTENAY WEST consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the westerly boundary of Kootenay Land District with the southern boundary of the province of British Columbia; thence northerly along said westerly boundary of Kootenay Land District to the southerly boundary of the British Columbia Railway Belt; thence easterly along said southerly boundary to the Columbia River; thence southeasterly along the centre line of Columbia River to a point opposite the settlement of Arrowhead; thence southerly to the western tip of the peninsula north of Galena Bay; thence southerly and easterly following the bank

R.S., 1952.
bank of Galena Bay to the mouth of Hill Creek at the east end of Galena Bay; thence northeasterly in a straight line to the southeast corner of lot seven thousand five hundred and eighty-six (7,586) Kootenay District; thence north along the east boundary of said lot seven thousand five hundred and eighty-six (7,586) to its northeast corner; thence northerly in a straight line to the mouth of Incomappleux River; thence following Incomappleux River upstream to its intersection with the southerly boundary of the British Columbia Railway Belt; thence northeasterly following said southerly boundary of the British Columbia Railway Belt to its intersection with the height of land between the waters flowing east into that part of the Columbia River flowing north and those waters flowing west into that part of said Columbia River flowing south; thence southerly along said height of land to its intersection with the height of land between the waters flowing into Columbia and Kootenay Rivers on the east and the Columbia and Duncan Rivers and Kootenay Lake on the west; thence southerly along this height of land to the head waters of Akokli Creek; thence westerly following said Akokli Creek to the centre line of Kootenay Lake; thence southerly along the centre line of Kootenay Lake and the main channel of Kootenay River to the southern boundary of the province of British Columbia; thence westerly along said southern boundary to the point of commencement.

11. NANAIMO consisting of that part of Vancouver Island bounded on the north and west by the following line: commencing at a point on the centre line of the Strait of Georgia due west of Prospect Point lighthouse; thence northerly along the centre line of said Strait of Georgie to a point due east of the southerly tip of Lasqueti Island; thence southwesterly to the mouth of Englishman River; thence upstream along the centre line of said Englishman River to the north boundary of Dunsmuir Land District; thence westerly along the north boundary of Dunsmuir Land District to the northwest corner thereof; thence southerly along the westerly boundary of said Dunsmuir Land District to the northeasterly boundary of Barclay Land District; thence southeasterly along the northeasterly boundary of Barclay Land District to Nitinat River; thence southwesterly following the centre line of said Nitinat River and Nitinat Lake to the westerly coast of Vancouver Island; and bounded on the south by the following line: commencing at the middle point of the southerly end of Port San Juan; thence northeasterly along the centre line of said Port San Juan to the mouth of Gordon River; thence easterly along the right bank of the most northerly channel of San Juan River to the main stream of San Juan River; thence upstream along the right bank of the main stream of San Juan River to the mouth of Harris Creek; thence following Harris Creek upstream to the west boundary of Cowichan Lake Land District; thence southeasterly along the southwesterly boundary of said Cowichan Lake Land District to the southwest corner thereof; thence eastward along the south boundary of Cowichan Lake Land District to its southeast corner; R.S., 1952.
corner; thence north along the east boundary of said Cowichan Lake Land District to the northwest corner of Helmcken Land District; thence eastward along the north boundary of Helmcken and Shawnigan Land Districts to Satellite Channel; thence eastward along the centre line of said Satellite Channel to a point due north of Piers Island; thence easterly and south of Portland and Moresby Islands to the International Boundary; together with all the off-shore islands.

12. NEW WESTMINSTER consisting of that part of the land district of New Westminster bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the south boundary of the province of British Columbia with the easterly boundary of the municipality of Langley; thence northerly along the said east boundary of the municipality of Langley and its projection northerly to an intersection with the Fraser River; thence westerly following the said Fraser River passing north of McMillan, Barnston, Douglas and Tree Islands to the easterly limit of the city of New Westminster; thence northerly, westerly and southerly following the boundary of the city of New Westminster to an intersection with the northerly boundary of the municipality of Delta; thence westerly and southeasterly following the said boundary of the municipality of Delta to an intersection with the south boundary of the province of British Columbia; thence easterly along the south boundary of the said province to the point of commencement.

13. OKANAGAN BOUNDARY consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of the south boundary of the province of British Columbia with the production southerly of the east outline of range twenty-five (25) west of the sixth (6th) meridian; thence north following said production and the east outline of said range twenty-five (25) to the northeast corner of township seven (7); thence east along the north outline of said township seven (7) ranges twenty-four (24) to twenty-two (22) inclusive and the production eastward of said north outline of township seven (7) to its intersection with Summers Creek; thence northerly following said Summers Creek to the south end of Missezula Lake; thence due east to the east boundary of Kamloops Land District; thence northerly following the east boundary of Kamloops Land District to a point due west of the northwest corner of township twenty-six (26) in the Osoyoos Land District; thence east to the northwest corner of said township twenty-six (26); thence continuing east along the north boundaries of townships twenty-six (26) and twenty-seven (27) to the northeast corner of said township twenty-seven (27); thence due east to the west boundary of Kootenay Land District; thence southerly following said west boundary of Kootenay Land District to the south boundary of said province of British Columbia; thence westward along said south boundary of British Columbia to the point of commencement.

R.S., 1952.
14. OKANAGAN-REVELSTOKE consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at a point on the east boundary of Kamloops Land District which point is due west of the northwest corner of township twenty-six (26) in the Osoyoos Land District; thence northeasterly following said east boundary of Kamloops Land District to the southern boundary of the British Columbia Railway Belt in township seventeen (17) range twelve (12) west of the sixth meridian; thence northeasterly following said southern boundary of the British Columbia Railway Belt to the east outline of said township seventeen (17) range twelve (12); thence northerly along said east outline of township seventeen (17) range twelve (12) to its intersection with Salmon River; thence following said Salmon River downstream to its intersection with the north outline of township nineteen (19) range ten (10); thence easterly along said north outline of township nineteen (19) ranges ten (10) and nine (9) west of the sixth (6th) meridian to the northeast corner of said township nineteen (19) range nine (9); thence north along the east outline of said range nine (9) to the northeast corner of township twenty-two (22); thence east along the north outline of said township twenty-two (22) range eight (8) to its northeast corner; thence north along the west outline of range seven (7) to its intersection with the north limit of said British Columbia Railway Belt in township twenty-six (26) range seven (7); thence easterly following said north limit of the British Columbia Railway Belt to its intersection with the height of land between the waters flowing east into that part of the Columbia River flowing north and those waters flowing west into that part of said Columbia River flowing south; thence southerly following last described height of land to its intersection in township twenty-four (24) range twenty-four (24) west of the fifth (5th) meridian with the southern boundary of the British Columbia Railway Belt; thence south-westerly following the southern limit of said British Columbia Railway Belt to its intersection with Incomappleux River; thence southerly following said Incomappleux River to the northeast Arm of Upper Arrow Lake; thence south to the northeast corner of lot seven thousand five hundred and eight-six (7,586), Kootenay District; thence southerly along the easterly boundary of said lot seven thousand five hundred and eighty-six (7,586) to its southeast corner; thence southwesterly on a straight line to the mouth of Hill Creek at the easterly end of Galena Bay; thence westerly following the bank of the peninsula north of Galena Bay to its northwesterly tip; thence northerly in a straight line to a point in the middle of the channel of Columbia River opposite the settlement of Arrowhead; thence following the Columbia River upstream to its intersection with the southern limit of the British Columbia Railway Belt; thence westerly following the southern limit of the British Columbia Railway Belt to its intersection with the westerly boundary of Kootenay Land District; thence southerly along said westerly boundary of Kootenay Land District to a point due east of the northeast corner of township twenty-seven (27) in Osoyoos Land District; thence west to the northeast

R.S., 1952.
northeast corner of said township twenty-seven (27); thence west along the north boundaries of said township twenty-seven (27) and township twenty-six (26) to its northwest corner; thence west to the point of commencement; together with Seymour Arm Settlement.

15. SKEENA consisting of all that portion of the province of British Columbia lying north of the fifty-second (52nd) parallel of north latitude and west of the following described line: commencing at the intersection of the said fifty-second (52nd) parallel with the one hundred and twenty-fifth (125th) meridian of west longitude; thence north along said one hundred and twenty-fifth (125th) meridian to its intersection with the straight line joining Fort Grahame to the intersection of Little Rancheria River with the north boundary of said province of British Columbia; thence northwesterly along the aforesaid straight line to the north boundary of said province; together with those islands in the Queen Charlotte group of islands lying south of said fifty-second (52nd) parallel of latitude.

16. VANCOUVER-BURRARD consisting of that part of the city of Vancouver bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of Sixteenth (16th) Avenue and Alma Road; thence northerly along Alma Road and its projection northerly to the northerly boundary of the city of Vancouver; thence easterly along the said northerly boundary of the city of Vancouver to a point in English Bay opposite False Creek; thence easterly following the said False Creek to an intersection with the projection westerly of Terminal Avenue; thence easterly along the projection of and along Terminal Avenue to an intersection with the projection northerly of Scott Street; thence southerly along the said projection and Scott Street to Sixteenth (16th) Avenue; thence westerly along Sixteenth (16th) Avenue, Marpole Avenue and Sixteenth (16th) Avenue to the point of commencement.

17. VANCOUVER CENTRE consisting of that part of the city of Vancouver bounded as follows: commencing at the intersection of Terminal Avenue with Glen Drive; thence northerly along Glen Drive and its projection northerly to the northerly boundary of the said city of Vancouver; thence westerly along the said northerly boundary of the city of Vancouver to a point in English Bay opposite False Creek; thence easterly following the said False Creek to its intersection with the projection westerly of Terminal Avenue; thence easterly along the said projection of Terminal Avenue and Terminal Avenue to the point of commencement.

18. VANCOUVER EAST consisting of that part of the city of Vancouver bounded as follows: commencing at a point of the intersection of Terminal Avenue and Glen Drive; thence northerly along Glen Drive and its production northerly to the city limit; thence easterly and southerly along the city limit to its intersection with the Great Northern Railway; thence westerly along the Great Northern Railway to Templeton Drive; thence southerly along Templeton Drive.

R.S., 1952.
Drive to Thirteenth (13th) Avenue; thence westerly along Thirteenth (13th) Avenue to Semlin Drive; thence southerly along Semlin Drive to Fourteenth (14th) Avenue; thence westerly along Fourteenth (14th) Avenue to Commercial Drive; thence southerly along Commercial Drive to Fifteenth (15th) Avenue; thence westerly along Fifteenth (15th) Avenue to Knight Street; thence southerly along Knight Street to Sixteenth (16th) Avenue; thence westerly along Sixteenth (16th) Avenue to Fraser Street; thence northerly along Fraser Street and its production northerly to Terminal Avenue; thence easterly along Terminal Avenue to the point of commencement.

19. VANCOUVER-KINGSWAY consisting of that part of the city of Vancouver bounded as follows: commencing at a point where Forty-Ninth (49th) Avenue intersects the eastern boundary of the city of Vancouver; thence westerly along Forty-Ninth (49th) Avenue to Ross Street; thence northerly along Ross Street to Thirty-Seventh (37th) Avenue; thence westerly along Thirty-Seventh (37th) Avenue to Fraser Street; thence northerly along Fraser Street to Sixteenth (16th) Avenue; thence easterly along Sixteenth (16th) Avenue to Knight Street; thence northerly along Knight Street to Fifteenth (15th) Avenue; thence easterly along Fifteenth (15th) Avenue to Commercial Drive; thence northerly along Commercial Drive to Fourteenth (14th) Avenue; thence easterly along Fourteenth (14th) Avenue to Semlin Drive; thence northerly along Semlin Drive to Thirteenth (13th) Avenue; thence easterly along Thirteenth (13th) Avenue to Templeton Drive; thence northerly along Templeton Drive to the Great Northern Railway; thence easterly along the Great Northern Railway to the city limit; thence southerly along the city limit to the point of commencement.

20. VANCOUVER QUADRA consisting of that part of the city of Vancouver bounded as follows: commencing at a point where the production southerly of the west boundary of Musqueam Indian Reserve intersects the southerly boundary of the city of Vancouver; thence northerly and easterly along the boundary of the Musqueam Indian Reserve to its intersection with Camosun Street; thence northerly along Camosun Street to Thirty-Seventh (37th) Avenue; thence easterly along Thirty-Seventh (37th) Avenue to Fraser Street; thence northerly along Fraser Street to Sixteenth (16th) Avenue; thence westerly along Sixteenth (16th) Avenue to Alma Street; thence northerly along Alma Street and its production northerly to the city limit; thence westerly, southwesterly and southeasterly along the city limit to the point of commencement.

21. VANCOUVER SOUTH consisting of that part of the city of Vancouver bounded as follows: commencing at a point where the production southerly of the west boundary of Musqueam Indian Reserve intersects the southerly boundary of the city of Vancouver; thence northerly and easterly along the boundary of the Musqueam Indian

5917

R.S., 1952.
Indian Reserve to its intersection with Camosun Street; thence northerly along Camosun Street to Thirty-Seventh (37th) Avenue; thence easterly along Thirty-Seventh (37th) Avenue to Fraser Street; thence southerly along Fraser Street to the said Thirty-Seventh (37th) Avenue; thence easterly along Thirty-Seventh (37th) Avenue to Ross Street; thence southerly along Ross Street to Forty-Ninth (49th) Avenue; thence easterly along Forty-Ninth (49th) Avenue to the city limit; thence southerly and westerly along the city limit to the point of commencement.

22. VICTORIA consisting of all of the city of Victoria, the municipalities of Oak Bay and Esquimalt and the off-shore islands lying to the south and east thereof, and that part of the municipality of Saanich lying south of North Dairy Road, Richmond Avenue and Argyle Avenue.

SASKATCHEWAN.

There shall be in the province of Saskatchewan seventeen electoral districts, named and described as follows, each of which shall elect and return one member.

In the following descriptions “township”, “range” and “section” refer to the townships, ranges and sections in accordance with the Dominion Lands system of surveys and include the extension thereof in accordance with the said system.

Reference to “river” in the following descriptions signifies the centre line of such river unless otherwise described.

1. ASSINIBOIA consisting of townships one (1) to eleven inclusive and sections one (1) to eighteen (18) inclusive of township twelve (12) all in ranges fourteen (14) to twenty (20) inclusive; townships one (1) to fifteen (15) inclusive in ranges twenty-one (21) to twenty-seven (27) inclusive; townships one (1) to sixteen (16) inclusive in ranges twenty-eight (28) to thirty (30) inclusive; all the aforesaid lands being west of the second meridian; townships one (1) to sixteen (16) inclusive in ranges one (1) to three (3) inclusive west of the third meridian.

2. HUMBOLDT-MELFORT consisting of townships forty-six (46) to forty-nine (49) inclusive in range twelve (12); townships thirty-three (33) to forty-nine (49) inclusive in ranges thirteen (13) and fourteen (14); townships thirty-three (33) to fifty (50) inclusive or parts thereof lying south of the left bank of the Saskatchewan River in ranges fifteen (15) to seventeen (17) inclusive; townships thirty-two (32) to forty-nine (49) inclusive or parts thereof lying south of the left bank of the Saskatchewan River in ranges eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) and of townships thirty-two (32) to forty-two (42) inclusive in ranges twenty (20) to twenty-two (22) inclusive, all west of the second meridian; together with all Indian Reserves or parts thereof lying within the above described lands.
3. KINDERSLEY consisting of townships fifteen (15) to forty (40) inclusive between the east outline of range seventeen (17) west of the third meridian and the west boundary of the province of Saskatchewan, and excepting therefrom that portion of Mosquito Indian Reserve number one hundred and nine (109) lying therein.

4. MACKENZIE consisting of townships thirty-two (32) to fifty-seven (57) inclusive, between the east boundary of the province of Saskatchewan and the east outline of range twelve (12) west of the second meridian; township thirty-one (31) in ranges six (6) to nine (9) inclusive; townships thirty-three (33) to forty-five (45) inclusive in range twelve (12); that portion of the province lying north of township fifty-seven (57) between the east boundary of the province and the east outline of range eleven (11); all aforesaid lands being west of the second meridian unless otherwise described.

5. MEADOW LAKE consisting of townships forty-eight (48) to fifty-four (54) inclusive in ranges eight (8) to nineteen (19) inclusive; townships forty-eight (48) to fifty-four (54) inclusive or parts thereof between the east boundary of range twenty (20) and the west boundary of the province lying north of the left bank of the North Saskatchewan River; townships fifty-five (55) to fifty-eight (58) inclusive between the east boundary of range nine (9) and the west boundary of the province; all the aforesaid lands being west of the third meridian; that portion of the province lying north of township fifty-eight (58) between the third meridian and the west boundary of the province; that portion of the province lying north of the north boundary of township seventy-four (74) between the east outline of range eleven (11) west of the second meridian and the third meridian; together with all Indian Reserves or parts thereof lying within the above described lands.

6. MELVILLE consisting of townships seventeen (17) to twenty-four (24) inclusive or parts thereof lying north of the Qu'Appelle River between the east boundary of the province of Saskatchewan and the east outline of range seven (7) west of the second meridian; townships eighteen (18) to twenty-five (25) inclusive or parts thereof lying north of the Qu'Appelle River in ranges seven (7) to twelve (12) inclusive west of the second meridian; townships twenty-one (21) to twenty-five (25) inclusive or parts thereof lying north of the Qu'Appelle River in ranges thirteen (13) to eighteen (18) inclusive west of the second meridian; those portions of township twenty-one (21) in ranges thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) west of the second meridian which lie south of the Fishing Lakes and Qu'Appelle River; together with all Indian Reserves or parts thereof lying within the above described lands.

7. MOOSE JAW-LAKE CENTRE consisting of townships twenty-one (21) to thirty-one (31) inclusive or parts thereof, lying north of Qu'Appelle River in range nineteen (19); the west half of townships R.S., 1952.
townships sixteen (16) to twenty (20) inclusive and that part of the west half of township twenty-one lying south of Qu’Appelle River, all in range nineteen (19); townships sixteen (16) to thirty-one (31) inclusive in ranges twenty (20) to twenty-seven (27) inclusive; all west of the second meridian, and excluding thereout the following areas: commencing at the intersection of Campbell Street and the right-of-way of the Canadian National Railways; thence easterly along the right-of-way of the Canadian National Railways and McKinley Avenue to Park Street; thence south along Park Street and its production southerly to the production easterly of Twenty-fifth (25th) Avenue; thence westerly along the production of Twenty-fifth Avenue and Twenty-fifth (25th) Avenue to Campbell Street; thence northerly along Campbell Street and its production northerly to the right-of-way of the Canadian Pacific Railway; thence northwesterly following the westerly limit of the property of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police to Dewdney Avenue; thence easterly along Dewdney Avenue to Campbell Street; thence north along Campbell Street to the point of commencement, and that portion of section nine (9) in township seventeen (17) range nineteen (19) west of the second meridian lying north of Wascana Creek.

8. MOOSE MOUNTAIN consisting of townships one (1) to eleven (11) inclusive and sections one (1) to twelve (12) inclusive of township twelve (12) in all ranges between the east boundary of the province of Saskatchewan and the second meridian; townships one (1) to eleven (11) inclusive and sections one (1) to eighteen (18) inclusive of township twelve (12) in ranges one (1) to thirteen (13) inclusive west of the second meridian; together with the Indian Reserves lying therein.

9. PRINCE ALBERT consisting of townships fifty-eight (58) to sixty-four (64) inclusive in range eleven (11); townships fifty (50) to sixty-four (64) inclusive in ranges twelve (12) to fourteen (14) inclusive; townships forty-five (45) to sixty-four (64) inclusive or parts thereof lying north of the left bank of the Saskatchewan and the South Saskatchewan Rivers between the east outline of range fifteen (15) and the third meridian; that part of the province of Saskatchewan lying between the north outline of township sixty-four (64) and the north outline of township seventy-four (74) and extending from the east outline of range eleven (11) to the third meridian; all aforesaid lands being west of the second meridian; townships forty-eight (48) to fifty-eight (58) inclusive in ranges one (1) to seven (7) inclusive; townships fifty-five (55) to fifty-eight (58) inclusive in range eight (8); together with the area described as follows: commencing at the intersection of the left bank of the North Saskatchewan River with the south boundary of township forty-four (44) range five (5); thence northeasterly following the left bank of said river to the north outline of township forty-seven (47) range two (2) west of the third meridian; thence east along the north boundary of said township forty-seven (47) to the west boundary of township 5920 forty-seven
forty-seven (47) range one (1); thence north along the west boundary of township forty-seven (47) range one (1) to its northwest corner; thence east along the north outline of township forty-seven (47) range one (1) to its northeast corner; thence south along the third meridian to the left bank of South Saskatchewan River; thence southerly along said left bank of said South Saskatchewan River to the north boundary of section sixteen (16) in township forty-four (44) range one (1); thence west along the north boundary of sections sixteen (16) to eighteen (18) inclusive in said township forty-four (44) range one (1); thence continuing west along the north boundary of sections thirteen (13) to seventeen (17) inclusive to the east boundary of Duck Lake Indian Reserves numbers ninety-six (96) and ninety-seven (97) in township forty-four (44) range two (2); thence southerly and westerly following the boundary of aforesaid Indian Reserves to the southwest corner thereof; thence south to the southeast corner of township forty-four (44) range four (4); thence west along the south outline of township forty-four (44) range four (4) and five (5) to the point of commencement; Okemasis and Beardy Indian Reserves numbers ninety-six (96) and ninety-seven (97) and all other Indian Reserves lying within the above-described lands; all aforesaid lands being west of the third meridian unless described otherwise.

10. QU'APPELLE consisting of townships thirteen (13) to eighteen (18) inclusive, or parts thereof, lying south of the Qu'Appelle River between the east boundary of the province of Saskatchewan and the second meridian; those portions of township twelve (12) situated north of the north boundaries of sections twelve (12) to seven (7) inclusive in all ranges between the east boundary of the province of Saskatchewan and the second meridian; the north half of township twelve (12) and townships thirteen (13) to twenty-one (21) inclusive, or parts thereof, lying south of the Qu'Appelle River in ranges one (1) to eighteen (18) inclusive; the north half of township twelve (12) and townships thirteen (13) to fifteen (15) inclusive in ranges nineteen (19) and twenty (20); the east half of townships sixteen (16) to twenty (20) inclusive and that part of the east half of township twenty-one (21) lying south of Qu'Appelle River all in range nineteen (19); all being west of the second meridian unless described otherwise; together with all Indian Reserves or parts thereof lying within the above described lands; and excluding those portions of township twenty-one (21) in ranges thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) which lie south of the Fishing Lakes and Qu'Appelle River.

11. REGINA CITY consisting of the territory described as follows: commencing at the intersection of Campbell Street and the right-of-way of the Canadian National Railway; thence easterly along the right-of-way of said Canadian National Railway and McKinley Avenue to Park Street; thence south along Park Street and its production southerly to the production easterly of Twenty-fifth (25th) Avenue; thence westerly along the production of Twenty-fifth (25th) Avenue; thence southerly along the production of Twenty-fifth (25th) Avenue; thence easterly along the production of Second (2nd) Avenue; thence southerly along said Second (2nd) Avenue to the boundary line of the City of Regina.
fifth (25th) Avenue and Twenty-fifth (25th) Avenue to Campbell Street; thence northerly along Campbell Street and its production northerly to the right-of-way of the Canadian Pacific Railway; thence northwesterly following the westerly limit of the property of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police to Dewdney Avenue; thence easterly along Dewdney Avenue to Campbell Street; thence north along Campbell Street to the point of commencement; together with that portion of section nine (9) in township seventeen (17) range nineteen (19) west of the second meridian lying north of Wascana Creek.

12. ROSETOWN-BIGGAR consisting of townships seventeen (17) to thirty-one (31) inclusive, lying between the east outline of range twenty-eight (28) west of the second meridian and the east outline of range four (4) west of the third meridian; townships eighteen (18) to thirty-one (31) inclusive, in ranges four (4) and five (5); townships eighteen (18) to thirty-two (32) inclusive, in range six (6); townships thirty-three (33) to thirty-six (36) inclusive or portions thereof, lying west of the left bank of South Saskatchewan River in range six (6) and excepting thereout sections thirteen (13), twenty-four (24), twenty-five (25) and thirty-six (36) in said township thirty-six (36) and Montgomery Place; townships eighteen (18) to thirty-seven (37) inclusive in ranges seven (7) to sixteen (16) inclusive; all aforesaid lands being west of the third meridian except where described otherwise.

13. ROSTHERN consisting of townships forty-three (43) to forty-nine (49) inclusive, or parts thereof, lying south of the left banks of the Saskatchewan and the South Saskatchewan Rivers in ranges twenty (20) to twenty-two (22) inclusive; townships thirty-two (32) to forty-eight (48) inclusive, or parts thereof, lying south of the left bank of South Saskatchewan River in ranges twenty-three (23) to twenty-nine (29) inclusive, all being west of the second meridian; townships thirty-two (32) to forty-three (43) inclusive, the south half of township forty-four (44) and those portions of townships forty-four (44) and forty-five (45) which lie southeast of the left bank of South Saskatchewan River in range one (1) west of the third meridian; townships thirty-two (32) to forty-three (43) inclusive, and the south half of township forty-four (44), range two (2); townships thirty-two (32) to forty-three A (43A) inclusive, and the south half of township forty-three (43) in range 3; townships thirty-two (32) to forty-three (43) inclusive, in range four (4); townships thirty-two (32), thirty-three (33), the south half of township thirty-four (34) and townships thirty-seven (37) to forty-three (43) inclusive, excluding thereout the city of Saskatoon, the town of Sutherland, those portions of sections four (4) and five (5) of said township thirty-seven (37) range five (5) lying between the northerly limit of the city of Saskatoon and the right-of-way of the Canadian National Railways, and that part of section thirty-one (31) of township forty-three (43) situated northwest of the left bank of the North Saskatchewan River in range five (5); townships thirty-seven

R.S., 1952.
(37) to forty-three (43) inclusive, or parts thereof, lying southeast of the left bank of the North Saskatchewan River, in range six (6); those portions of township thirty-three (33) and of the south half of township thirty-four (34) in range six (6) lying east of the left bank of the South Saskatchewan River; all being west of the third meridian unless described otherwise; together with all Indian Reserves, or parts thereof, lying within the above described lands.

14. SASKATOON consisting of the city of Saskatoon; that portion of sections four (4) and five (5) in township thirty-seven (37) range (5) lying between the northerly limits of said city and the right-of-way of the Canadian National Railways; township thirty-five (35) and the north half of township thirty-four (34) or parts thereof lying east of the left bank of the North Saskatchewan River in ranges five (5) and six (6) township thirty-six (36) range five (5) including the town of Sutherland; sections thirteen (13), twenty-four (24), twenty-five (25) and thirty-six (36) in township thirty-six (36) range six (6) together with Montgomery Place and that part of said township thirty-six (36) range six (6) lying east of the left bank of aforesaid river; all said lands being west of the third meridian.

15. SWIFT CURRENT consisting of townships one (1) to seventeen (17) inclusive in ranges four (4) to sixteen (16) inclusive; townships one (1) to fourteen (14) inclusive in ranges seventeen (17) to thirty (30) inclusive; all aforesaid lands being west of the third meridian.

16. THE BATTLEFORDS consisting of townships forty-two (42) to forty-seven (47) inclusive or parts thereof lying north of the left bank of North Saskatchewan River in ranges two (2) to six (6) inclusive; townships thirty-eight (38) to forty-seven (47) inclusive in ranges seven (7) to sixteen (16) inclusive, townships forty-one (41) to forty-seven (47) inclusive in ranges seventeen (17) to twenty (20) inclusive; that portion of township forty-eight (48) lying south of the left bank of North Saskatchewan River in range twenty (20); townships forty-one (41) to fifty-three (53) or parts thereof lying south of the left bank of North Saskatchewan River between the east outline of range twenty-one (21) and the west boundary of the province; together with Mosquito Indian Reserve Number 109 and Red Pheasant Indian Reserve Number 108; all aforesaid lands being west of the third meridian.

17. YORKTON consisting of townships twenty-five (25) to thirty-one (31) inclusive between the east boundary of the province of Saskatchewan and the east outline of range six (6) west of the second meridian; townships twenty-five (25) to thirty (30) inclusive in range six (6); townships twenty-six (26) to thirty (30) inclusive in ranges seven (7) to nine (9) inclusive; townships twenty-six (26) to thirty-one (31) inclusive in ranges ten (10) and eleven (11); townships twenty-six (26) to thirty-two (32) inclusive in ranges twelve (12) to seventeen (17) inclusive; townships twenty-six (26) to R.S., 1952.
to thirty-one (31) inclusive in range eighteen (18); all west of the second meridian; together with all Indian Reserves or parts thereof lying within the above described lands.

Alberta.

There shall be in the province of Alberta seventeen electoral districts named and described as follows, each of which shall elect and return one member.

In the following descriptions where "townships", "ranges", "boundaries", "sections" and "meridians" are referred to, these expressions mean the townships, ranges, boundaries, sections and meridians in accordance with the Dominion Lands system of surveys, and include the extension thereof in accordance with the said system; also the bank of a river is referred to as the right or left bank, according as it is to the right or to the left, looking down the stream.

Reference to "street", "avenue", "river" or "railway" in the following descriptions signifies the centre line of said street, avenue, river or railway unless otherwise described.

1. ACADIA consisting of townships twenty-one (21) to forty-one (41) inclusive in ranges one (1) to seventeen (17) inclusive lying north of Red Deer River; townships thirty-one (31) to forty-one (41) inclusive in ranges eighteen (18) to twenty-three (23) inclusive; township thirty (30) in range eighteen (18) to twenty (20) inclusive and that portion of township thirty (30) in range twenty-one (21) lying east of said Red Deer River; all the aforesaid lands being west of the fourth meridian.

2. ATHABASCA consisting of those portions of townships fifty-three (53) to sixty (60) inclusive, in ranges one (1) to eleven (11) inclusive, west of the fourth meridian lying north of the left bank of North Saskatchewan River; townships fifty-nine (59) and sixty (60) in ranges twenty-three (23) to twenty-seven (27) inclusive, west of the fourth meridian; together with that part of the province of Alberta between the fourth and fifth meridians lying north of the north boundary of township sixty (60).

3. BATTLE RIVER-CAMROSE consisting of townships forty-two (42) to fifty-six (56) inclusive, lying south of the left bank of North Saskatchewan River in ranges one (1) to seven (7) inclusive and all of townships forty-two (42) to forty-nine (49) inclusive, in ranges eight (8) to twenty-one (21) inclusive; all the aforesaid lands being west of the fourth meridian.

4. BOW RIVER consisting of all townships numbered twenty-four (24) to thirty (30) inclusive lying between the fifth (5th) meridian and the westerly boundary of the province, excluding therefrom townships twenty-four (24) ranges one (1) and two (2) west of the fifth (5th) meridian; all of townships twenty-five (25) to twenty-seven (27) inclusive ranges fifteen (15) to seventeen (17) inclusive

R.S., 1952.
west of the fourth (4th) meridian lying southwesterly of the left bank of the Red Deer River; townships twenty-five (25) to twenty-nine (29) inclusive, ranges eighteen (18) to twenty-nine (29) inclusive west of the fourth (4th) meridian; that portion of township thirty (30) range twenty-one (21) west of the fourth (4th) meridian lying westerly of the left bank of the Red Deer River; township thirty (30) ranges twenty-two (22) to twenty-nine (29) inclusive west of the fourth (4th) meridian; all of townships twenty-one (21) to twenty-four (24) inclusive ranges nineteen (19) to twenty-nine (29) inclusive west of the fourth (4th) meridian lying north of the left bank of the Bow River, together with that portion of Blackfoot Indian Reserve No. 146 lying north of the left bank of Bow River; those portions of townships twenty-two (22) and twenty-three (23) range one (1) west of the fifth (5th) meridian lying east of the left bank of the Bow River; excluding therefrom those portions of Calgary South in township twenty-three (23) in range twenty-nine (29) west of the fourth (4th) meridian and township twenty-three (23) range one (1) west of the fifth meridian and all Indian Reserves or portions thereof within the area herein described.

5. CALGARY NORTH consisting of that portion of the city of Calgary lying within the city limits and bounded on the south by a line commencing at the western city limit and following the middle thread of the main channel of the Bow River easterly to its intersection with the centre line of the Irrigation Canal; thence following the centre line of said Irrigation Canal southeasterly to its intersection with the easterly city limit; together with that part lying between said middle thread of the Bow River and the centre line of Sixth Avenue South and its extensions easterly and westerly; and including township twenty-four (24) range two (2) west of the fifth (5th) meridian.

6. CALGARY SOUTH consisting of that portion of the city of Calgary lying within the city limits and bounded on the north by a line commencing at the western city limit and following the middle thread of the main channel of the Bow River easterly to its intersection with the centre line of the Irrigation Canal; thence following the centre line of said Irrigation Canal southeasterly to its intersection with the easterly city limit and excluding that part lying between said middle thread of the Bow River and the centre line of Sixth Avenue South and its extensions easterly and westerly; together with that part of township twenty-three (23) range one (1) west of the fifth (5th) meridian which lies west of the Bow River.

7. EDMONTON EAST consisting of those portions of sections seven (7), seventeen (17), eighteen (18) and nineteen (19) in township fifty-three (53) range twenty-three (23) west of the fourth meridian; that part of Edmonton Settlement lying north and west of the left bank of North Saskatchewan River; sections thirteen (13) and twenty-four (24) in township fifty-three (53) range twenty-four (24) R.S., 1952.
(24) west of the fourth meridian; and all that portion of the city of Edmonton lying north of the left bank of said North Saskatchewan River and east of a line described as follows: commencing at the intersection of 101st Street of said city with the left bank of aforesaid river; thence northerly along 101st Street to 125th Avenue, thence northerly across the right-of-way of the Canadian National Railway to the resumption of 101st Street; thence northerly along said 101st Street to the north limit of said city.

8. EDMONTON-STRATHCONA consisting of townships fifty (50) to fifty-four (54) inclusive in ranges twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22); that portion of township fifty-five (55) in range twenty-two (22) contained within the boundaries of the town of Fort Saskatchewan; those portions of townships fifty (50) to fifty-three (53) inclusive in ranges twenty-three (23) to twenty-five (25) inclusive, lying south of the left bank of North Saskatchewan River outside the limits of the city of Edmonton; and all that portion of said city lying south of the left bank of aforesaid river; all aforesaid lands being west of the fourth meridian.

9. EDMONTON WEST consisting of the territory bounded as follows: commencing at the northeast corner of township fifty-four (54) range twenty-three (23) thence westerly along the north outline of township fifty-four (54) in ranges twenty-three (23) to twenty-five (25) inclusive; thence southerly along the west outline of said range twenty-five (25) to its intersection with the left bank of North Saskatchewan River; thence northeasterly along said left bank to 101st Street of the city of Edmonton; thence northerly along 101st Street to 125th Avenue; thence north across the right-of-way of the Canadian National Railway to the resumption of 101st Street; thence northerly along said 101st Street to the north limit of aforesaid city; thence easterly along the north limit of said city to the north boundary of section twenty-four (24) in township fifty-three (53) range twenty-four (24) and the north boundary of section nineteen (19) in township fifty-three (53) range twenty-three (23) to the left bank of aforesaid North Saskatchewan River; thence northeasterly following said left bank to the south outline of township fifty-four (54) range twenty-three (23); thence easterly along said outline to the east outline of said township fifty-four (54) range twenty-three (23); thence northerly along the east outline of last said township to the point of commencement; all the aforesaid lands being west of the fourth meridian.

10. JASPER-EDSON consisting of all townships forty-one (41) to sixty-four (64) inclusive comprised between the east boundary of range nineteen (19) west of the fifth meridian and the west boundary of the province of Alberta; those portions of townships fifty (50) to fifty-four (54) inclusive, in ranges twenty-six (26) to twenty-eight (28) inclusive, west of the fourth meridian lying north of the left bank of North Saskatchewan River; townships fifty-five (55) to fifty-eight (58) R.S., 1952.
fifty-eight (58) inclusive, in ranges twenty-three (23) to twenty-seven (27) inclusive, west of the fourth meridian; those portions of townships forty-two (42) to fifty-one (51) inclusive, in ranges one (1) to eighteen (18) inclusive west of the fifth meridian lying north of the left bank of Blackstone River to its confluence with Brazeau River and therefrom north of the left bank of Brazeau River to its confluence with the North Saskatchewan River, and therefrom north of the left bank of last named river downstream; townships fifty-two (52) to sixty-four (64) inclusive, in ranges one (1) to eighteen (18) inclusive, west of the fifth meridian and townships sixty-five (65) to sixty-eight (68) inclusive, in ranges one (1) to seven (7) inclusive, west of the fifth meridian.

11. LETHBRIDGE consisting of townships one (1) to eleven (11) inclusive in ranges seventeen (17) to twenty-four (24) inclusive; townships one (1) and two (2) in ranges twenty-five (25) to thirty (30) inclusive; townships three (3) and four (4) in ranges twenty-five (25) to twenty-seven (27) inclusive, and that portion of township three (3) range twenty-eight (28) lying east of the left bank of Belly River; together with the Blood Indian Reserve No. 148; all the said ranges being west of the fourth meridian.

12. MACLEOD consisting of townships one (1) to twenty-three (23) inclusive comprised between the fifth (5th) meridian and the west boundary of the province of Alberta, excluding therefrom township twenty-three (23) range one (1) west of the fifth (5th) meridian and that portion of township twenty-two (22) range one (1) lying east of the Bow River; together with those portions of townships twenty-two (22) and twenty-three (23) range twenty-nine (29) west of the fourth (4th) meridian, lying west of the Bow River; those portions of townships three (3) to eleven (11) inclusive in ranges twenty-five (25) to thirty (30) inclusive and of township seven (7) in range twenty-four (24) west of the fourth (4th) meridian lying west and north of the left bank of Belly River; townships twelve (12) to twenty (20) inclusive in ranges twenty-five (25) to thirty (30) inclusive west of the fourth (4th) meridian together with those portions of townships twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) ranges twenty-five (25) to twenty-nine (29) inclusive lying south of the left bank of Bow River, together with those portions of townships twelve (12) to twenty-two (22) inclusive, ranges seventeen (17) to twenty-four (24) inclusive, lying southerly of the left bank of the Bow River west of the fourth (4th) meridian; together with that portion of the Blackfoot Indian Reserve No. 146 lying south and west of the left bank of the Bow River and all other Indian Reserves or portions thereof within the area herein described.

13. MEDICINE HAT consisting of townships one (1) to twenty (20) inclusive, in ranges one (1) to sixteen (16) inclusive; those portions of townships twenty-one (21) to twenty-four (24) inclusive in ranges one (1) to fifteen (15) inclusive lying south of the Red Deer River

R.S., 1952.
River and extending to the left bank thereof; the whole of townships twenty-one (21) to twenty-four (24) inclusive in ranges sixteen (16) to eighteen (18) inclusive; those portions of townships seventeen (17) to twenty (20) inclusive in ranges seventeen (17) to nineteen (19) inclusive lying northeasterly of the Bow River; all the said ranges being west of the fourth meridian.

14. PEACE RIVER consisting of all that portion of the province of Alberta, lying west of the fifth meridian and north of the north boundary of township sixty-four (64) excepting that area comprised in townships sixty-five (65) to sixty-eight (68) inclusive, in ranges one (1) to seven (7) inclusive, west of the fifth meridian.

15. RED DEER consisting of townships thirty-one (31) to thirty-nine (39) inclusive, in range twenty-four (24) west of the fourth meridian to range two (2) inclusive, west of the fifth meridian; townships thirty-one (31) to forty (40) inclusive lying between the west boundary of the province of Alberta and the east boundary of range three (3) west of the fifth meridian; townships forty-one (41) to forty-six (46) inclusive, in ranges seven (7) to eighteen (18) inclusive west of the fifth meridian lying west of the left bank of the North Saskatchewan River and south of the left bank of Blackstone River to its confluence with Brazeau River, and south of the left bank of said Brazeau River therefrom to its confluence with said North Saskatchewan River.

16. VEGREVILLE consisting of all those portions of townships fifty (50) to fifty-six (56) inclusive in ranges eight (8) to eleven (11) inclusive lying south of the left bank of North Saskatchewan River; townships fifty (50) to sixty (60) inclusive in ranges twelve (12) to twenty (20) inclusive; townships fifty-five (55) to sixty (60) inclusive in ranges twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22) and excepting that portion of township fifty-five (55) in range twenty-two (22) contained within the boundaries of the town of Fort Saskatchewan; all aforesaid lands being west of the fourth meridian.

17. WETASKIWIN consisting of townships forty-two (42) to forty-nine (49) inclusive in ranges twenty-two (22) and twenty-three (23), west of the fourth meridian; townships forty (40) to forty-nine (49) inclusive, in ranges twenty-four (24) and twenty-five (25) west of the fourth meridian; all portions of townships forty (40) to fifty-one (51) inclusive, in range twenty-six (26) west of the fourth meridian to range two (2) inclusive west of the fifth meridian lying south of the left bank of North Saskatchewan River; all portions of townships forty-one (41) to fifty-one (51) inclusive in ranges three (3) to nine (9) inclusive, west of the fifth meridian lying east of the left bank of said North Saskatchewan River.

R.S., 1952.

5928 NEWFOUNDLAND.
NEwFOUNDLAND.

There shall be in the province of Newfoundland seven electoral districts, named and described as follows, each of which shall return one member.

In the following description the expression "District" means District as named and delimited in the Act 22 George V, Chapter 7 entitled "An Act to amend Chapter 2 of the Consolidated Statutes of Newfoundland (Third Series) entitled 'Of the House of Assembly'.

1. BONAVISTA-TWILLINGATE consisting of:
   (a) the Districts of Twillingate, Fogo, Bonavista North and Bonavista South, but not including any part of the territory within a radius of five miles from the Railway Station at Gander;
   (b) all the unorganized territory bounded on the North and West by the District of Grand Falls, on the South by the Districts of Burgeo and LaPoile and Fortune Bay-Hermitage, on the East by the Districts of Trinity North, Bonavista South and Bonavista North.

2. BURIN-BURGEIO consisting of the Districts of Placentia West excluding the Iona Islands, Burin, Fortune Bay and Hermitage and Burgeo and LaPoile.

3. GRAND FALLS-WHITE BAY-LABRADOR consisting of the Districts of White Bay, Green Bay, and Grand Falls, and all the territory within a radius of five miles of the Railway Station at Gander, together with the Coast of Labrador and the Islands adjacent thereto.

4. HUMBER-ST. GEORGE'S consisting of the Districts of St. George's-Port au Port, Humber, and St. Barbe, and all the unorganized territory bounded on the North by the District of Humber, on the East by the District of Grand Falls, on the South by the District of Burgeo and LaPoile, and on the West by the District of St. George's-Port au Port.

5. ST. JOHN'S EAST consisting of the District of Harbour Main-Bell Island and that part of the Province bounded as follows, that is to say: By a line commencing at a point where the centre line of Beck's Cove Hill intersects the North shore of the Harbour of St. John's, thence following the centre line of Beck's Cove Hill to the centre of Duckworth Street, thence westerly along the centre line of Duckworth Street to the centre of Theatre Hill, thence following the centre line of Theatre Hill to the centre of Carter's Hill, thence following the centre line of Carter's Hill and Carter's Street to the centre of Freshwater Road, thence following the centre line of Freshwater Road to its intersection with the centre of Kenmount Road, and thence along the centre line of Kenmount Road to its intersection with R.S., 1952.
with the North Eastern boundary of the District of Harbour Main-Bell Island, thence along the said North Eastern boundary of the District of Harbour Main-Bell Island to the shore of Conception Bay and thence following the coastline around Cape St. Francis and on to the Narrows of St. John's Harbour and continuing along by the North Shore of St. John's Harbour to a point on the North Shore of the said Harbour intersected by the centre line of Beck's Cove Hill, the point of commencement.

6. ST. JOHN'S WEST consisting of the Districts of Placentia and St. Mary's, Ferryland, and The Iona Islands in the District of Placentia West, and that part of the Province bounded as follows, that is to say: By a line commencing at the Motion Head of Petty Harbour and running in a straight line to the Northern Goulds Bridge (locally known as Doyle's Bridge) thence following the centre line of Doyle's Road to Short's Road, thence in a straight line to a point one mile west of Quigley's, thence in a straight line to the point where the North Eastern Boundary of the District of Harbour Main-Bell Island intersects Kenmount Road, thence along the centre line of Kenmount Road and Freshwater Road to Carter's Street, thence down the centre line of Carter's Street and Carter's Hill to Theatre Hill and thence along the centre line of said Theatre Hill to the centre line of Duckworth Street and thence easterly along the centre line of Duckworth Street to the top of Beck's Cove Hill, thence from the centre line of said Beck's Cove Hill, to the shore of St. John's Harbour and thence following the shore of St. John's Harbour and, passing through the Narrows by the North of Fort Amherst and thence following the coastline Southerly to the Motion Head of Petty Harbour, the point of commencement.

7. TRINITY-CONCEPTION consisting of the Districts of Trinity North, Trinity South, Carbonear-Bay de Verde, Harbour Grace, and Port de Grave.

YUKON TERRITORY.

There shall be in the Yukon Territory one electoral district named and described as follows, which shall return one member:

YUKON: consisting of the Yukon Territory as bounded and described in the Schedule to chapter 41 of the Statutes of Canada, 1901.

NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.

There shall be in the Northwest Territories one electoral district named and described as follows, which shall return one member:

MACKENZIE RIVER consisting of the District of Mackenzie as bounded and described in Order-in-Council number six hundred and fifty-five (655) dated the 16th day of March, 1918, which reads as follows:

R.S., 1952.
The Provisional District of Mackenzie bound on the west by the Yukon Territory; on the south by the parallel of the sixtieth degree of north latitude; on the east by the second meridian in the system of Dominion Land surveys as the same may be hereafter defined in accordance with the said system, and on the north by the continental shore of the Arctic Ocean.
CHAPTER 335.

An Act to amend the Supreme Court Act.

1. Subsection (2) of section 32 of the Supreme Court Act, chapter 259 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(2) The first session shall begin on the fourth Tuesday in January, the second on the fourth Tuesday in April, and the third on the first Tuesday in October, in each year."

________________________
EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.  
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY  
OTTAWA, 1952
CHAPTER 336.

An Act to amend the Tariff Board Act.

1. Subsection (4) of section 4 of the Tariff Board Act, chapter 261 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed.

2. Section 8 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"8. The following annual salaries shall be paid out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund, namely:

(a) to the Chairman of the Board, fifteen thousand dollars,

(b) to the Vice-Chairman of the Board, twelve thousand dollars, and

(c) to the other member of the Board, eleven thousand dollars."

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 337.

An Act to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act.

1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 18 of the Unemployment Insurance Act, chapter 273 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(b) habitually employed in insurable employment for Exempted persons a total of not more than four hours a day;"

2. Subsection (1) of section 22 of the said Act is amended by striking out all the words after the end of paragraph (b) thereof and substituting the following therefor:

"the Commission may by special order provide that, Persons to be treated as employers in certain cases. in addition to the actual employer, such other person shall, for the purpose of payment of contributions under this Act, be deemed to be the employer of such employed persons."

3. Section 31 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"31. (1) No insured person is unemployed within the meaning of this Act

(a) on a Sunday, unless otherwise prescribed;
(b) on a day in respect of which a contribution is required to be recorded under this Act or the regulations;
(c) on a day that is recognized as a holiday for his grade, class or shift in the occupation or at the factory, workshop or other premises at which he is employed, unless otherwise prescribed;

(d) R.S., 1952."
Prior to claim.

Full working week.

While in receipt of moneys equivalent to wages, from employer.

While following any occupation for remuneration.

Periods counted in computing unemployment and availability.

While following any occupation outside ordinary working hours where remuneration does not exceed two dollars a day.

While attending approved course of instruction.

(d) on a day prior to the day on which he makes a claim for benefit, unless otherwise authorized by subsection (6) of section 38;

(e) on any day of a calendar week if during that calendar week he works the full working week;

(f) on a day in respect of which he receives from his employer or former employer any money that is equivalent to the normal daily remuneration received by him from such employer or former employer, and where such money is not so equivalent, the Commission may prescribe the days and the number of days in respect of which such money shall be deemed to be received; or

(g) on a day on which he is following an occupation for the purpose of remuneration or profit, except where such occupation comes within the provisions of subsection (2).

(2) An insured person is unemployed and available for work within the meaning of this Act

(a) on a day on which he is following, for the purpose of remuneration or profit, an occupation

(i) that could ordinarily be followed by him in addition to, and outside of, the ordinary hours of his usual employment, and

(ii) from which he receives or earns for that day a remuneration or profit not exceeding two dollars, or if it is in respect of a period longer than a day, when the daily average thereof does not exceed that amount; and

(b) on a day on which he is attending a course of instruction or training that the Commission has directed him to attend.”

4. (1) Subsections (1) and (2) of section 33 of the said Act are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“33. (1) Where the average daily contribution, computed in accordance with subsection (2), is the amount in column (1) below, the rates of benefit for a benefit year shall be the appropriate amounts set out in columns (2) to (5) inclusive below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rates of benefit.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>RATES</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R.S., 1952.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5938</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### RATES OF BENEFIT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Average Insured Person Daily Contribution</th>
<th>Person without a Dependant</th>
<th>Person with a Dependant</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Daily</td>
<td>Weekly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>(3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cents</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$0.70</td>
<td>$4.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td>6.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1.45</td>
<td>8.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1.80</td>
<td>10.80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>2.15</td>
<td>12.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>2.50</td>
<td>15.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>2.85</td>
<td>17.10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(2) The average daily contribution shall be the average of the one hundred and eighty most recent daily contributions paid by the insured person during the two years immediately preceding the commencement day of the benefit year and in computing such average, fractions of a cent less than one-half shall be disregarded and fractions of a cent equal to or greater than one-half shall be taken as a full cent.

(2) Subsection (4) of section 33 of the said Act is repealed.

5. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 37 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor: "'(b) in addition to the days specified in paragraph (a), Waiting days.

for the first five days of unemployment in any benefit year, except that in the case of a subsequent benefit year the Commission may by regulation prescribe the conditions under which all or any of these days may be other than the first days of unemployment in that benefit year."

6. Subsection (2) of section 46 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(2) Where an insurance officer becomes aware of facts that in his opinion establish that an insured person or any person on his behalf has, for the purpose of obtaining benefit under this Act, made a false statement or a misrepresentation, the insurance officer may disqualify the insured person from receiving benefit for not more than the

3741  5939

R.S., 1952."

the first thirty-six compensable days that occur after such day as he may determine, and such disqualification may be imposed notwithstanding that proceedings have been taken under any other provision of this Act in respect of the false statement or misrepresentation; any day for which an insured person is disqualified under this subsection shall be deemed to be a day for which he received benefit."

7. Subsection (1) of section 54 of the said Act and the heading immediately preceding that section are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"Insurance Officers: Courts of Referees: Umpire.

54. (1) The Commission may authorize such of its officers or employees as it may designate, to be insurance officers for the purposes of this Act."

8. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 69 of the said Act are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"69. (1) If, for the purpose of obtaining any benefit or payment under this Act, either for himself or for any other person, or for the purpose of avoiding or enabling any person to avoid any payment required under this Act, any person makes a false statement or misrepresentation to the Commission or to any person concerned in the administration of this Act, he is guilty of an offence against this Act and liable on summary conviction, for the first conviction, to a fine not less than fifteen dollars nor more than one hundred dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, with or without hard labour, or to both fine and imprisonment, and, for any subsequent conviction, to a fine not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than two hundred and fifty dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, with or without hard labour, or to both fine and imprisonment.

(2) There shall be imposed on every person convicted of an offence under subsection (1), in addition to the penalty provided therein, an additional penalty equal to whatever portion of the benefit or payment obtained or payment avoided as a result of the false statement or misrepresentation remains unpaid to or unrecovered by the Commission at the time of conviction and such additional penalty shall be paid over to the Unemployment Insurance Fund to be applied in payment of the sum obtained or avoided; and at the time of the imposition of the penalties, the court shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Criminal Code relating to summary convictions, make an order for the recovery of the penalties by distress and imprisonment in default,

R.S., 1952.
default, or by imprisonment in the first instance in default of payment; and without prejudice to any other mode of recovery such benefit or payment or portion thereof or additional penalty may be recovered by the Commission by deduction from benefit.”

9. (1) Subsections (1) and (2) of section 70 of the said Act are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“70. (1) Every person who contravenes or fails to comply with any of the requirements of this Act or the regulations is guilty of an offence; and every person who is guilty of an offence under this Act is, if no penalty is elsewhere provided, liable on summary conviction, for the first conviction, to a fine not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than two hundred and fifty dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, with or without hard labour, or to both fine and imprisonment, and, for any subsequent conviction, to a fine not less than fifty dollars nor more than two hundred and fifty dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding three months, with or without hard labour, or to both fine and imprisonment.

(2) In any case where a person is convicted of the offence of failing or neglecting to pay contributions within the times prescribed, there shall be imposed on him, in addition to the penalty mentioned in subsection (1), a further penalty equal to whatever portion of the amount of contributions that he has failed or neglected to pay remains unpaid at the time of conviction and such additional penalty shall be paid over to the Unemployment Insurance Fund to be applied in payment of the contributions in arrears in respect of which the conviction is made; and at the time of the imposition of the penalties, the court shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Criminal Code relating to summary convictions, make an order for the recovery of the penalties by distress and imprisonment in default, or by imprisonment in the first instance in default of payment.”

(2) Subsection (5) of the said section is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(5) In any legal proceedings under this Act, a copy of the payroll of any person, or any part thereof, a copy of any letter, demand or notice sent to any person by an officer of the Commission, purporting to be certified under the hand of any inspector of the Commission, or a certificate purporting to be signed under the hand of any such inspector and stating the amount of contributions not paid within the times prescribed, payable or owing, by any person, shall be receivable in evidence as prima facie proof of the amount.
of contributions not paid within the times prescribed, payable or owing, or of the contents of such payroll, letter, demand or notice, as the case may be, without proof of the signature or the official character of the person appearing to have signed the same and without further proof thereof."

10. Subsection (3) of section 74 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(3) Where it is found at any time that a person has received a sum by way of benefit for any day in respect of which he is disqualified or is not entitled to benefit, unless he received it while he did not fulfill the statutory conditions and there was no false statement or misrepresentation made by him or any person on his behalf in connection with such receipt, he is liable to repay to the Unemployment Insurance Fund a sum equal to the amount so received by him, and the Commission may recover that sum by way of deduction from benefit, without prejudice to any other mode of recovery and notwithstanding that proceedings may be or have been taken under any other provisions of this Act in respect of any such false statement or misrepresentation."

11. Section 77 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"77. (1) The following persons, namely

(a) the occupier of any premises or place that an inspector is by section 76 authorized to enter, and the servants and agents of such occupier;

(b) any person who is considered by an inspector on reasonable grounds to be or to have been an employer, the servants and agents of such person, and trustees in bankruptcy, administrators or liquidators concerned with such person's estate; and

(c) any person who is or has been employed by any person mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b),

shall forthwith, upon so being requested by an inspector, whether orally or in writing, produce for inspection any registers, books, cards, wage sheets, records of wages, ledgers, accounts or other documents requested by the inspector, and shall furnish to such inspector all such information with respect thereto as the inspector requests.

(2) Any person who is considered by an inspector on reasonable grounds to be or to have been an employer shall, forthwith, upon being requested so to do by the inspector, furnish to him the prescribed proof of the amounts of unemployment insurance stamps lawfully in his possession at the commencement and at the end of any period specified by

R.S., 1952.
by the inspector, the amount of such stamps lawfully purchased by him during the period and the amount of contributions paid by him otherwise during the period.

(3) Any person who is or has been an employer, whose contributions paid during any period are less than all the contributions payable by him during that period, is guilty of an offence.

(4) The inspector may determine that the amount by which the contributions payable by any person during a period exceed the contributions paid during that period is the amount of contributions that such person failed or neglected to pay, and the amount so determined shall prima facie be deemed to be due and owing to the Fund by such person.

(5) For the purposes of subsections (3) and (4) the contributions paid by any person during a period means the amount by which the aggregate value of

(a) the unemployment insurance stamps lawfully in the possession of that person at the commencement of the period,
(b) the unemployment insurance stamps lawfully purchased by him during the period, and
(c) any contributions paid by him during the period otherwise than by means of unemployment insurance stamps
exceeds the aggregate value of
(d) the unemployment insurance stamps lawfully in his possession at the end of the period, and
(e) the unemployment insurance stamps lost, stolen or destroyed or refunded to him by the Commission during the period."

12. Section 86 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto the following subsection:

“(11) In the event of absence or temporary incapacity of any member of the Committee the Governor in Council may appoint a person to act in his stead during such absence or incapacity.”

13. Subsection (3) of section 92 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(3) For the purposes of this Part, where a person makes a claim for supplementary benefit on or after the 1st day of April in any year in respect of the supplementary benefit period ending on the 15th day of April in that year, the 31st day of March immediately preceding the day on which he makes that claim shall be deemed to be the 31st day of March of the immediately preceding year.”

14. Subsection (3) of section 93 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"(3) Where the average daily contribution computed in accordance with this section is the amount in column (1) below, the rates of supplementary benefit shall be the appropriate amounts set out in columns (2) to (5) inclusive below:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Average Insured Person Daily Contribution</th>
<th>RATES OF SUPPLEMENTARY BENEFIT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Person without a Dependant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Daily</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cents</td>
<td>(1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$0.55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>1.65</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>1.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>2.15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(4) In respect of a person in class 1, one cent shall be added to the average daily contribution used in calculating the rate of benefit for a benefit year established prior to the coming into force of subsection (3)."

15. (1) That part of subsection (1) of section 94 of the said Act that precedes paragraph (a) thereof is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"94. (1) Notwithstanding section 32, supplementary benefit may be paid for one period of entitlement only in respect of the period from the 1st day of January to the 15th day of April next following in any year (herein referred to as "supplementary benefit period") and for no other period, for the number of days calculated as follows:"

(2) All the words after the end of paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of the said section 94 of the said Act are repealed and the following substituted therefor: "may be substituted for any of the five days mentioned in paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 37."

16. Section 97 of the said Act is amended by adding immediately after subsection (2) thereof the following as subsection (3), and renumbering the remaining subsections accordingly:
“(3) It shall be the duty of the Commission to ensure that there shall be no discrimination in referring any worker seeking employment, subject to the needs of the employment, either in favour of, or against any such worker, by reason of his racial origin, colour, religious belief or political affiliation.”

17. Paragraph (q) of section 108 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“(q) prescribing the conditions under which contributions shall be paid in respect of Sundays, holidays and any day mentioned in paragraph (f) of subsection (1) of section 31;”

18. Subsection (1) of section 110 of the said Act is repealed and the following substituted therefor:

“110. (1) Within three months after the 31st day of March in each year, or within such longer period as may be approved by the Governor in Council, the Commission shall submit to the Minister a report covering the business and affairs of the Commission, for the twelve months ending on the said 31st day of March, in such detail as the Minister may from time to time direct; and such report shall contain a statement of the costs arising out of the administration of this Act, including the indirect costs as nearly as they may be ascertainable and also a statement of the services rendered to the Commission by other departments of the public service.”

19. Section 117 of the said Act is amended by adding thereto the following subsection:

“(2) A consent to institute proceedings purporting to be signed by an officer authorized under subsection (1) of section 72, and a certificate purporting to be signed by such an officer certifying as to the date on which evidence came to the knowledge of the Commission, shall be received in evidence without proof of the signature or of the official character of the person appearing to have signed the same and without further proof thereof.”

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN’S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
CHAPTER 338.

An Act to amend the Veterans Insurance Act.


EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., C.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952
CHAPTER 339.

An Act to amend the Victoria Day Act.

1. Sections 2 and 3 of the Victoria Day Act, chapter 282 of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952, are repealed and the following substituted therefor:

"2. Throughout Canada, in each and every year, the Victoria Day shall be a legal holiday and shall be kept and observed as such under the name of Victoria Day."

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952
CHAPTER 340.

An Act respecting Allowances for War Veterans and their Dependents.

SHORT TITLE.

1. This Act may be cited as the War Veterans Allowance Act, 1952.

INTERPRETATION.

2. In this Act,

(a) "allowance" means an allowance payable under this Act;
(b) "Board" means the War Veterans Allowance Board established by this Act;
(c) "child" means a child of a veteran and includes a step-child, an adopted child or a foster child of a veteran;
(d) "Department" means the Department of Veterans Affairs;
(e) "District Authority" means a District Authority established by this Act;
(f) "Minister" means the Minister of Veterans Affairs;
(g) "orphan" means a child who is bereft by death of both father and mother, or a child who is bereft by death of one parent and whose surviving parent has, in the opinion of a District Authority or the Board, abandoned or deserted the child;
(h) "recipient" means any person to whom or on whose behalf payment of an allowance is authorized by this Act;
(i) "war" means the South African War, World War I or World War II;
(j) "widow" means a widow of a veteran and "widower" means a veteran bereft by death of his wife; and

5951

R.S., 1952.
"Veteran."

(k) "veteran" means any former member of the North West Field Force and any of the following persons, more particularly described in section 30, namely,
(i) a veteran of the South African War,
(ii) a Canadian veteran of World War I or World War II,
(iii) an allied veteran,
(iv) a Canadian dual service veteran,
(v) an allied dual service veteran, and
(vi) a Canadian Forces veteran.

ALLOWANCES TO VETERANS, WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.

3. (1) Subject to this Act, an allowance is payable to
(a) any male veteran who has attained the age of sixty years;
(b) any female veteran or widow who has attained the age of fifty-five years;
(c) any veteran or widow who, in the opinion of the District Authority,
   (i) is permanently unemployable because of physical or mental disability, or
   (ii) is, because of physical or mental disability or insufficiency combined with economic handicaps, incapable and unlikely to become capable of maintaining himself or herself; and
(d) an orphan;

who is resident in Canada.

(2) The allowances payable under this section to a veteran, widow or orphan shall be paid at the lesser of the following rates, namely,

(a) the monthly rate specified for such veteran, widow or orphan in Column II of Schedule A, or
(b) the monthly rate that will produce the total income, including allowances, specified for such veteran, widow or orphan in Column III of Schedule A.

ALLOWANCES TO EMPLOYABLE VETERANS.

4. (1) Subject to this Act, from and after the 1st day of August, 1952, any veteran who resides in Canada, has attained the age of sixty years and who satisfies the following conditions, namely,
(a) he is unable to maintain himself by following his former ordinary occupation,
(b) he is capable of taking light or intermittent employment, and
(c) he is unemployed.

R.S., 1952.
may, on application and as an alternative to any allowance for which he may be eligible under section 3, be paid an allowance with respect to any period during which those conditions prevail, at the lesser of the following rates, namely,

(d) the monthly rate specified for the veteran in Column II of Schedule B, or

(e) the monthly rate that will produce the total monthly income, including allowances, specified for such veteran in Column III of Schedule B.

(2) A recipient of an allowance under this section may apply to the District Authority for an allowance under section 3.

(3) The District Authority may at any time review the case of a recipient of an allowance under this section and may change the award to an award under section 3.

SPECIAL AWARDS.

5. (1) On the death of a veteran who, either at the time of his death or at any time within the last twelve months of his life, was a recipient of an allowance, a District Authority may, at its discretion and within six months from the date of death, award to his surviving spouse, in lieu of any allowance for a period of twelve months otherwise payable to such spouse under this Act, an amount not exceeding in the aggregate twelve times the lesser of the following rates, namely,

(a) ninety dollars per month, or

(b) the monthly rate that will produce a total income, including allowance, to the surviving spouse of twelve hundred dollars per year.

(2) On the death of a wife or child in respect of whom a recipient was receiving an allowance at the date of such death the District Authority may, at its discretion, award to the recipient a sum not exceeding in the aggregate twelve times the lesser of the following rates, namely,

(a) ninety dollars per month, or

(b) the monthly rate that will produce a total income, including allowance, to the recipient of twelve hundred dollars per year.

EXEMPT INCOME.

6. (1) Notwithstanding anything in this Act or the regulations, the following receipts are not income for the purposes of this Act:

5953

(a) R.S., 1952.
(a) any sum payable under section 30 of the Pension Act or under similar or equivalent laws of the country in whose forces the recipient served;
(b) any additional allowance payable under the Pension Act in respect of any child or parent of a veteran or under similar or equivalent laws of the country in whose forces the veteran served;
(c) any pension or grant received by reason of a military decoration;
(d) any casual earnings of the recipient;
(e) any gratuity paid or credit granted under the War Service Grants Act;
(f) receipt of money or assistance from any province or municipality by way of mothers' allowance or by way of relief to dependent children;
(g) any allowance paid under the Family Allowances Act;
(h) pay allotted or assigned by a member of the Canadian forces on active service, where no dependants' allowance or moneys paid for such purpose has been awarded in respect of the recipient or the spouse of such recipient;
(i) interest on bank deposits and bonds and dividends on shares in the capital stock of any company to the extent of twenty-five dollars per annum from all such sources; and
(j) any other receipts, whether in cash or in kind, prescribed by the regulations.

(2) In determining what shall be deemed to be the income of a recipient from any interest in real property, the value of any premises in which the recipient resides shall be taken into account only to the extent that it exceeds six thousand dollars.

LIMITATIONS.

Application. 7. No allowance is payable under this Act unless an application therefor has been made in accordance with this Act and the regulations and the allowance has been awarded.

Orphans. 8. No allowance shall be paid in respect of any orphan who is in receipt of a pension under the Pension Act.

Enemy forces. 9. No allowance shall be paid to any person who served in enemy forces in World War II.

Widow. 10. (1) Subject to subsection (2), no allowance shall be paid to a widow unless she was residing with or being maintained by her husband at the time of his death.

R.S., 1952.
(2) The Board may exempt any widow from the operation of subsection (1) in any case where it deems it just and reasonable so to do.

11. Notwithstanding anything in this Act, no allowance shall be paid to a widow of a veteran who died within one year from the date of his marriage unless the veteran was at the time of his marriage, in the opinion of the Board, in such a condition of health as would justify him having a reasonable expectation of life for at least one year.

12. (1) No allowance shall be paid to, in respect of or on behalf of a child unless the child is
(a) a male child under the age of sixteen years;
(b) a female child under the age of seventeen years;
(c) under the age of twenty-one years and is following and making satisfactory progress in a course of instruction approved by the District Authority; or
(d) under the age of twenty-one years and is prevented by physical or mental incapacity from earning a livelihood.

(2) Notwithstanding subsection (1), an allowance may be paid to, in respect of or on behalf of a child over the age of twenty-one years who is prevented by physical or mental incapacity from earning a livelihood where the child is residing with a surviving parent, but no allowance shall be paid unless the incapacity occurred before the child attained the age of twenty-one years.

13. Except as provided in subsection (9) of section 24 of the Pension Act, the right of any veteran to receive a pension under the Pension Act is not affected by anything in this Act or by the receipt of any allowance.

SUSPENSION OF ALLOWANCE.

14. (1) Where a recipient of an allowance absents himself from Canada, payment of his allowance shall be suspended immediately following the payment for the month in which he so absents himself, but may be resumed when he returns; and where the recipient returns to Canada within six months from the time he left Canada, the allowance upon being resumed may also be paid for a period of such absence not exceeding three months in any calendar year.

(2) Where a recipient of an allowance is convicted of an offence and sentenced to a term of imprisonment exceeding thirty days, payment of his allowance shall be suspended when the term of imprisonment commences, but may be resumed upon the release of the recipient from imprisonment.

R.S., 1952.
War Veterans Allowance.

(3) Where a recipient is maintained at the expense of the Department as an inmate of any institution, payment of his allowance shall be suspended during the time he is so maintained, except that the District Authority may, in its discretion, continue payment, for a period not exceeding three months in any period of twelve consecutive months, of part of the allowance to a recipient without dependants where he would suffer hardship if no part of the allowance were paid.

(4) Notwithstanding anything in this section, the District Authority may, in its discretion, continue payment of part of the allowance to the dependants of any recipient described in this section for a period not exceeding twelve months when such recipient is serving a term of imprisonment or for such time as the recipient is being maintained at the expense of the Department as an inmate of any institution.

PAYMENT ON BEHALF OF RECIPIENT.

15. Where in any case a District Authority is of opinion that the recipient would be likely to apply the amount of any allowance otherwise than to the best advantage, it may direct the payments to be made to and administered by such person as it selects.

16. For the purpose of ensuring continued occupancy by a recipient of a home acquired by him under the Soldier Settlement Act or the Veterans' Land Act, a District Authority may, with the consent in writing of the recipient, enter into an arrangement with the Director of Soldier Settlement, or The Director, The Veterans' Land Act, as the case may be, to pay to him out of the recipient's allowance an amount not exceeding twenty dollars per month to be applied against the indebtedness of the recipient under the Soldier Settlement Act or the Veterans' Land Act.

ASSIGNMENT OF ALLOWANCE.

17. Except as provided in this Act, no allowance is subject to assignment, alienation or transfer by the recipient or to seizure in satisfaction of any claim against him.

TRANSFER OF PROPERTY.

18. When it appears to a District Authority or the Board that any applicant or recipient or his spouse has made a voluntary assignment or transfer of property for the purpose of qualifying for an allowance or for a larger allowance.

R.S., 1952.

ance than he might otherwise have been entitled to, the value of such property shall, in determining the amount of allowance, if any, that such person should receive, be taken into account as if the assignment or transfer had not been made.

RECOVERIES.

19. Where a person has received or obtained an allowance payment to which he was not entitled, the amount thereof may be recovered at any time as a debt due to the Crown.

PENALTIES.

20. (1) Every person who, for the purpose of obtaining an allowance either for himself or for any other person, knowingly, in any application or otherwise, makes a false or misleading statement or fails to disclose any material fact, is guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of not less than fifteen dollars and not more than one hundred dollars or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to both fine and imprisonment.

(2) Any complaint or information in respect of an offence under this Act or the regulations may be heard, tried or determined in the place in which the offence was committed or the matter of the complaint or information arose or in any place in which the accused is apprehended or happens to be.

(3) A prosecution of an offence under this Act or the regulations may be instituted at any time within twelve months from the time when the subject matter of the prosecution arose.

EVIDENCE.

21. In any trial, prosecution or other proceeding

(a) a certificate purporting to be signed by the Chairman of the Board and setting forth the amount of allowance obtained and the portion thereof that remains unrecovered as of any day, is receivable in evidence as prima facie proof of the amount of the allowance obtained and the portion thereof that remains unrecovered as of that day; and

(b) a document purporting to be an adjudication of a District Authority or of the Board is receivable in evidence as prima facie proof of the facts stated therein; without proof of the signature or official character of any person appearing to have signed the certificate or document and without further proof thereof.

22. R.S., 1952.
War Veterans Allowance.

REGULATIONS.

22. On the advice of the Board and with the approval of the Governor in Council the Minister may make regulations for carrying the purposes and provisions of this Act into effect and, without restricting the generality of the foregoing, may make regulations

(a) prescribing the manner and form of making applications for allowances and the information and evidence to be furnished in connection therewith;

(b) prescribing the times and manner of payment of allowances and providing for adjustment of such payments in relation to the income of the recipient;

(c) defining residence and defining intervals of absence from Canada that shall be deemed not to have interrupted residence in Canada;

(d) for determining whether any veteran is unable to maintain himself by following his former ordinary occupation or is capable of taking light or intermittent employment;

(e) defining income for the purposes of this Act, and prescribing the manner in which income is to be determined, including the income of a recipient and his spouse and the determination of an amount thereof that each shall be deemed to receive;

(f) for determining the amount that, for the purposes of this Act, shall be deemed to be the income of a recipient from any interest in real or personal property owned or acquired by the recipient or his spouse;

(g) requiring recipients to report any change in their financial or domestic circumstances;

(h) providing, by the suspension or withholding of allowances, for the recovery of any allowance payments to which a recipient was not entitled;

(i) providing for the circumstances justifying or requiring the suspension of payment of allowance and the resumption of payment;

(j) prescribing the quorum of a District Authority and the procedure to be followed in matters coming before District Authorities;

(k) prescribing the procedure to be followed in appeals from adjudications of District Authorities and to give effect to adjudications of the District Authorities and of the Board; and

(l) prescribing a fine or a term of imprisonment that may be imposed upon summary conviction as a penalty for violation of any regulation, but a fine so prescribed shall not exceed fifteen dollars and a term of imprisonment so prescribed shall not exceed one month.

R.S., 1952.
23. (1) The Minister may establish regional districts of the Department for any area and, with the approval of the Governor in Council, may appoint for each district a District Authority consisting of such number of persons employed in the Department as the Minister may prescribe. (2) An application for an allowance shall be made to the District Authority established for the regional district in which the applicant resides. (3) A District Authority has full and unrestricted power and authority and exclusive jurisdiction to deal with and adjudicate upon all matters and questions arising under this Act in the district for which the District Authority was established, relating to the award, increase, decrease, suspension, or cancellation of any allowance awarded or paid under this Act.

24. Every adjudication by a District Authority is subject to review from time to time by the District Authority and it may, for the purpose of any such review, require the recipient to submit a statement of such facts as it may consider relevant to determine his right to have any allowance continued; such statement shall be verified in such manner as the District Authority may direct and in the event the recipient fails to furnish a statement as required, the District Authority may reduce, suspend or cancel payment of the allowance.

WAR VETERANS ALLOWANCE BOARD.

25. (1) There shall be a Board to be known as the War Veterans Allowance Board which, subject to subsection (3), shall consist of not less than three nor more than five members to be appointed by the Governor in Council. (2) One of the members shall be appointed by the Governor in Council to be Chairman of the Board. (3) The Governor in Council may from time to time appoint not more than three additional temporary members, and in addition, may appoint to be additional members of the Board, without remuneration as such, the Deputy Minister and, as his alternate, the Assistant Deputy Minister and one other person who is not on the staff of the Department. (4) Every temporary member shall be appointed for a period not exceeding one year, but on the expiration of his term of office he is eligible for re-appointment. (5) The Chairman of the Board has control and direction over the duties to be performed by the other members of the Board.
the Board and the duties to be performed by such members
of the staff of the Department as may be assigned to the
Board by the Minister.

Salaries.

(6) The Chairman shall be paid a salary of ten thousand
dollars per annum and each of the other members, including
temporary members, shall be paid at the rate of eight
thousand five hundred dollars per annum.

Quorum.

(7) Two members of the Board constitute a quorum.

Other duties.

(8) Each member shall devote the whole of his time to
the performance of his duties under this Act, and shall not
accept or hold any office or employment that the Governor
in Council may declare to be inconsistent with the perform-
ance of his duties under this Act.

Pension.

(9) The Governor in Council, upon the retirement of any
member of the Board who has served upon the Board

(a) at least twenty years, or
(b) at least ten years, and
(i) has reached the age of sixty-five years, or
(ii) is physically or mentally incapacitated and is not
titled to superannuation under the Civil Service
Superannuation Act,

may grant to him a pension for his life not exceeding one-
third of the salary to which he was entitled as such member
and on his death to his widow a pension for her life not ex-
ceeding one-sixth of such salary.

Civil Service
status.

(10) A member of the Board, including an additional
temporary member who, at the time of his appointment as
such, held a position in the civil service or was an employee
within the meaning of the Civil Service Act, retains and is
eligible to receive all the benefits, except salary as a civil
servant, that he would have been eligible to receive had he
remained under that Act.

POWERS OF DISTRICT AUTHORITIES AND BOARD.

26. The District Authority and the Board and any per-
son acting under the authority of the Board in that behalf,
have all the powers of a commissioner under Part II of the
Inquiries Act for the purpose of any investigation required
to be made in order to determine whether any allowance
should be made, suspended or revoked, what should be the
amount of any allowance, or whether payment of any allow-
ance should be made to the recipient or to some other per-
son for administration on his behalf.

Census
information.

27. The District Authority and the Board have the right,
for the purpose of ascertaining the age of any applicant, to
obtain any information from the Dominion Bureau of
Statistics on the subject of the age of such applicant that may be contained in the returns of any census taken more than twenty years before the date of the application for such information.

**APPEALS.**

28. (1) An appeal may be taken in accordance with the regulations from an adjudication of a District Authority to the Board by an applicant or recipient aggrieved by the adjudication.

(2) The Board may on its own motion review any adjudication of a District Authority and shall deal with it as though an appeal from the adjudication had been taken pursuant to subsection (1).

(3) The Board may on any appeal from or review of an adjudication under this section dismiss the appeal or decline to alter the adjudication or may alter or reverse the adjudication.

(4) The Board may at any time review and alter any adjudication made by the Board under this section.

**ADMINISTRATION OF ACT.**

29. Except as to the power, authority and jurisdiction to deal with and adjudicate upon applications for allowances under this Act, the Minister shall be charged with the administration of this Act.

**VETERANS DESCRIBED.**

30. (1) The veterans referred to in paragraph (k) of section 2 are those described in this section.

(2) A veteran of the South African War is

(a) any former member of a Canadian contingent who served in a theatre of actual war during the South African War, or

(b) any former member of His Majesty's forces who served in a theatre of actual war during the South African War and was domiciled in Canada immediately prior to the 11th day of October, 1899, if in either case the former member landed in South Africa prior to the 1st day of June, 1902.

(3) A Canadian veteran of World War I or World War II is any former member of His Majesty's Canadian forces who served during World War I or World War II, and

(a) served in a theatre of actual war,

(b) is in receipt of a pension for injury or disease incurred or aggravated during his service in such forces, or

(c) has accepted a commuted pension.

5961

(4) R.S., 1952.
(4) An allied veteran is
   (a) any former member
       (i) of any of His Majesty’s forces who served during World War I or World War II,
       (ii) of any of the forces of any of His Majesty’s allies who served during World War I or World War II,
       or
       (iii) of any of the forces of any power associated with His Majesty in World War I who served during World War I,
   who was domiciled in Canada at the time he joined such force for the purpose of such war and
   (iv) served in a theatre of actual war,
   (v) is in receipt of a pension for an injury or disease incurred or aggravated during his service in such force, or
   (vi) has accepted a commuted pension; or
   (b) any former member of His Majesty’s forces, or of any of the forces of any of His Majesty’s allies or powers associated with His Majesty in any war concluded on or before the 31st day of August, 1921, who served during any such war, and has resided in Canada for a total period of at least twenty years, and
   (i) served in a theatre of actual war,
   (ii) is in receipt of a pension for an injury or disease incurred or aggravated during his service in any such force during such war, or
   (iii) has accepted a commuted pension.

(5) A Canadian dual service veteran is a person who
   (a) served during World War I and World War II as a member of His Majesty’s Canadian forces,
   (b) was enlisted or obligated to serve in such forces without territorial limitation, and
   (c) has been honourably discharged or has been permitted honourably to resign or retire from such forces.

(6) An allied dual service veteran is
   (a) a person who
       (i) served during World War I as a member of His Majesty’s forces,
       (ii) was domiciled in Canada when he became a member of such forces,
       (iii) was a member of His Majesty’s Canadian forces during World War II, enlisted or obligated to serve without territorial limitation, and
       (iv) has been honourably discharged or has been permitted honourably to resign or retire from such forces; or

R.S., 1952. 5962 (b)
(b) a person who
(i) served during World War I as a member of His Majesty's forces or of any of the forces of any of His Majesty's allies or powers associated with His Majesty,
(ii) was a member of His Majesty's Canadian forces during World War II, enlisted or obligated to serve without territorial limitation,
(iii) has resided in Canada for a total period of at least twenty years, and
(iv) has been honourably discharged or has been permitted honourably to resign or retire from such forces.

(7) A Canadian Forces veteran is any former member of the Canadian Forces who was on service in a theatre of operations as defined pursuant to section 2 of The Veterans Benefit Act, 1951.

(8) For the purposes of this section "theatre of actual war" means
(a) in the case of the South African War, the zone of the military operations in South Africa in which the forces of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland were engaged prior to the 1st day of June, 1902;
(b) in the case of World War I,
(i) as applied to the army or air forces, the zone of the allied armies of the continents of Europe, of Asia, or of Africa, or wherever the veteran has sustained injury or contracted disease directly by a hostile act of the enemy;
(ii) as applied to the naval forces, the high seas or wherever contact has been made with hostile forces of the enemy, or wherever the veteran has sustained injury or contracted disease directly by a hostile act of the enemy; and
(c) in the case of World War II, any place where the veteran has been on service involving duties performed outside the Western Hemisphere, including service involving duties performed outside of Canada, Newfoundland and the United States of America and the territorial waters thereof in aircraft or anywhere in a ship or other vessel, which service is classed as "sea time" for the purpose of advancement of naval ratings, or which would be so classed were the ship or other vessel in the service of the naval forces of Canada.

(9) For the purposes of this section "commuted pension" means a final payment under the Pension Act in lieu of annual pension in respect of a disability rated at five per cent.
War Veterans Allowance.

cent or more of total disability, or a similar or analogous final payment under the laws relating to the forces with which the veteran served.

(10) For the purposes of this section,

(a) the South African War shall be deemed to have commenced on the 11th day of October, 1899, and to have concluded on the 31st day of May, 1902;

(b) World War I shall be deemed to have commenced on the 4th day of August, 1914, and to have concluded on the 31st day of August, 1921; and

(c) World War II shall be deemed to have commenced in September, 1939, and to have terminated

(i) in respect of service in connection with operations in the European and Mediterranean theatres of war, on the 8th day of May, 1945, and

(ii) in respect of service in connection with operations in the Pacific theatre of war, on the 15th day of August, 1945.

(11) For the purposes of this Act,

(a) the expression “Canadian forces” includes any forces raised in Newfoundland and “domicile in Canada” and “residence in Canada” include respectively domicile and residence in Newfoundland, whether before or after the union of Newfoundland with Canada; and

(b) a veteran who

(i) is residing with a woman with whom he is prohibited from celebrating a marriage by reason of a previous marriage either of such woman or of himself with another person, and

(ii) shows to the satisfaction of the District Authority that he has, for seven years or more, continuously maintained and publicly represented such woman as his wife,

shall be deemed to be married to that woman.

TRANSITIONAL AND REPEAL.

31. (1) Subject to this section, every person who, immediately prior to the coming into force of this Act, was eligible for and in receipt of an allowance under The War Veterans' Allowance Act, 1946 shall be deemed to have been awarded, on the day this Act comes into force, the allowance under this Act for which he is eligible.

(2) Every person who, immediately prior to the coming into force of this Act, was in receipt of an allowance under The War Veterans' Allowance Act, 1946 may be paid an additional allowance equal to the amount that he would have

R.S., 1952.
have been eligible to receive under this Act in respect of the period between the 1st day of January, 1952, and the coming into force of this Act, if this Act, except section 4, had been in force during that period, less any amount that he was eligible to receive under *The War Veterans' Allowance Act, 1946* in respect of that period.

(3) Every person

(a) who was awarded an allowance under *The War Veterans' Allowance Act, 1946*, whose allowance was discontinued and was not being paid immediately prior to the coming into force of this Act, for the reason that the amount of his income rendered him ineligible for the allowance, or

(b) who, prior to the coming into force of this Act, applied for an allowance under *The War Veterans' Allowance Act, 1946* but was not granted the allowance for the reason that the amount of his income rendered him ineligible for such an allowance,

may apply for and be granted an allowance in respect of the period between the 1st day of January, 1952, and the coming into force of this Act equal to the amount that he would have been eligible to receive under this Act in respect of that period if this Act, except section 4, had been in force during that period, less any amount that he was eligible to receive under *The War Veterans' Allowance Act, 1946* in respect of that period.

(4) The provisions of this Act and the regulations relating to the recovery of overpayments of allowances apply in respect of overpayments of allowances made under *The War Veterans' Allowance Act, 1946*, or *The War Veterans' Allowance Act*, chapter 48 of the statutes of 1930.

# SCHEDULE A

**Table of Allowances**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>I. Class of Recipient</th>
<th>II. Monthly Rate</th>
<th>III. Maximum total annual income (income plus allowance)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. (a) Unmarried veteran without child</td>
<td>$50</td>
<td>$720</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Widow without child or not residing with child</td>
<td>$50</td>
<td>$720</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Widower without child or not residing with child</td>
<td>$50</td>
<td>$720</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Married veteran not residing with spouse, and without child or not residing with child</td>
<td>$50</td>
<td>$720</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Married veteran residing with spouse</td>
<td>$90</td>
<td>$1,200 total for veteran and spouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. (a) Widow residing with child</td>
<td>$90</td>
<td>$1,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Widower residing with child</td>
<td>$90</td>
<td>$1,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Married veteran deserted by spouse and residing with child</td>
<td>$90</td>
<td>$1,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Divorced veteran residing with child</td>
<td>$90</td>
<td>$1,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Married veteran residing with spouse who is blind within meaning of the <em>Blind Persons Act</em></td>
<td>$90</td>
<td>$1,320 total for veteran and spouse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5. One orphan</td>
<td>$40</td>
<td>$600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6. Two orphans of one veteran</td>
<td>$70 total for the two orphans</td>
<td>$1,000 total for the two orphans</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7. Three or more orphans of one veteran</td>
<td>$85 total for the three or more orphans</td>
<td>$1,200 total for the three or more orphans</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

# SCHEDULE B

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>I. Class of Recipient</th>
<th>II. Monthly Rate</th>
<th>III. Maximum total monthly income (income plus allowance)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1. Unmarried veteran</td>
<td>$50</td>
<td>$60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Married veteran</td>
<td>$90</td>
<td>$100 total for veteran and spouse</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

R.S., 1952.
SCHEDULE A.

ACTS AND PARTS OF ACTS REPEALED, from the date of the coming into force of the Revised Statutes of Canada, 1952.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td>Federal District Commission Act, 1927</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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STATUTES OF CANADA, 1926-27

REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, 1927

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Interpretation Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Publication of Statutes Act</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Aeronautics Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Department of Agriculture Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Agricultural Pests' Control Act</td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Animal Contagious Diseases Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Government Annuities Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Public Archives Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Armistice Day Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Quebec Savings Banks Act</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>Bills of Exchange Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>Bills of Lading Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Boards of Trade Act</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Bridges Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Civil Service Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Civil Service Insurance Act</td>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Civil Service Superannuation Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Cold Storage Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>19</td>
<td>Combines Investigation Act</td>
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<td>20</td>
<td>Loan Companies Act</td>
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<td>21</td>
<td>Trust Companies Act</td>
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<td>22</td>
<td>Copyright Act</td>
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<td>23</td>
<td>Exchequer Court Act</td>
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<td>24</td>
<td>Supreme Court Act</td>
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<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Extradition Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Identification of Criminals Act</td>
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<td>27</td>
<td>Customs Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Customs and Fisheries Protection Act</td>
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<td>29</td>
<td>Customs Tariff</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>30</td>
<td>Dairy Industry Act</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Demise of the Crown Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Destructive Insect and Pest Act</td>
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<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>Public Documents Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Dominion Day Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>Dominion Controverted Elections Act</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Corrupt Practices Inquiries Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Disfranchising Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>Electricity and Fluid Exportation Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Escheats Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>Canada Evidence Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>Experimental Farm Stations Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>Export Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>Expropriation Act</td>
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</table>

5967 SCHEDULE R.S., 1952.
### Acts and parts of Acts repealed.

**SCHEDULE A.**

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<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>Department of External Affairs Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>Canadian Farm Loan Act</td>
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<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>Ferries Act</td>
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<td>69</td>
<td>Fertilizers Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>74</td>
<td>Deep Sea Fisheries Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>76</td>
<td>Food and Drugs Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>Meat and Canned Foods Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>79</td>
<td>Maritime Freight Rates Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>81</td>
<td>Fugitive Offenders Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>82</td>
<td>Gas Inspection Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>85</td>
<td>Governor General's Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>89</td>
<td>Government Harbours and Piers Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>91</td>
<td>Public Works Health Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>94</td>
<td>Immigration Aid Societies Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>99</td>
<td>Inquiries Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>102</td>
<td>Interest Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>106</td>
<td>Department of Justice Act</td>
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<td>107</td>
<td>Solicitor General's Act</td>
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<td>109</td>
<td>Alien Labour Act</td>
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<tr>
<td>111</td>
<td>Labour Department Act</td>
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<tr>
<td>118</td>
<td>Land Titles Act</td>
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<td>119</td>
<td>Leprosy Act</td>
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<td>122</td>
<td>Live Stock Shipping Act</td>
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<td>123</td>
<td>Lord's Day Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>127</td>
<td>Marriage and Divorce Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>128</td>
<td>White Phosphorous Matches Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>129</td>
<td>Canada Medical Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>130</td>
<td>Migratory Birds Convention Act</td>
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<tr>
<td>133</td>
<td>Militia Pension Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>135</td>
<td>Money-Lenders Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>137</td>
<td>Department of National Revenue Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>140</td>
<td>Navigable Waters' Protection Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>143</td>
<td>Oaths of Allegiance Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>145</td>
<td>House of Commons Act</td>
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<td>146</td>
<td>Library of Parliament Act</td>
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<td>147</td>
<td>Senate and House of Commons Act</td>
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<td>148</td>
<td>Speaker of the House of Commons Act</td>
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<tr>
<td>149</td>
<td>Speaker of the Senate Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>151</td>
<td>Proprietary or Patent Medicine Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>152</td>
<td>Pawnbrokers Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>155</td>
<td>Pension Fund Societies Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>157</td>
<td>Pension Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>158</td>
<td>Petition of Right Act</td>
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<tr>
<td>160</td>
<td>Royal Canadian Mounted Police Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 61(c).</td>
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<tr>
<td>162</td>
<td>Public Printing and Stationery Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<tr>
<td>163</td>
<td>Prisons and Reformatories Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>164</td>
<td>Public Officers Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>165</td>
<td>Public Service Rearrangement and Transfer of Duties Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>166</td>
<td>Public Works Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>167</td>
<td>Government Works Tolls Act</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
### SCHEDULE A.

**Title of Act**  | **Extent of Repeal**
--- | ---
**REVISED STATUTES OF CANADA, 1927 (Concluded)**
168 Quarantine Act | The whole.
170 Railway Act | “ “
171 Department of Railways and Canals Act | “ “
172 Canadian National Railways Act | The whole, except s. 9.
173 Government Railways Act | The whole.
174 Passenger Tickets Act | “ “
177 Research Council Act | “ “
179 Special War Revenue Act | “ “
182 Salaries Act | “ “
183 Savings Deposits Returns Act | “ “
184 Satisfied Securities Act | “ “
189 Department of State Act | “ “
191 Dry Docks Subsidies Act | “ “
192 Provincial Subsidies Act | “ “
194 Telegraphs Act | “ “
196 Canada Temperance Act | “ “
197 Ticket of Leave Act | “ “
198 Timber Marking Act | “ “
199 Tobacco Restraint Act | “ “
200 Department of Trade and Commerce Act | “ “
201 Trade Mark and Design Act | “ “
202 Trade Unions Act | “ “
203 Government Vessels Discipline Act | “ “
204 Victoria Day Act | “ “
205 Wages Liability Act | “ “
206 War Measures Act | “ “
208 Inland Water Freight Rates Act | “ “
210 Dominion Water Power Act | The whole, except s. 2(d).
213 Winding-up Act | The whole.
214 United States Wreckers Act | “ “
215 Yukon Act | “ “
216 Yukon Placer Mining Act | “ “
217 Yukon Quartz Mining Act | “ “

**Statutes of Canada 1928**

9 An Act to amend the Supreme Court Act | The whole.
10 An Act to amend the Trade Mark and Design Act | “ “
13 An Act to amend the Canadian National Railways Act | “ “
16 An Act to amend the Customs Act | “ “
17 An Act to amend the Customs Tariff | The whole, except s. 3.
22 Electricity Inspection Act, 1928 | The whole.
23 An Act to amend the Exchequer Court Act | “ “
25 An Act to amend the Experimental Farm Stations Act | “ “
26 An Act to amend the Federal District Commission Act, 1927 | “ “
27 An Act to amend the Fertilizers Act | “ “
31 Importation of Intoxicating Liquors Act | “ “
35 An Act to amend the Militia Pension Act | The whole, except s. 5(2).

376 5969

**SCHEDULE R.S., 1952.**
### Acts and parts of Acts repealed.

#### SCHEDULE A.

**STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)**

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<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Pension Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Railway Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 1(2), 3(2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Yukon Quartz Mining Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Militia Pension Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian National Railways Act</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Civil Service Act (Private Secretaries)</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>Juvenile Delinquents Act, 1929</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>Opium and Narcotic Drug Act, 1929</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Railway Act</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>58</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Supreme Court Act</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td>An Act respecting the Administration of Justice in the Yukon Territory</td>
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<tr>
<td>63</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Yukon Quartz Mining Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Canada Grain Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>An Act to place Canadian Coal used in the manufacture of iron or steel on a basis of equality with imported coal</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>An Act respecting a certain convention signed the 26th day of May, 1930, between His Majesty in respect of Canada and the United States of America for the preservation and extension of the Sockeye Salmon Fisheries in the Fraser River System</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>Divorce Act (Ontario), 1930</td>
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<td>15</td>
<td>Divorce Jurisdiction Act, 1930</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Exchequer Court Act</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Export Act</td>
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<td>21</td>
<td>Department of Fisheries Act</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
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<td>32</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Militia Pension Act</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>National Parks Act</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
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<td>35</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Pension Act</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
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<td>36</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Railway Act</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Timber Marking Act</td>
<td>&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Winding-up Act</td>
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</table>

R.S., 1952.
### SCHEDULE A.

**STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)**

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<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Armistice Day Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Evidence Act</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Salaries Act</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 2, 3.</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Ticket of Leave Act</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Customs Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>30</td>
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<td>The whole, except s. 5.</td>
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<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
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<td>46</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>An Act to remove the necessity of the re-election of Members of the House of Commons of Canada on acceptance of office</td>
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<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Tariff Board Act</td>
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**1932**

<table>
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<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
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<td>10</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Marriage and Divorce Act</td>
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<td>14</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Boards of Trade Act</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Opium and Narcotic Drug Act, 1929</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Yukon Quartz Mining Act</td>
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<td>33</td>
<td>Gold Export Act</td>
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<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 5 &quot;(2), words &quot;to any officer appointed before the 23rd day of July, 1894 or&quot;”; s. 15.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>Unfair Competition Act, 1932</td>
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<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Civil Service Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 13(1).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 2, 4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>Fisheries Act, 1932</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>Department of Insurance Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, 1932</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>Foreign Insurance Companies Act, 1932</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 17, 18.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Winding-up Act</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5971 SCHEDULE R.S., 1952.
Acts and parts of Acts repealed.

SCHEDULE A.

STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff, 1932-33</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Act, 1932-33</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Exchequer Court Act (Exclusive jurisdiction), 1932-33</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Migratory Birds Convention Act, 1932-33</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Visiting Forces (British Commonwealth) Act, 1933</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act, 1933</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Hay and Straw Inspection Act, 1933</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>29</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Act, 1932-33</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2 &quot;21(2) words 'and this subsection shall be deemed to have come into operation on the 1st day of June, 1932.'&quot;; s. 4 &quot;(2) words 'and this subsection shall be and be deemed to have been effective from and after the 1st day of November, 1902.'&quot;.</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, 1932-33</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<td>33</td>
<td>Canadian National-Canadian Pacific Act, 1933</td>
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</tr>
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<td>36</td>
<td>Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act, 1933</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff, 1933</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 5.</td>
</tr>
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<td>An Act to amend the Customs Act, 1933-34</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Extra-territorial Act, 1933</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Pension Act, 1933</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2 &quot;3(11)&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Railway Act, 1933-34</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
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<td>48</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Senate and House of Commons Act, 1933-34</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>50</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act, 1933-34</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 31-33.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Fisheries Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
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<td>An Act to amend the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Act, 1934</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Destructive Insect and Pest Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Bills of Exchange Act, 1934</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Oaths of Allegiance Act, 1934</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Translation Bureau Act, 1934</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act, 1934</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, 1932-34</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Admiralty Act, 1934</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff, 1934</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 6.</td>
</tr>
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</table>

R.S., 1952.

5972 SCHEDULE
### SCHEDULE A.

#### STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>Companies Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Foreign Insurance Companies Act, 1932</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 6 &quot;(9)(b)&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Inquiries Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Meat and Canned Foods Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Quebec Savings Banks Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 20, 22-24.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>Bank of Canada Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>Canada Shipping Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2(7), (16), (20) (b), (25), (28), (43), (63), (64), (76)-(78), (85)-(88), (95), (98); ss. 180, 271(5), 319(1), 366-370, 385, 386(b), 389; portion of s. 390(1) that precedes (a); ss. 391 (2)-(4), 392(1), 393(1)-(3), 394-398, 401(1), 405 (2) (3), 406(1) (a)-(c), 407 (1), 408 (a)-(c), 409 (b)-(h) (j), 410, 411, 412(1); heading preceding s. 413; ss. 414-416, 417(1)-(3), 418, 419(1), 420(1) (2), 421, 445(1) (3), 449(2), 451(1) (3) (4), 452, 456(2), 478; Sch. 4.</td>
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<td>46</td>
<td>Canadian Farm Loan Act Amendment Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>Excise Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 321.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Food and Drugs Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Pension Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1935</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Fisheries Act, 1932</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Interpretation Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Canadian Farm Loan Act Amendment Act, 1935</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Gold Export Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 8.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Interpretation Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Meat and Canned Foods Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>Patent Act, 1935</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 10.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Admiralty Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Fair Wages and Hours of Labour Act, 1933</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
### Acts and parts of Acts repealed.

**SCHEDULE A.**

**STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Juvenile Delinquents Act .................................</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Pension Act ................................................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>Canadian Fisherman's Loan Act .....................................................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>53</td>
<td>Canadian Wheat Board Act, 1935 ..................................................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>Combines Investigation Act Amendment Act, 1935 ...............................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td>Companies Act Amendment Act, 1935 ..............................................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>62</td>
<td>Fruit, Vegetables and Honey Act ..................................................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>18</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, 1932  ....</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Act ..................................................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Bank of Canada Act Amendment Act, 1936 ..........................................</td>
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<tr>
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<td>An Act to amend the Canada Shipping Act, 1934 ................................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>24</td>
<td>Canadian Broadcasting Act, 1933 ...................................................</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Canadian National-Canadian Pacific Act, 1936 ..................................</td>
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<tr>
<td>28</td>
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<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Act .................................................</td>
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<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff ..............................................</td>
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</tr>
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<td>34</td>
<td>Department of Transport Act, 1936 ...............................................</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 3(2), 8(1).</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Juvenile Delinquents Act, 1929 ..........................</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
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<td>National Harbours Board Act, 1936 ...............................................</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 3(1) Proviso, 10(3).</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Pension Act ..................................................</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act ..................................</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 18, 19.</td>
</tr>
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<td>49</td>
<td>Water Carriage of Goods Act, 1936 ..............................................</td>
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</tr>
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<td>British Columbia Divorce Appeals Act ............................................</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Militia Pension Act ........................................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act .........................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Act ..................................................</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
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<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff ...............................................</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>An Act to amend the Excise Act, 1934 ............................................</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Feeding Stuffs Act, 1937 ............................................................</td>
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<td>31</td>
<td>Fisheries Research Board Act ......................................................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>32</td>
<td>Foreign Enlistment Act, 1937 .....................................................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Northern Pacific Halibut Fishery (Convention) Act, 1937 .....................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Act ........................</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>Seeds Act, 1937 ........................................................................</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act ..................................</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 6, 7.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.

5974

SCHEDULE
### SCHEDULE A.

#### STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>Trans-Canada Air Lines Act, 1937</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Evidence Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>An Act to amend Part V of the Canada Shipping Act, 1934. (Sick Mariners and Marine Hospitals)</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Civil Service Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Opium and Narcotic Drug Act, 1929</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Railway Act. (Telephone Tolls)</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Trans-Canada Air Lines Act, 1937</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 1 &quot;(6) words and this subsection shall be and be deemed to have been effective from and after the 10th day of April, 1937.&quot;</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Civil Service Act</td>
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<td>An Act to amend Part V of the Canada Shipping Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Copyright Amendment Act, 1931, and the Copyright Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Act, 1934</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>High Commissioner in the United Kingdom Act, 1938</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Inspection and Sale Act, 1938</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Municipal Improvements Assistance Act, 1938</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>An Act to amend the National Harbours Board Act, 1938</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Railway Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Shop Cards Registration Act, 1938</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>21</td>
<td>Bank of Canada Act Amendment Act, 1938</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 9.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Dominion Elections Act, 1938</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Radio Act, 1938</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Seeds Act, 1937</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 8.</td>
</tr>
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<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act</td>
<td>The whole, except that portion of s. 5(2) not repealed by 1944-45, c. 25, s. 6.</td>
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<td>Transport Act, 1938</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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#### 1939

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Food and Drugs Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Loan Companies Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Penitentiary Act, 1939</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Trust Companies Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Carriage by Air Act, 1939</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Cheese and Cheese Factory Improvement Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Meat and Canned Foods Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Agricultural Pests' Control Act and change the Title thereof</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<table>
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<tr>
<th>377½</th>
<th>5975</th>
<th>SCHEDULE</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
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<td>R.S., 1952.</td>
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</table>
### Acts and parts of Acts repealed.

**SCHEDULE A.**

**STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Seals Act, 1939</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Small Loans Act, 1939</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Agricultural Products Co-operative Marketing Act, 1939</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2(9).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Grain Futures Act, 1939</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Pension Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Wheat Co-operative Marketing Act, 1939</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Canadian National-Canadian Pacific Act, 1939</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Fisheries Act, 1932</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>Gold Clauses Act, 1939</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>Live Stock and Live Stock Products Act, 1939</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>Official Secrets Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>Prairie Farm Assistance Act, 1939</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>Salt Fish Board Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1939 (2nd Sess.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Customs Tariff Amendment Act, 1939</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1940

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Evidence Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Seeds Act, 1937</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Wheat Co-operative Marketing Act, 1939</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Agricultural Products Co-operative Marketing Act, 1939</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian Wheat Board Act, 1935</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Cheese and Cheese Factory Improvement Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 7, 8.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Penitentiary Act and the Penitentiary Act, 1939</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prairie Farm Assistance Act, 1939</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 27.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>Unemployment Insurance Act, 1940</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Yukon Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1940-41

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Meat and Canned Foods Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Trans-Canada Air Lines Act, 1937</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**5976**

R.S., 1952.
### Acts and parts of Acts repealed:

**SCHEDULE A.**

**STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Dominion Succession Duty Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 10.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Game Export Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Labour Department Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 24.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Pension Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Senate and House of Commons Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Yukon Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1942-43**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Evidence Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Dominion Succession Duty Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 11.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 7 “17 (3)”; ss. 42-48, 50.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>Veterans’ Land Act, 1942</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>Vocational Training Co-ordination Act, 1942</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1943-44**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 41 “Proviso”, 43 “Proviso”, 44.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 24, 25.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Evidence Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Department of National Revenue Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>Farmers’ Creditors Arrangement Act, 1943</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 39.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>National Physical Fitness Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1940</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1944-45**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Exchequer Court Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Department of Veterans Affairs Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 8(2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Surplus Crown Assets Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 11(2) Proviso.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Department of National Health and Welfare Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Salaries Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Transport Act, 1938</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Aeronautics Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Agricultural Prices Support Act, 1944</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5977

**SCHEDULE R.S., 1952.**
### SCHEDULE A.

#### STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Bank Act....</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian Broadcasting Act, 1936..</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Civil Service Superannuation Act</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff...</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Dominion Succession Duty Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Export Credits Insurance Act........................</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>Family Allowances Act, 1944.........................</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>Farm Improvement Loans Act, 1944....................</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>Fisheries Prices Support Act, 1944..................</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>Industrial Development Bank Act.....................</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>National Housing Act, 1944.........................</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Quebec Savings Banks Act........</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act........</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 14.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>Veterans Insurance Act..............................</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>War Service Grants Act, 1944.......................</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1945

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations Act, 1945</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Department of National Health and Welfare Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Aeronautics Act..................</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Bretton Woods Agreements Act, 1945...................</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Canada Prize Act, 1945...............................</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation Act.........</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Dominion Succession Duty Act...</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Maple Products Industry Act, 1945...................</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>An Act to amend the National Housing Act, 1944.....</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3 “Proviso”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Penitentiary Act, 1939.........</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
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<td>29</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Senate and House of Commons Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 9.</td>
</tr>
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<td>30</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act........</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Trans-Canada Air Lines Act, 1937</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Transport Act, 1938.............</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Trust Companies Act...............</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Veterans’ Land Act, 1942.........</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>Veterans Rehabilitation Act................................</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>An Act to amend the War Service Grants Act, 1944....</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1946

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Department of External Affairs Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Explosives Act, 1946..................................</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Navigable Waters’ Protection Act..</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Opium and Narcotic Drug Act, 1929</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Yukon Quartz Mining Act..........</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Canadian Citizenship Act................................</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Feeding Stuffs Act, 1937.........</td>
<td>“ “</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.

5978 SCHEDULE
### Acts and parts of Acts repealed.

**SCHEDULE A.**

**STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Food and Drugs Act..................................................</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 24    | Government Companies Operation Act.................................................................. | " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "
### Acts and parts of Acts repealed.

#### SCHEDULE A.

**Statutes of Canada (Continued)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian Wheat Board Act, 1935</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 5 “17(2), 20 (a) (b), 21(1) (d)”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Export and Import Permits Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Government Employees Compensation Act, 1947</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 13.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Inspection and Sale Act, 1938</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>National Wild Life Act</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 7, 8.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian National-Canadian Pacific Act, 1933</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Farm Improvement Loans Act, 1944</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Identification of Criminals Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Juvenile Delinquents Act, 1929</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Merchant Seamen Compensation Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Municipal Improvements Assistance Act, 1938</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>An Act to amend the National Housing Act, 1944</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Penitentiary Act, 1939</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 1 “2 (a)”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prairie Farm Assistance Act, 1939</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Publication of Statutes Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>United Nations Act, 1947</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 3(2), 4(2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>Visiting Forces (United States of America) Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 13 “32(2)”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Army Benevolent Fund Act, 1947</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian Broadcasting Act, 1936</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>Canadian Maritime Commission Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Civil Service Act</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 26-28.</td>
</tr>
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<td>An Act to amend the Civil Service Superannuation Act</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>Diplomatic Service (Special) Superannuation Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>Dominion Coal Board Act, 1947</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Special War Revenue Act and to change its Title to the Excise Tax Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Fisheries Research Board Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Interpretation Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>National Parks Amendment Act, 1947</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>Privileges and Immunities (United Nations) Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Railway Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Senate and House of Commons Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Trust Companies Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Veterans’ Business and Professional Loans Act</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
### Acts and parts of Acts repealed.

**SCHEDULE A.**

**STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1948</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian Wheat Board Act, 1935</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Farm Improvement Loans Act, 1944</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>An Act to amend the Animal Contagious Diseases Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Dominion Water Power Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Export and Import Permits Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Export Credits Insurance Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>An Act to amend the National Parks Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Pelagic Sealing (Provisional Agreement) Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Pension Act</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 17(2), 18(2) (3).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prairie Farm Assistance Act, 1939</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 5.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Railway Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>29</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1940</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Vocational Training Co-ordination Act, 1942</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>An Act to amend the War Service Grants Act, 1944</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Evidence Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>35</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Shipping Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 1(7), 17, 40 &quot;488A(1)&quot;, 55.</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Civilian War Pensions and Allowances Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Diplomatic Service (Special) Superannuation Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>Statistics Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>46</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Dominion Elections Act, 1938</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>47</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Dominion Succession Duty Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 4.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 34.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Tax Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 17.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>Industrial Relations and Disputes Investigation Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 72.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Land Titles Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Loan Companies Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 25.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Lord's Day Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>Maritime Marshland Rehabilitation Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63</td>
<td>An Act to amend the National Housing Act, 1944</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 6 &quot;33&quot;.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5981

SCHEDULE

R.S., 1952.
### Acts and parts of Acts repealed.

#### SCHEDULE A.

**STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>64</td>
<td>Northwest Territories Power Commission Act</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 9, 16, 18(2) words in lines 1 and 3, &quot;or deemed to have been made&quot;.</td>
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<tr>
<td>65</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Quebec Savings Banks Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>66</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Railway Act, the Exchequer Court Act and the Judges Act, 1946</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>68</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Salaries Act</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 2 &quot;7 (3)&quot;, 3(2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Tariff Board Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>72</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Veterans Insurance Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>73</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Veterans Rehabilitation Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>75</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Yukon Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>76</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Yukon Placer Mining Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>77</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Yukon Quartz Mining Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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</table>

**1949**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian Commercial Corporation Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
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<td>5</td>
<td>National Parks Amendment Act, 1949</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 2(2), 3(2).</td>
</tr>
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<td>6</td>
<td>Statute Law Amendment (Newfoundland) Act</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 19, 22(1), 34.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Cheese and Cheese Factory Improvement Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Game Export Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Agricultural Products Marketing Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Family Allowances Act, 1944</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Pipe Lines Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1949 (2nd Sess.)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Title of Act</th>
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</tr>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Department of Justice Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Exchequer Court Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Animal Contagious Diseases Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Bankruptcy Act, 1949</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Canada Forestry Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Canadian Overseas Telecommunication Corporation Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Canadian Vessel Construction Assistance Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Combines Investigation Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Department of Citizenship and Immigration Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>17</td>
<td>Department of Mines and Technical Surveys Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 9(2) (3).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Department of Resources and Development Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.

5982

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SCHEDULE
**SCHEDULE A.**

**STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Tax Act, 1949 (Concluded)</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 14(1)-(3).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Fish Inspection Act, 1949</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Industrial Development Bank Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Judges Act, 1946</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Live Stock Pedigree Act, 1949</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Maritime Coal Production Assistance Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>An Act to amend the National Housing Act, 1944</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>National Trade Mark and True Labelling Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Pension Fund Societies Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prairie Farm Assistance Act, 1939</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Royal Canadian Mounted Police Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Salaries Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Supreme Court Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Surplus Crown Assets Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>Trans-Canada Highway Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Veterans' Land Act, 1942</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<td>1950</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1940</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 20 &quot;87D (1) words &quot;in respect of the period from the coming into force of this Part to the 15th day of April in the year 1950, and in any other year&quot;; s. 20 &quot;87D(3) (b)&quot;.</td>
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<td>13</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>The whole, except ss.7-9.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Tax Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 9(1) (2).</td>
</tr>
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<td>17</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Northwest Territories Power Commission Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Precious Metals Marking Act, 1946</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Public Lands Grants Act, 1950</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Railway Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Research Council Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Territorial Lands Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Aeronautics Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>26</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Shipping Act, 1934</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 1(4) (9) (13), ss. 32(2), 55, 63.</td>
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<td>28</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, 1932</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian Citizenship Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2 &quot;8(3)&quot;.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian Wheat Board Act, 1935</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Militia Pension Act and change the Title thereof</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 17.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5983

**SCHEDULE**

R.S., 1952.
### Acts and parts of Acts repealed.

#### SCHEDULE A.

*STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>Defence Supplies Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 9(1).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Dominion Elections Act, 1938</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Electrical and Photometric Units Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Electricity Inspection Act, 1928</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>38</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Foreign Insurance Companies Act, 1932</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>An Act to amend the Gas Inspection Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>41</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Judges Act, 1946</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>42</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Loan Companies Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>43</td>
<td>National Defence Act</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 248, 251.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>National Film Act, 1950</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>An Act to amend the National Parks Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>46</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Official Secrets Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>47</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prairie Farm Assistance Act, 1939</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>Prime Minister's Residence Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>Regulations Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>51</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Statute Law</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>52</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Tariff Board Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>53</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Trust Companies Act</td>
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</table>

**1950-51**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Canadian Forces Act, 1950</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 6, 8(1).</td>
</tr>
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<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
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</table>

**1951**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian Wheat Board Act, 1935</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
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<td>4</td>
<td>Defence Production Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
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<td>5</td>
<td>Emergency Powers Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
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<td>16</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Government Employees Compensation Act, 1947</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>Kingsmere Park Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Laurier House Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Migratory Birds Convention Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Radio Act, 1938</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Yukon Act</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

R.S., 1952.
### SCHEDULE A.

**STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 13.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Tax Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 123(1), (3) (b).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Indian Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 13(2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Juvenile Delinquents Act, 1929</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Length and Mass Units Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>An Act to amend the National Housing Act, 1944</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Petition of Right Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>34</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Quebec Savings Banks Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>Weights and Measures Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 1(2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>Blind Persons Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>Canada Dairy Products Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Dominion Elections Act, 1938</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>49</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Federal District Commission Act, 1927</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>52</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Judges Act, 1946</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>54</td>
<td>Municipal Grants Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td>Old Age Assistance Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>56</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Pension Act and change the Title thereof</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 19(3).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>57</td>
<td>Post Office Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>58</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>61</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Supreme Court Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Veterans' Business and Professional Loans Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>64</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Veterans Insurance Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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</table>

**1951 (2nd Sess.)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
<th>Extent of Repeal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Agricultural Products Board Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Bills of Exchange Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Dominion Elections Act, 1938, and to change the Title to the Canada Elections Act</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 1(4).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Canada Lands Surveys Act</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian Broadcasting Act, 1936</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 8.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Canadian Forces Act, 1951</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 26, 29.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian National-Canadian Pacific Act, 1933</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
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</table>

**5985 SCHEDULE R.S., 1952.**
### Acts and parts of Acts repealed.

**SCHEDULE A.**

**STATUTES OF CANADA (Continued)**

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chap.</th>
<th>Title of Act</th>
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</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Civil Service Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Exchequer Court Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>Financial Administration Act...</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 101(2).</td>
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<td>13</td>
<td>International Rapids Power Development Act...</td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Judges Act, 1946...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Maritime Freight Rates Act...</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 10(7)(8), 18(1)(2)(4).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>National Gallery Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Old Age Security Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Pension Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Public Printing and Stationery Act...</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Railway Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>St. Lawrence Seaway Authority Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Supreme Court Act...</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Visiting Forces (North Atlantic Treaty) Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Whaling Convention Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<td>25</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Combines Investigation Act...</td>
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<td>26</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prairie Farm Assistance Act, 1939...</td>
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<td>27</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Public Works Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<td>28</td>
<td>Canadian Forces Act, 1952...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Export and Import Permits Act...</td>
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<td>30</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Government Employees Compensation Act, 1947...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<td>31</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Interpretation Act...</td>
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<tr>
<td>32</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Prisons and Reformatories Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<td>33</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Victoria Day Act...</td>
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<td>34</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Supreme Court Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Aeronautics Act...</td>
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<tr>
<td>36</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Agriculture Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Agriculture Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<tr>
<td>38</td>
<td>British North America Act, 1952...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>39</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Elections Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Canadian Farm Loan Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>41</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Cold Storage Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Customs Tariff...</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 3.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>43</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Dominion Succession Duty Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Emergency Gold Mining Assistance Act...</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 1(2), 2(2).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>45</td>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Act, 1934...</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 12 words “and shall be deemed to have come into force on the eighth day of April, nineteen hundred and fifty-two.”</td>
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</table>

R.S., 1952. 

5986

SCHEDULE
## Acts and parts of Acts repealed.

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<tr>
<td>An Act to amend the Excise Tax Act...</td>
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<tr>
<td>Government Property Traffic Act...</td>
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<tr>
<td>An Act to amend the Industrial Development Bank Act...</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>National Library Act...</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>An Act to amend the Tariff Board Act...</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>An Act to amend the Army Benevolent Fund Act, 1947...</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
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<tr>
<td>An Act to amend the Canada Grain Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Canadian National Railways Capital Revision Act, 1952...</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>An Act to amend the Civilian War Pensions and Allowances Act...</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>An Act to amend the Combines Investigation Act and the Criminal Code...</td>
<td>The whole, except ss. 10, 11.</td>
</tr>
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<td>Currency, Mint and Exchange Fund Act...</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Immigration Act...</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marine and Aviation War Risks Act...</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Members of Parliament Retiring Allowances Act...</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>Northwest Territories Act...</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<tr>
<td>An Act to amend the Pension Act...</td>
<td>&quot; &quot;</td>
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<td>Representation Act, 1952...</td>
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<tr>
<td>An Act to amend the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1940</td>
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<tr>
<td>An Act to amend the Veterans Insurance Act...</td>
<td>The whole, except s. 2.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>War Veterans Allowance Act, 1952</td>
<td>The whole.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

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EDMOND CLOUTIER, C.M.G., O.A., D.S.P.
QUEEN'S PRINTER AND CONTROLLER OF STATIONERY
OTTAWA, 1952

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5987

R.S., 1952.